

Updates from P2: Plasma heating and cell cooling

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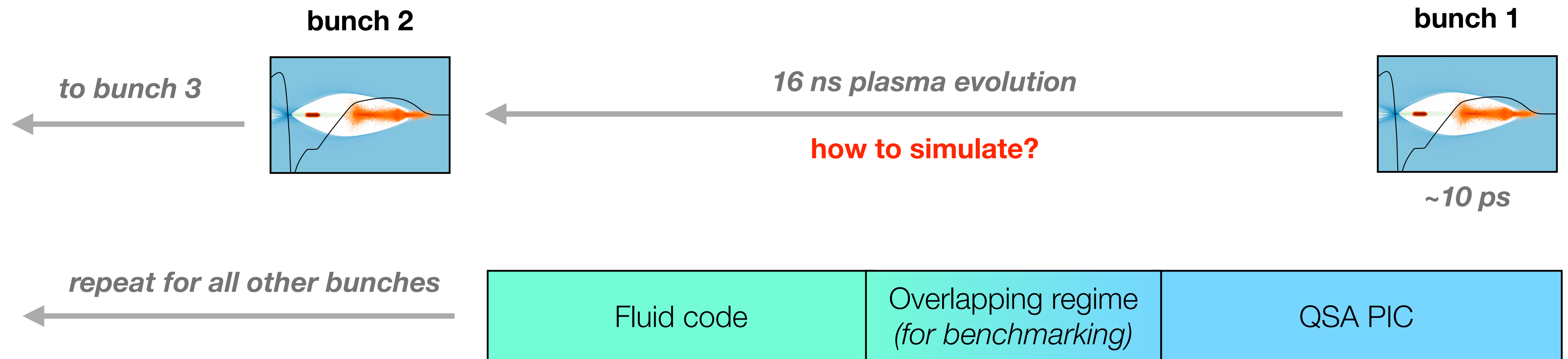
Path towards self-consistent simulations of the HALHF bunch train

- > **Goal** — Simulate **1)** the long-term plasma motion between acceleration events, **2)** the increase in plasma temperature, and **3)** the impact that temperature has on the subsequent wakefields
- > **Requirement** — Self-consistent simulations of plasma evolution between bunches (*16 ns for HALHF*)
- > **Challenge** — Full 3D PIC simulations over this time frame are computationally prohibitive



Path towards self-consistent simulations of the HALHF bunch train

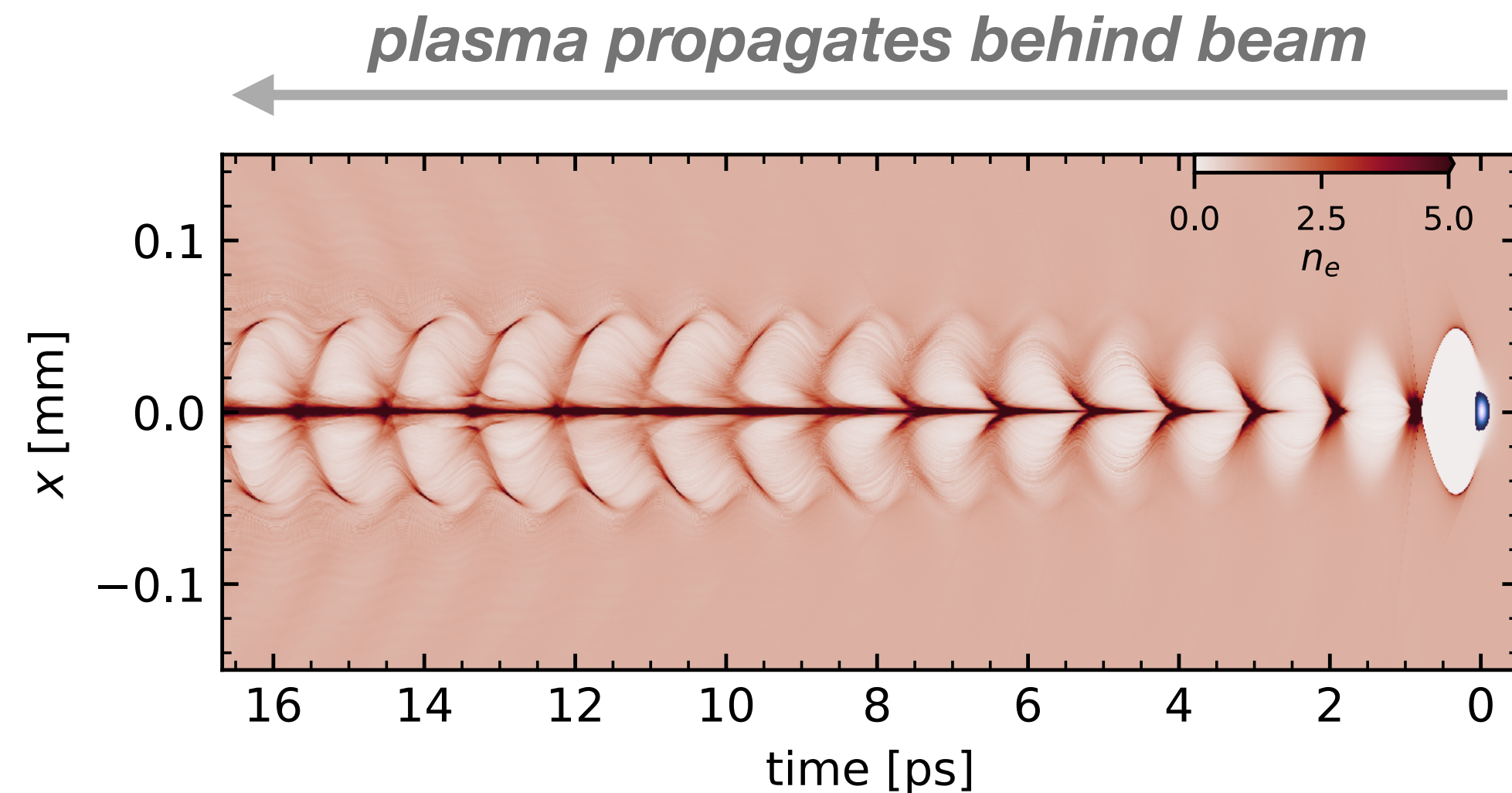
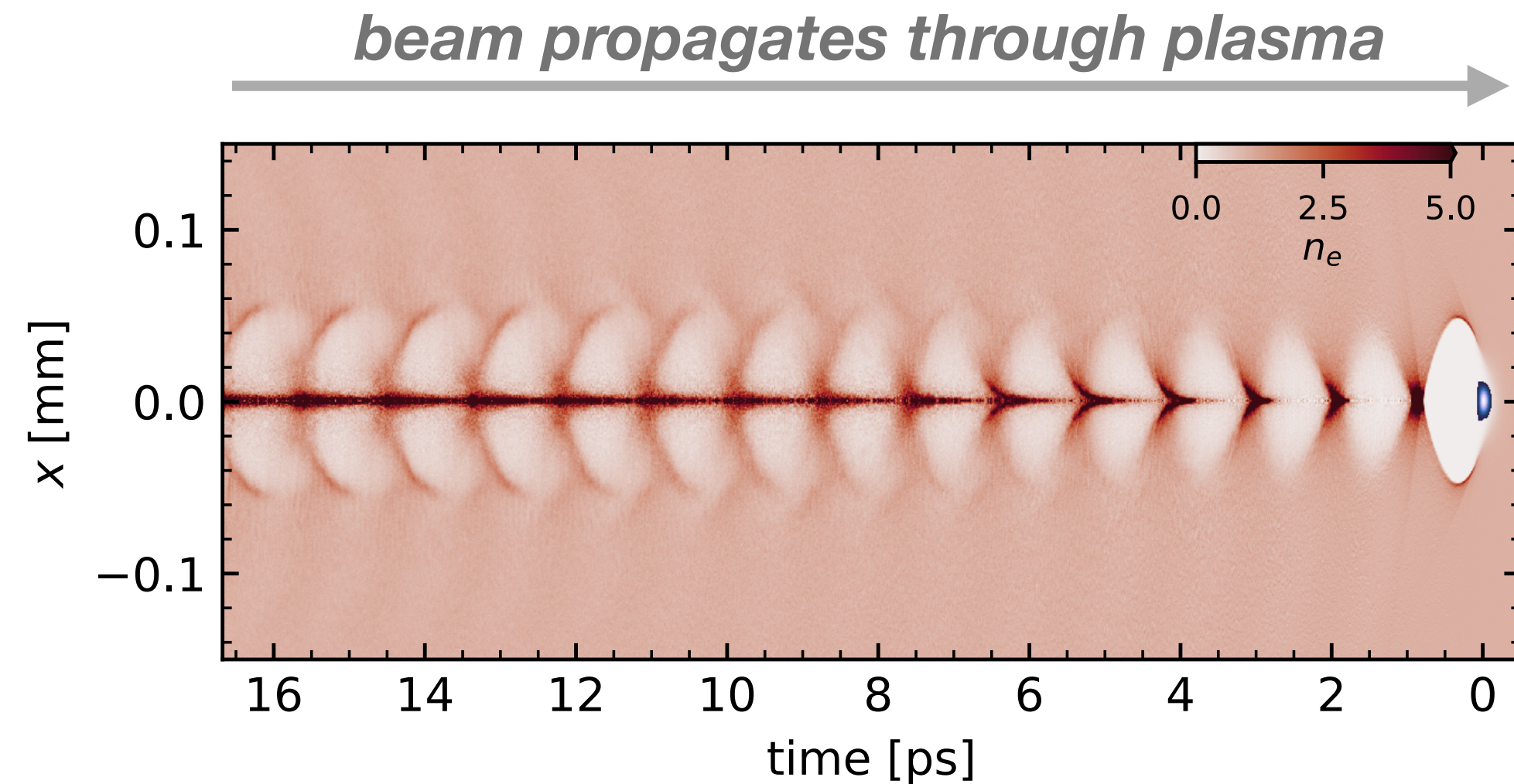
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- > **Plan** — **1)** Test the validity of the quasi-static approximation (QSA) to simulate long timescales, **2)** Run as long as computationally possible in QSA, **3)** transport to fluid code for the remaining time

Validating QSA over long timescales w/ FLASHForward parameters

simulations performed by Ibrahim Najmudin



FBPIC (spectral-cylindrical code)

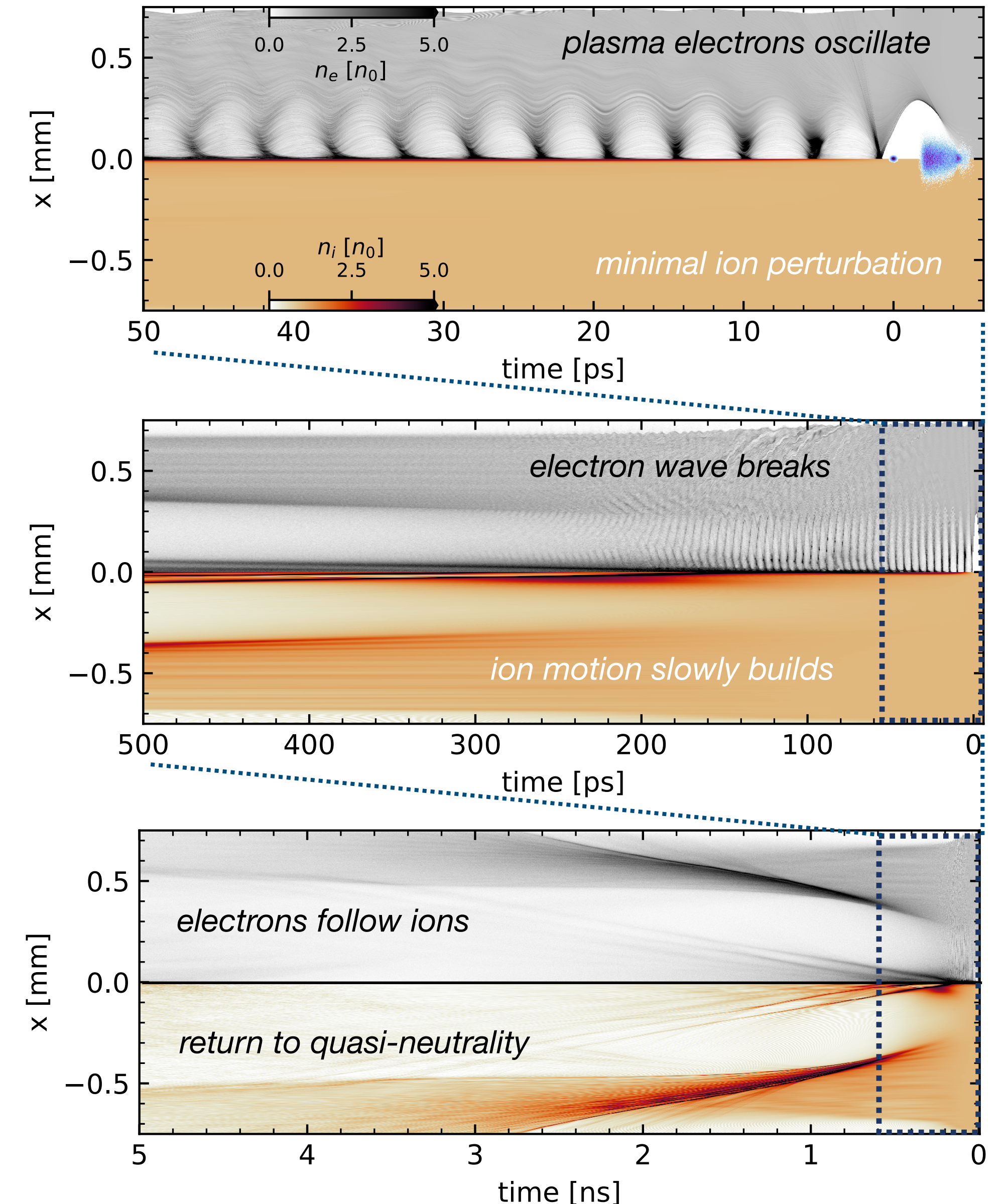
- > ~15 mins on 4 x GPUS
- > Significant memory usage (full memory per timestep)

HiPACE++ (quasi-static code)

- > ~5 mins on 1 x GPU
- > Minimal memory usage (only one timestep)
- > ~10x HiPACE++ sims for one FBPIC sim → important for *parameter scans*
- > ~10x longer HiPACE++ sims for one FBPIC sim → important for *plasma evolution*

Simulating longer timescales in HiPACE++

- Interesting physics can already be seen on these relatively short timescales
 - Breaking of the plasma-electron wave
 - On-axis ion density spike
 - Outwardly propagating ion wave
 - Plasma electrons follow motion of plasma ions
→ **fluid-like behaviour?**
- All experimental signatures observed in the FLASHForward recovery time result
- Have now simulated up to 10 ns(!)



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Next steps

- Test limits of QSA then transition to fluid code
- Rerun simulations for HALHF parameters
- Investigate parametric scalings to equate 63 ns FF recovery time to that with HALHF v2 parameters

