# HELMHOLTZ

# MODEL ZOO

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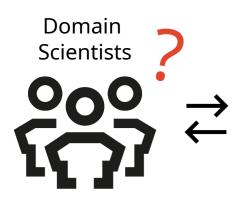










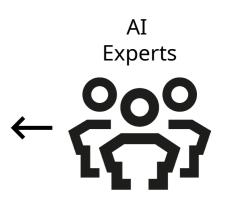


mamba slurm
dependencies

docker permission denied

pip cluster pull

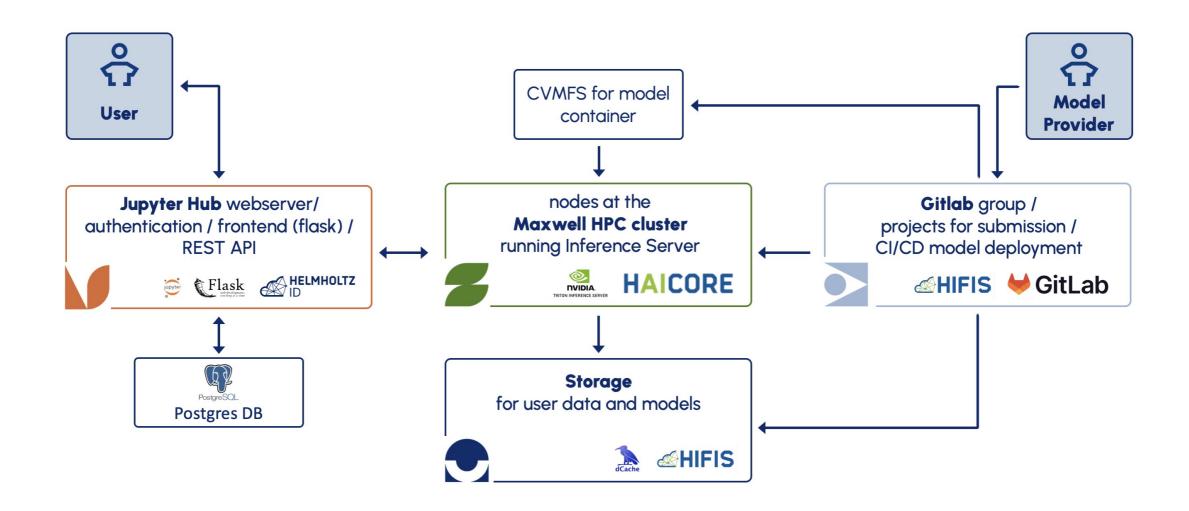
versions install GPU deploy



provide models in git

### Helmholtz Model Zoo





# FAQ user



#### Who can use the models?

Only colleagues from Helmholtz can use it (and members of a Helmholtz ID VO)

#### How can I run an inference?

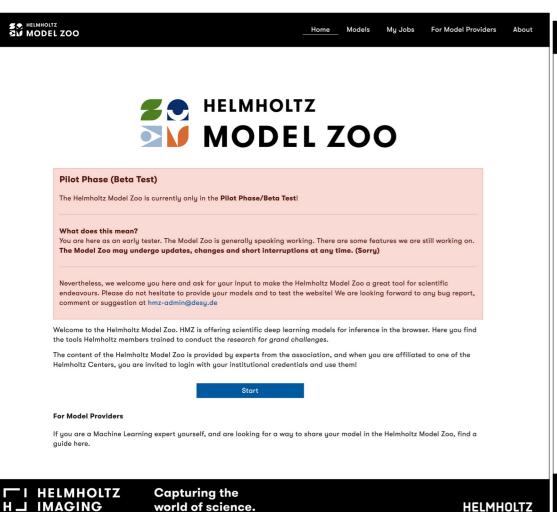
- Use the webinterface.
- Use a REST API

### What is about my data (user)?

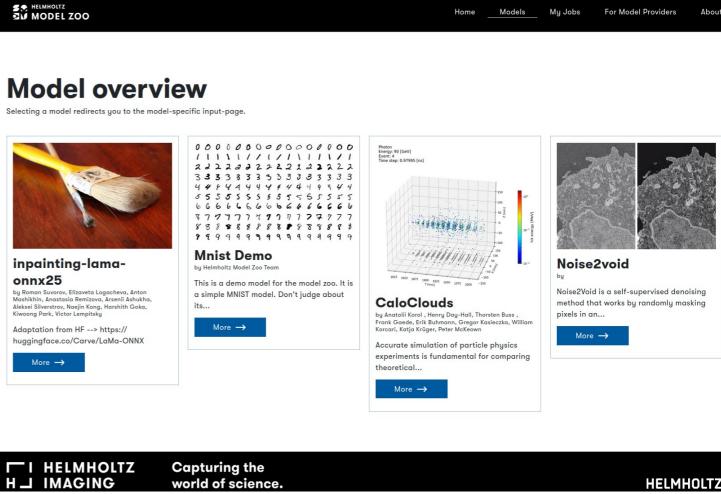
- You upload the data to a folder owned by you in dcache via the webinterface.
- You own your data, and it does not leave Helmholtz.
- You can also use the documented ways to upload data to dcache via rclone, webdav, etc.
   (recommended for large datasets)
- You can upload a reasonable amount of data (probably not PB, but a few TB could be fine).
- We will delete all your data after 3 month, or so? (Not entirely defined yet)

### Model Zoo for the User



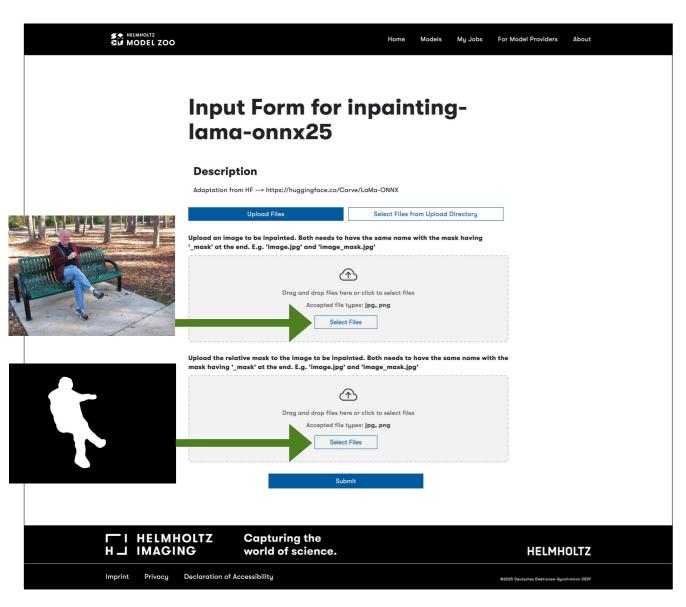


Imprint Privacy Declaration of Accessibility



### Model Zoo for the User

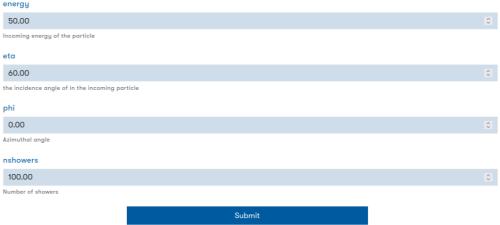




### Input Form for CaloClouds

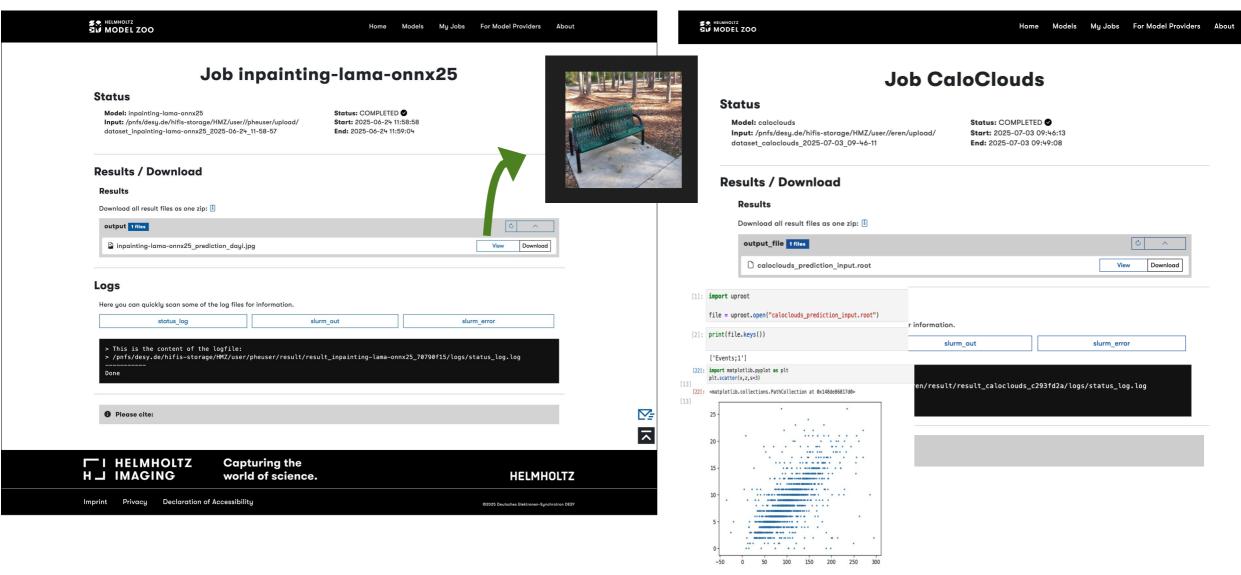
#### **Description**

Accurate simulation of particle physics experiments is fundamental for comparing theoretical predictions with experimental results. However, with planned high-luminosity upgrades to facilities like the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) and envisioned experiments such as those at the International Linear Collider (ILC), the volume of experimental data is rapidly increasing. Traditional Monte Carlo simulations, like Geanth, struggle to keep pace with these rates due to their computational intensity, posing a significant challenge to projected computing budgets. Specifically, detector simulations, especially for highly granular calorimeters (which can have millions of sensor cells), are computationally expensive. Prior efforts using generative machine learning (ML) models to accelerate these simulations often relied on fixed, regular detector readout geometries, representing showers as 3D images. This approach is inefficient given the sparsity of energy depositions in modern calorimeters. Building upon the original CaloClouds model, which generated calorimeter showers as geometry-independent point clouds, CaloClouds II offers substantial speed improvements and comparable fidelity to traditional Geanth simulations. Key innovations include the adoption of continuous-time score-based modeling for faster sampling and, most notably, the first application of consistency distillation to calorimeter shower generation, enabling single-step sampling with a 46x speed-up over Geanth on a single CPU. This work addresses the increasing computational demands of particle physics simulations, paying the way for more efficient and scalable detector simulations.



### Model Zoo for the User





# For model providers



### Who can provide models?

All scientists in Helmholtz can login via the Helmholtz ID and provide their models.

What kind of models? ♦ ONNX • PyTorch









### Which hardware?

Our nodes are provided by HAICORE, run at DESY, each equipped with 4 Nvidia L40S.



### Can I make my model "private"?

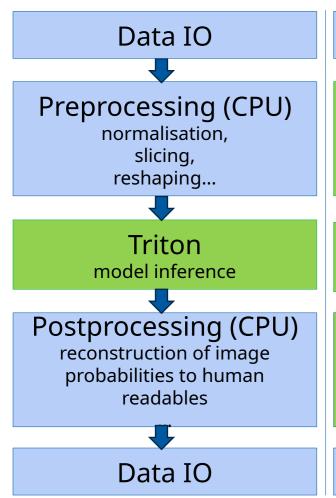
Yes, you will be able to give the usernames of people who are entitled to use your model? (Via a Helmholtz ID VO)

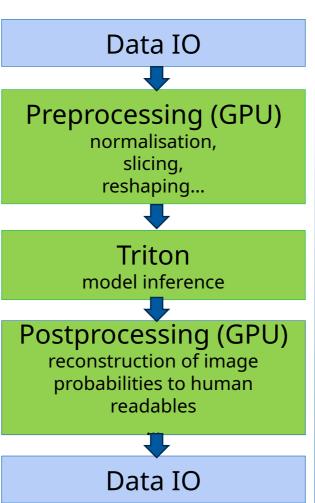
#### What do I have to do?

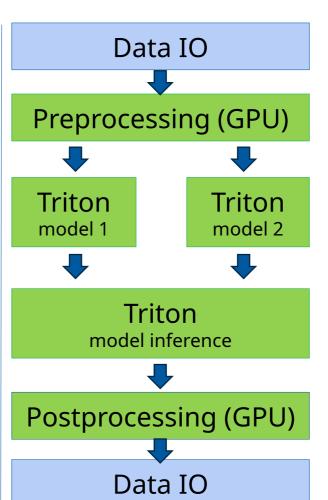
- We provide you with a template in the (DESY)-Gitlab.
- We try to get as much as possible of your shoulders, keeping a maximum of flexibility
- You have to add your model and implement the necessary for pre- and postprocessing
- You have to fill in a form for the necessary meta data (some technical details, description, publication)

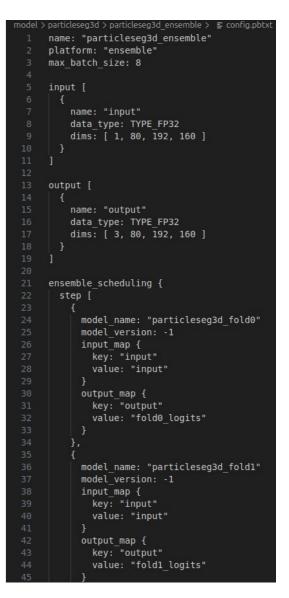
# Pre/Post Processing & Triton





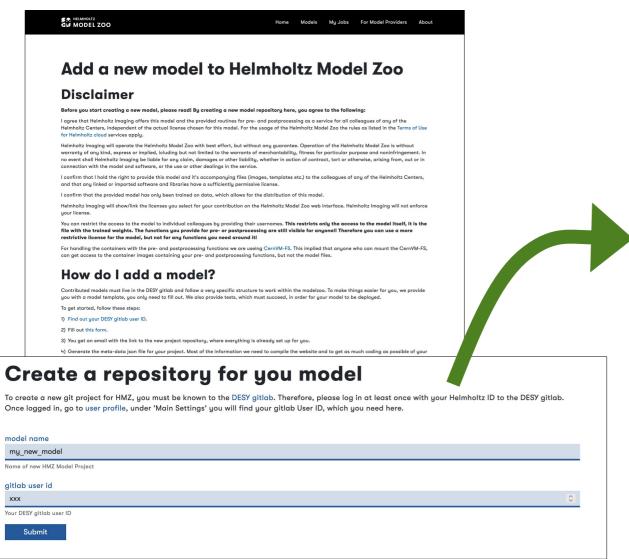


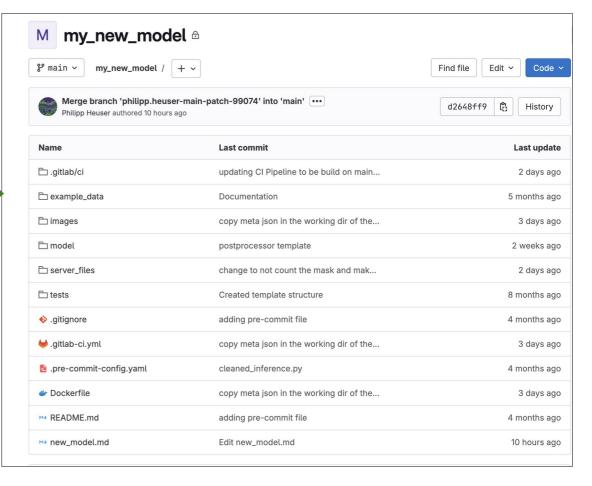




## Model Zoo for the Model Provider

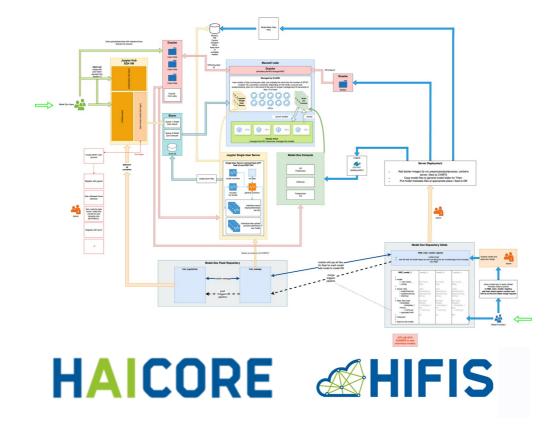






### Helmholtz Model Zoo





# TI HELMHOLTZ H J IMAGING

#### Thanks to:

**Christian Voss** Elena Gapon Frank Schlünzen Johannes Reppin Kars Ohrenberg Lusine Yakovleva Moritz Hamminger Patrick Fuhrmann Sven Sternberger Thomas Hartmann Tim Wetzel Uwe Jandt Yves Kemp Alexander Trautsch Stefan Bujack Karol Szustakowski

## Talk to us!







