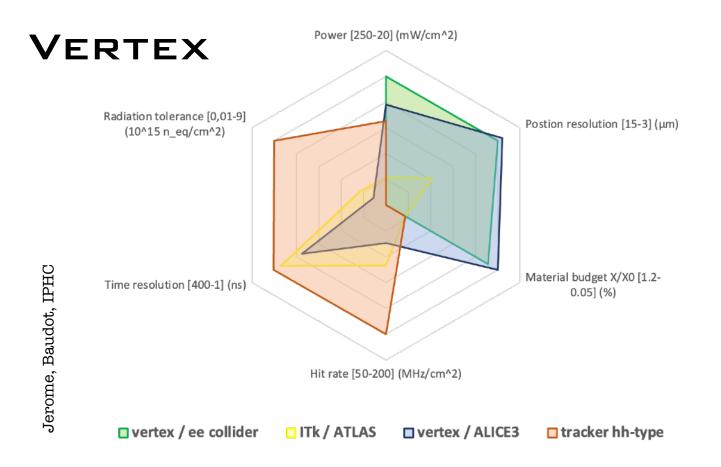


VERTEX DETECTORS IN D IDEAS OF SMALLER PROJECTS

DESY FH Detector Platform Retreat 12. June 2025







TPSCO 65 nm

Vertex detectors are always a challenge!

We want to play an important role in future projects: need to develop and maintain expertise NOW

German Silicon Consortium idea:

180nm nodes

Intermediate project such as Belle-II VXT Mu3e, CBM ...

Whatever comes

R&D Goals:

Find solutions for very light mechanics, cooling etc.

R&D Goals:

Design the best vertex detector ever



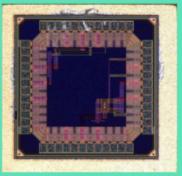


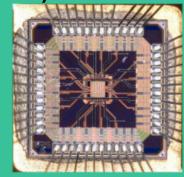
TANGERINE IN ON SLIDE

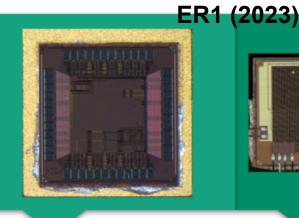
International collaboration for common submissions to foundry with 65 nm CMOS imaging process, coordinated by CERN.













DESY Chip V1



- Designed at DESY
- CSA test structures
- 2 × 2 pixel matrix
- $16 \,\mu \text{m}$ pitch
- Analog output

APTS







W. Deng et al.

- Analog Pixel Test Structure
- Designed at CERN
- 4 X 4 pixel matrix
- 15 25 μ m pitch
- Analog output with source follower (SF)

DESY Chip V2



- 2 × 2 pixel matrix
- $35 \times 25 \,\mu\text{m}^2$ pitch
- In-pixel amplifier and discriminator

H₂M

DESY.



- Hybrid-to-Monolithic
- Designed at DESY, CERN and IFAE
- 64×16 pixel matrix
- $35 \, \mu \text{m}$ pitch
- 4 acquisition modes



Important tools we provide and maintain:





Established a leading role in this field

DRD3 PROJECT: OCTOPUS (NOW-2030)

Needs to be clearly reflected in the strategy!

- Optimised CMOS Technology for Precision in Ultra-thin Silicon
- Goals:
 - Simulation, development and evaluation of MAPS
 - Development of a vertex detector sensor prototype in 65nm TPSCo CIS process
 - Targeting the requirements of future Lepton Colliders
 - Intermediate target: Development of high-resolution sensors for beam telescopes
 - Staged approach: further refinement of performance targets after next strategy update

- 3 μm single-point resolution
- down to 5 ns time resolution
- average power consumption below 50 mW/cm2
- thinning to 50 μm, minimal inactive periphery area
- sensor architecture scalable to a large-area detector system



multi project run

By now 11 international

partners

OCTOPUS++ (BEYOND 2030)

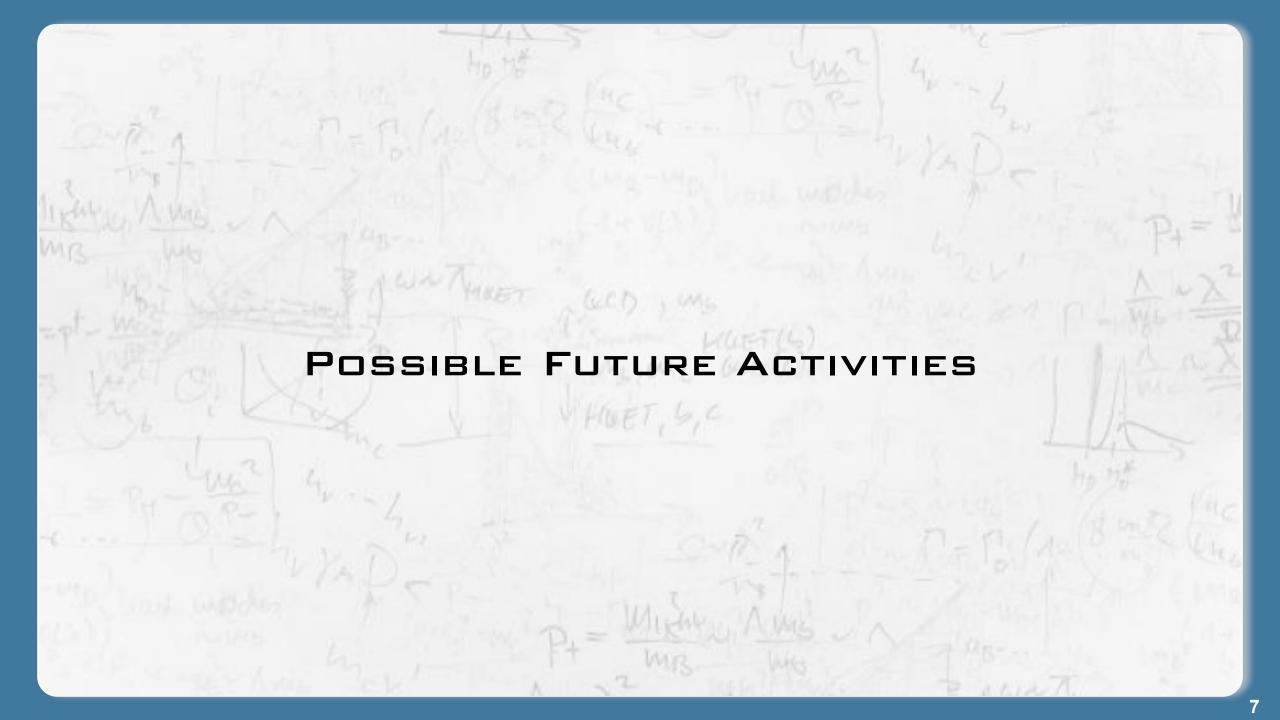


Needs to be clearly reflected in the strategy!

2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
ER2	ER3	ϵ	ngineering runs		ERS			
		MPR2	MPR3 multi projec	trun	down to 5 ns average pow thinning to 5	0 μm, minimal in		

- Staged approach: further refinement of performance targets after next strategy update
- Based on development of OCTOPUS
 - Sensors development in the project WILL be used for applications
 - Concrete prototypes can be build

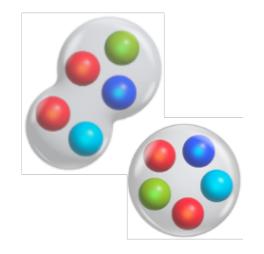




INSIGHT VERTEX DETECTOR @ELSA

Structure formation in the strong interaction: How does the strong interaction produce ist massive bound states from almost massless quarks?





Important input for the Precision search of BSM-Physics at CERN and KEK





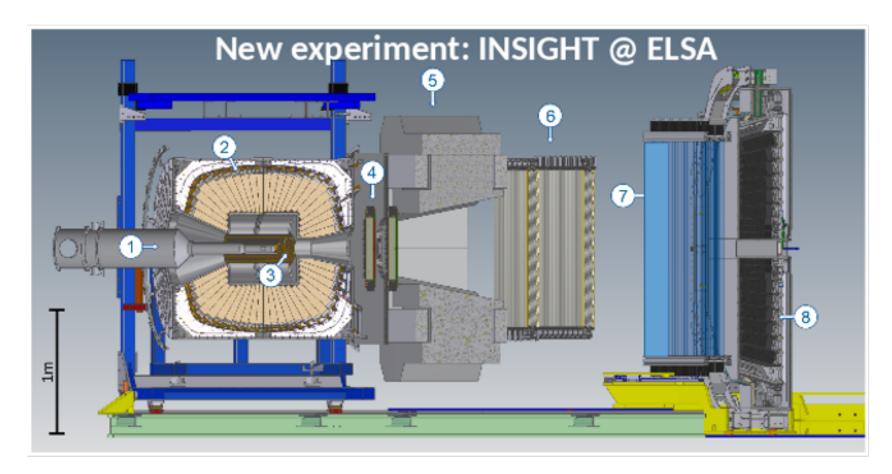








INSIGHT VERTEX DETECTOR @ELSA

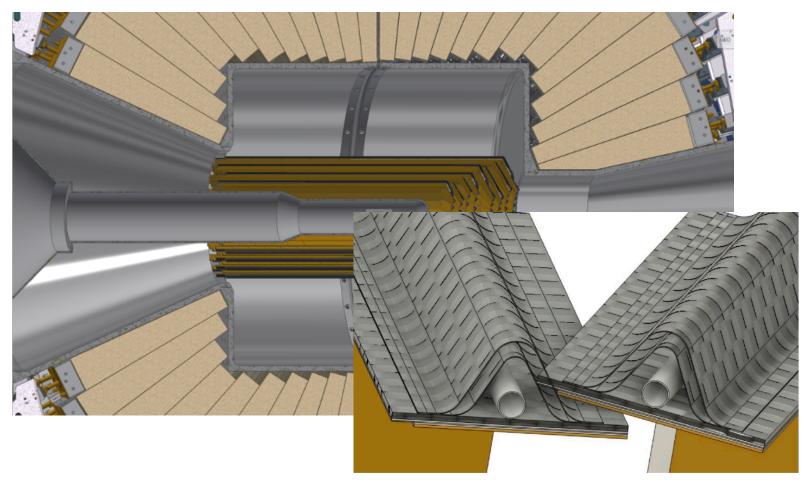


Detector and microelectronics development & construction of new experiment:
Worldwide unique sensitivity for baryon spectroscopy Polarized beam and polarized target



New experiment: will be build independently of Excellence cluster decisions On the hunt for collaborators!!

INSIGHT VERTEX DETECTOR



Current idea for sensor: use **Obelix** chip (development for Belle II)



Backup considered: P2Pix

Large overlap with Belle II ideas!

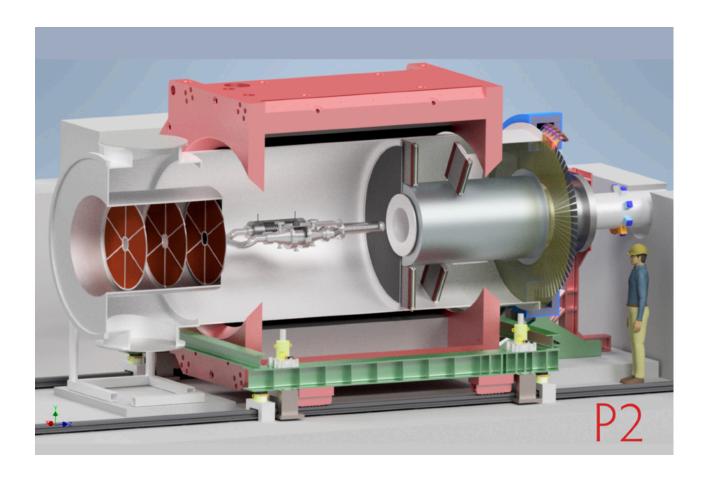
requirements

- precise track measurement⇒ vertex resolution
- high acceptance $\Rightarrow 12\,^{\circ} \leq \vartheta \leq 156\,^{\circ} \text{, full } \varphi$
- low material budget⇒ photon conversion low
- available space: minimal $r = 5.2 \,\mathrm{cm}$, maximal $r = 11.5 \,\mathrm{cm}$

Our possible role:

- study sensors in lab and test beam
- support light weight construction
- system aspects
- to be started SOON

P2 SPECTROMETER@MESA



- Determining weak charge of the proton and thus weak mixing angle
 - Improving the existing results by factors of 3 to 4.
- Requires a precise knowledge of momentum transfer Q² of the electrons
- Tracking detector built from ultra-thin high-voltage monolithic active pixel sensos
 - P2Pix main candidate
- Expressed interest in support from DESY
 - sensor characterisation
 - system aspects

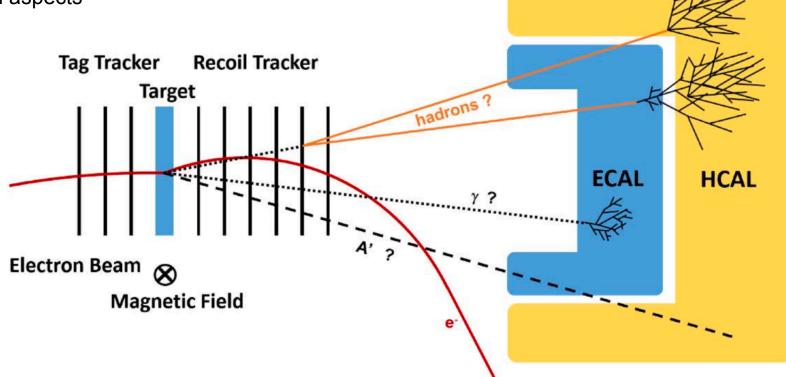


LOHENGRIN@ELSA

- Production of dark photons through dark bremsstrahlung (3.2 GeV electron beam on fixed target)
- Two ultrafast, low X₀ silicon pixel trackers needed
 - Each layer based on TJ MonoPix2 DMAPS: 33.04 μm pitch, 512x512 pixels
 - Candidate layout: 3 tag layers, 6 recoil layers, each 2x2 ASICs
 - Fast Hit-or signal for triggering

Early in the planning - Bonn very much interested in DESY contributions

Explicitly were asked about system aspects

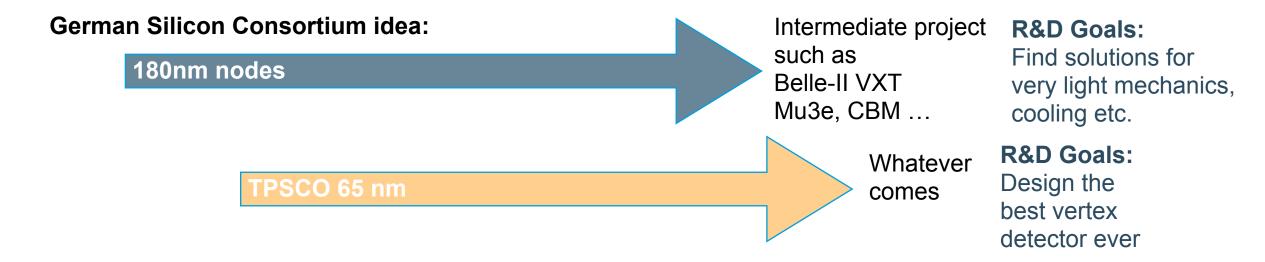




Vertex ideas

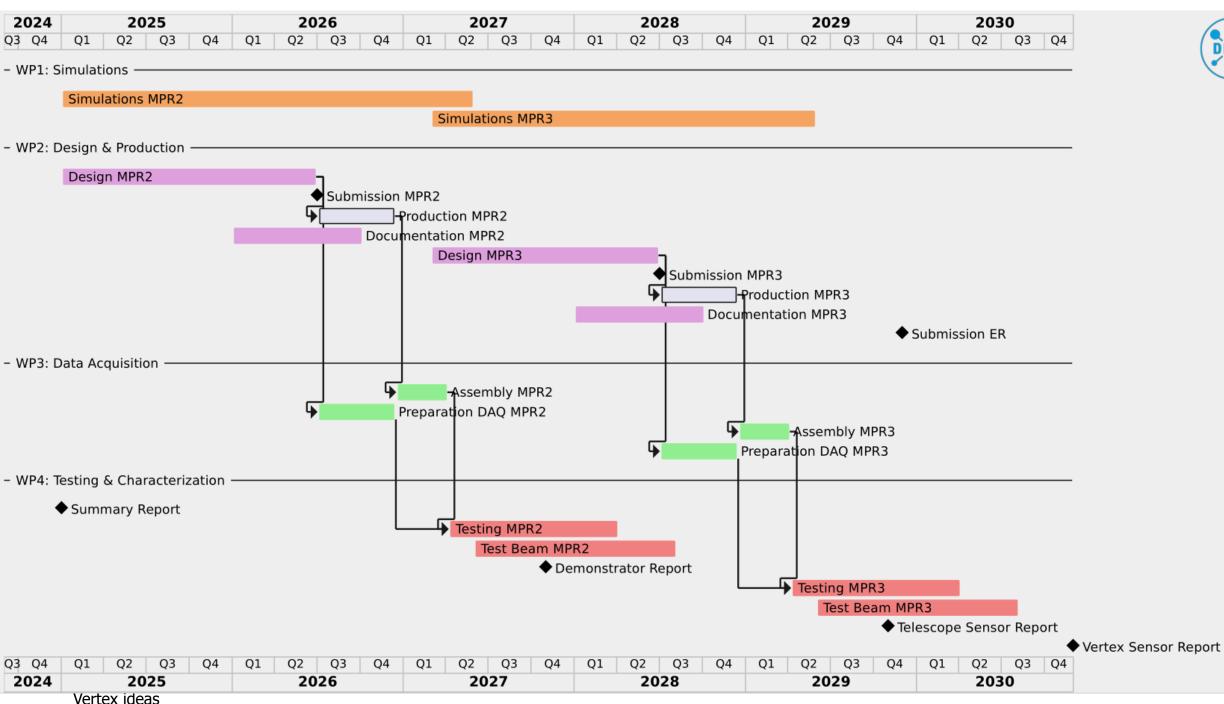
also considering the P2Pix now

CONCLUSION



- German colleagues very much interested in DESY joining smaller projects based on MAPS
 - Looks a lot, but very often using the same or similar technology
- Confirming our established role in this
- If we reduce our efforts in any area, we will quickly loose this position

DESY.



Vertex ideas

14