



ATLAS-D Meeting  
DESY Zeuthen  
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Electroweak Fits using



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# Outline



- § What / Who is Gfitter?
- § Why a new fit of Standard Model?
- § Implementation
- § Comparison with Zfitter
- § Results
  - Higgs mass estimate
  - Goodness of global fit
  - p-value of the SM at different Higgs masses
  - Two-dimensional scans
- § Summary



# What is Gfitter?



## § Gfitter - A Generic Fitter Project for HEP Model Testing

<http://cern.ch/Gfitter>

### § It is built upon ROOT

### § Organized in one core statistic/fitting package, and physics plugin packages

- SM, Two Higgs Doublet, SUSY, etc.

### § Dynamic parameter caching

- Only Recalculation of parameters when needed

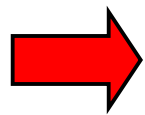
### § Goal: Perform fully frequentist analysis

- Present: goodness of fit by toy-analysis

### § Transparent fitting and steering card interpretation

- Usage of XML format

- § In steering card only one type of parameter
- The chosen actions depend on whether the parameter has an associated prediction or not



This makes Gfitter a flexible tool

- § We think it's very user-friendly

## Who is Gfitter?

Henning Flücher (CERN)

Andreas Hoecker (CERN)

Martin Goebel (Uni HH / DESY)

Klaus Mönig (DESY)

Johannes Haller (Uni HH / DESY)

Joerg Stelzer (CERN)

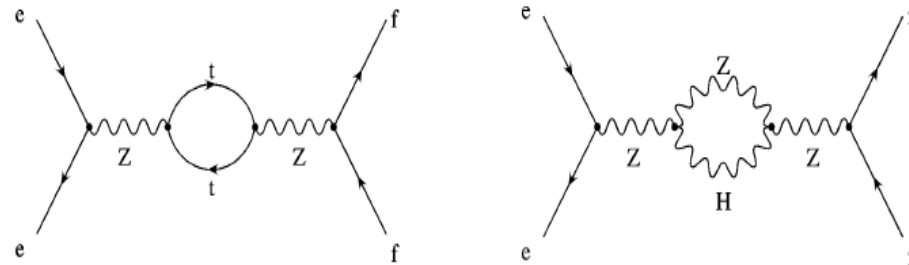


# Why a new fit of Standard Model?



- § Testing and improving of framework with well-known theory
- § Existing SM packages written in Fortran
  - Involved usage
  - Hard to change something or update the code
- § Physics aim: Determination of observables which don't match well to the SM (e.g. when the Higgs is measured)
- § Usage of EW fit: SM extensions, e.g. 2 Higgs doublet models

- § Idea: Radiative corrections give precise predictions for ew observables
- § Task: Computing all ew observables with five input parameters
- § We use the *on-mass-shell (OMS)* scheme (like Zfitter)
  - Complete two loop corrections incl. the known higher order QCD and QED orders for most of the observables
  - Present: Quark masses and Fermi constant are fixed



5 free parameters in the fit:

$$\Delta\alpha_{had}^{(5)}(m_Z^2), \alpha_s(m_Z^2), m_Z, m_{top}, m_H$$

All LEP precision measurements:

$$M_Z \quad A_f \quad A_{FB}^{0,f} \quad R_f^0 \quad \sigma_{had}^0 \quad \Gamma_Z \quad \sin^2 \Theta_{eff}^{lept}$$

SLD measurement of the  
leptonic asymmetry  $A_{lep}$

Tevatron/LEP world averages:

$$M_W \quad \Gamma_W \quad m_{top}$$

QED and QCD coupling constants at Z pole

$$\Delta\alpha_{had}^{(5)}(M_Z) \quad \alpha_s(M_Z)$$

19 observables – 5 free parameters = 14 dof

- § Compared in detail the calculations of Zfitter and Gfitter
- § Reproduction of Zfitter results!
- § Small differences completely understood
  - Due to a different treatment of running QCD effects
  - Implementation of 4th order RGE for strong coupling constant and running quark masses

Test with identical input, i.e.

$$\Delta\alpha_{had}^{(5)}(M_Z) = 0.02758 \pm 0.00035 \quad [\text{BP}'05]$$

Gfitter:  $\chi_{\min}^2 = 18.0$

$$M_H = 76.9 + 33.3 - 24.6 \text{ GeV}$$

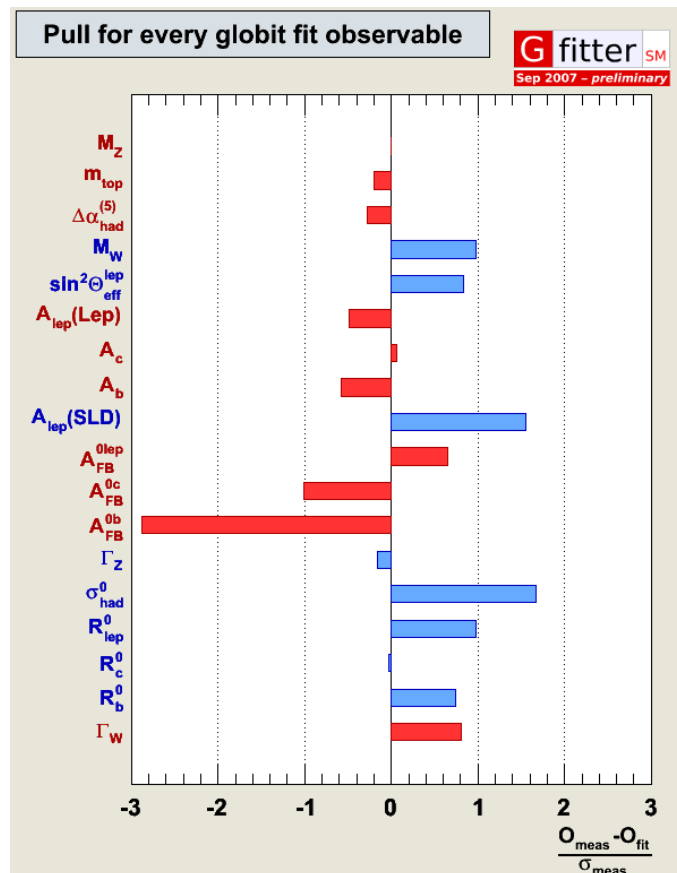
Zfitter:  $\chi_{\min}^2 = 18.0$

$$M_H = 76.7 + 33.2 - 24.5 \text{ GeV}$$

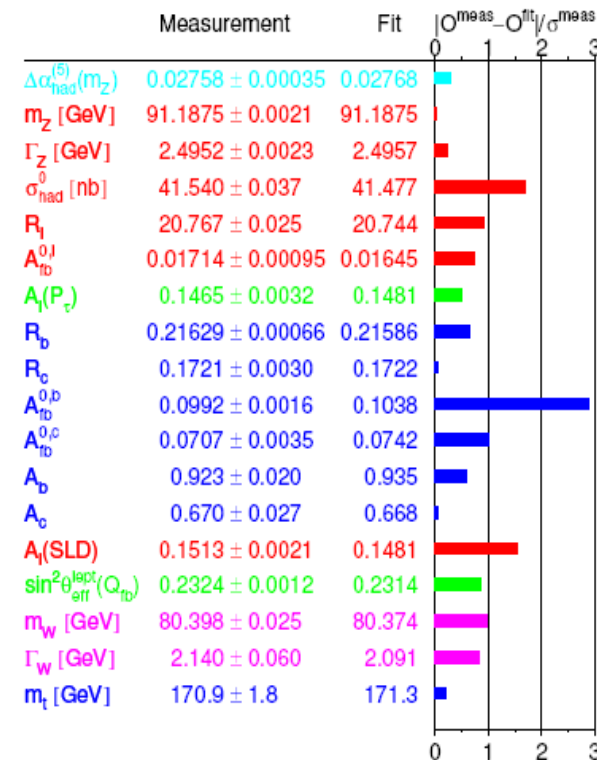


## Gfitter

## Zfitter



Observable	Measurement	Fit Value
$M_Z$	$91.175 \pm 0.0021$	91.1875
$m_{top}$	$170.9 \pm 1.9$	171.3
$\Delta\alpha_{had}^{(5)}$	$0.02758 \pm 0.00035$	0.02768
$M_W$	$80.398 \pm 0.025$	80.374
$\sin^2\theta_{eff}^{lep}$	$0.2324 \pm 0.0012$	0.2314
$A_{lep}(LEP)$	$0.1465 \pm 0.0033$	0.1481
$A_c$	$0.670 \pm 0.027$	0.668
$A_b$	$0.923 \pm 0.020$	0.935
$A_{lep}(SLD)$	$0.1513 \pm 0.00207$	0.1481
$A_{FB}^{0lep}$	$0.0171 \pm 0.0010$	0.0164
$A_{FB}^{0c}$	$0.0707 \pm 0.0035$	0.0742
$A_{FB}^{0b}$	$0.0992 \pm 0.0016$	0.1038
$\Gamma_Z$	$2.4952 \pm 0.0023$	2.4956
$\sigma_{had}^0$	$41.54 \pm 0.037$	41.478
$R_{lep}^0$	$20.767 \pm 0.025$	20.743
$R_c^0$	$0.1721 \pm 0.00030$	0.1722
$R_b^0$	$0.21629 \pm 0.000066$	0.21580
$\Gamma_W$	$2.140 \pm 0.06$	2.091



Exact reproduction, up to differences that are understood!

We use the following best estimate for the contribution to  $\alpha_{\text{QED}}$  at  $M_Z$ :

$$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}(M_Z) = 0.02768 \pm 0.00022 \pm 0.00066 \cdot (0.118 - \alpha_s(M_Z))^1 \quad [\text{HMNT}'07]$$

<sup>1</sup>Until confirmation by the authors: dependence from  $\alpha_s$  estimated from [Davier-Hoeker]

Results for fit parameters:

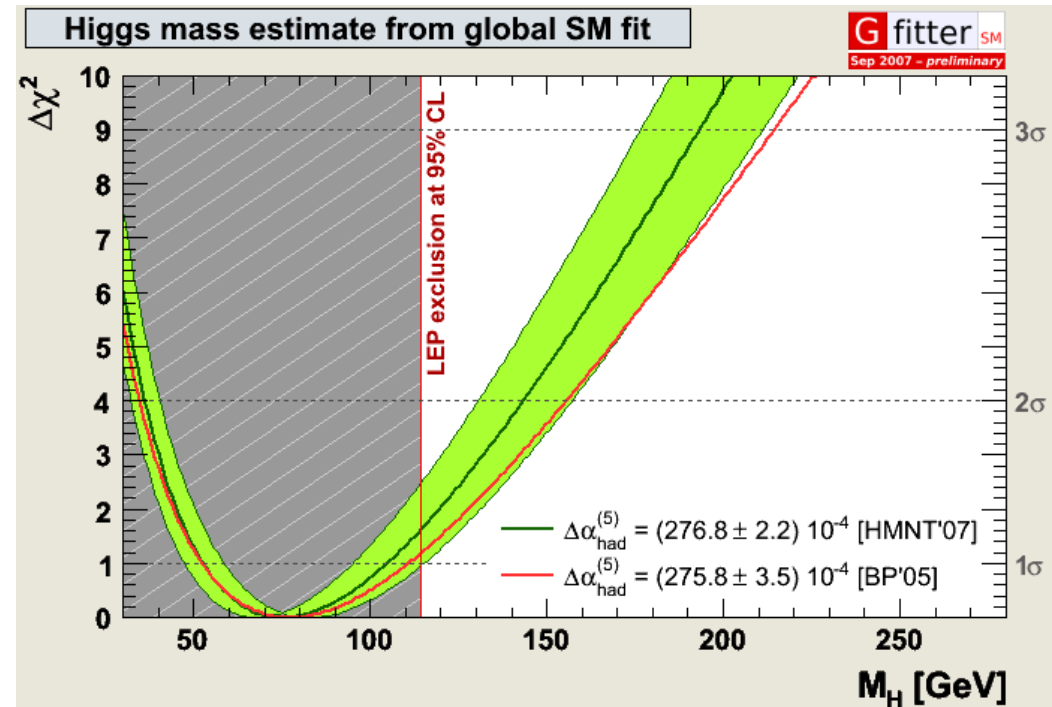
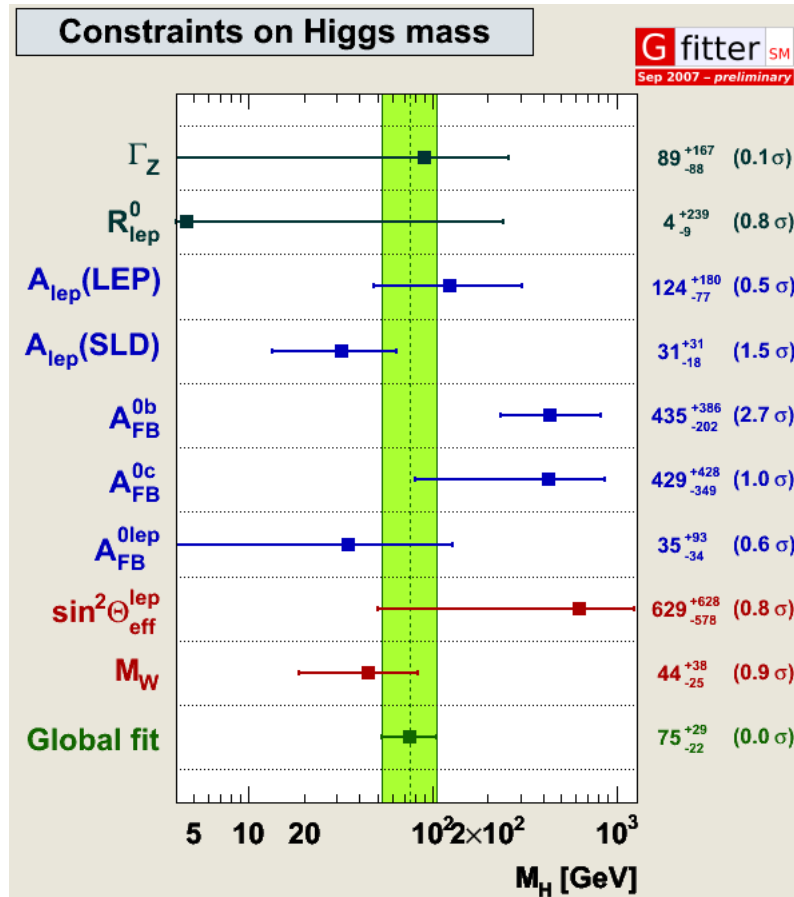
Parameter Name	Fit Value	Uncertainties		
		$\pm 1\sigma$ (sym.)	$+1\sigma$	$-1\sigma$
$\alpha_s(M_Z)$	0.1183	0.0020	0.0020	-0.0021
$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}$	0.02772	0.00022	0.00022	0.00022
$M_Z$	91.1875	0.0021	0.0021	-0.0021
$m_{\text{top}}$	171.27	1.79	1.80	-1.79
$M_H$	75.1	25.7	29.6	-22.4

$$\chi_{\text{min}}^2 / \text{dof} = 17.9 / 14$$

Correlation matrix:

	$\alpha_s(M_Z)$	$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}$	$M_Z$	$m_{\text{top}}$	$M_H$
$\alpha_s(M_Z)$	1	0.206	-0.016	0.020	-0.020
$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}$		1	-0.005	-0.002	-0.375
$M_Z$			1	-0.025	0.099
$m_{\text{top}}$				1	0.426
$M_H$					1

$$M_H = 75.1 + 29.6 - 22.4 \text{ GeV}$$

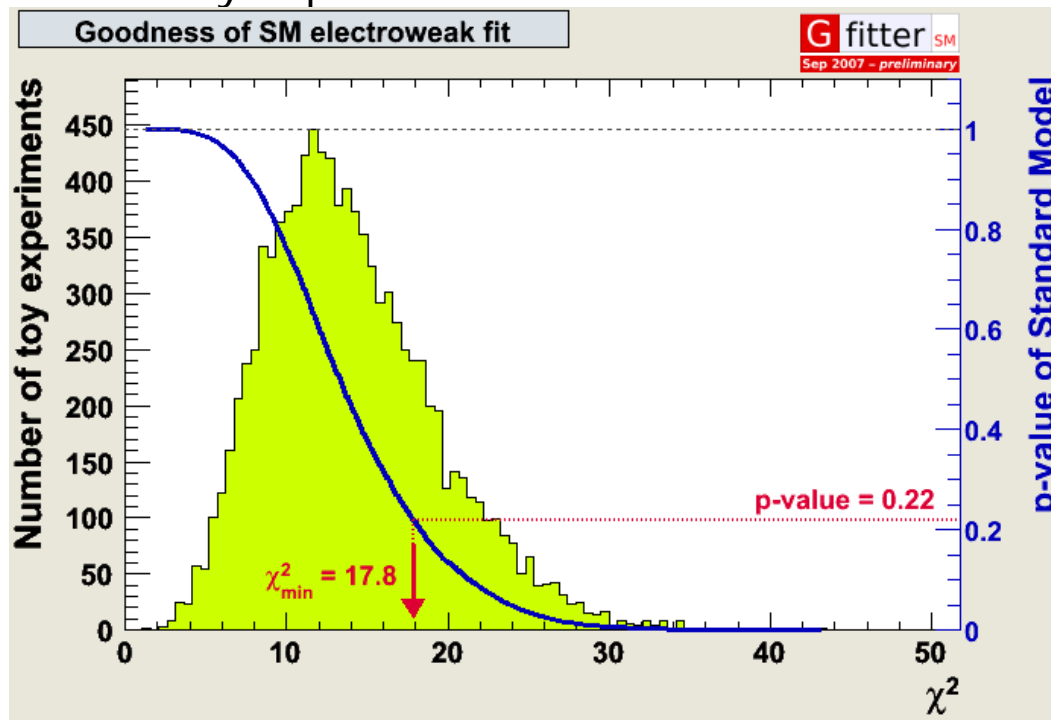


$M_H \leq 165 \text{ GeV}$  within  $2\sigma$  limit

by using toy analysis

- § Execute the SM fit
- § Generate toy sample by random sampling from Gaussian distributions around initial fit results (Correlations are taken into account)
- § Refit with new values for observables, achieve a new  $\chi^2$

10000 toy experiments



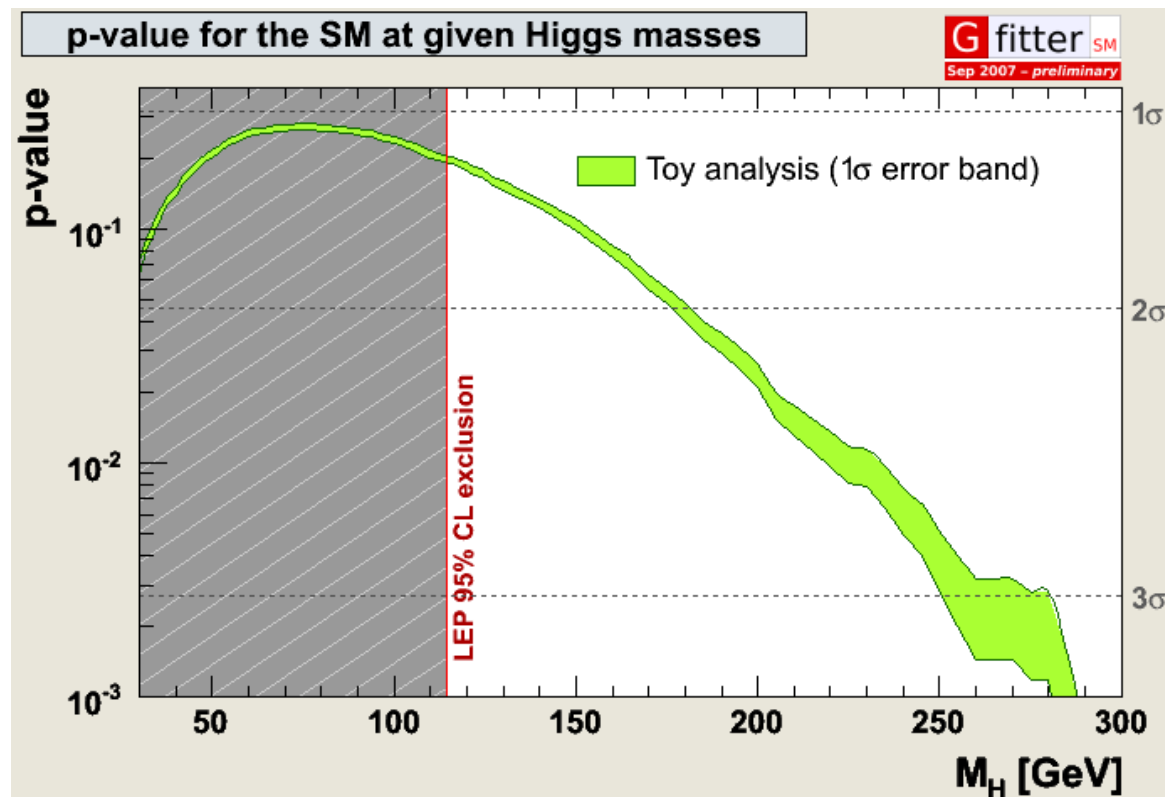
p-value: Probability for getting a  $\chi^2$  larger than the  $\chi^2$  of the fit

p-value  $\approx 0.22$

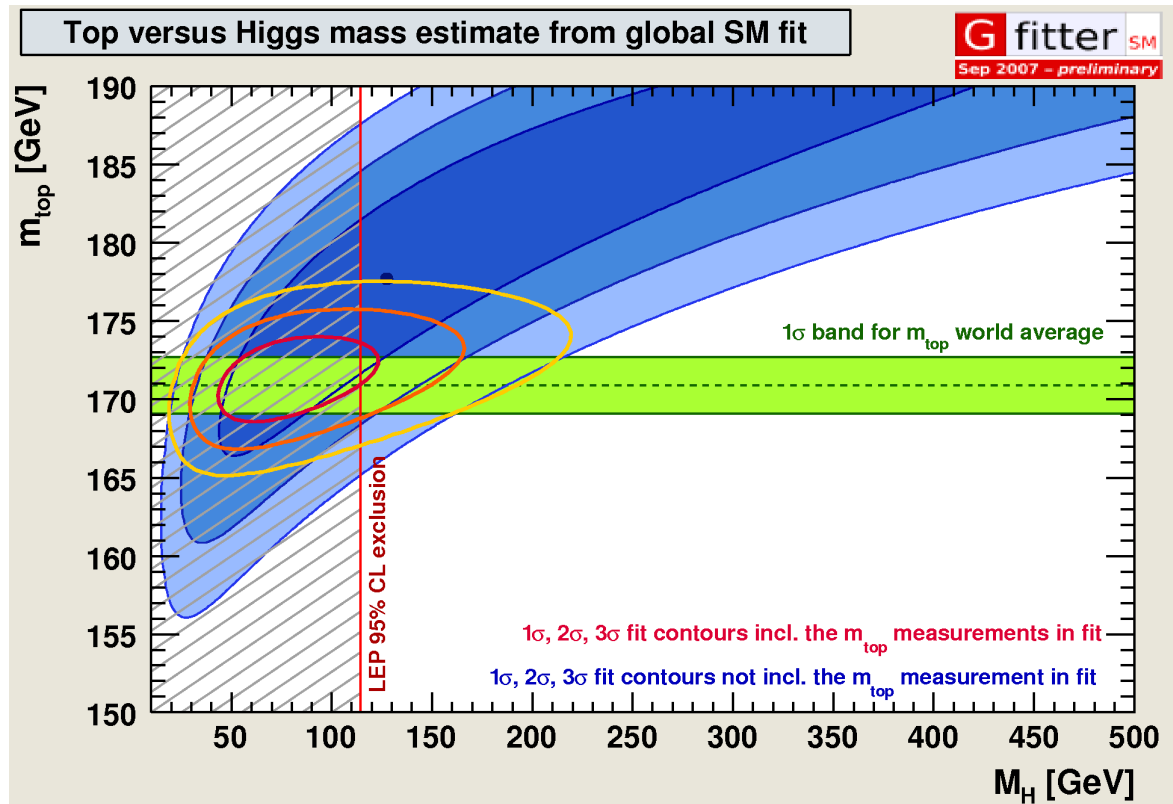
Comparison with ROOT function  
TMath::Prob(chi2,dof)

Prob(17.85,14)  $\approx 0.21$

What is the p-value for electroweak fit for given Higgs masses (negligible errors)?

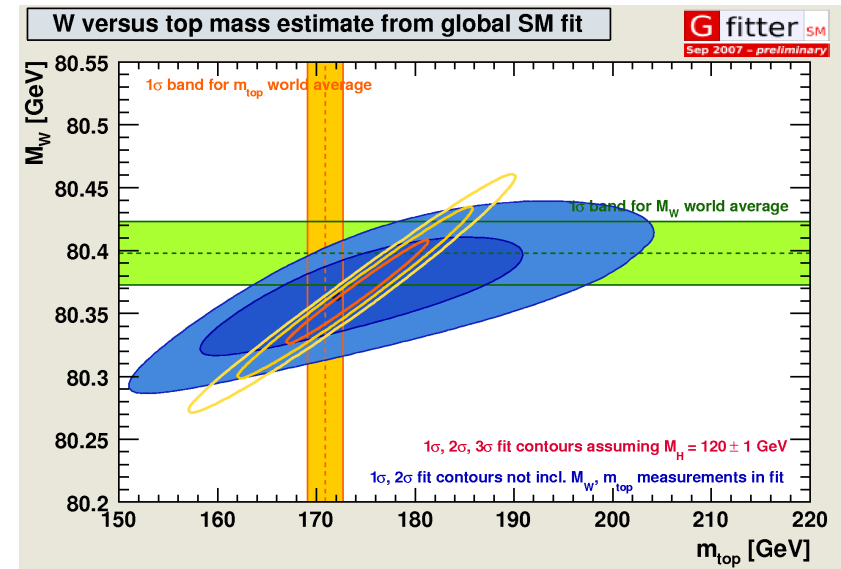
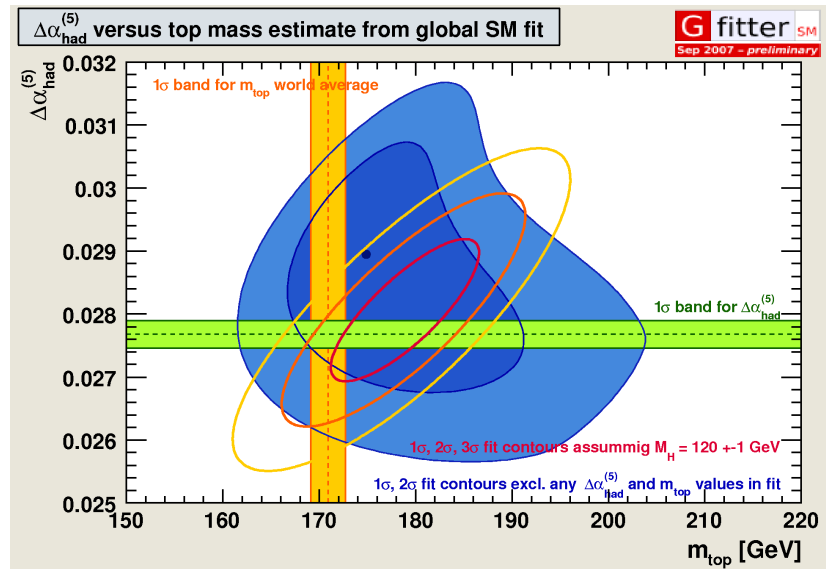
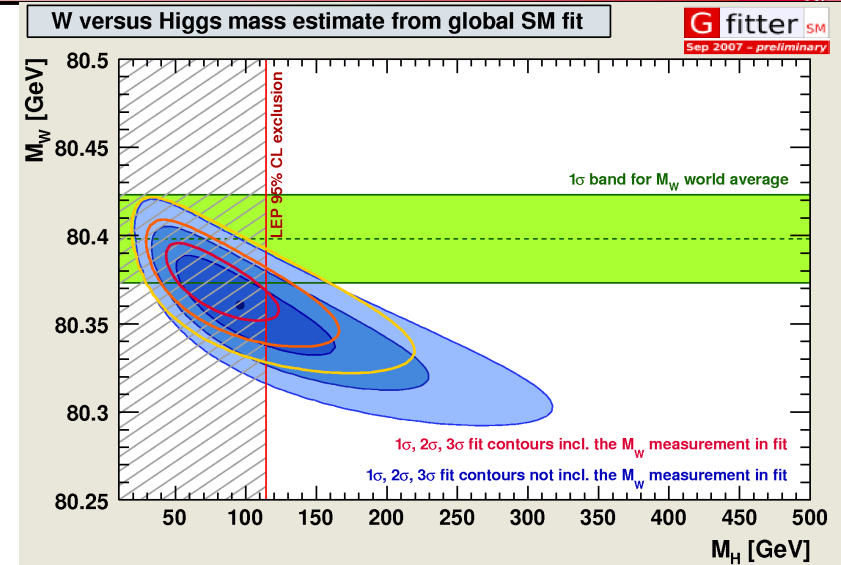
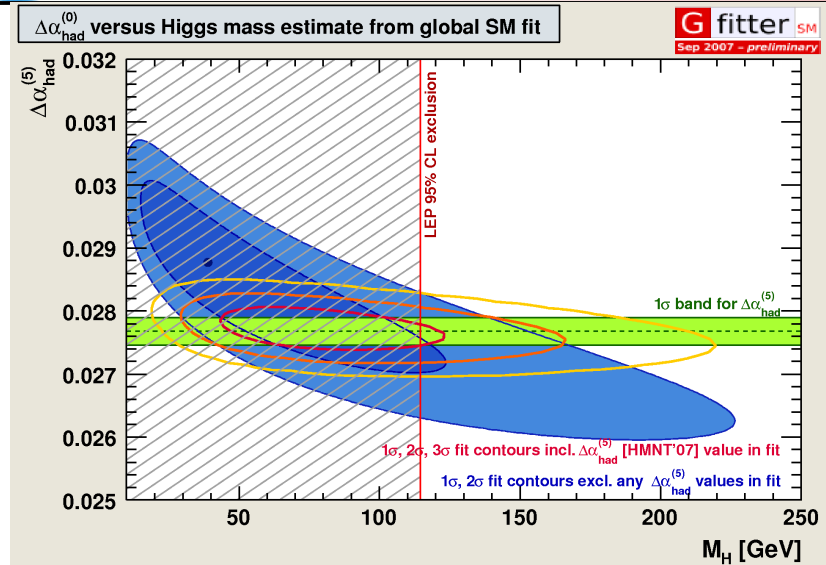


- § Compute p-values for fixed Higgs masses using toy-experiment method
- § Here: p-value is greater than for a fit with free Higgs mass
  - Only 4 degrees of freedom
  - Higgs mass fixed



- § When top mass excluded: allowed band rather big
- § For large top masses larger Higgs masses are allowed
- § Good constraint if top mass is included
- § Looking forward to precise top measurements from ATLAS

# Two dimensional scans





# Summary



- § Gfitter is very user friendly
- § Provides a lot of analysis-tools
- § The SM package of Gfitter reproduces the results of Zfitter
  - Because of the C++ environment the SM package is well-organized
  - Easy to use, change or update
- § p-value of SM fit from toy-analysis is 0.22
- § Next steps: Two Higgs Doublet Models
- § Additional information to Gfitter and SM fit can be found on:

<http://cern.ch/Gfitter>



Estimates for top and W mass errors

