

ELT Planetary Camera and Spectrograph (PCS)

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PCS Science: High-Contrast Imaging of exoplanets & disks

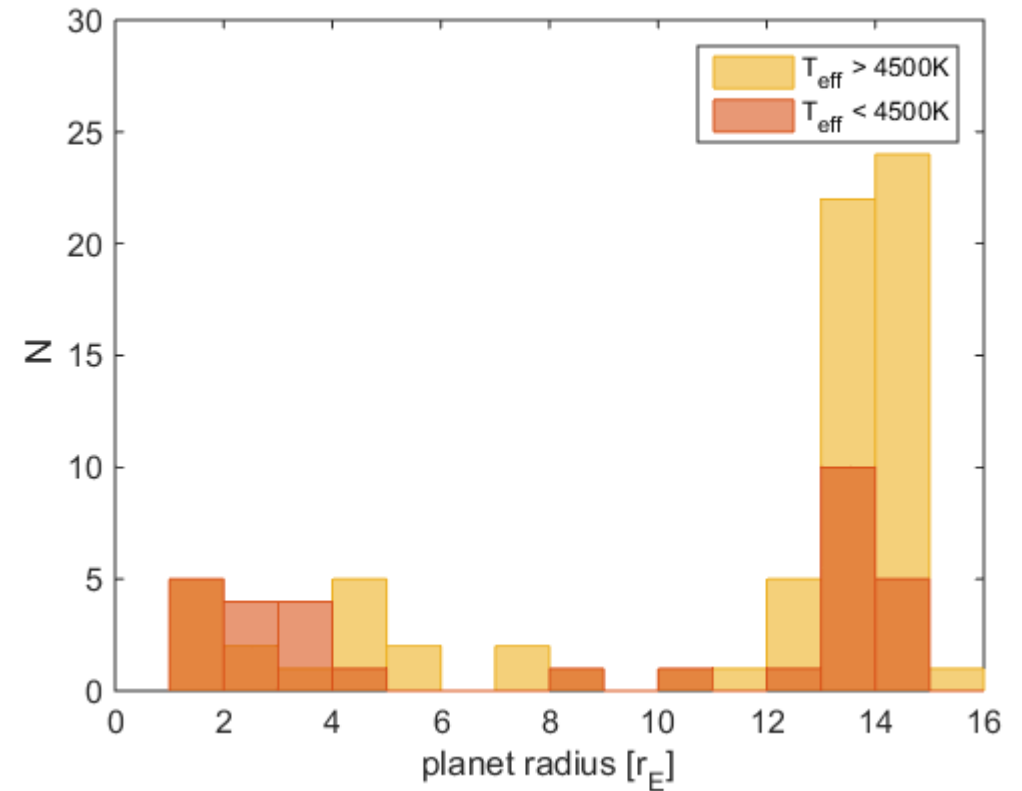
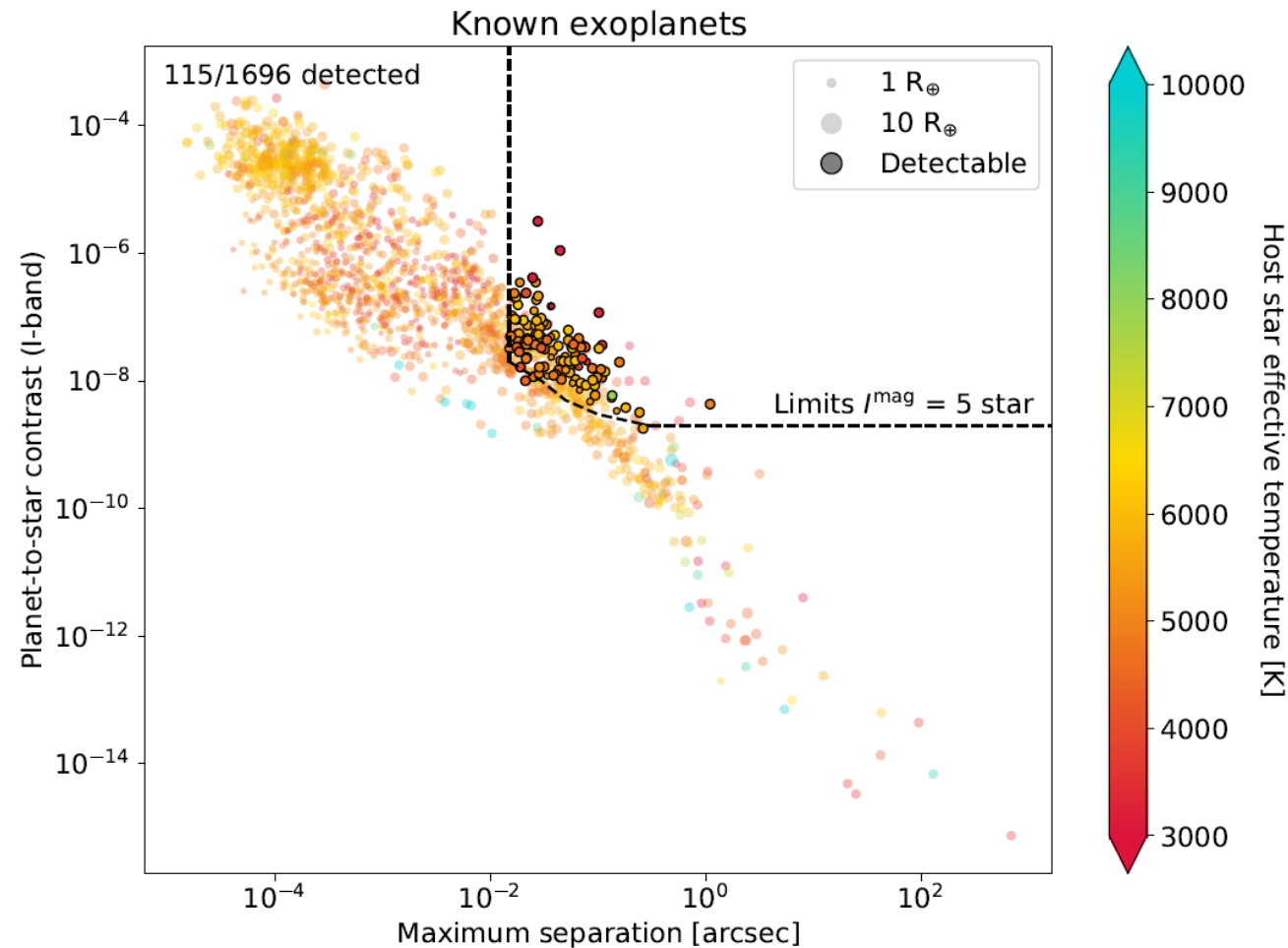
Small FoV [$\sim 1''$], high contrast [$\sim 1e-8$], high spatial resolution (~ 4 mas), eXtreme AO

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Artist's impression of the planet orbiting Proxima Centauri, eso1629a

PCS observable exoplanets



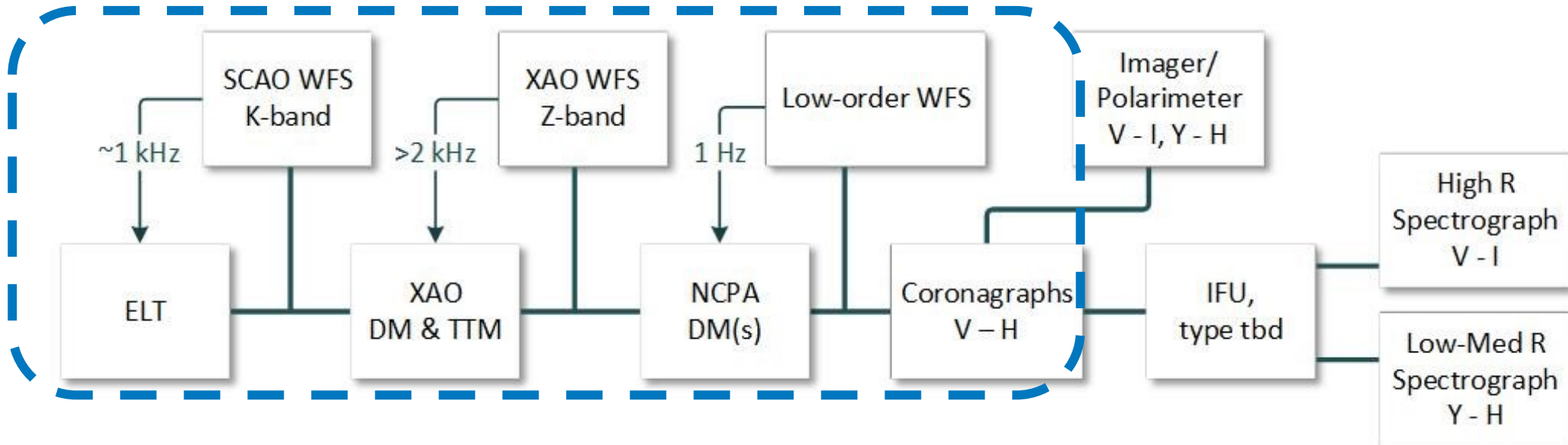
Kammerer/Kasper:

Realistic PCS sensitivity model already known

Exoplanets (mostly from RV), 20 hrs observation:

>100 Exoplanets observable, down to Earth mass

PCS concept v0



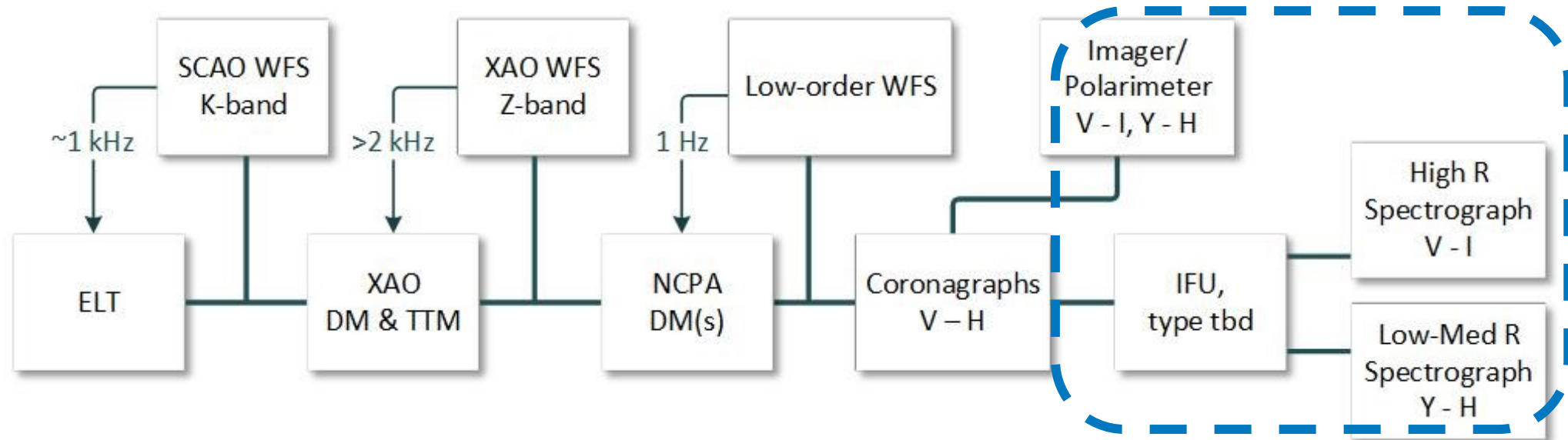
AO

WFS 1	Modulated Pyramid WFS, NIR
DM 1	ELT M4
WFS 2	FF WFS (tbd, Zernike, Pyramid, Bi-O-Edge...)
DM 2	New development with Bertin-Alpao, 128 actuators across aperture
RTC	Low latency, framerate >~3 kHz, RL predictive control capability

Low-order WFS / coro

WFS type	Tbd
Coro type(s)	Tbd, Perfect coro 2 nd or 4 th order for initial analysis
Dark hole	One-sided, IWA < 10 mas
DM LO	COTS NCPA DM, 64 actuators across pupil

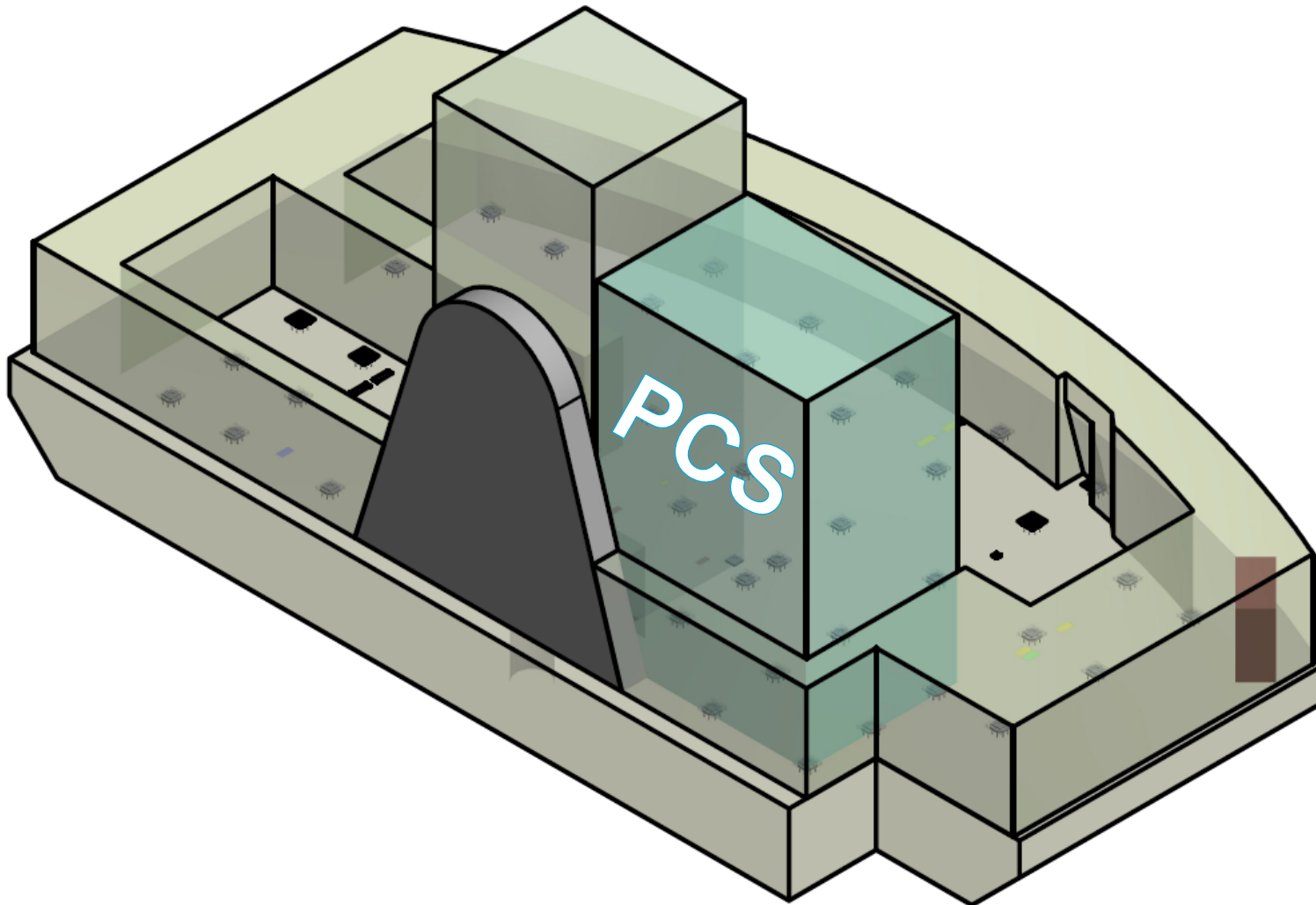
PCS concept v0



Imager	
Vis and IR channel (is there a detector that covers both?)	Vis: 600-1000nm (scientific CCD / CMOS), IR: 1000-1800 nm (Hawaii or SAPHIRA)
Spatial sampling	Super Nyquist at shortest wavelength
FoV	> 1.5" x1. 5"
Polarimetric mode	Yes

Spectrograph	
Type	IFU
R	Vis: ~100k (600-1000nm, bandpass up to 100nm) IR: ~1-10k (?, 1000-1800 nm, bandpass up to 300 nm)
#Spaxels	> 250 (semi-circle out to ~12I/D with I/D sampling)
Spaxel sampling	~I/D (necessary to go to Nyquist?)

Volume, mass...



10m x 6.6m x 4.75m

Mass budget unclear for now
(depends on instrument
configuration on PCS platform),
ideally stay well below 14 tons

PCS is not yet started, currently in pre-phase-A (aka the roadmap)



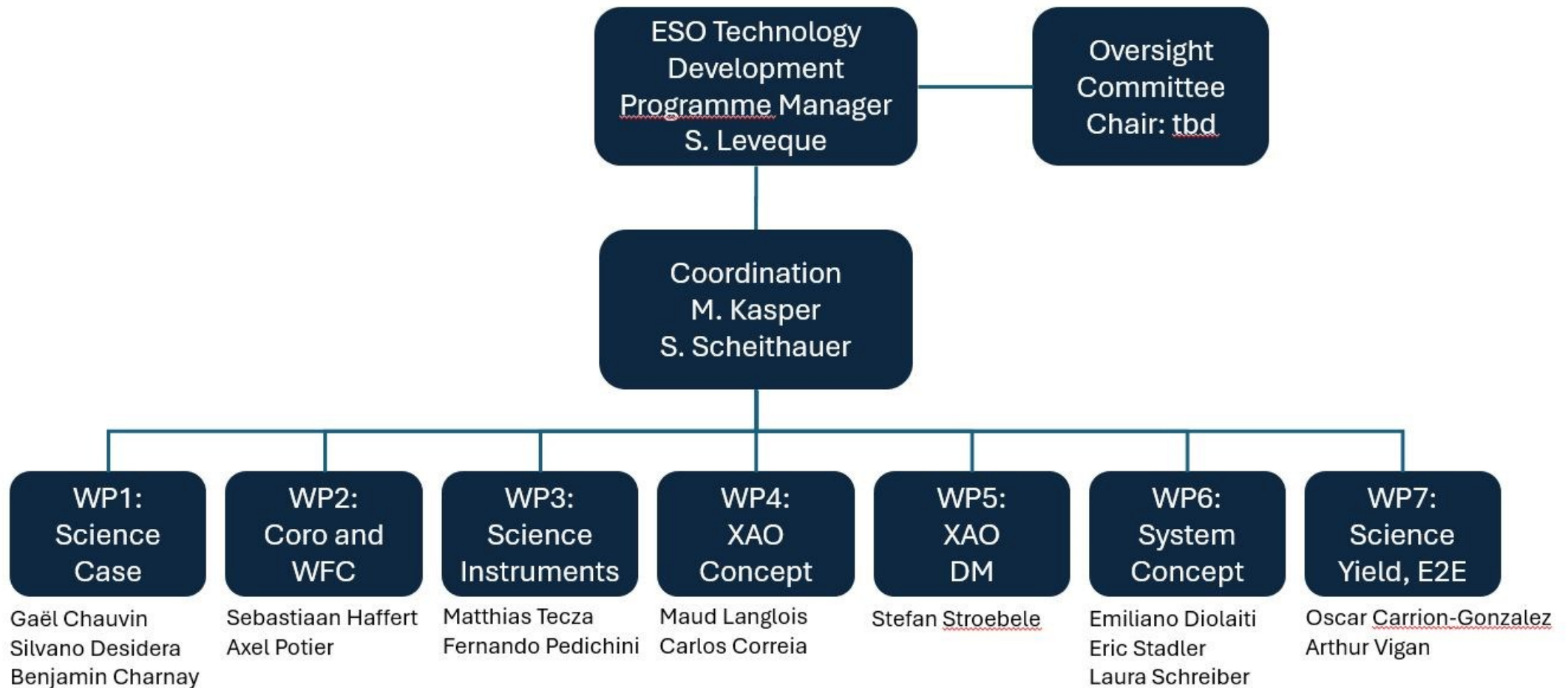
Instrument	Main specifications			Schedule				
	Field of view/slit length/ pixel scale	Spectral resolution	Wavelength coverage (μm)	Phase A	Project start	PDR	FDR	First light
MICADO	Imager (with coronagraph) 50.5" $\times$ 50.5" at 4 mas/pix 19" $\times$ 19" at 1.5 mas/pix	<i>I, Z, Y, J, H, K</i> + narrowbands	0.8–2.45	2010	2015	2019		
	Single slit	$R \sim 20\,000$						
MORFEO	AO Module SCAO – MCAO		0.8–2.45	2010	2015			
HARMONI + LTAO	IFU 4 spaxel scales from: 0.8" $\times$ 0.6" at 4 mas/pix to 6.1" $\times$ 9.1" at 30 $\times$ 60 mas/pix (with coronagraph)	$R \sim 3\,200$ $R \sim 7\,100$ $R \sim 17\,000$	0.47–2.45	2010	2015	2018		
METIS	Imager (with coronagraph) 10.5" $\times$ 10.5" at 5 mas/pix in <i>L, M</i> 13.5" $\times$ 13.5" at 7 mas/pix in <i>N</i>	<i>L, M, N</i> + narrowbands	3–13	2010	2015	2019		
	Single slit	$R \sim 1\,400$ in <i>L</i> $R \sim 1\,900$ in <i>M</i> $R \sim 400$ in <i>N</i>						
	IFU 0.6" $\times$ 0.9" at 8 mas/pix (with coronagraph)	<i>L, M</i> bands $R \sim 100\,000$						
ANDES	Single object	$R \sim 100\,000$	0.4–1.8 simultaneously	2018				
	IFU (SCAO)							
	Multi object (TBC)	$R \sim 10\,000$						
MOSAIC	~ 7 -arcminute FoV ~ 200 objects (TBC)	$R \sim 5\,000$ – $20\,000$	0.45–1.8 (TBC)	2018				
	~ 8 IFUs (TBC)	$R \sim 5\,000$ – $20\,000$	0.8–1.8 (TBC)					
PCS	Extreme AO camera and spectrograph	TBC	TBC					

PCS Phase-A > 2029

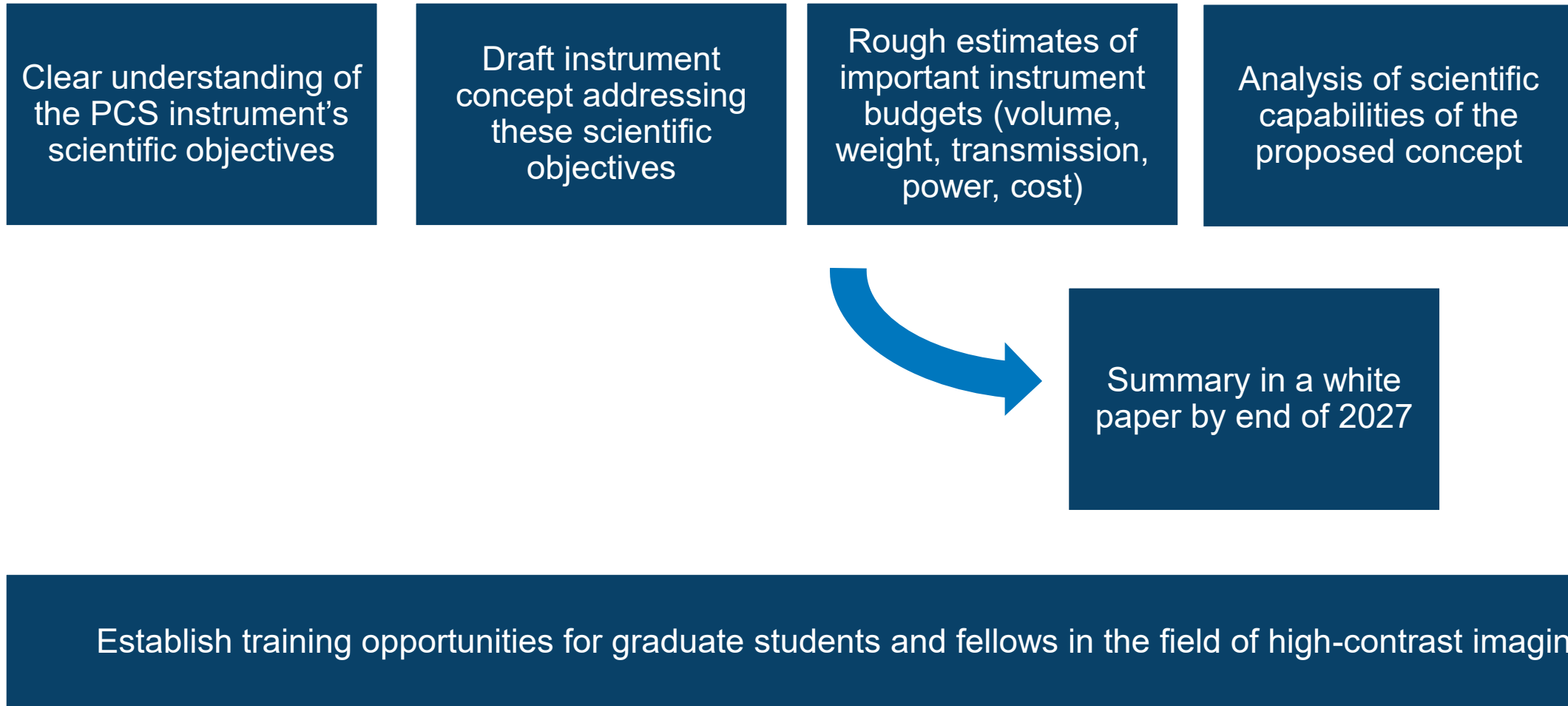
1 milliarcsecond (mas) = 0.001"

<https://elt.eso.org/instrument/>

PCS roadmap (2025-2027), ~120 contributors from more than a dozen institutes (Europe and US)



Goals of PCS roadmap collaboration



Procurements

T0:2029, PDR: 2032, FDR: 2034, MAIT ~1st mid of the 2030s

- Scientific detectors
 - Instruments: Optical (low noise scientific CCD, 8k x 8k - tbc) and NIR (low noise, 8k x 8k - tbc)
 - WFS: low RON, red optical – NIR, 200x200 px (WFS 1), 400x400 px (WFS 2)
- Optics
 - very small FoV (1") -> relatively small optics (<~20-30 cm beam footprint)
 - superb optical quality and stability
 - High transmission coatings
- Coronagraph components (phase and amplitude masks, high precision, few 10s mm in diameter)
- Spectrograph: Slicer or integrated fiber optics for coupling focal plane to spectrograph, disperser
- DMs (128 and 64 actuators across aperture)

Thank you!

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european-southern-observatory



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