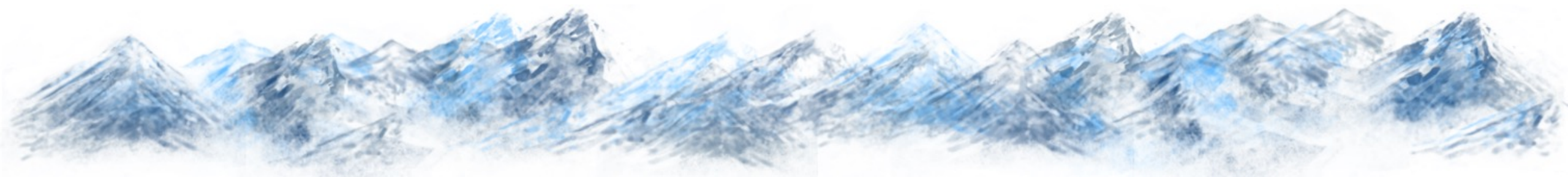




Charged Pions in MAIA

Gregory Penn
Yale University

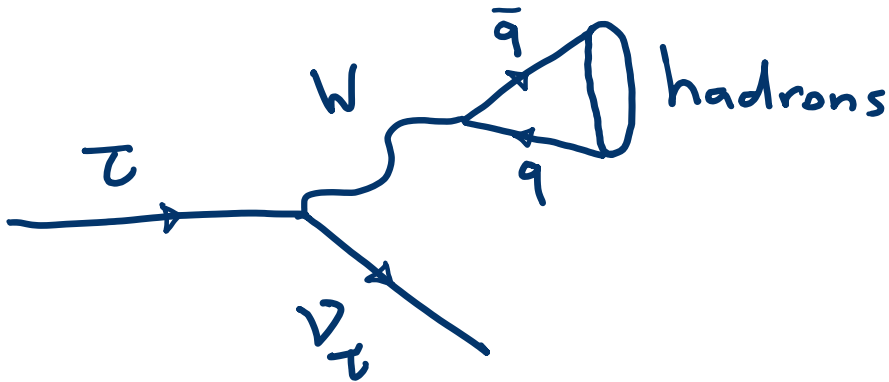


Quick Reminder

- Of course: hadronic taus decay predominantly into an odd number of charged pions (+ neutral hadrons)
- Tau reconstruction is dependent on the ability to reconstruct and identify charged pions

Hadronic Decays

(numbers for $h^- = \pi^-, K^-$)

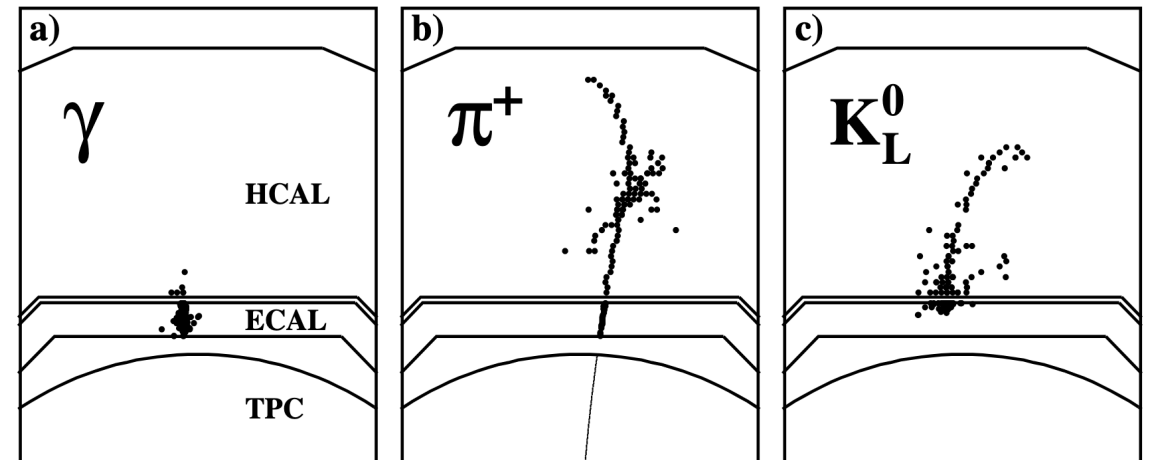


Final State	Intermediate Meson	Branching Fraction
$\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau$	—	11.5%
$\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$\rho(770 \text{ MeV})$	25.9%
$\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$a_1(1260 \text{ MeV})$	9.3%
$\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^+ h^- \nu_\tau$	$a_1(1260 \text{ MeV})$	9.4%
$\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^+ h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	—	2.8%
Other hadronic		5.9%

64.8% total

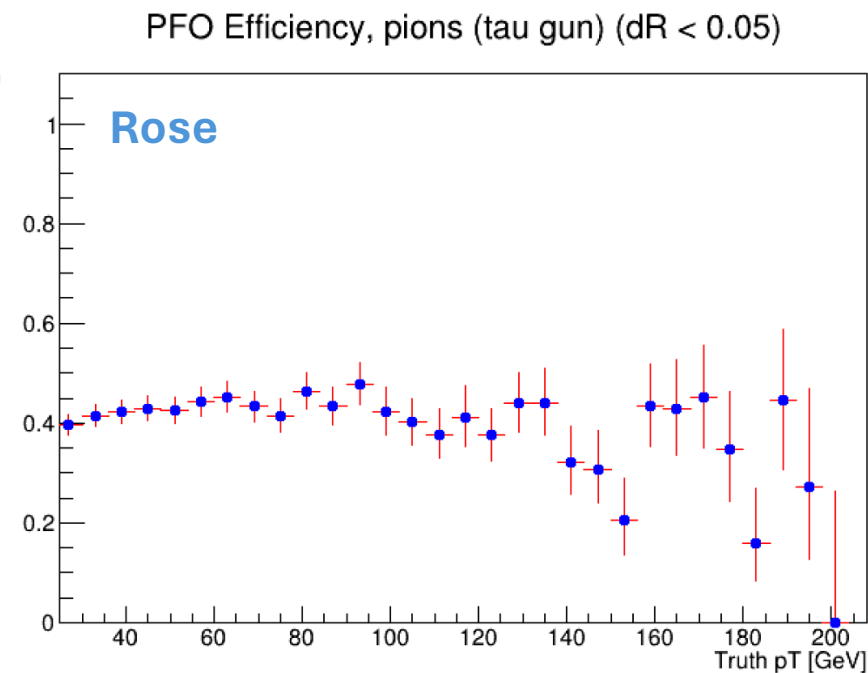
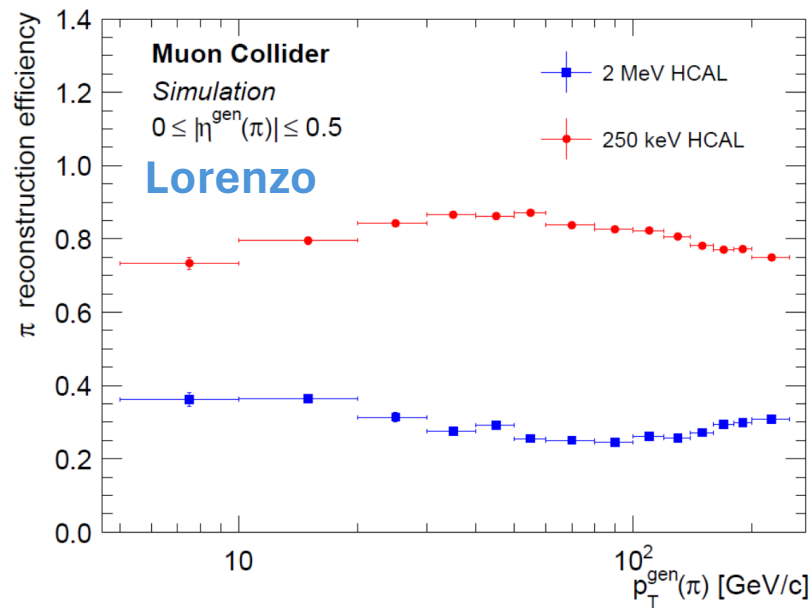
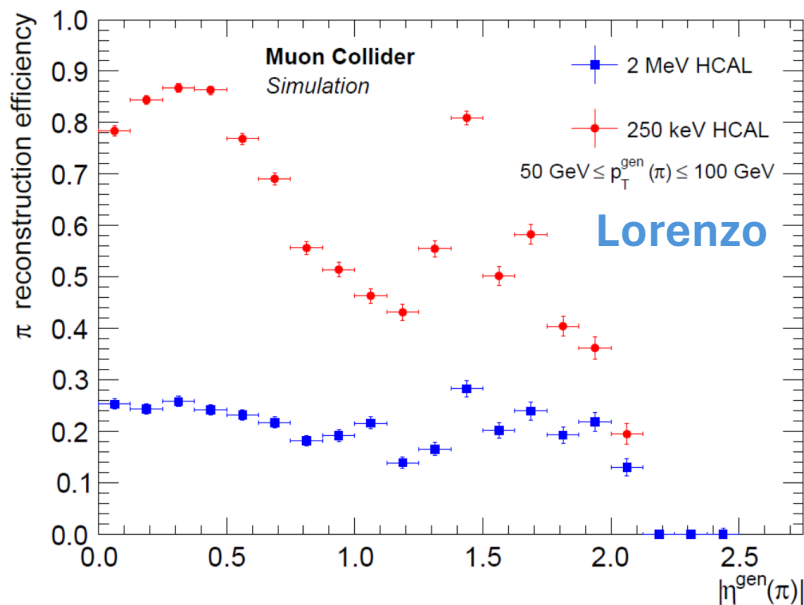
The Algorithm

- Pions are reconstructed and identified using the *Pandora* Particle Flow Algorithm
- More details in my IMCC [talk](#)
 - Includes short overview of particle flow
- Designed for a detector (ILD) at the International Linear Collider
 - 500 GeV (ish) e^+e^- linear collider – very different from our environment!
- *Very complicated algorithm*: 10,000 lines of C++, sub-algorithms talking to one another in unclear ways
 - Some hard-coded assumptions about detector technology
- Requires optimization for a 10 TeV muon collider environment
- Work for optimization in MAIA is very much ongoing



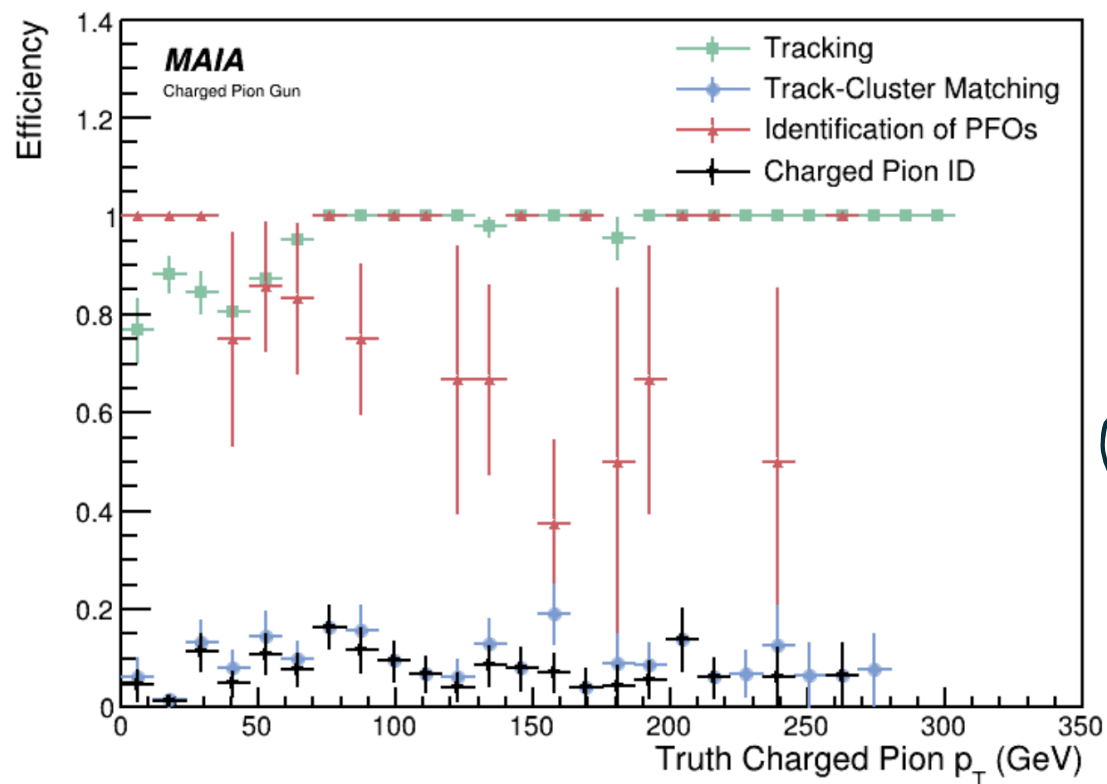
Previous Work

- Previous studies on taus ([Lorenzo Valla](#) @ 3 TeV, [Rose Powers](#) @ 10 TeV) revealed fundamental limitation caused by charged pion reconstruction and identification inefficiency (from Pandora)
 - Default reconstruction efficiency: O(25%)
 - Lorenzo's studies lowered the HCal threshold \rightarrow recovered efficiency, not intended as permanent solution
 - Rose isolated the problem to track-cluster matching \rightarrow moved to study different objects

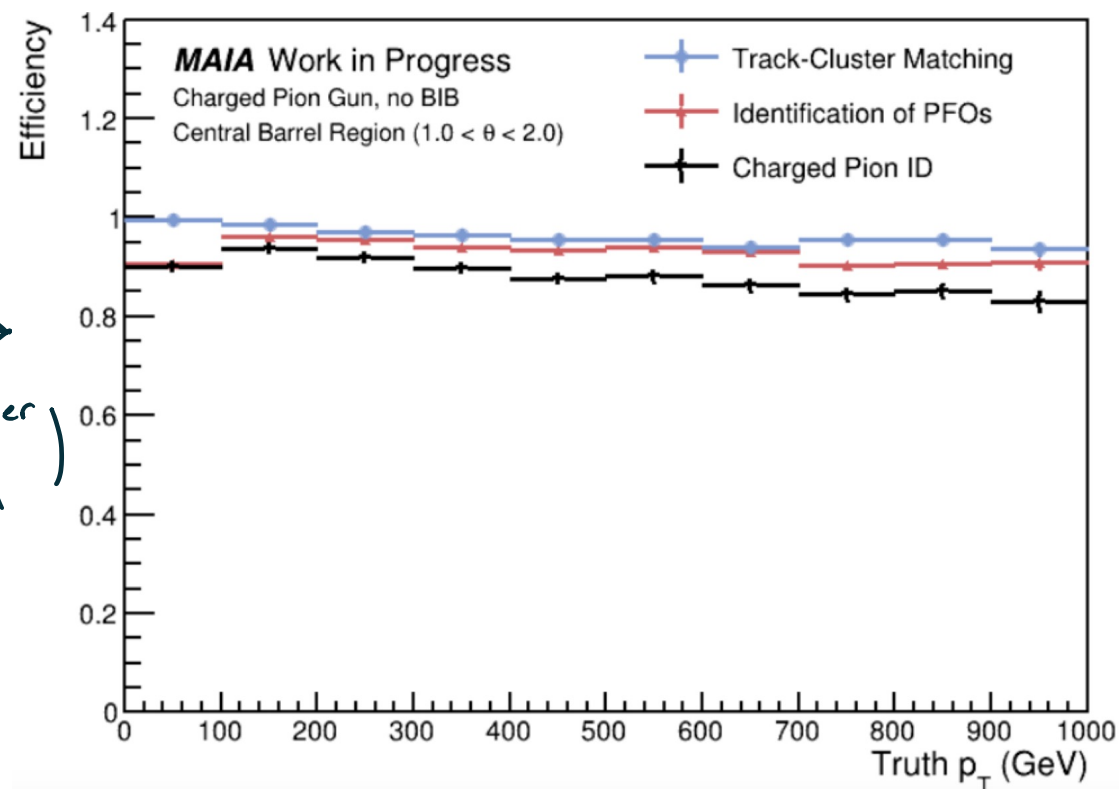


Bug-finding

- Ethan and I quickly reproduced the same problem
- Solution: We found a bug that filled the track position @ the calorimeter face to **zero**
 - This caused much of track-cluster matching to fail
 - This required a *switch* of the tracking container from *SiTracks* to *SiTracks_Refitted* (not bugged)



→
(some other
work
involved)



Current Status

- Pandora results are difficult to interpret
 - Foresight / advice from other groups: Things will get particularly confusing when BIB is added
- Current strategy:
 - Develop and compare two *versions* of Pandora:
 - **Out-of-the-box** (with some parameter modifications): OK performance without BIB, expected to be confusing to interpret with BIB
 - **“Minimal Pandora”**: Run just the algorithms that are required. Simpler and easy to interpret, may take a small hit in efficiency
 - Current status: understanding results without BIB
 - Comparison of charged pion tracks to muons
 - Understanding of clustering performance
 - Calorimeter energy associated to the charged pion vs. truth energy
 - Cluster fragmentation
 - Soon: Add BIB, comparing the two Pandora versions