

PATHS THROUGH THE DARK: COMPARING APPROACHES FOR FOPTS

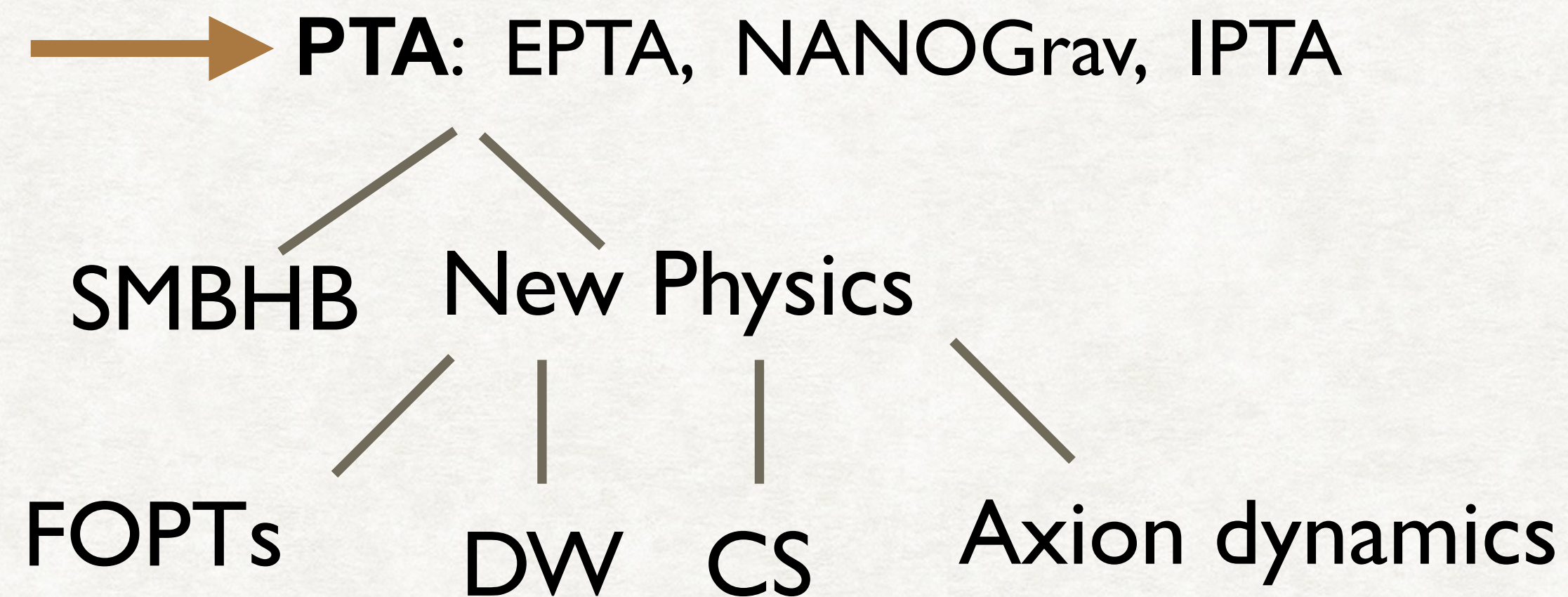
CRISTINA PUCHADES-IBÁÑEZ



In collaboration with Eric Madge, Maura E. Ramírez-Quezada and Pedro Schwaller

GW detection opens a window to study physics BSM

GWs down to the nHz regime



 <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2306.14856>

by E. Madae, E. Morgante, **CPI**, N. Ramblerg,
W. Ratzinger, S. Schenk, P. Schwaller

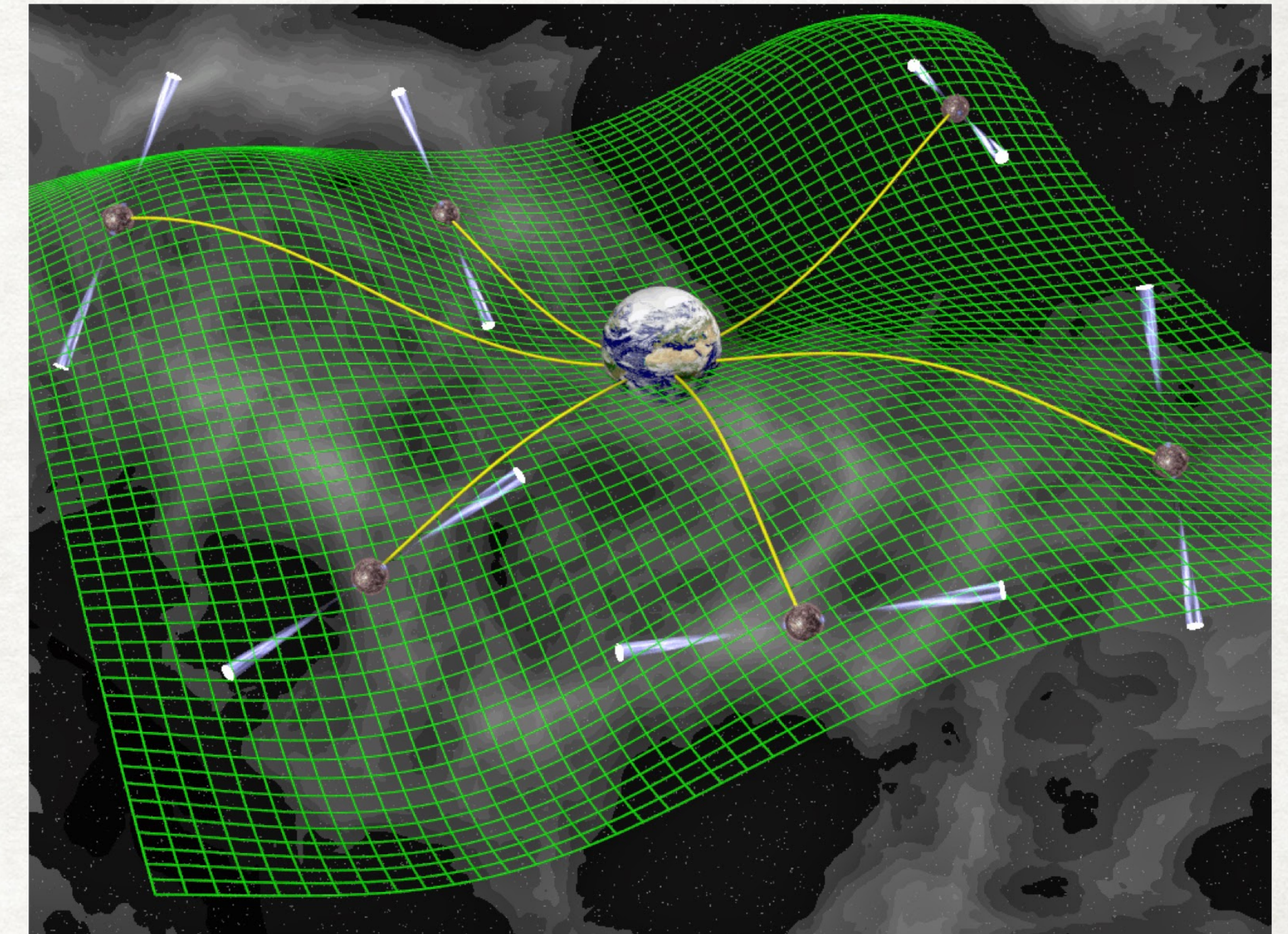


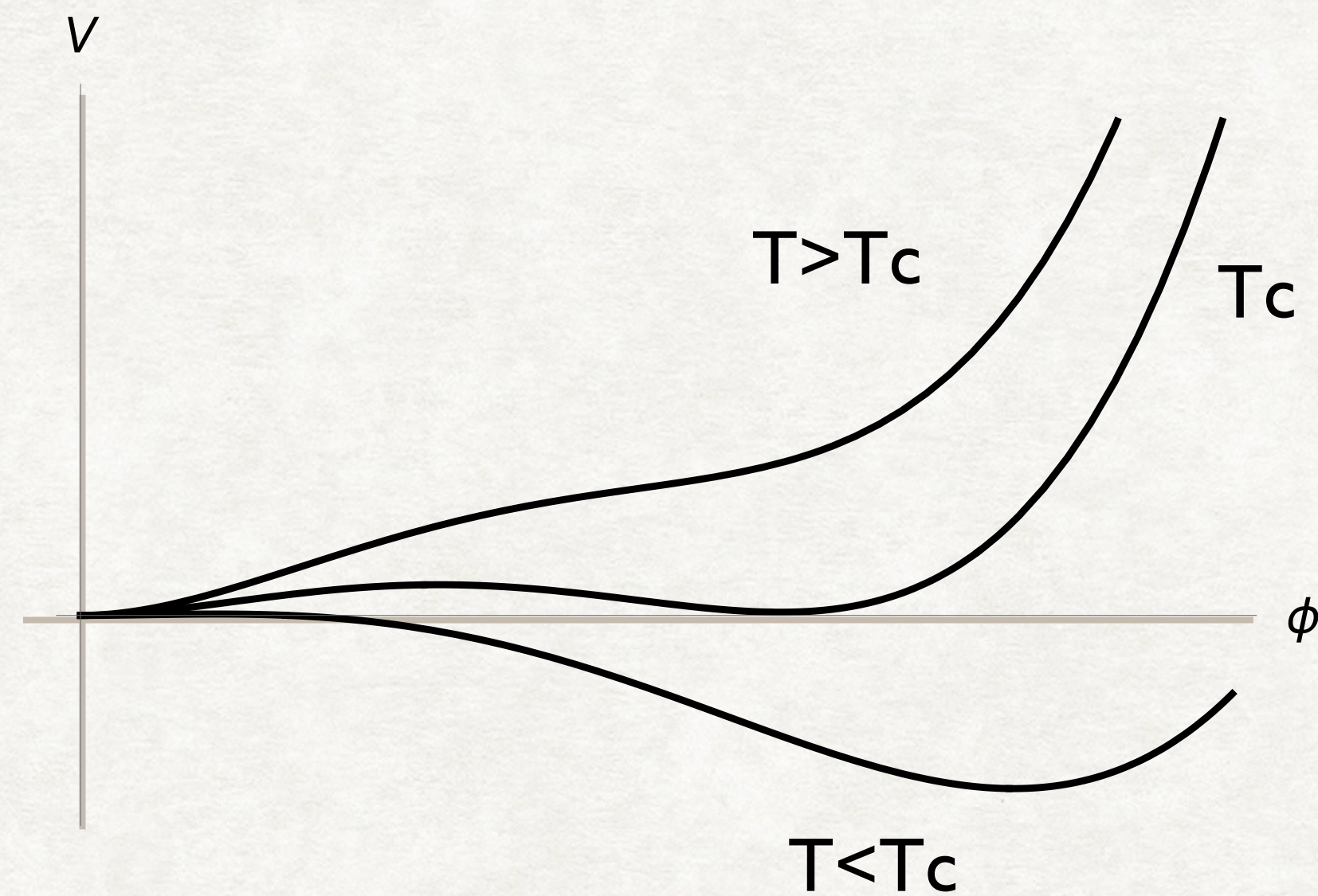
Image credit: David Champion

GW detection opens a window to study physics BSM

GWs down to the nHz regime

→ FOPT

Supercooling: Delay of the FOPT below T_c

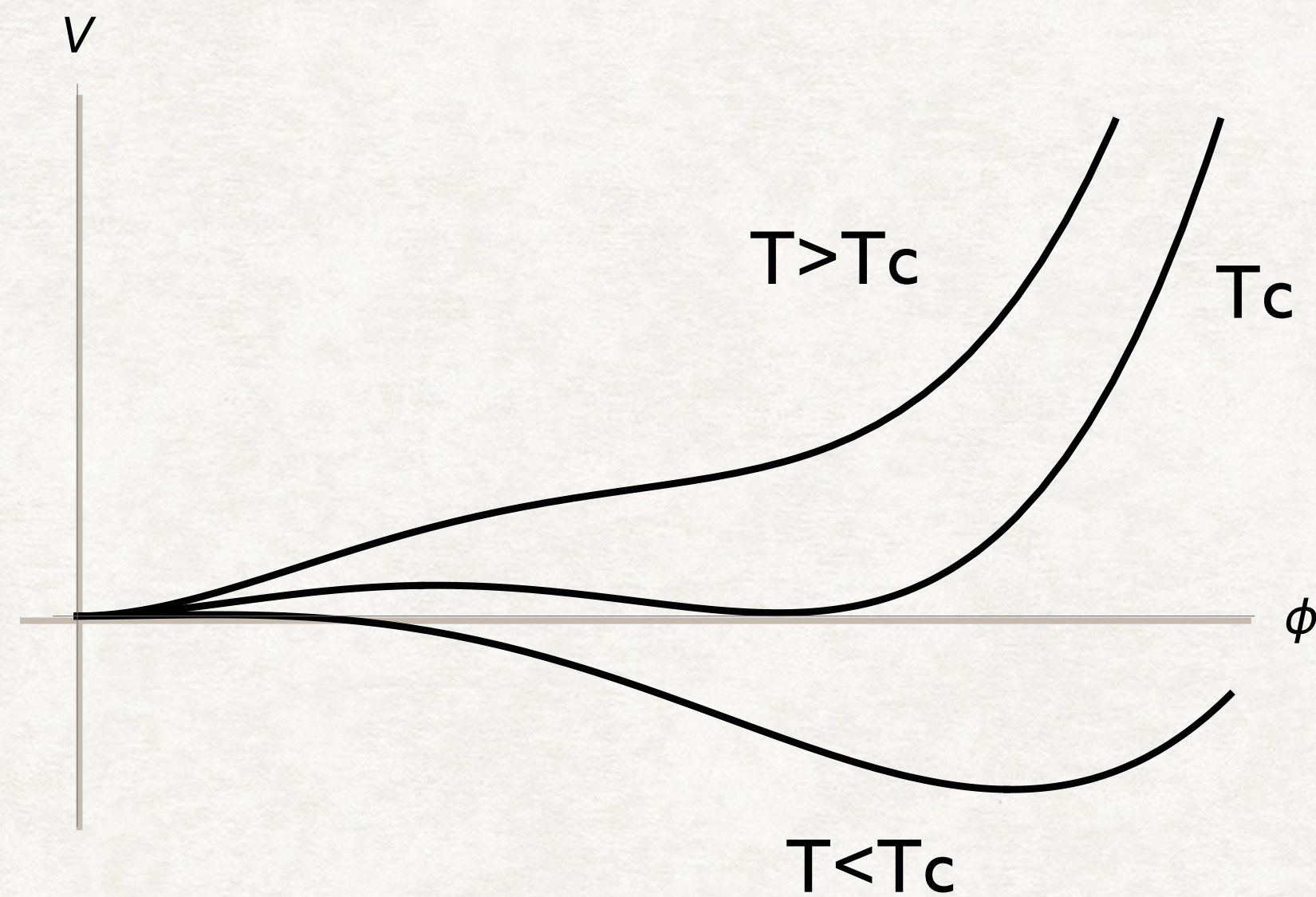


GW detection opens a window to study physics BSM

GWs down to the nHz regime

→ FOPT

Supercooling: Delay of the FOPT below T_c



TFT

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}, \tau) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \phi_n(\mathbf{x}) e^{i\omega_n \tau}$$

$$\omega_n^{\text{bosons}} = 2\pi T n$$

IR divergences: **Breakdown of perturbation theory**

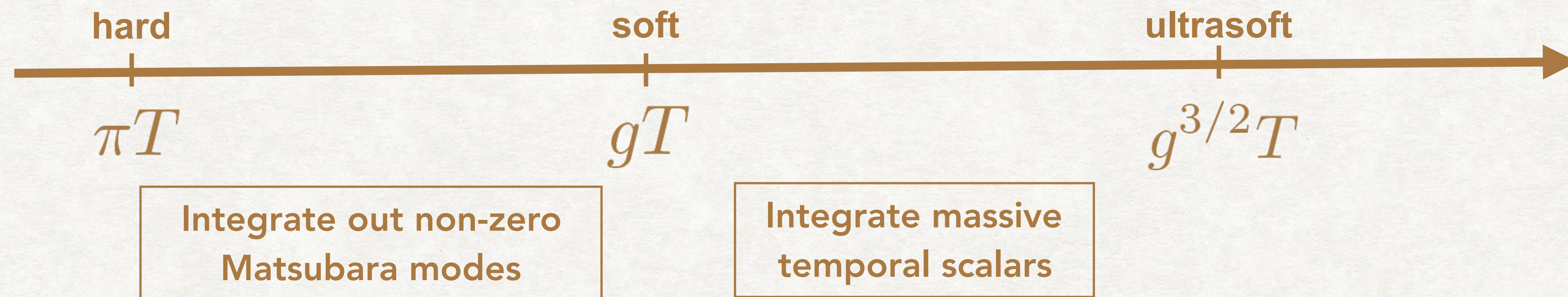
Resumation

DAISY RESUMATION

$$V_{\text{ring}}(\phi, T) = -\frac{T}{12\pi} \sum_i n_i \left[(m_i^2(\phi, T))^{3/2} - (m_i^2(\phi))^{3/2} \right]$$

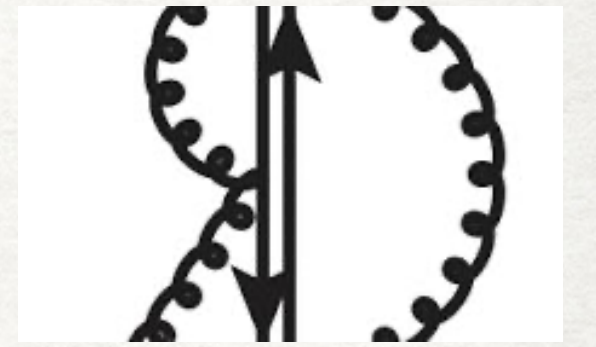


DIMENSIONAL REDUCTION (DR)



MATCHING 3D AND 4D THEORY

DRalgo



couplings

$$g_{3d}^2 = g^2 T - \frac{g^4 L_b T}{48\pi^2}$$

$$\lambda_{3d} = \lambda T + \frac{T}{16\pi^2} [g^4 (2 - 3L_b) + 6g^2 \lambda L_b - 10\lambda^2 L_b]$$

$$\lambda_A = 0 + \frac{g^4 T}{\pi^2}$$

$$\lambda_{A\Phi} = 2g^2 T + \frac{g^2 T}{24\pi^2} [24\lambda - g^2 (L_b - 4)]$$

masses

$$m_{3d}^2 = m^2 - \frac{T^2(3g^2 + 4\lambda)}{12} + \frac{L_b(3g^2 - 4\lambda)m^2}{16\pi^2} + \frac{g^4(8 + 216c_+ + 39L_b)T^2}{576\pi^2} + \frac{\lambda^2(12c_+ + 5L_b)T^2}{24\pi^2} - \frac{g^2\lambda(1 + 12c_+ + 3L_b)T^2}{24\pi^2} - \frac{8g_{3d}^4 - 16g_{3d}^2\lambda_{3d} + 16\lambda_{3d}^2 + \lambda_{A\Phi}^2}{32\pi^2} \log \frac{\mu_3}{\mu_R}$$

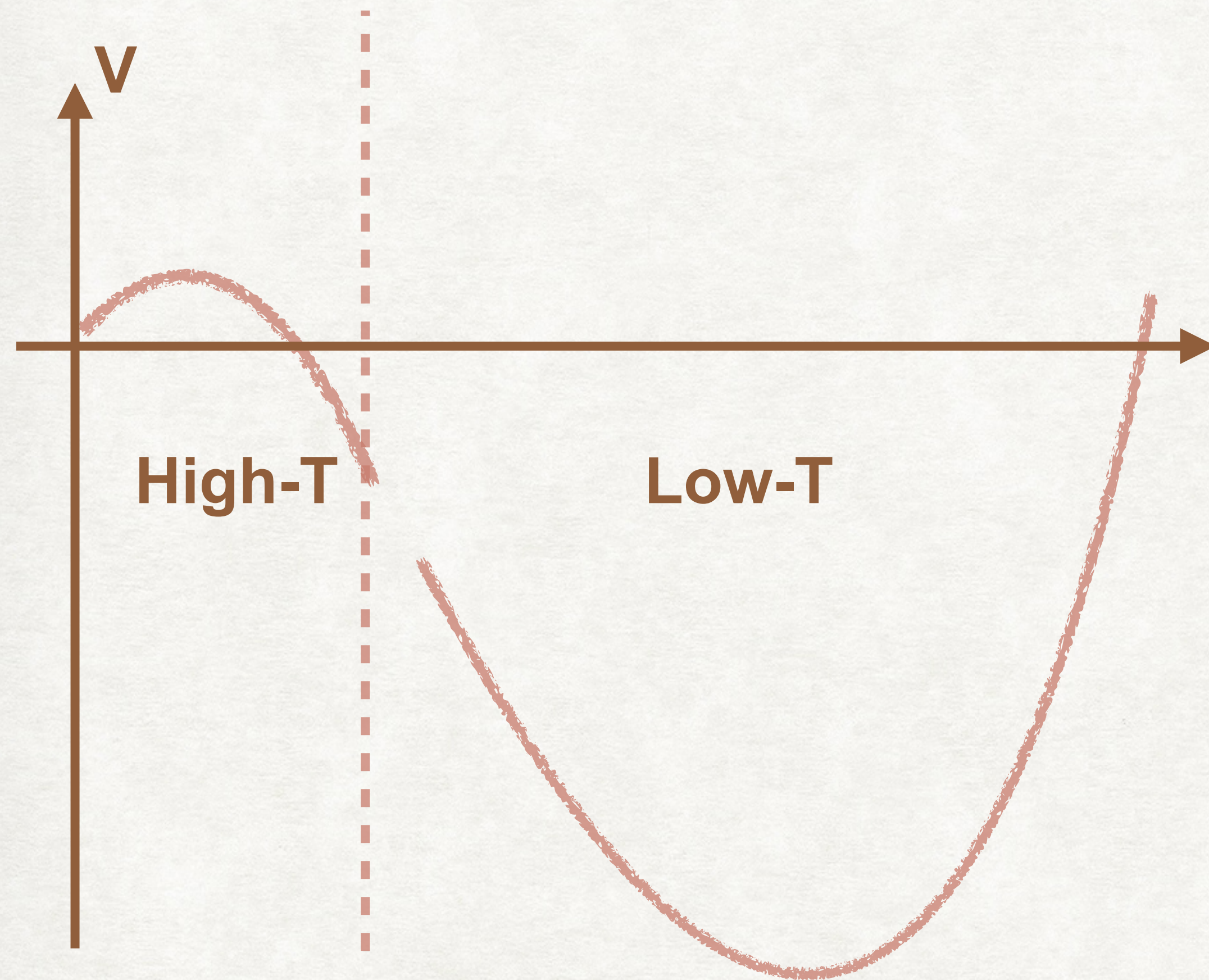
$$\mu_D^2 = \frac{g^2 T^2}{3} + \frac{g^2}{144\pi^2} [12\lambda T^2 + g^2(7 - L_b)T^2 - 36m^2]$$

constants

$$c_+ = \frac{1}{2} (\gamma_E - L_b - 12 \log A)$$

$$L_b = \log \frac{\mu_R^2 e^{2\gamma_E}}{16\pi^2 T^2}$$

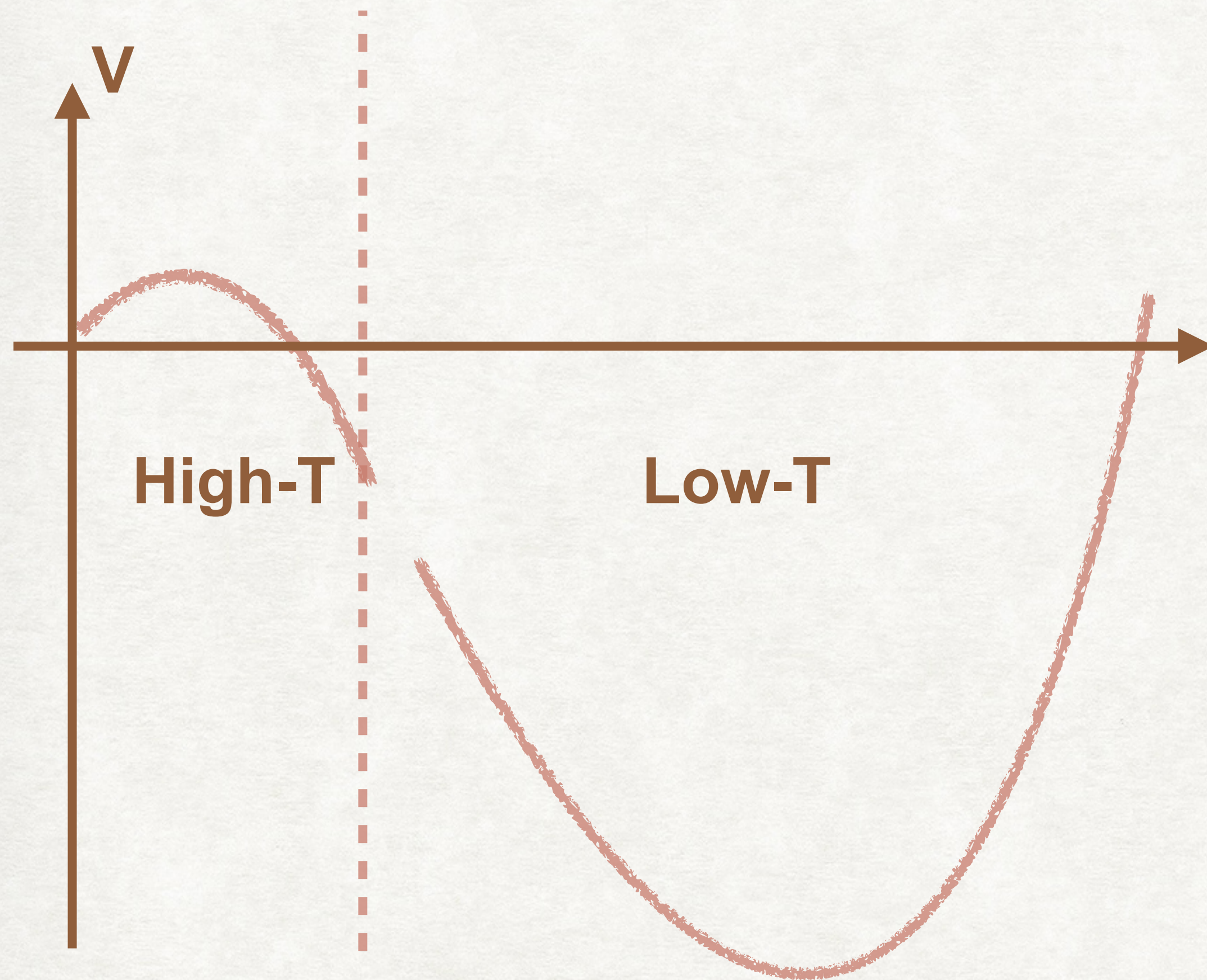
CW MODEL



📖 For more details look <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2312.12413>

M. Kierkla, B. Siezewska, T. V. I. Tenkanen
and J. van de Vis

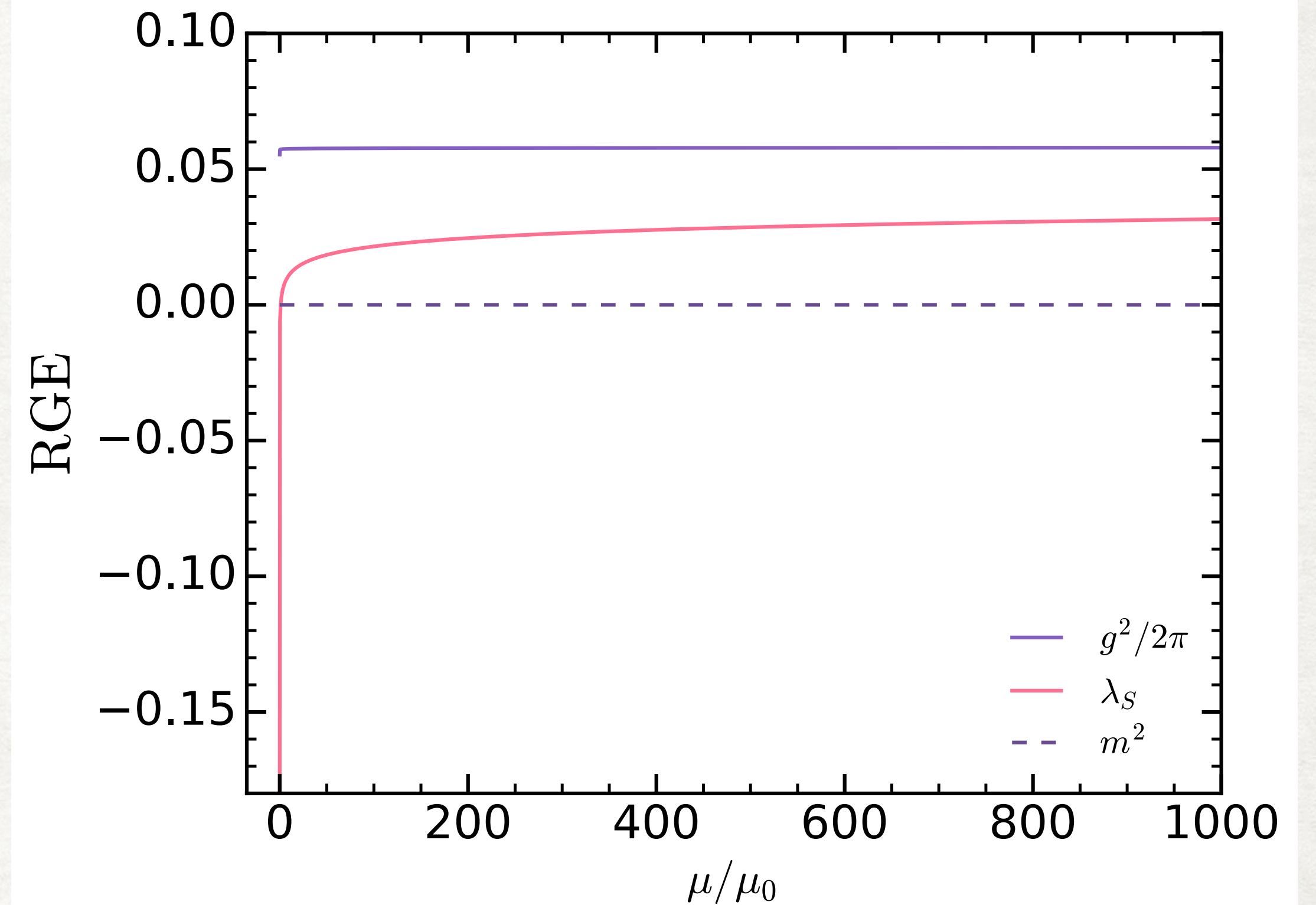
CW MODEL



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Include running



CW MODEL PROBLEMS

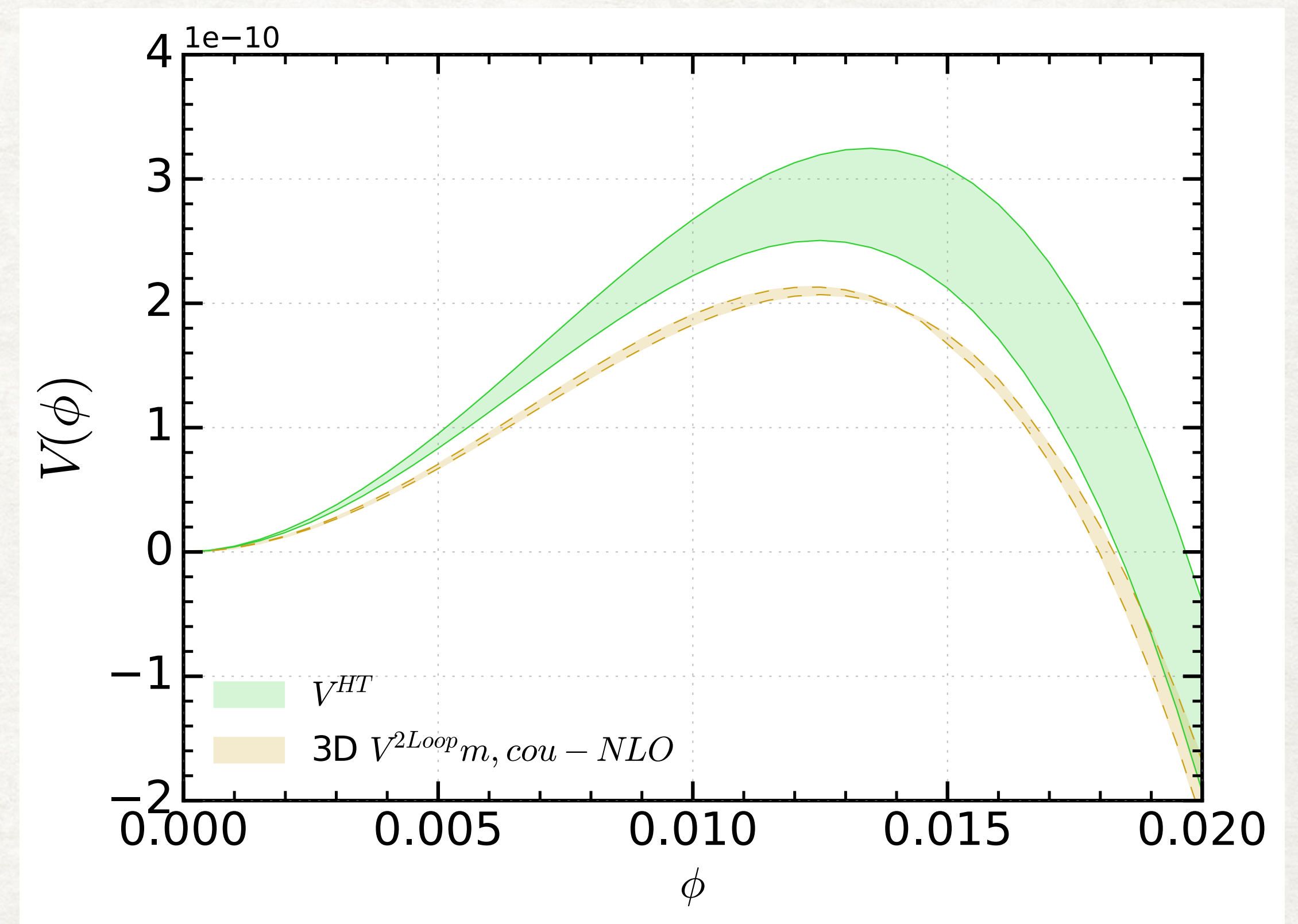
Dark photon: Extend SM with an additional U(1).

Classical invariance + radiative breaking: **Coleman-Winberg potential**

❧
$$V_{\text{CW}} = \sum_i N_i \frac{m_i^4(\phi)}{64\pi^2} \left[\log \left(\frac{m_i^2(\phi)}{\mu_R^2} \right) - c_i \right]$$

❧ Scale dependence reduced at 2-loop

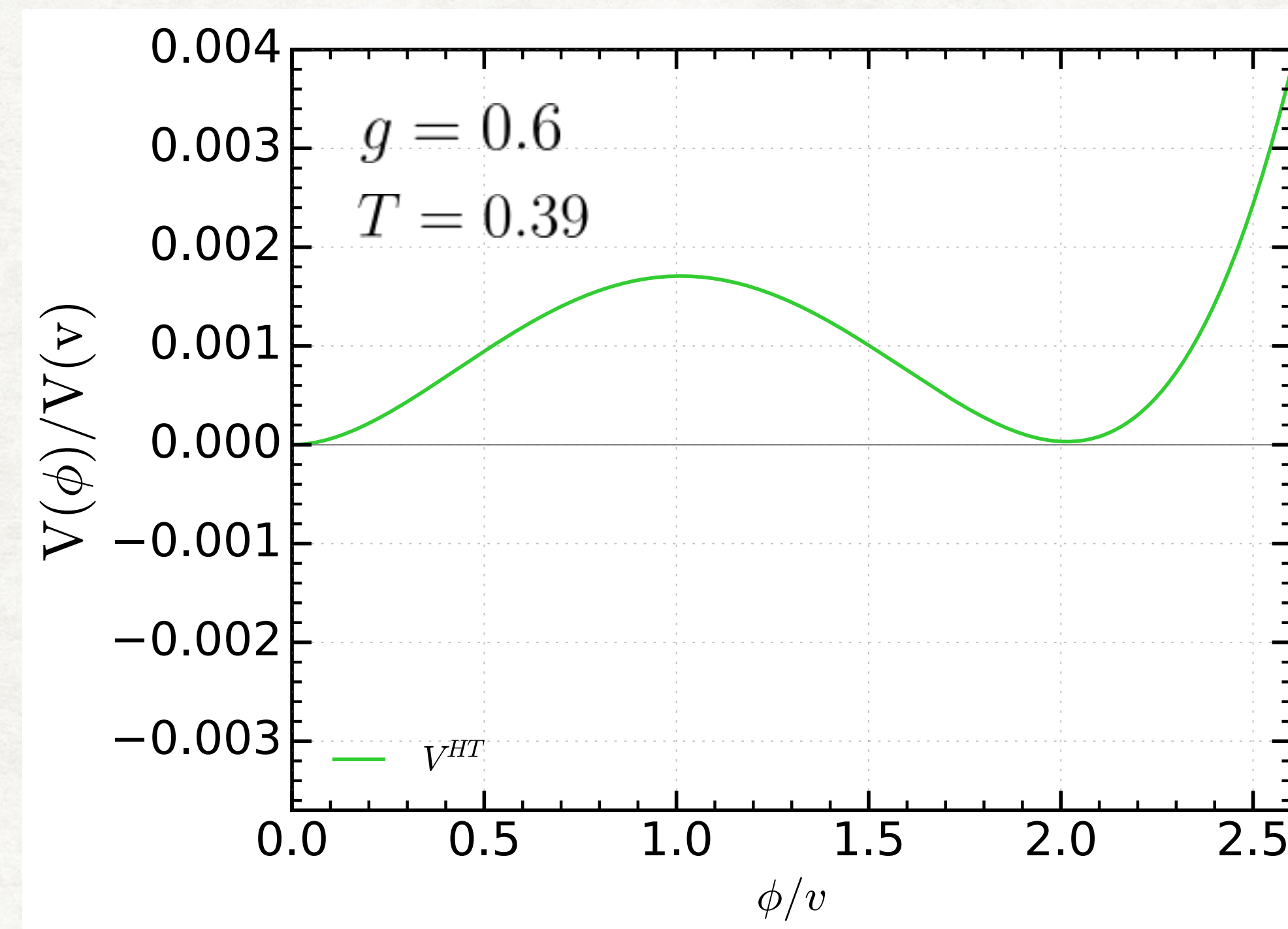
❧ $\mu_R = \pi T$ in the 4D approach.



MODEL AND APPROACHES

$$\phi_{3d} \rightarrow \phi/\sqrt{T}$$

$$\text{4D: } V_{eff}(\phi, T) = V_{tree}(\phi) + V_{CW}(\phi, \mu) + V_T(\phi, T) + V_{Daisy}(\phi, T)$$



MODEL AND APPROACHES

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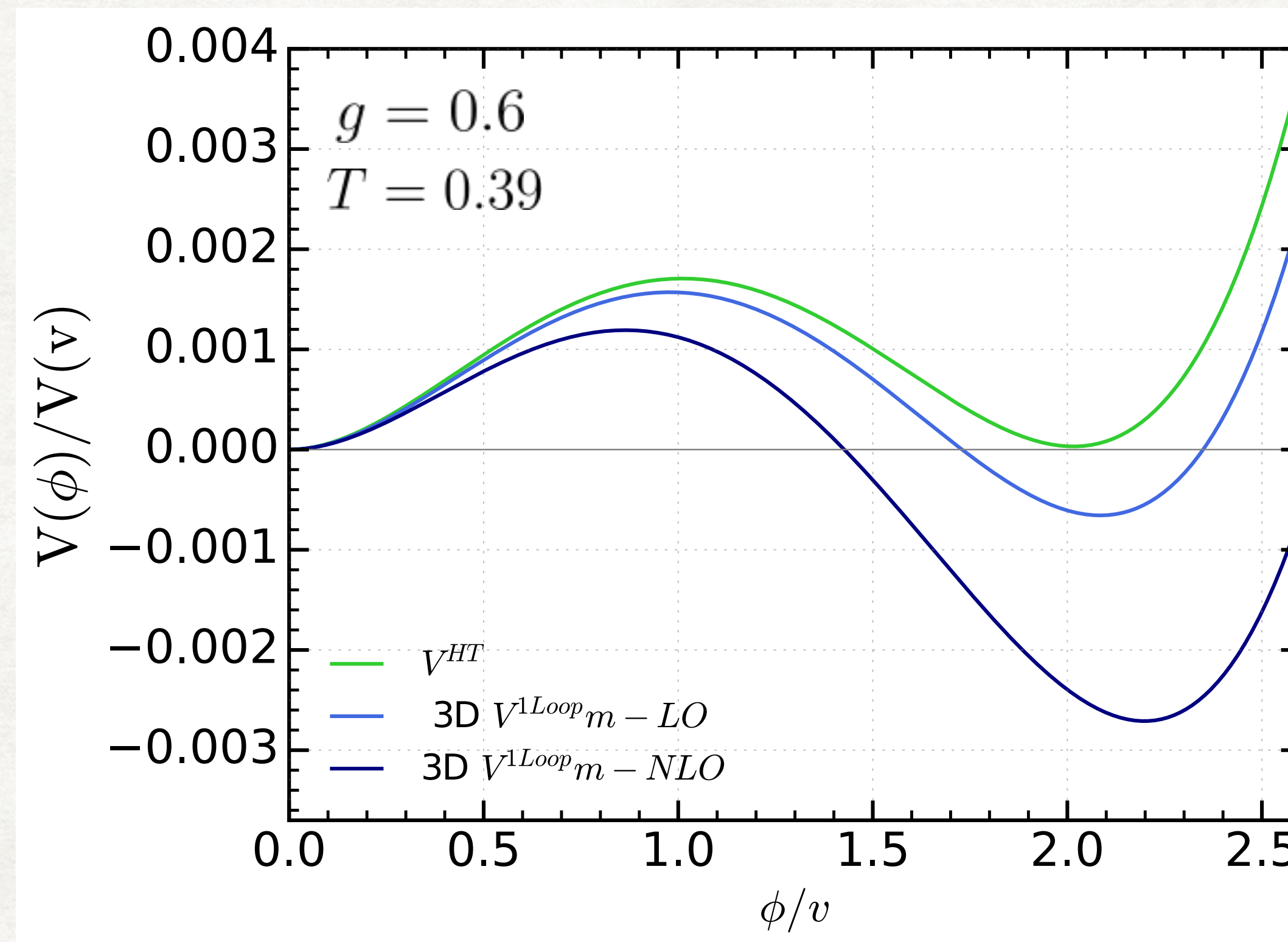
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3D soft:

- masses at LO +
couplings NLO

NLO (1-Loop):

- masses at NLO with 3d
couplings NLO+couplings
NLO



MODEL AND APPROACHES

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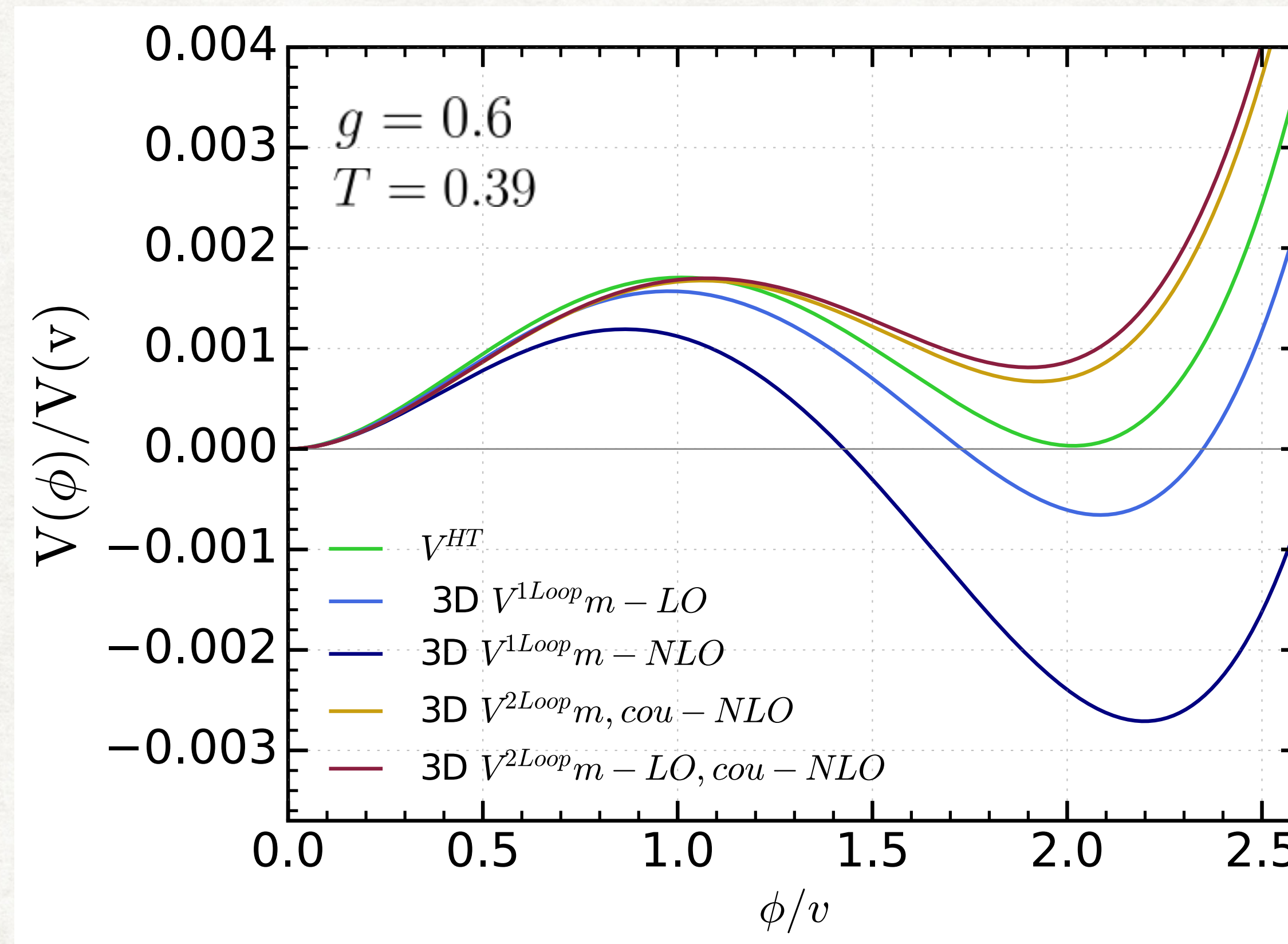
NLO (1-Loop):

- masses at NLO with 3d
couplings NLO+couplings
NLO

NNLO (2-Loop):

- masses at NLO with 3d
couplings NLO+couplings
NLO

- V-LO masses NLO
with couplings at NLO
+ V-NLO+V-NNLO
masses LO and
couplings LO



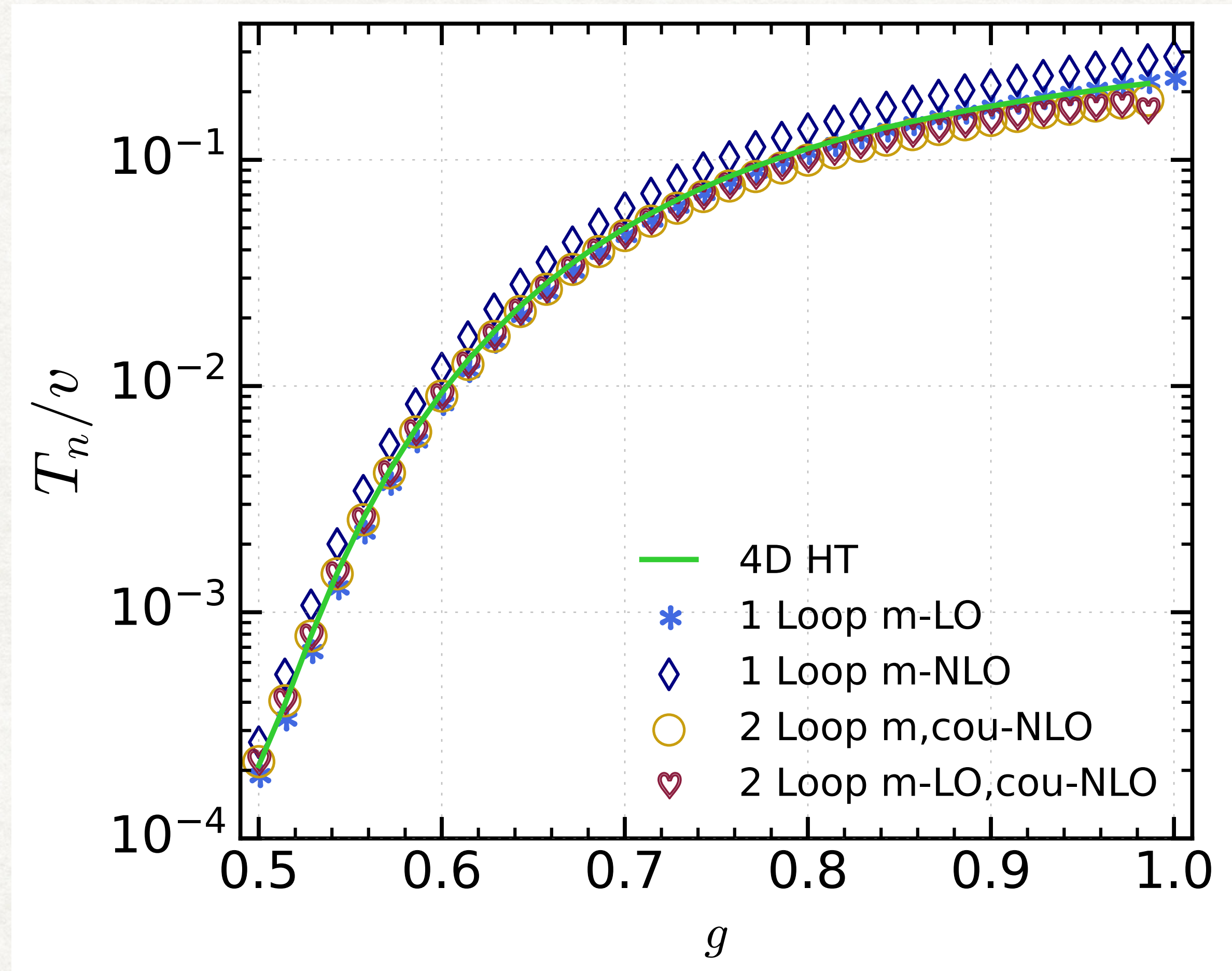
FOPT PARAMETERS

Espinosa:

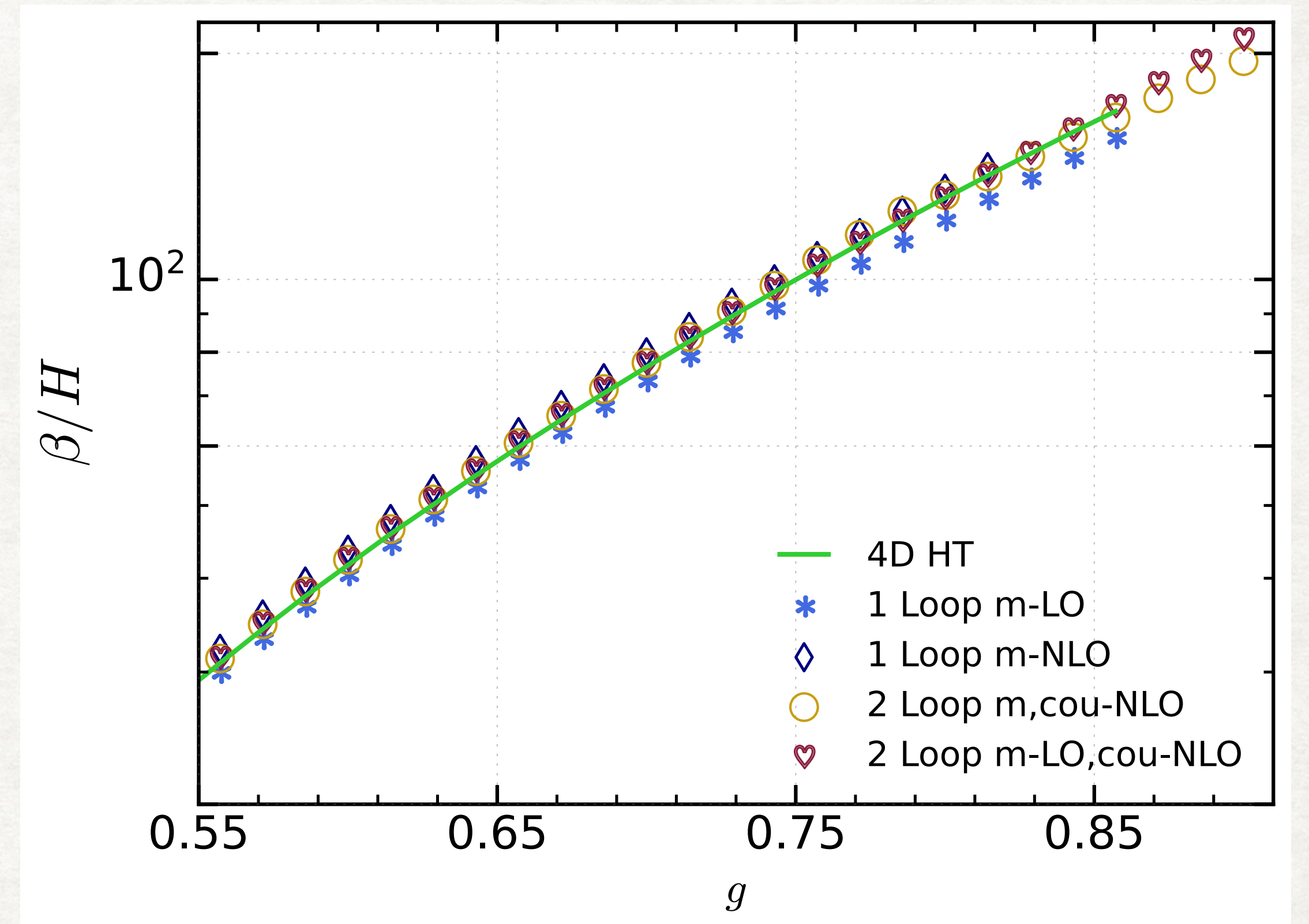
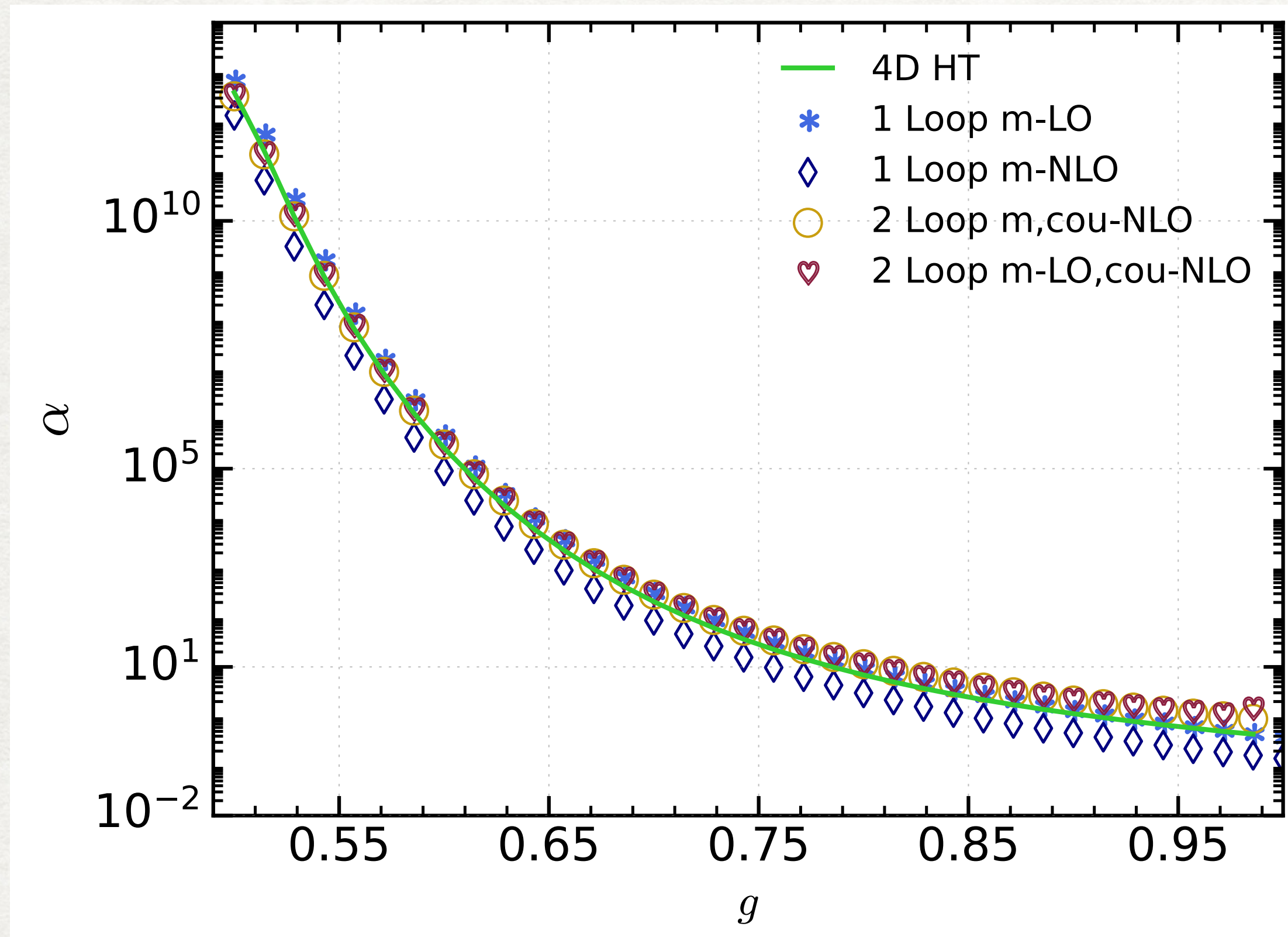
$$\frac{S_3}{T} = \frac{32\pi\sqrt{2}}{3} \int_0^{\phi_0} d\phi \frac{[V_{\text{eff}}(\phi, T) - V_t(\phi)]^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{dV_t}{d\phi}\right)^2}$$

$$\alpha \simeq \frac{\Delta V_{CW}^{NLO}}{\rho_*} \quad \rho_* = \frac{\pi^2}{30} g_* T_*^4$$

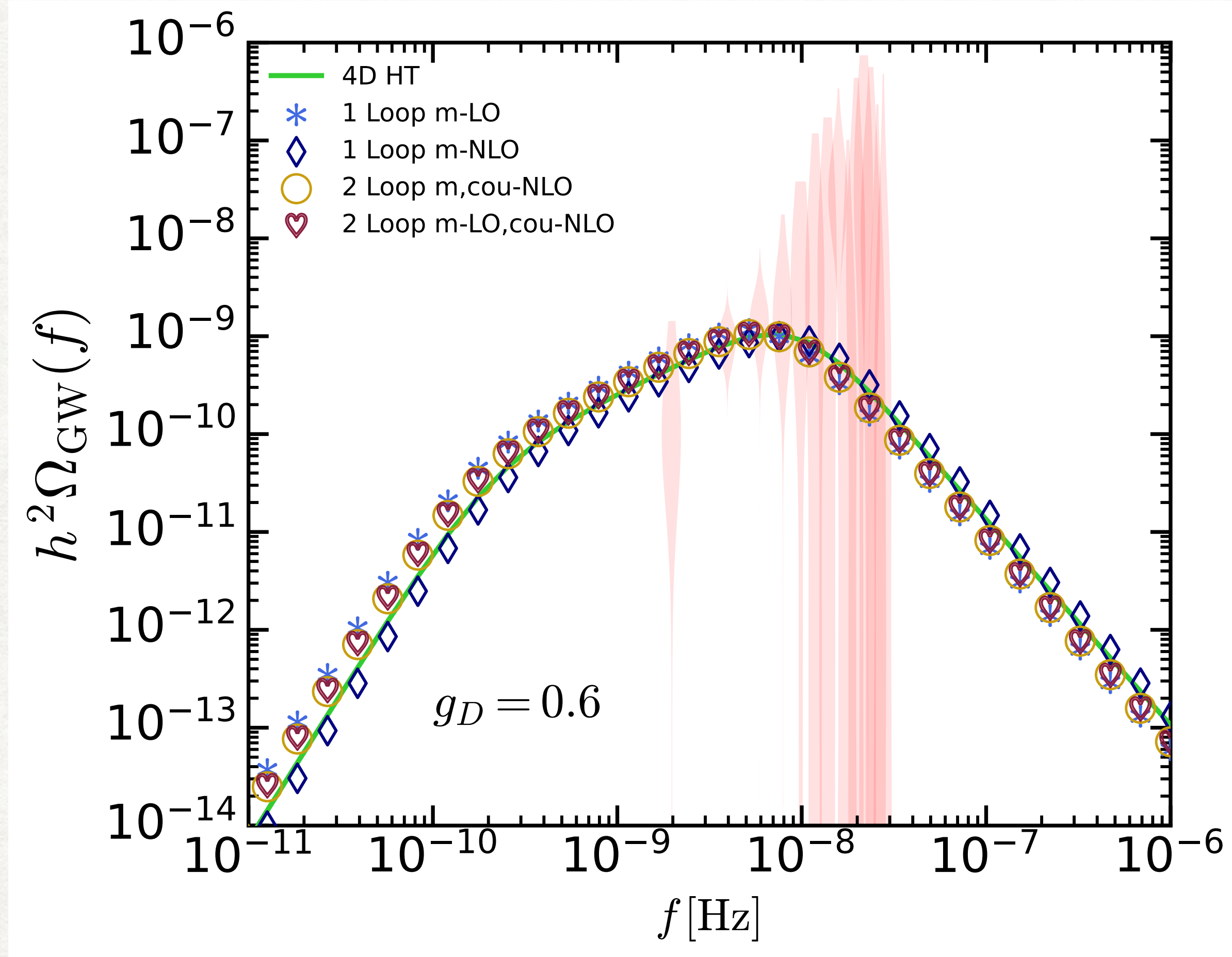
$$\frac{\Gamma(T_n)}{H(T_n)^4} = 1 \quad \frac{\beta}{H_*} = T_* \frac{d}{dT} \left(\frac{S_3}{T} \right) \Big|_{T=T_*}$$



RESULTS



CONCLUSIONS.

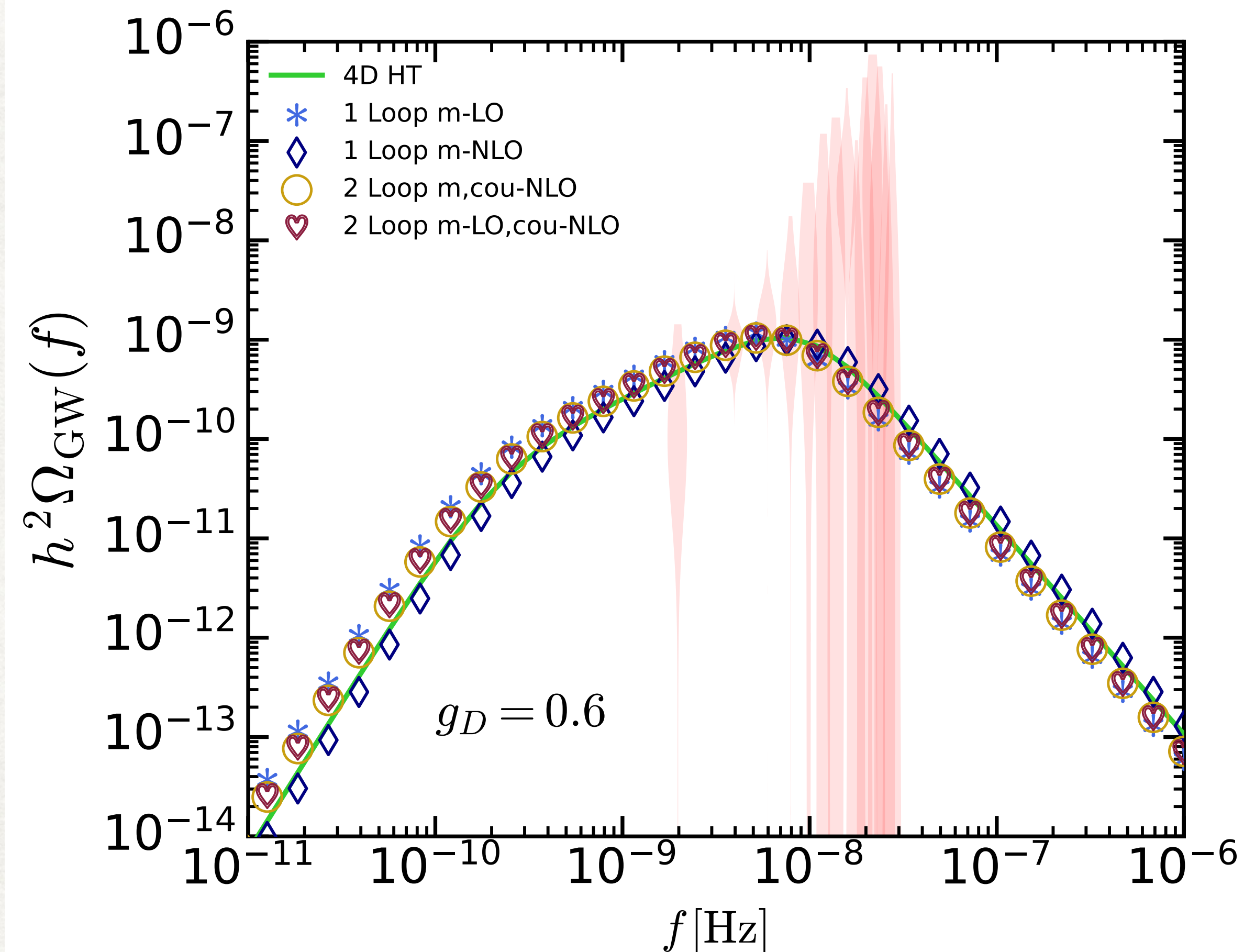


GW spectrum in the relativistic limit from
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2403.05615>
by I. Baldes, M. Ditch, Y. Gouttenoire and F. Sala

Include the running.

Reliable results using the HT with a proper choice of the scale.

CONCLUSIONS.



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THANK
YOU!