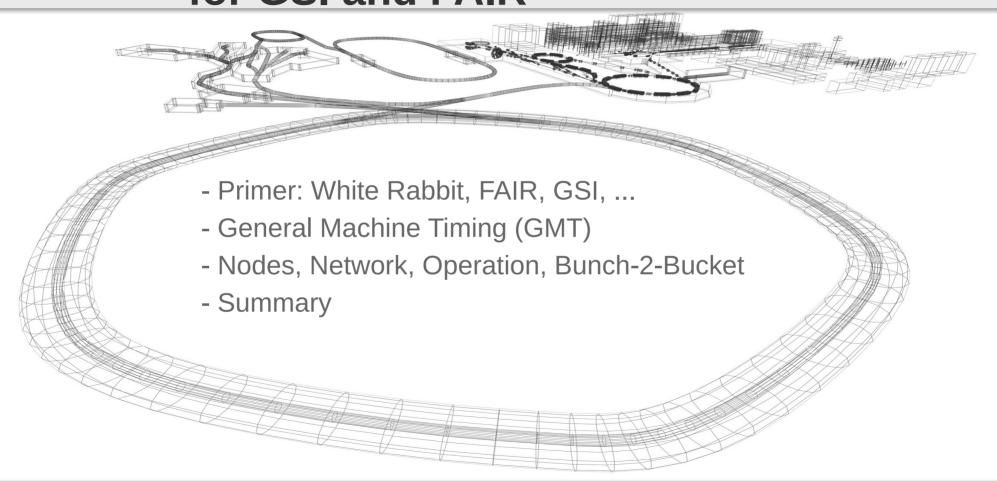
Acknowledgements



- GSI Timing Team: Enkhbold Ochirsuren, Marcus Zweig, Stefan Rauch, Mathias Kreider, Martin Skorsky, Marco Dennstädt, Michael Reese, Anna Ranz, Alexander Hahn, Frederic Ameil
- GSI ACC-IT Team: Peter Pfister, Christoph Handel, Rosemarie Vincelli ...
- GSI Ring-RF Team: Dieter Lens, Bernhard Zipfel, Stefan Schäfer, Martin Hardieck ...
- GSI Ring-HV Team: Isfried Petzenhäuser, Jürgen Florenkowski ...
- CERN Team: Greg Daniluk, Maciej Lipinski, Adam Wujek ...
- ...

The White Rabbit based Timing System FAIR FAIR FOR GSI and FAIR



General Machine Timing: GMT (Some Background)

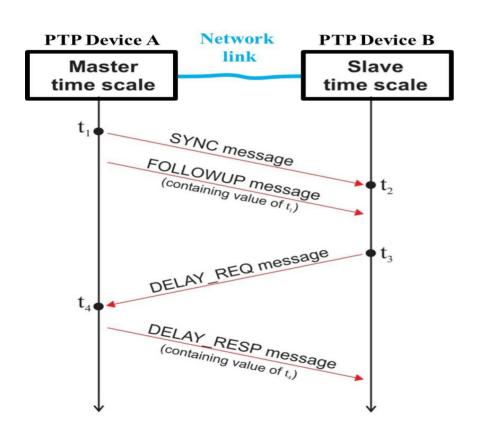




White Rabbit (Seen by a User)



(borrowed from https://ohwr.org/project/white-rabbit/tree/master/figures)



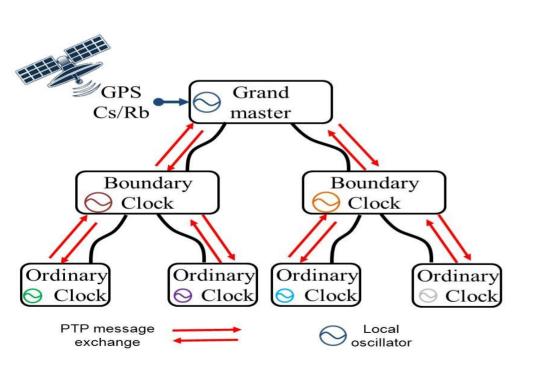
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE 1588)

- Frame-based synchronisation protocol
- Simple calculations:
 - link delay: $\delta ms = ((t4 t1) (t3 t2)) / 2$
 - offset from master: OFM = $t2 (t1 + \delta ms)$

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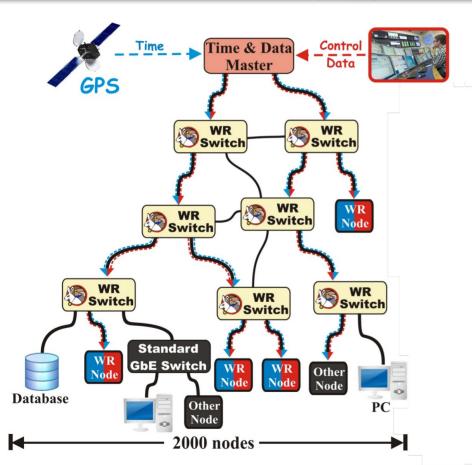
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 - $\sin k = ((t4 t1) (t3 t2)) / 2$
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- Hierarchical network
- Shortcomings of traditional PTP:
 - devices have free-running oscillators
 - · frequency drift
 - ..

White Rabbit (Seen by a User)



(borrowed from https://ohwr.org/project/white-rabbit/tree/master/figures)



Precision Time Protocol (IEEE 1588)

- Frame-based synchronisation protocol
- Simple calculations:
 - link delay: δ ms = ((t4 -t1)-(t3 -t2)) / 2
 - offset from master: OFM = $t2 (t1 + \delta ms)$
- Hierarchical network
- Shortcomings of traditional PTP:
 - devices have free-running oscillators
 - frequency drift
 -

White Rabbit

Originally

- Extension of IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol
- Sub-ns synchronisation @ physical hardware layer
 - requires dedicated network switches (~ SyncE, DDMTD, Link delay model)
- Deterministic data transfer

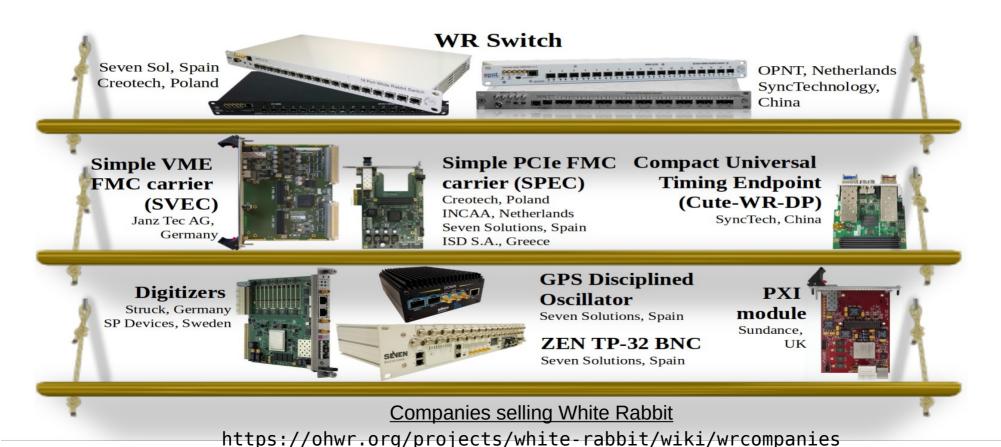
Status

- WR concepts now part of IEEE Std 1588-2019
- WR redefined to mean an open-source implementation of the High-Accuracy profile guaranteeing 1 ns accuracy and the friendly community around this development

White Rabbit: Open and Commercially Available Off-the-shelf

FAIR ESSI

(borrowed from https://ohwr.org/project/white-rabbit/tree/master/figures)



FAIR from the Control System Perspective





FAIR from the Control System Perspective





- FAIR: international accelerator facility
- GSI as injector
- installation of technical networks started
- spring 2026: commissioning starts
- late 2027: readyness for ,Early Science⁶

Multiplexed Operation, Control System Stack and GMT





Settings Management and **Data Supply**

Settings

- Front-Ends: set-values + indices
- GMT: real-time schedules + indices

Data Master

(RT control)

broadcast timing messages (index + execution deadline ~500us ahead of deadline)

General Machine Timing System:

trigger Front-Ends with multiplexing index on-time

Timing Receiver

Front-End Controller

with multiplexed settings

- IDs for multiplexing context (,which')
- other information

Multiplexed Operation

- multitude of beams for many experiments simultaneously
- fast 'switching' between beam destinations and properties (element, neutron number, charge state, energy, intensity, focus ...)
- ring machines: 1Hz switching
- UNILAC: 50 Hz switching

Indexing Concept

- ID for area, location (,where')
- ID for action (,what to do')

FAIR from the Control System Perspective



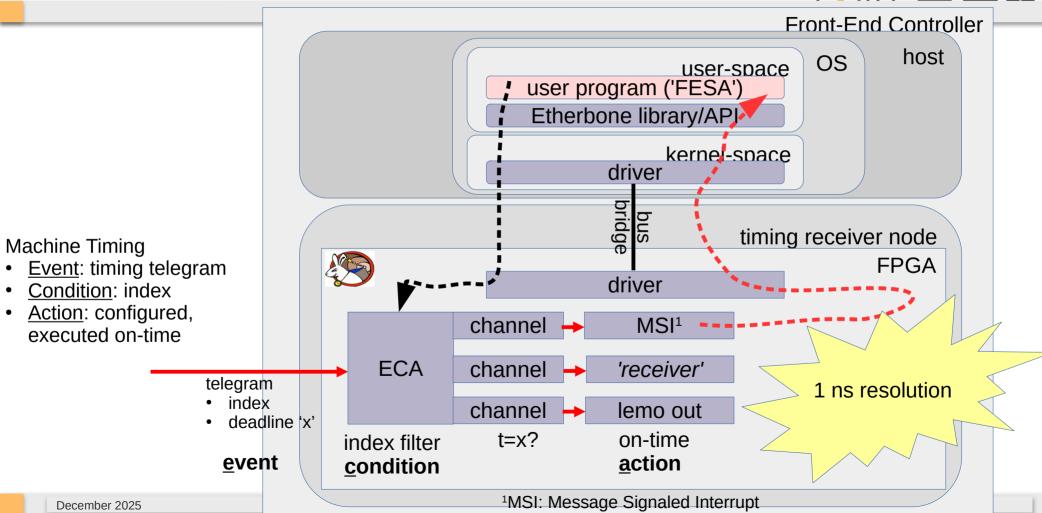






General Machine Timing





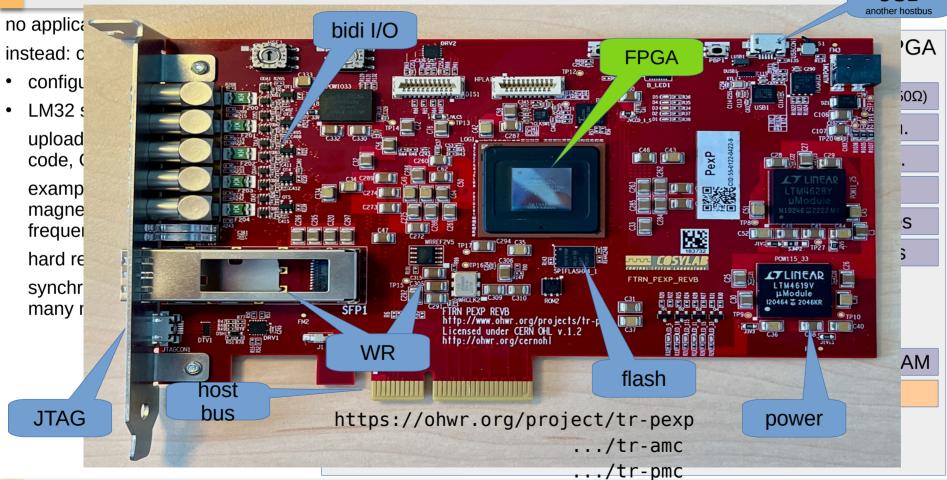
Common Features for Nodes 'Everything Happens in the FPGA'



no application specific VHDL! **FPGA** instead: customization via configuration of IP cores ECA 1-wire temp sensor fast I/O (1ns@50 Ω) with LM32 softcore: channels 1-wire EEPROM clock gen. upload binaries at run-time (cflash controller PPS gen. code, OS-less) time stamp example: ramping up dipole latching magnet current or rf-cavity AND gates frequency EtherBone Wishbone OR gates hard real-time Interconnect (SoC bus) WR NIC, hostbus ... synchronosly at many nodes LM32 DP RAM hostbus WR LM32 plattorm specific I/O/bus

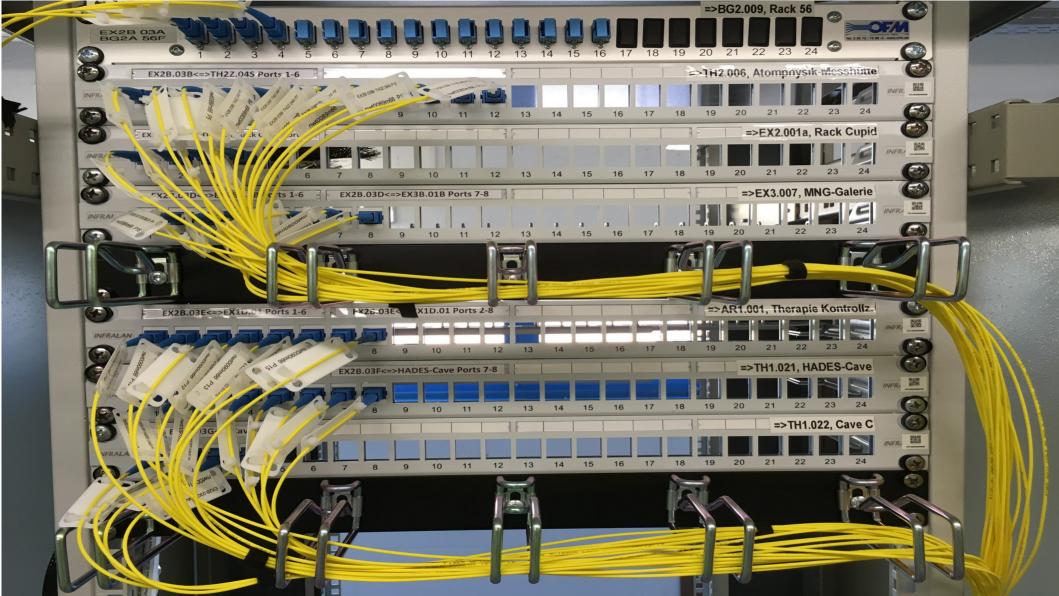
Common Features for Nodes ...





December 2025







Integration into IT Environment Lesson Learnt: No Need to Reinvent the Wheel





TL;DR: This worked out extremely well.

Detailed version:

- we thought: we are able to run our own IT infrastructure ...
- we discovered: we are unable to run our own IT infrastructure efficiently
- freboot' with the help of IT people
- approach
 - modify firmware of White Rabbit Switch to behave like regular IT switches (of course: modifications merged with ohwr.org ...)
 - integrate White Rabbit network into ACC-IT infrastructure
- contributions/help by Alessandro Rubini, Adam Wujek and Christoph Handel

Integration into IT Environment Accelerator IT and Central IT



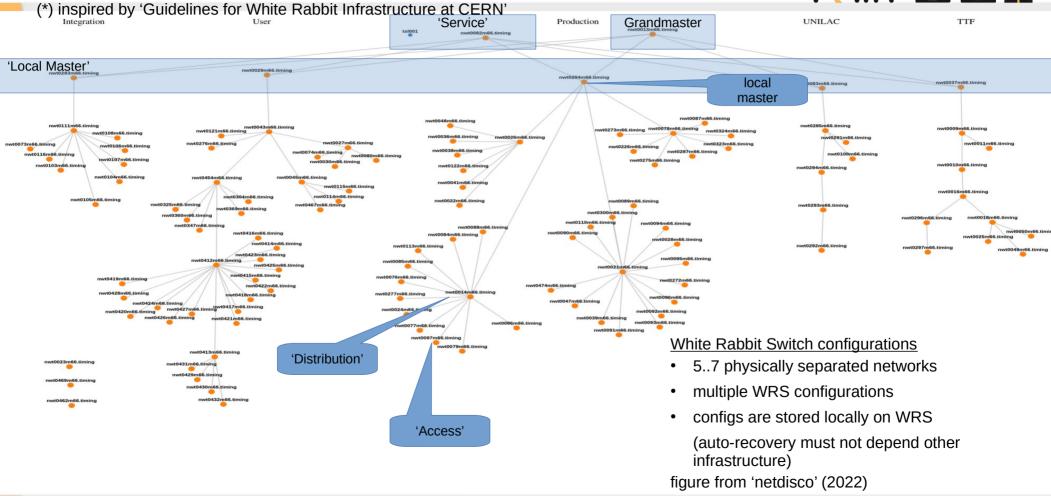


they provide ...

- IP backend, dedicated subnets and VLANs, unique on the GSI campus
- redundant DHCP/BOOTP servers for all WRS and nodes
- redundant name servers for all WRS and nodes
- redundant Radius servers (VLANs, 802.1X)
- protected White Rabbit switch management network (,plug-and-play')
- Icinga: WRS monitoring (health)
- Grafana: monitoring of key parameters
- Netdisco: auto-discovery of switches and nodes (really cool!)
- user roles, accounts, security, ...
- maintenance

Integration into IT Environment, Configuration: Task Timing Group (*)





2025: Experience from Operation



- preparation ahead of beam time (months!)
 - feature freeze and release WRS, data master and nodes
 - 'integration tests' with all control system layers
 - dry-run(s)' for severe testing of accelerator facility at full scale
- 24/7 operation
 - ~6 months/y of beam operation, including on-call service (rarely requested)
 - 'shutdown operation' ('beam operation but without on-call service'),
 - rare (!) maintenance windows

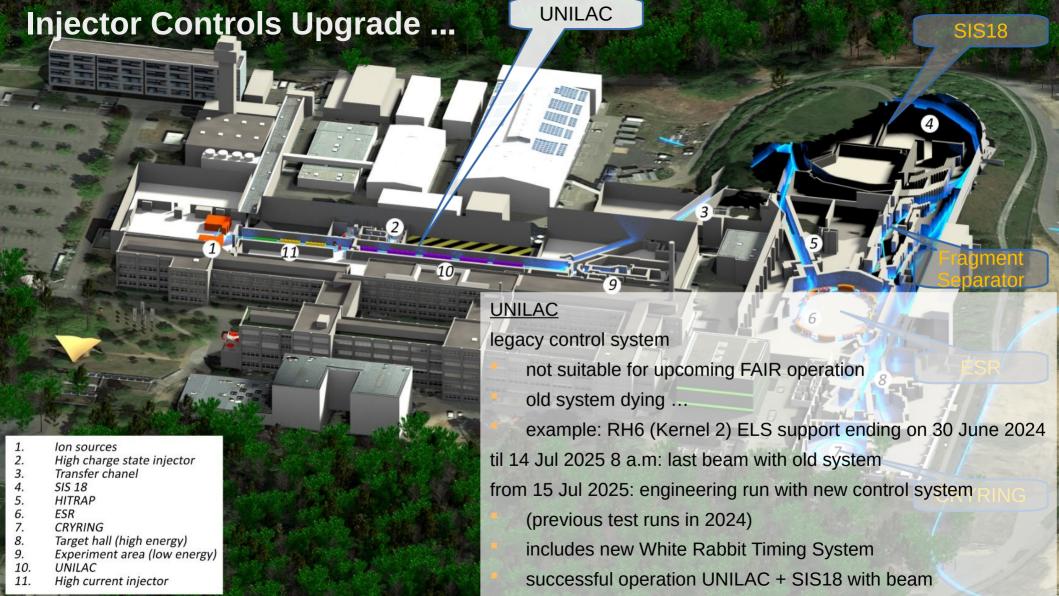
good (White Rabbit), no issues with

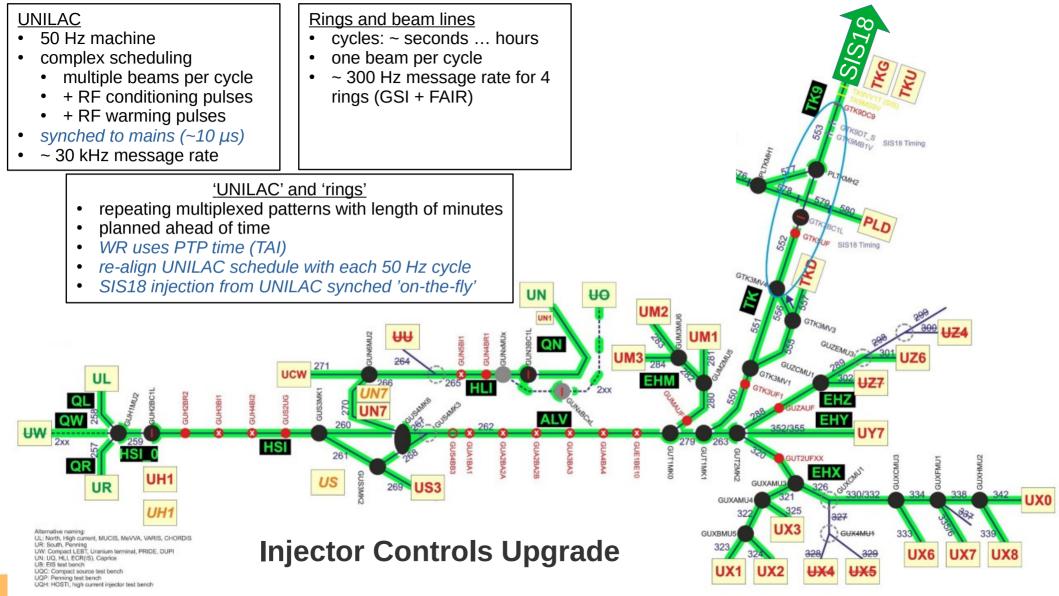
- nodes: monitor uptime, (dis)continuites of PTP time, loss of track-phase
- network: monitor switches and fibre links
- flawless recovery after a major power-cut (~1 hour, UPS dead ...)
- ..

bad (White Rabbit)

- WRS: 21 units with broken fans since 2016 (no hot-swap); 2nd fan keeps WRS alive; always replace both fans
- WRS: power supply neither redundant, nor easily swappable (lucky: so far reliable without issues)







Injector Controls Upgrade

- 2 distinct production networks: 'unilac' and 'rings'
- 2 Data Masters
- tight synchronization in hard real-time (White Rabbit network)
- upcoming: new Data Master HW with 2 WR ports (presently using old 1 port version + ugly VLAN tricks)

BTW: all new GSI WR formfactors done with Arria 10 GX FPGAs (previously Arria II or V GX)

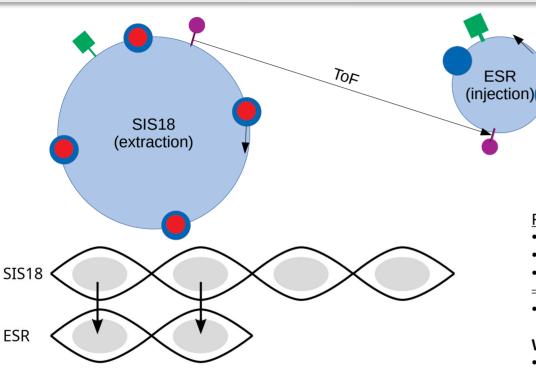




2025: Bunch-to-Bucket Transfer between Ring Machines

Here: Frequency Beating





- ions circulate in a ring machine
- acceleratation using RF-cavities ⇒ stable regions, 'buckets'
- formation of ion bunches
- transfer bunches: from buckets (SIS18) to buckets (ESR)
- phase matching to better than 1 degree required

Frequency Beating, integer ratio of ring circumferences

kicker

cavity

RF bucket

ion bunch

- SIS18(216m) → ESR(108m) → CRYRING(54m)
- f rev (SIS18) ~ 1.3 MHz; f rev (ESR) ~ 2.6 MHz
- H=4 (SIS18) ~5.2 MHz; H=2 (ESR) ~5.2 MHZ
 ⇒ frequency beating
- · 'just wait until the phase of both rings matches'

White Rabbit @ GSI

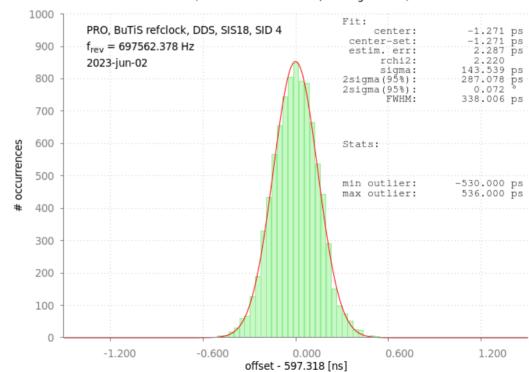
- precise phase measurements
- triggering of kickers
- distributed FPGA with embedded LM32 soft-core
- FPGAs communicate via the White Rabbit network

2025: Bunch-to-Bucket Transfer between Ring Machines (Frequency Beating)



- 2020/q4: demonstrated at SIS18, ESR
- 2022/q1: routine operation at SIS18, ESR, CRYRING
- routine operation frequency beating between SIS18 → ESR → CRYRING
- ,phase measurement of h=1 group DDS systems with White Rabbit time
 - until 2022: operation with 1 ns precision
 - since 2023: operation with sub-ns precision

precision of phase difference between SIS18 and ESR (bunch-2-bucket transfer, beating method)



2025: Bunch-to-Bucket Transfer between Ring Machines

Here: RF Phase Shifting

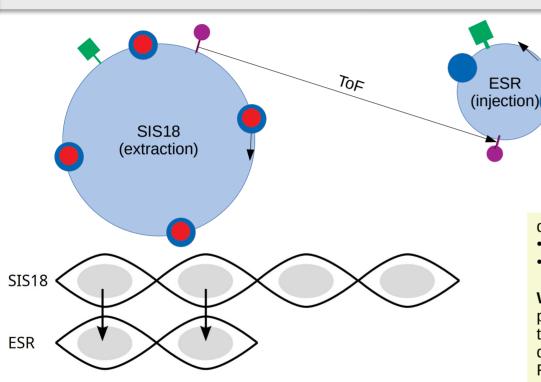


kicker

cavity

RF bucket

ion bunch



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deterministic and adiabatic phase shifting of the RF

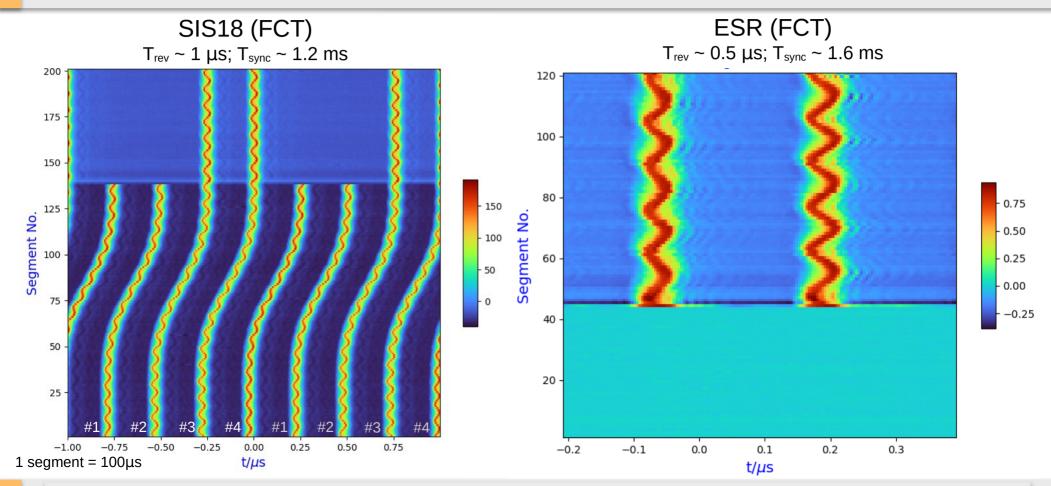
- does not depend on 'good' settings for beating
- requires additional effort at RF systems

White Rabbit @ GSI

precise phase measurements triggering of kickers distributed FPGA with embedded Im32 FPGAs communicate via the White Rabbit network

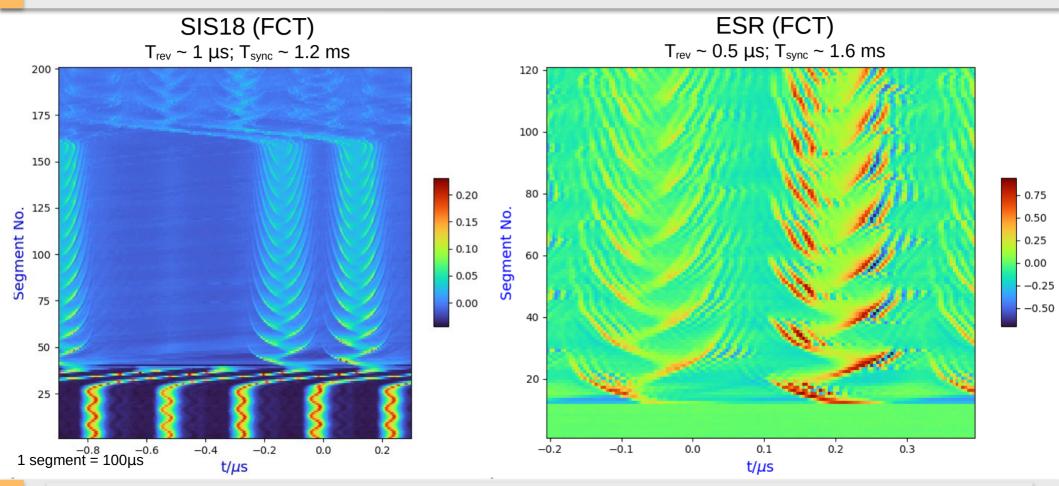
May 2025: Phase Shifting in SIS18 (12 ms, #069)





Phase Shifting in SIS18 (1.5 ms, #087)





Summary and Outlook



- * 'FAIR' General Machine Timing (GMT) system installed at GSI, since 2016
 - based on White Rabbit
 - common notion of time, 1ns granularity, 10-100 ps precision
 - broadcast of 'timing messages' with upper bound latency
 - execution of tasks with 1ns resolution at planned deadline
 - routine operation for all rings and transfer lines since 2018
 - beam times 2018..2025: very reliable operation (almost invisible in failure statistics)
- 2025: ~76 WR switches and ~533 nodes in productive use
- 2025: Injector Controls Upgrade, all GSI machines use White Rabbit based timing
- FAIR
 - spring 2026: begin commissioing
 - add ~95 WRS and ~850 nodes for ,Early Science'



Thank You For Your Attention

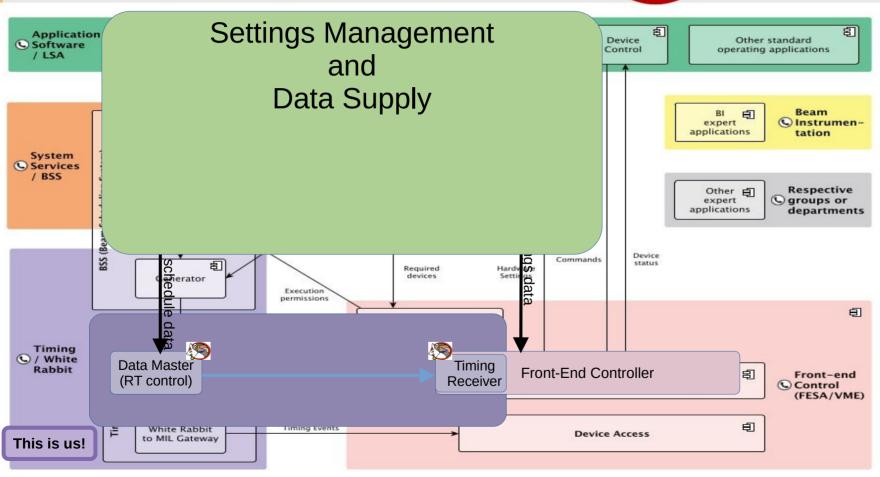
```
https://ohwr.org/project/tr-pexp .../tr-amc .../tr-pmc - hardware
https://github.com/GSI-CS-CO/bel_projects - gateware, firmware, software
https://www-acc.gsi.de/wiki/Timing - some docs
```

(Backup Slides ...)

Control System Stack – Involvement of Seven Distinct Teams

Who you gonna call?





What is this? What is it good for?

This is an simplified view on (a part of) the control system's architecture, created with the intention to help you make an educated guess on who to call when something's not working. If you're not sure, don't worry. It'll take time to get to know the new control system structures and no one will get mad if you call the "wrond" droup.

Please be aware that the diagram is focused on certain areas of the control system and consequently, other equally important components are missing. Also, consider this diagram to be work-in-progress. If you'd like to contribute, see below.

What do the symbols mean?

The boxes symbolize applications, components or subsystems of the control system. The arrows stand for data flows between them. The colored regions represent areas of responsibility. The terms next to the telephone icons are taken from FSN (when switched to English) and may help you look up the on-call number you need to dial.

Who can I ask about it?

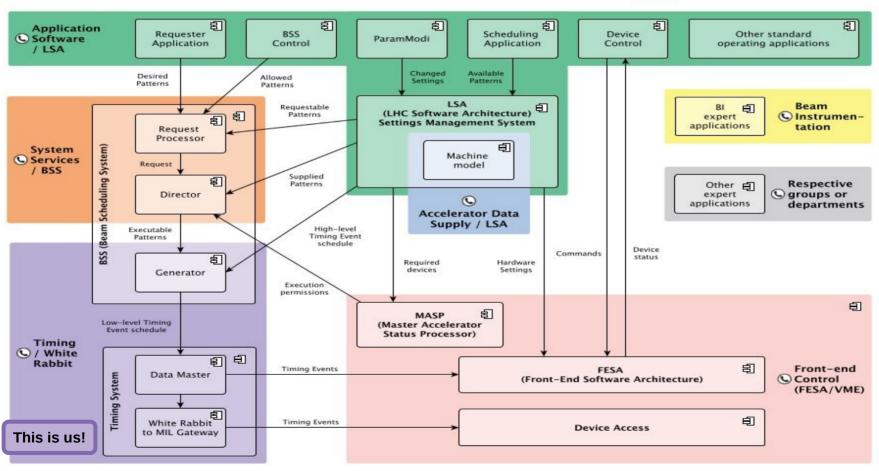
If you have any questions, comments, suggestions or corrections regarding this diagram, please feel free to call Hanno at -3089 or write to h.huether@gsi.de.

Thanks!

Control System Stack – Involvement of Seven Distinct Teams

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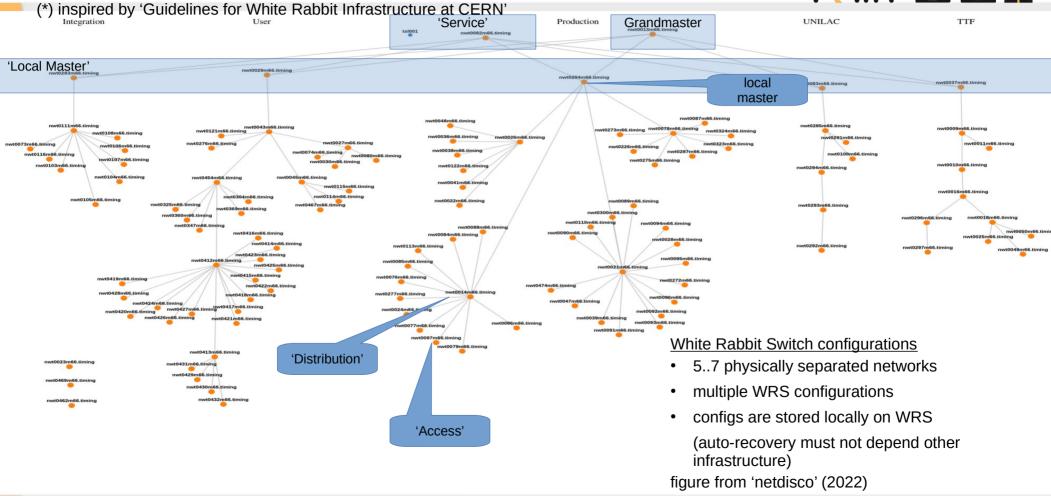
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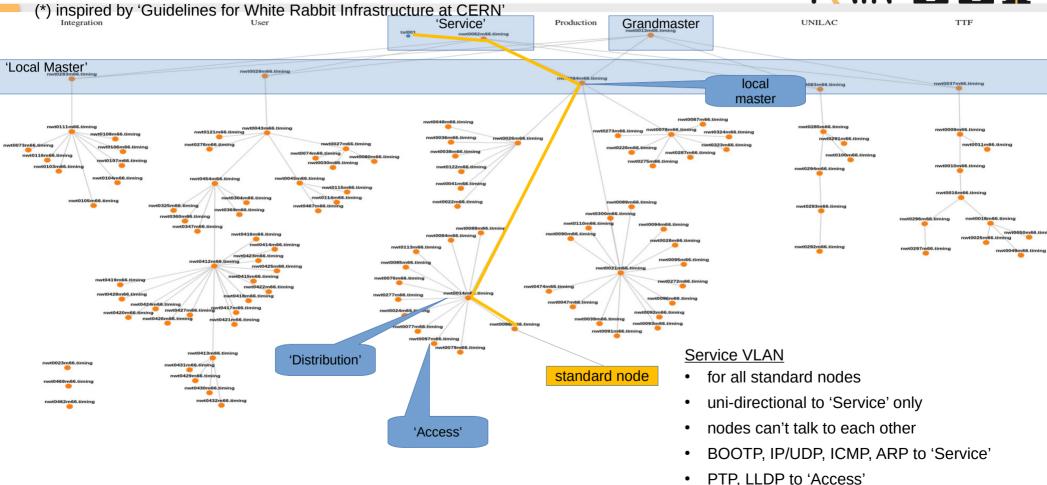
Thanks!

Integration into IT Environment, Configuration: Task Timing Group (*)

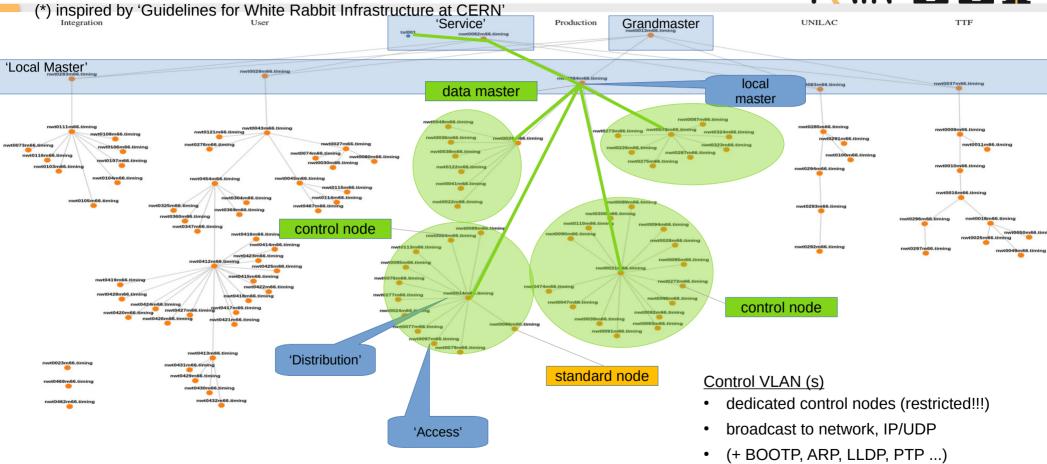




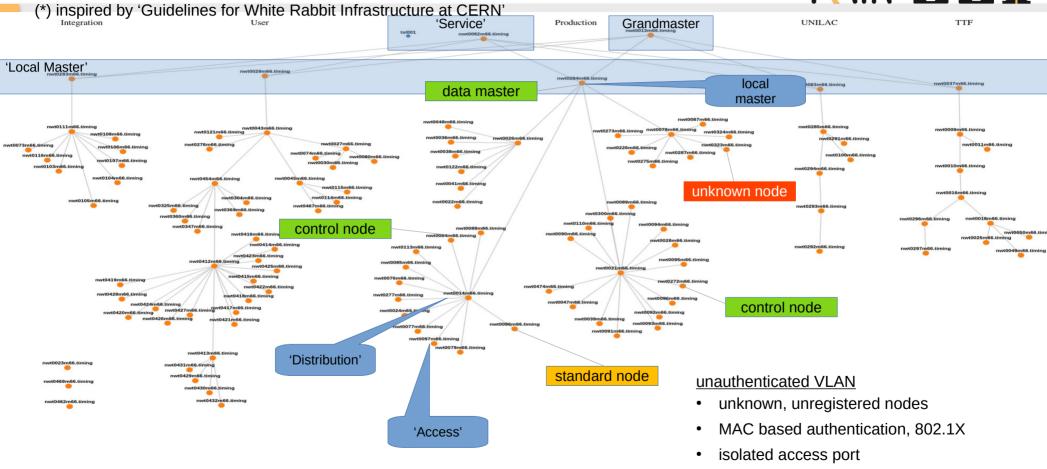












GMT Precision (Accelerator Control) Sync PHELIX Pulse and Ion Bunch (*)



(*) Zs. Major et al., "High-Energy Laser Facility PHELIX at GSI: Latest Advances and Extended Capabilities", in preparation (2023)

PHELIX High Energy Laser Facility PHELIX at GSI: La PHELIX High Energy / High Intensity Laser Laser bay: 0.5 PW, 200 J @ 400 fs • focal spot size: 3 µm • maximum intensity: 5x10²⁰ W/cm² (short-pulse mode) • > 10¹¹ temporal contrast • repetition rate 1..60 minutes

SIS18

SIS18, here:

- extracted bunch
- length ~100ns
- $v/c \sim 0.9$

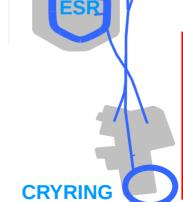
HHT



GMT

bunch-2-bucket transfer system

- measure SIS18 RF-phase
- trigger SIS18 extraction kicker (~ 2 GW)
- trigger PHELIX (~ 100 GW)
- measure kicker probe signal
- remeasure RF-phase



SIS18

PHELIX

HHT

PHELIX:

200 J @ 1 – 10 ns, 2ω

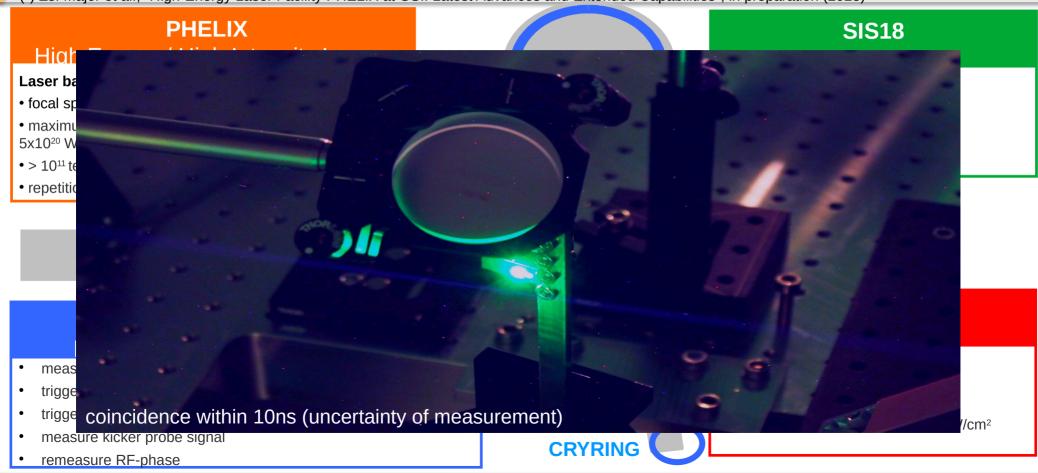
15 cm beam diameter

maximum focussed intensity: ~1016 W/cm2

GMT Precision (Accelerator Control) Sync PHELIX Pulse and Ion Bunch (*)



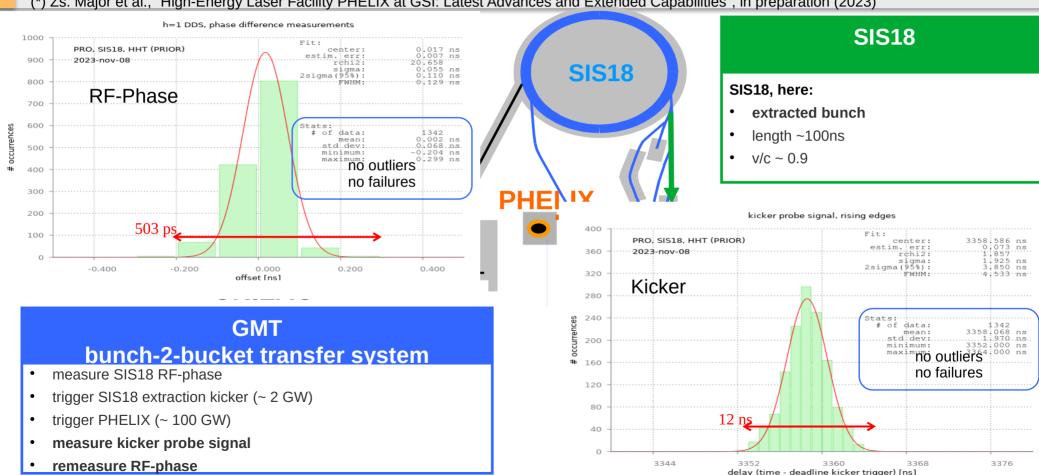
(*) Zs. Major et al., "High-Energy Laser Facility PHELIX at GSI: Latest Advances and Extended Capabilities", in preparation (2023)



GMT Precision (Control) Sync PHELIX Pulse and Ion Bunch (*)



(*) Zs. Major et al., "High-Energy Laser Facility PHELIX at GSI: Latest Advances and Extended Capabilities", in preparation (2023)



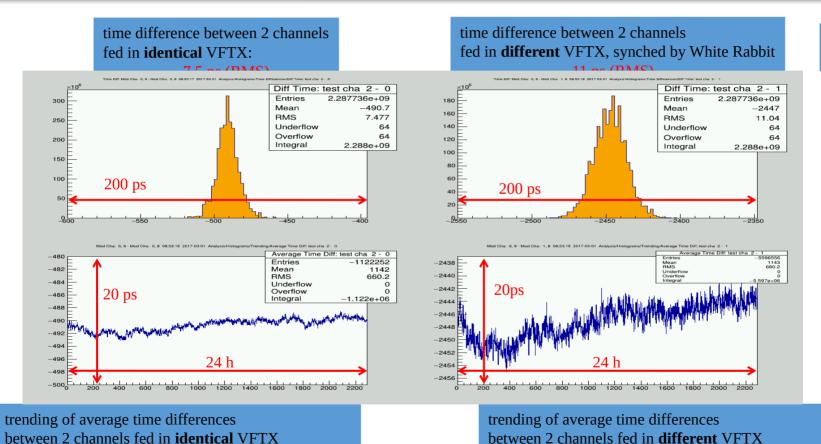
GMT Precision (Experiments, DAQ) Time-of-Flight Measurements (*)



(each entry is average of 1000000 TOF measurements



(*) N. Kurz et al., "White Rabbit 200 MHz Clock Effects on TOF Measured with High Resolution VME TDC VFTX" (2023)



→ jitter GMT, WR ~8 ps (RMS)

(each entry is average of 1000000 TOF measurements

2023: Experience from Operation II





good

- flawless recovery after a long (~ one hour, UPS down) power-cut during shutdown
- no issues with fiber links: SFP¹s with DOM²: monitor voltage, current, temperature, TX/RX laser power ...

bad

- broken fans at about 12 White Rabbit Switches, detected by temperature monitoring no ,tacho-signal', not ,hot-swappable'; life expectancy better than 8 yrs, but ... in case you know a source for 'IT quality' (cisco type) fans, please let us know good: switches may survive some time with passive cooling (no interruption of operation)
- WRS power supply not redundant, not hot swappable; good: no issues so far

¹SFP: Small Form-factor Pluggable ²DOM: Digital Optical Monitoring

White Rabbit @ GSI: Switches Off-the-shelf, Nodes Based on Arria GX $F\Delta | F$





Scalable Control Unit PEXARIA V

(SCU3)

in-house development Arria II based ~580 units



(PCIe ArriaV)

in-house development Arria V based ~370 units



Scalable Control Unit

(SCU4)

in-house development Arria X based under development



TR for PCIe (TR-PEXP)

in-kind contribution SI Arria V based ~630 units www.ohwr.org



TR for AMC (TR-AMC)

in-kind contribution SI Arria V based ~280 units www.ohwr.org



TR for PMC (TR-PMC)

in-kind contribution SI Arria V based ~220 units www.ohwr.org



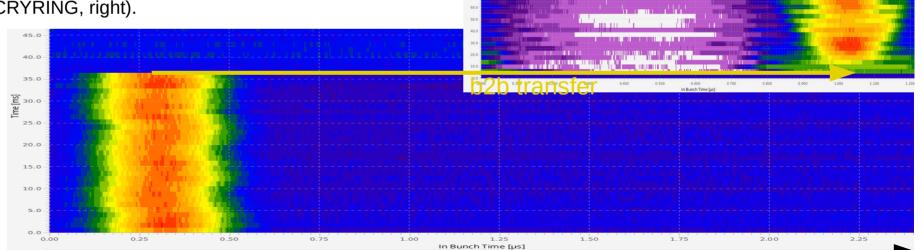
2022: Experience from Operation II



BTW: Since 2022 we have White Rabbit based synchronization **of transfers** between all ring machines, the so-called 'bunch-to-bucket transfer system' is used in routine operation!

Bunch-to-bucket transfer of hydrogen-like 198 Au $^{78+}$ @10 MeV/u between the two rings using frequency beating (T_{beat} = 915µs).

Shown is the position (relative to the relevant ring-RF signal) of a single bunch of 1E6 ions observed by beam profile monitors for about 35ms prior extraction (ESR, bottom) and 300ms after injection (CRYRING, right).



time of one revolution in the ring

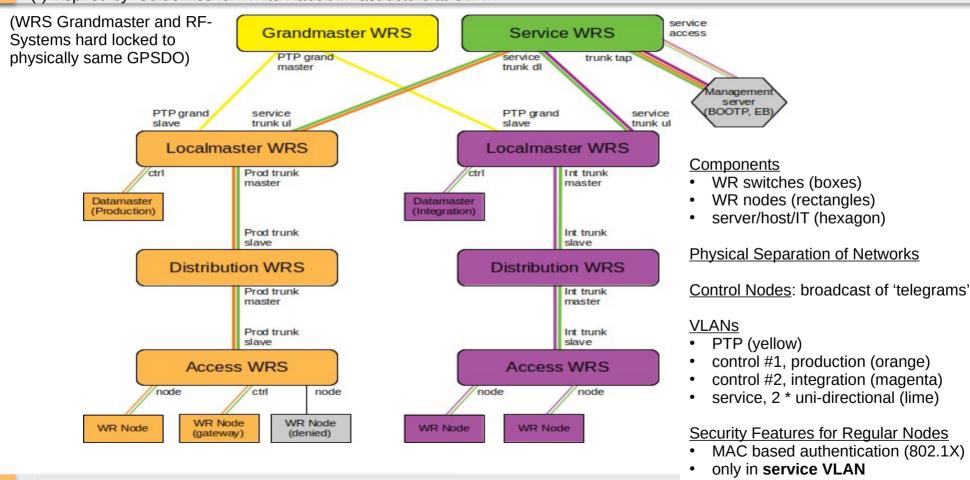
December 2025



uni-directional to management master only

(*) inspired by 'Guidelines for White Rabbit Infrastructure at CERN'

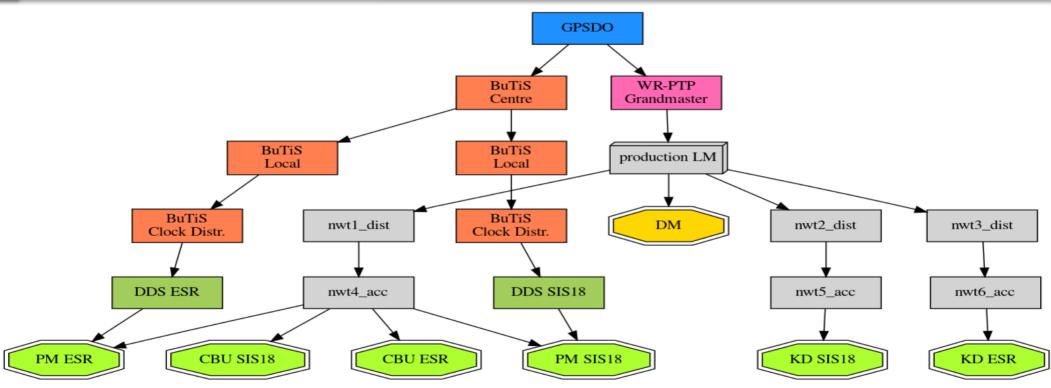
December 2025



Dietrich Beck, TOS, GSI, d.beck@gsi.de

Clock Propagation





Components: GPSDO (blue), White Rabbit Grandmaster (cyan) and Switches (grey), rf-clock distribution system (BuTiS, brown), rf-group-DDS systems (dark green), nodes of the b2b system (light green) and Data Master of the Machine Timing System (yellow). Nodes with double-lined borders broadcast messages to the White Rabbit network.

Black arrows indicate clock propagation.

Roles of WRS: LM (local master), dist (distribution switch), acc (access switch)

Rolles-of 19229. 25 BU (Central Bunch-2-bucket Unit), PM (Phtiste Porte as Green Ent). DKD (Mickler and Diagnostic)

Integration into IT Environment Accelerator IT and Central IT



they provide ...

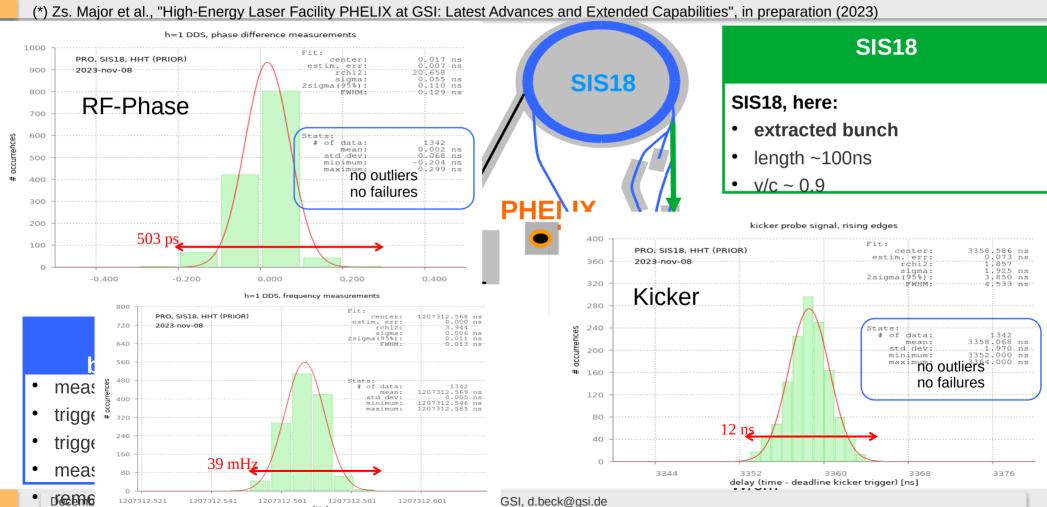
- IP backend, dedicated subnets and VLANs, unique on the GSI campus
- redundant DHCP/BOOTP servers for all WRS and nodes
- redundant name servers for all WRS and nodes
- redundant Radius servers (VLANs, 802.1X)
- protected White Rabbit switch management network (,plug-and-play')
- (central firewall management)
- management server for all White Rabbit networks
- FNT-command: tool for documenting installations
- Icinga: WRS monitoring (health)
- Grafana: monitoring of key parameters
- Netdisco: auto-discovery of switches and nodes (really cool!)
- web server: remote management (dedicated tools)

December 2025

Dietrich Beck, TOS, GSI, d.beck@gsi.de

GMT Precision (Control) Sync PHELIX Pulse and Ion Bunch (*)





Kicker Power Supply ...





- 1. pre-fire (~1 µs): discharge capacitors → 'transformer+electron tubes' → high voltage → charge cables
- 2. fire: $\sim 1 \mu s$ later, discharge cables via electron tubes, up to 200 MW per tube (pulse length $< 1 \mu s$)