



UNTERSTÜTZT VON / SUPPORTED BY



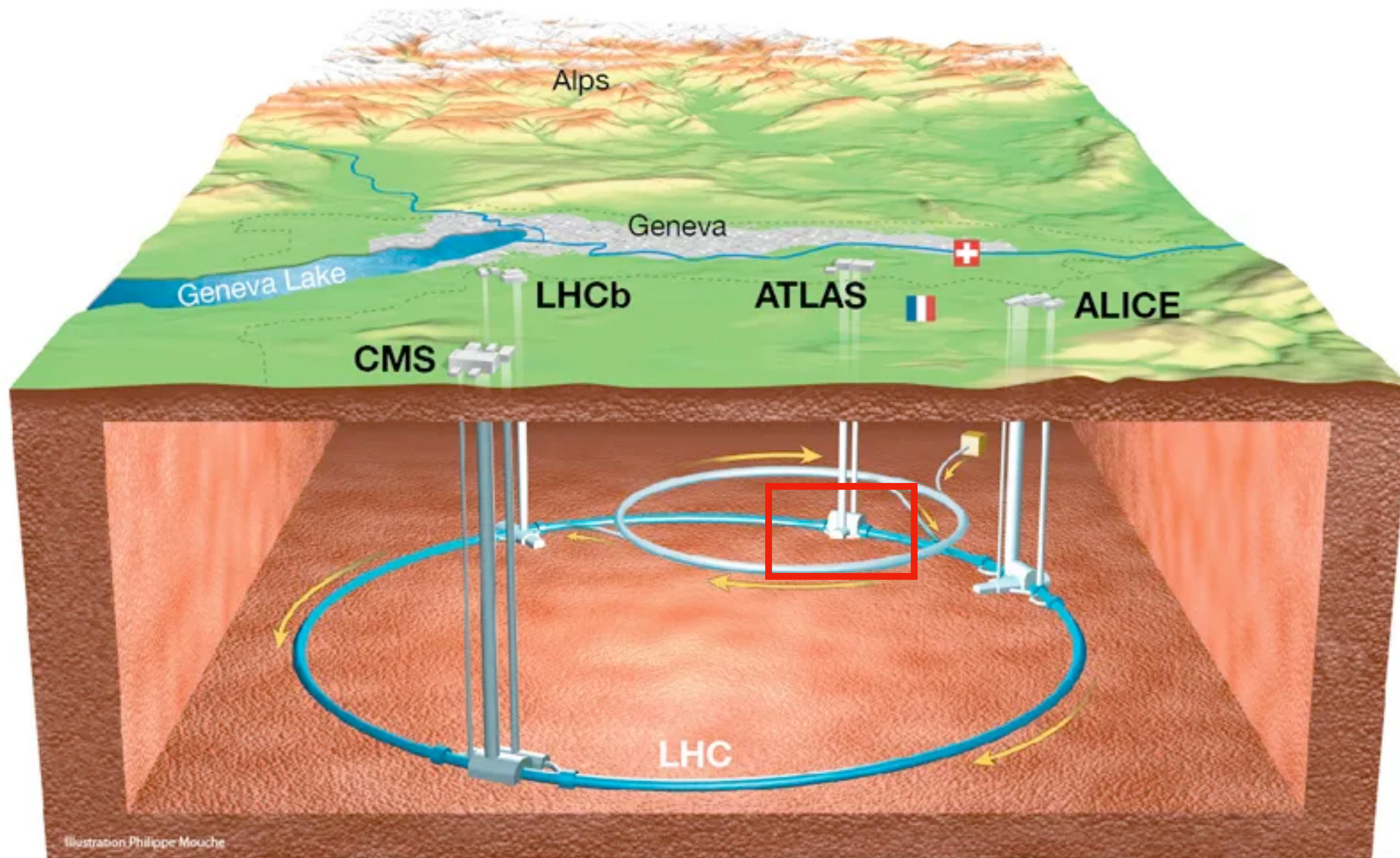
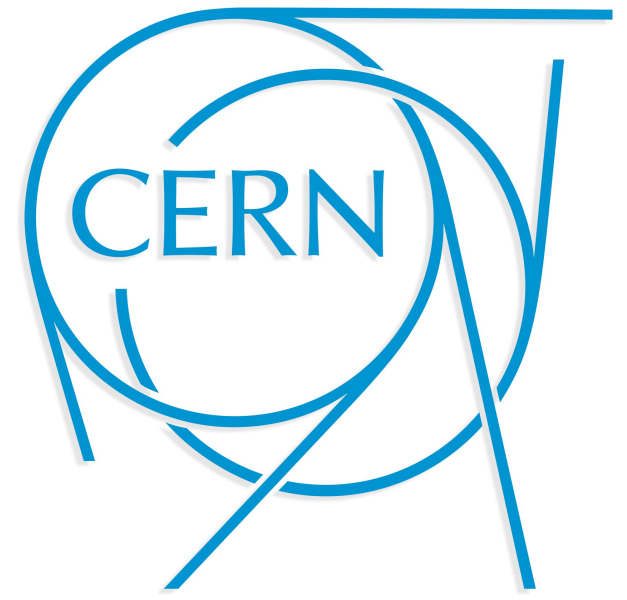
Alexander von
HUMBOLDT
STIFTUNG



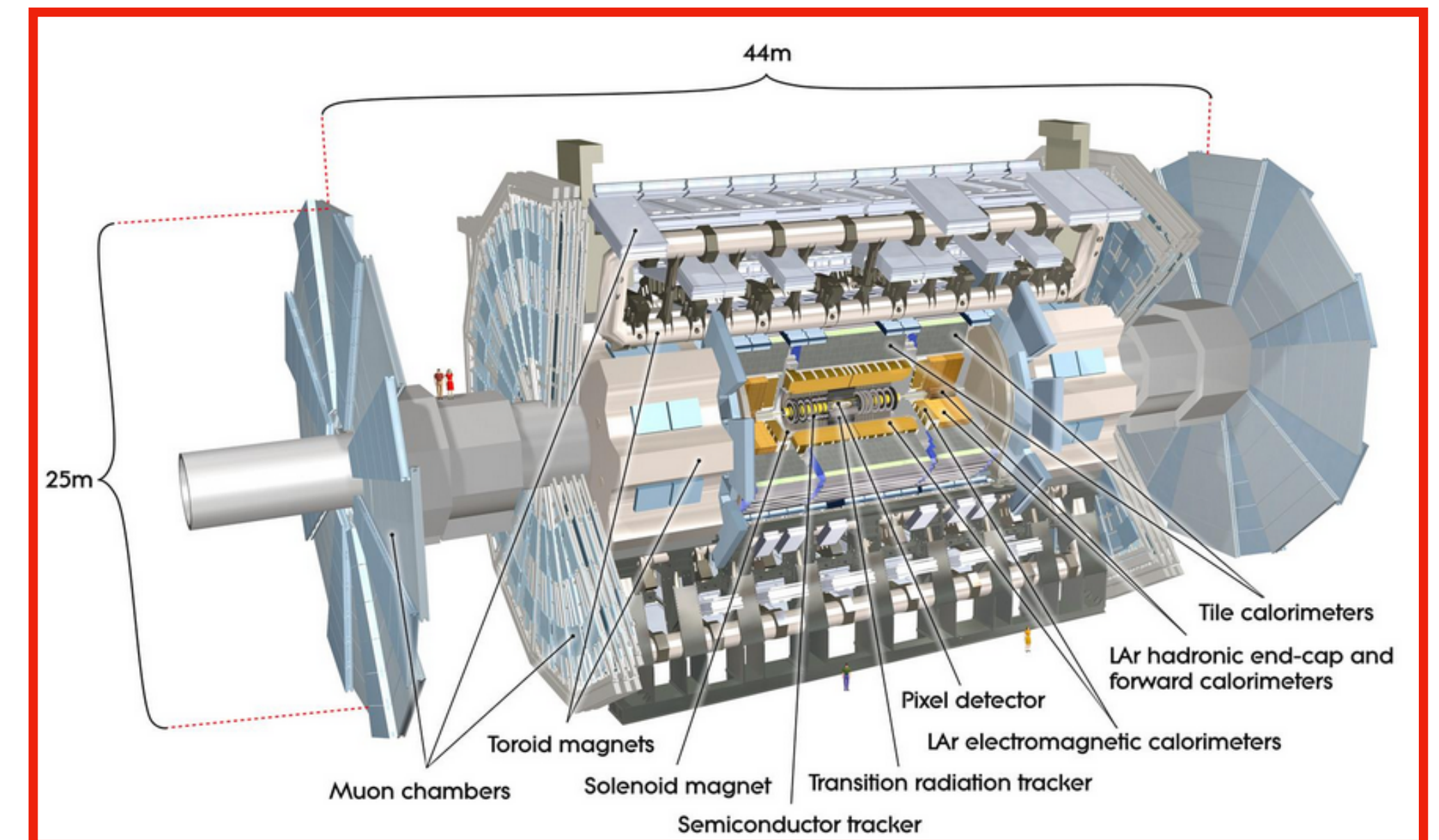
Introduction to the project: electron and photon energy calibration in ATLAS

Luca Franco

The Large Hadron Collider (LHC)



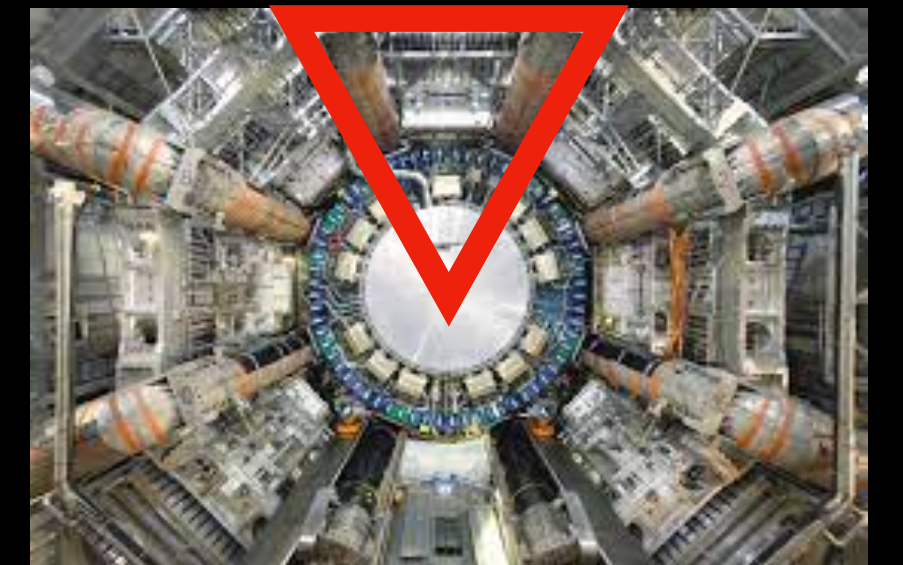
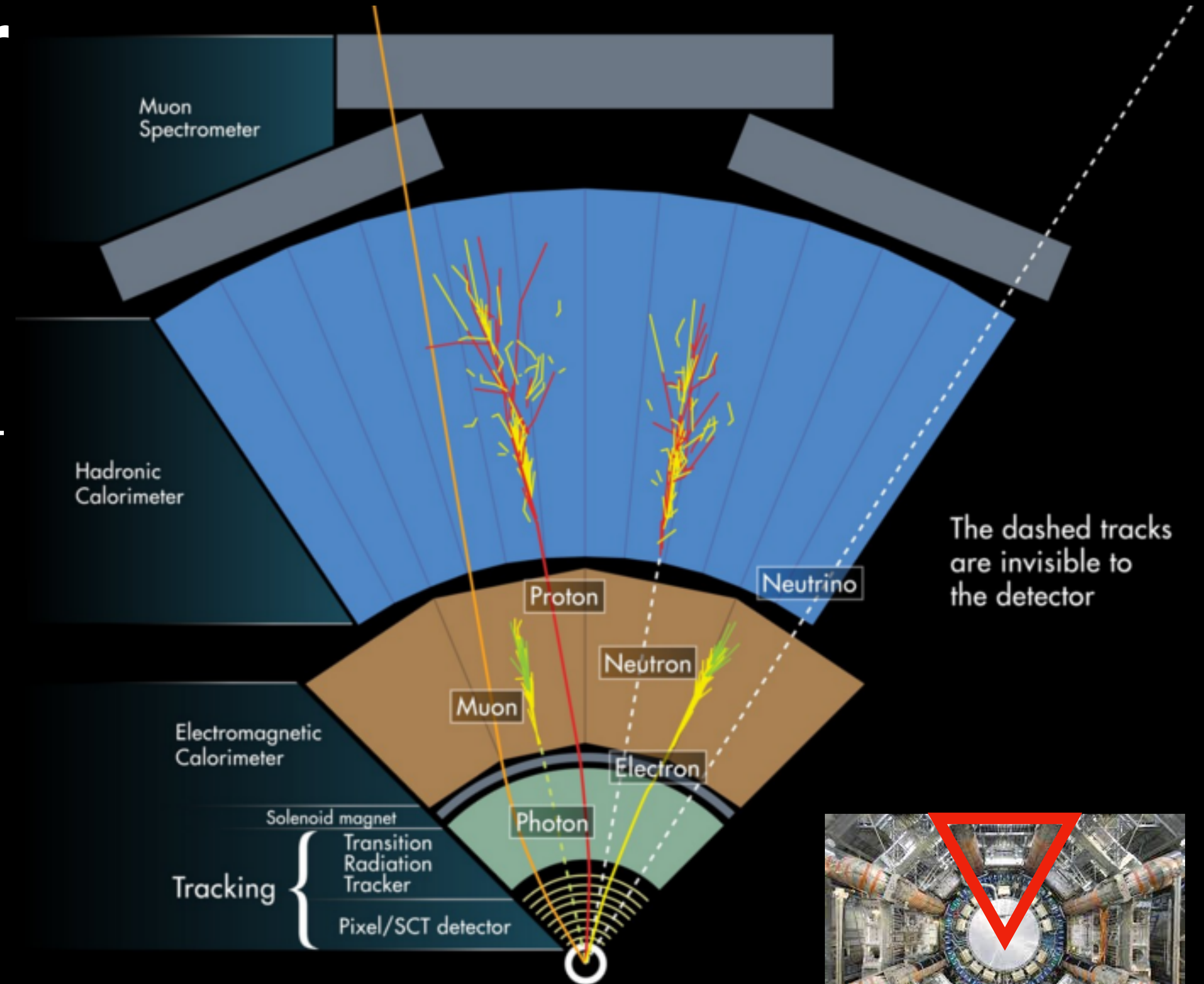
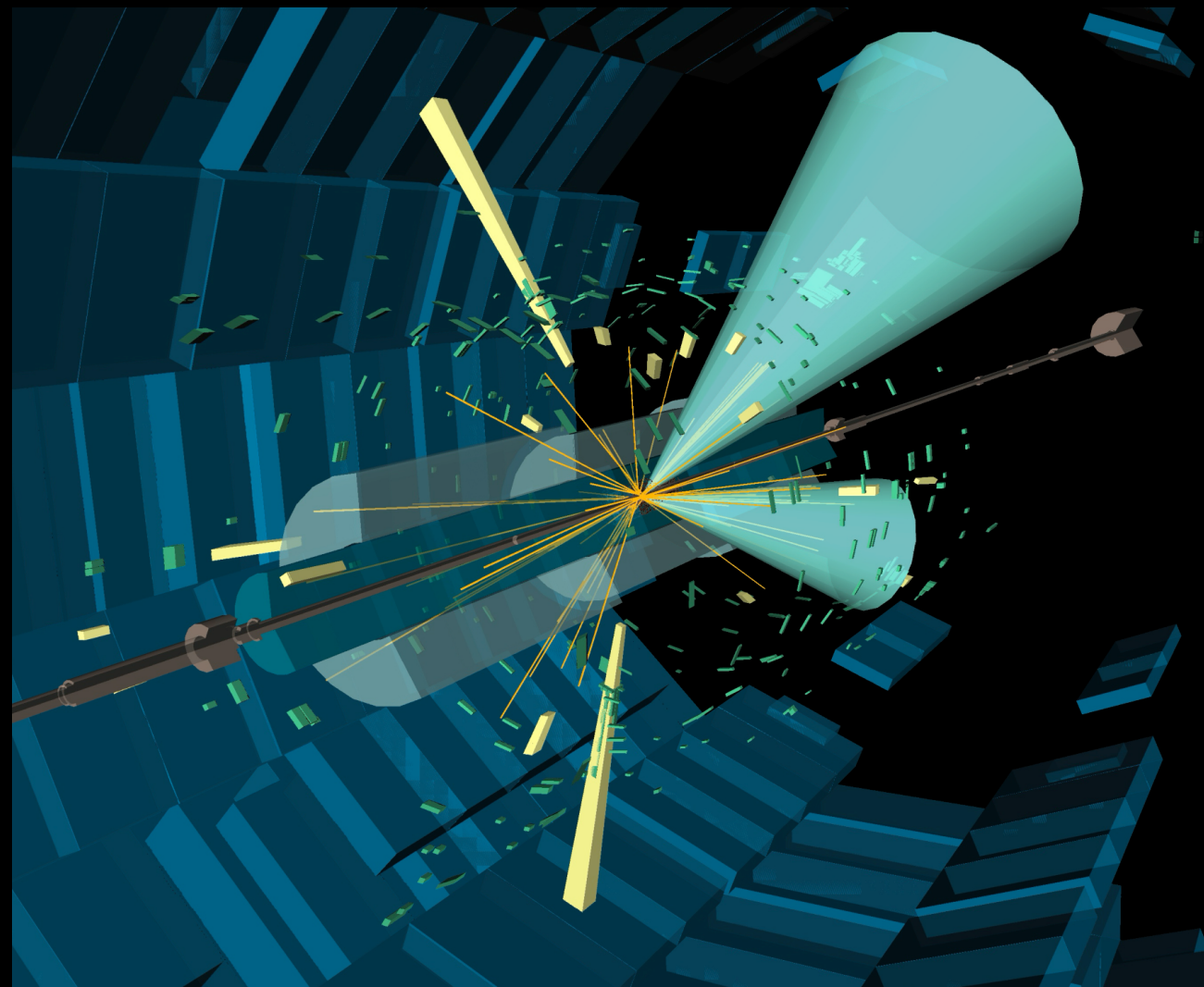
- 27 km ring for accelerating hadrons
- Proton-proton (pp) collisions (among others)
- $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV in Run 2 and 13.6 TeV in Run 3
- 4 detectors: CMS, LHCb, **ATLAS**, ALICE



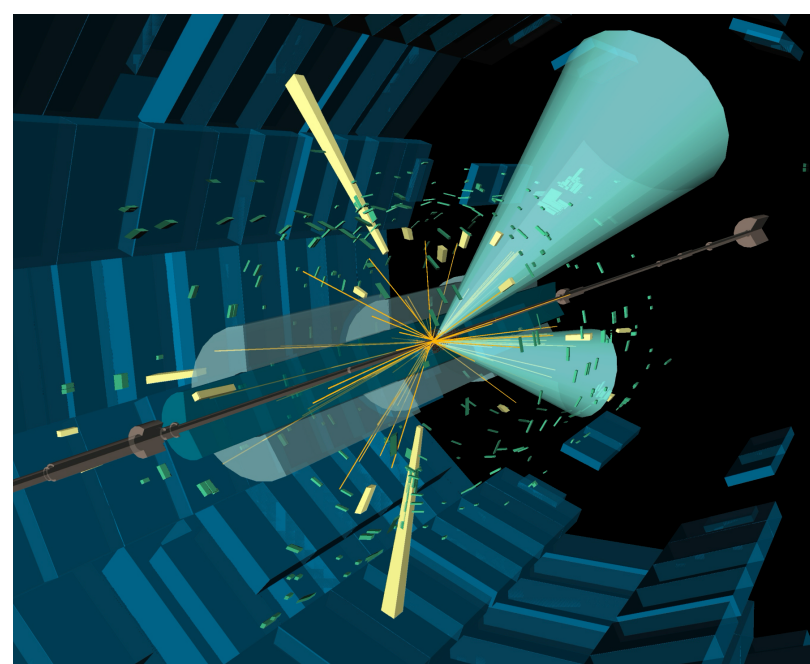
The ATLAS detector

- Made of several subsystems
- Particle identification
- Reconstruction of “flight direction” (track)
- Measurement of energy, electric charge, etc...

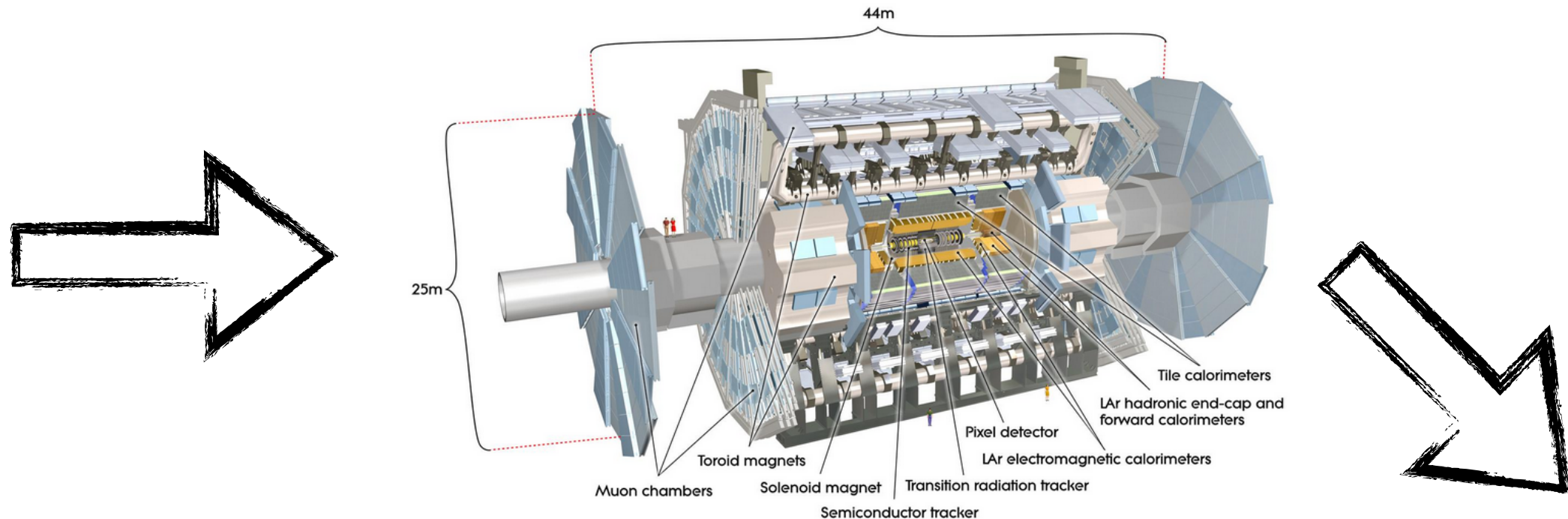
Example of a collision event



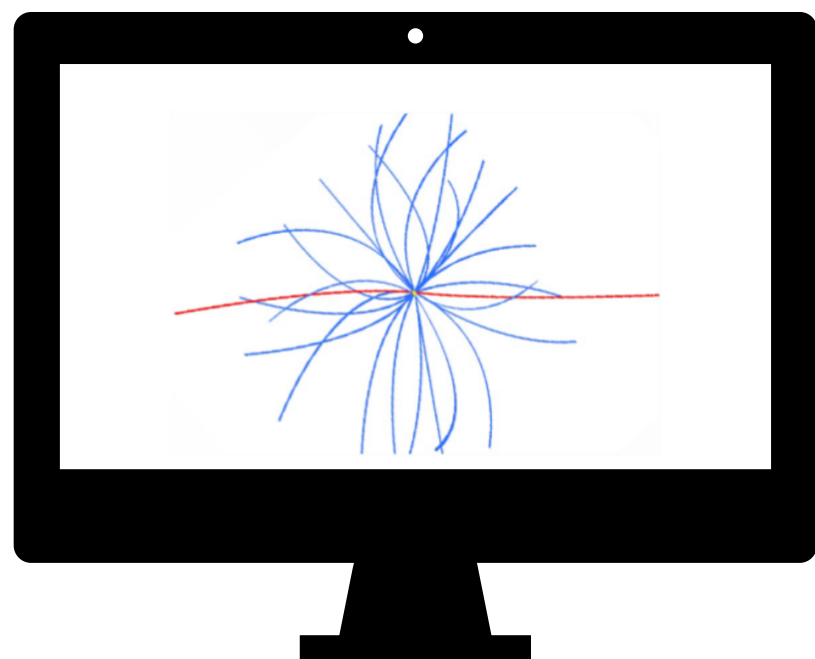
Data and simulation



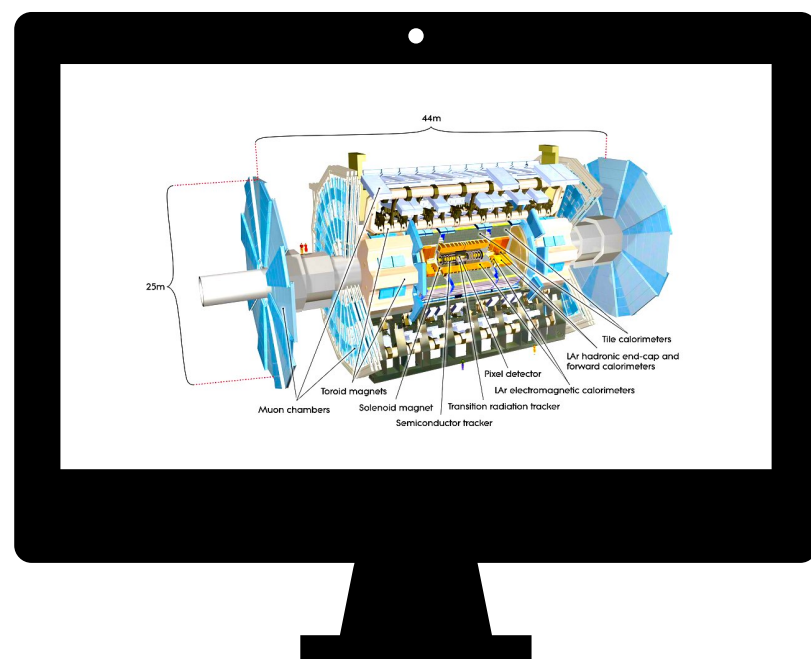
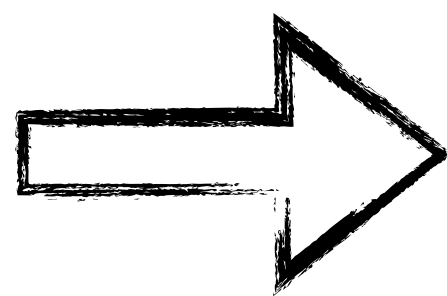
Actual collisions



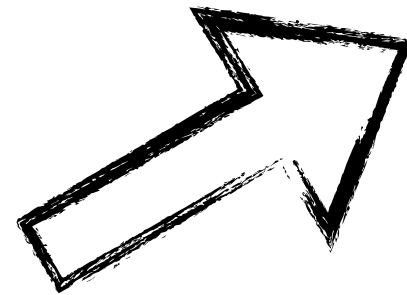
Actual detector response



Monte Carlo (MC) simulation of collisions



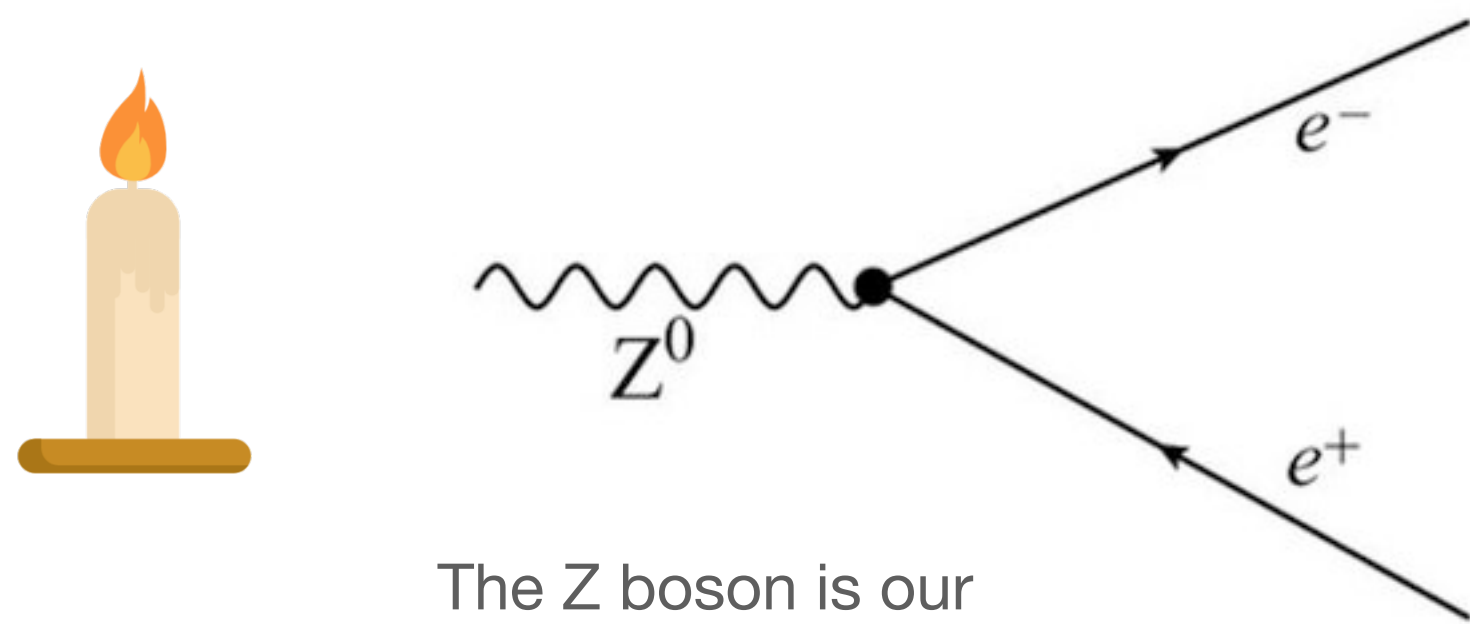
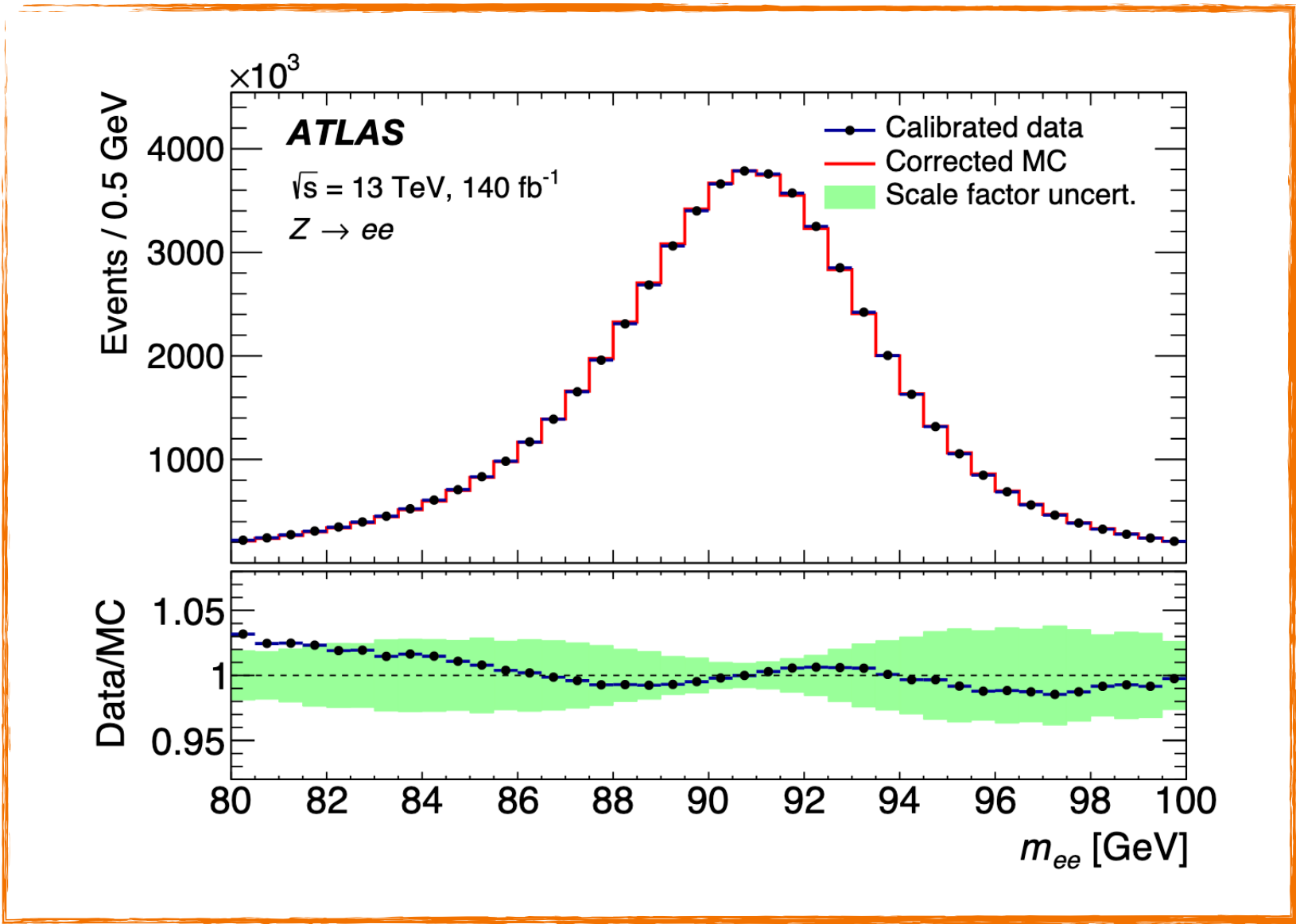
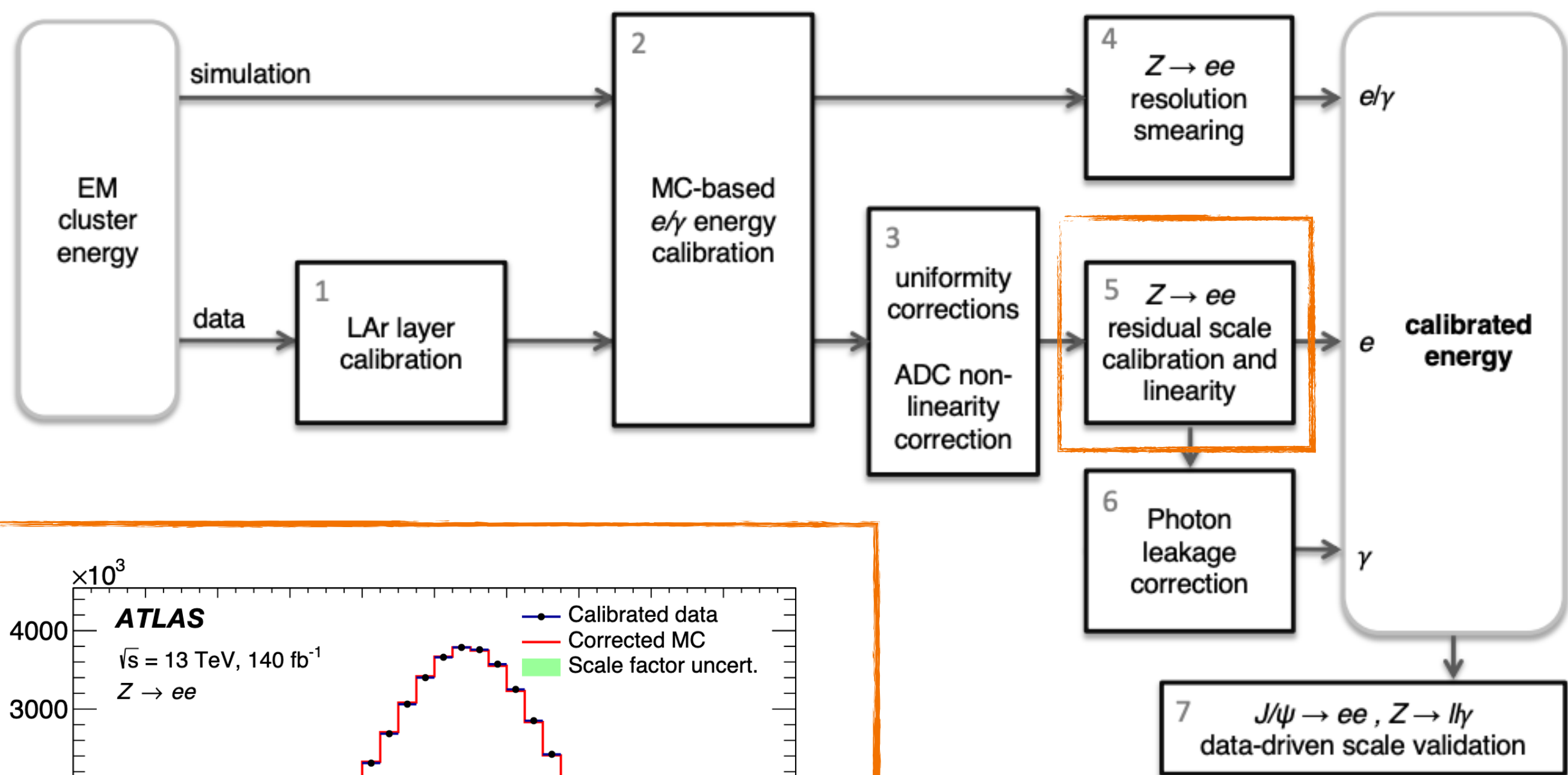
MC simulation of detector response



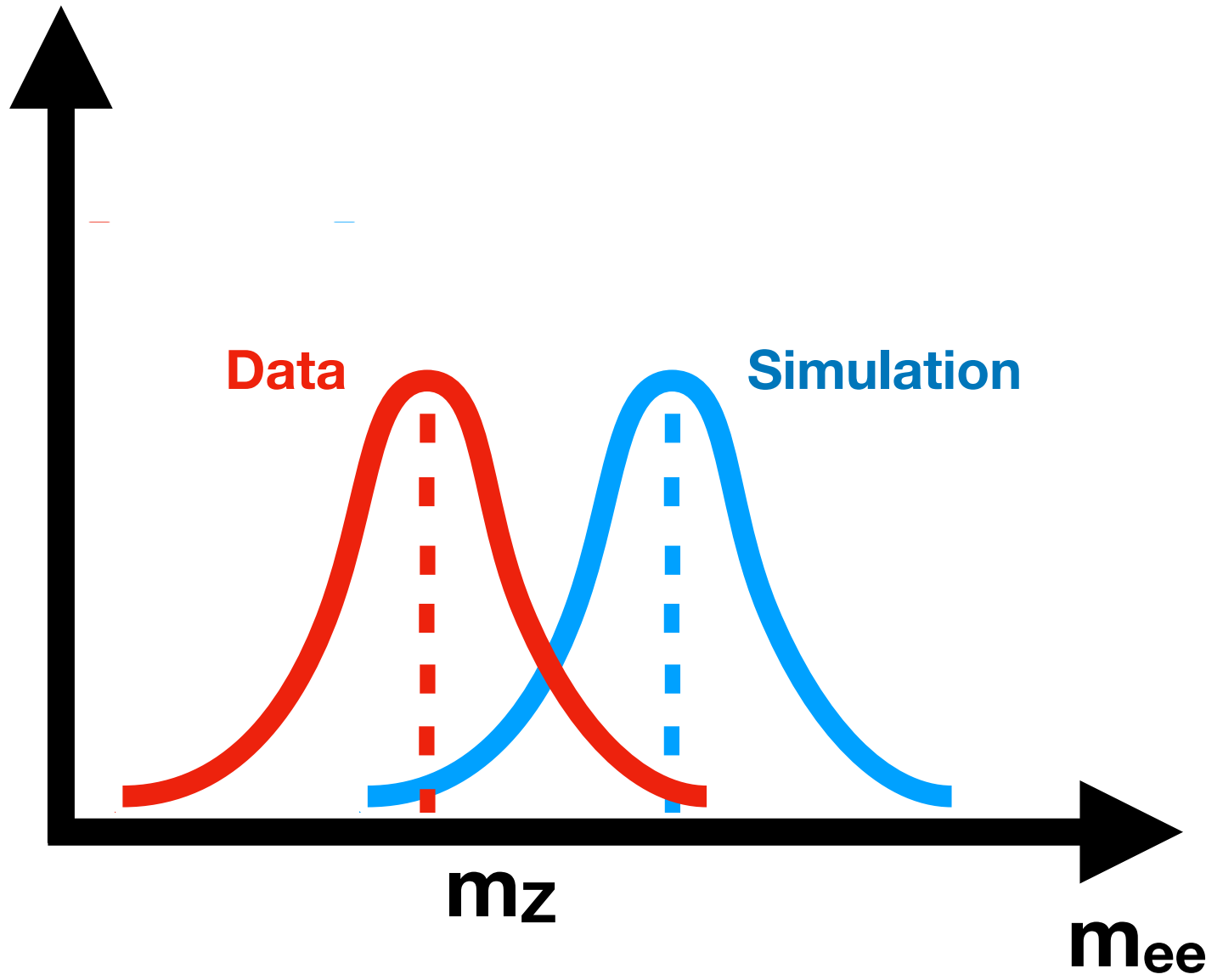
Reconstruction software

*Does the simulation
describe the data
well?*

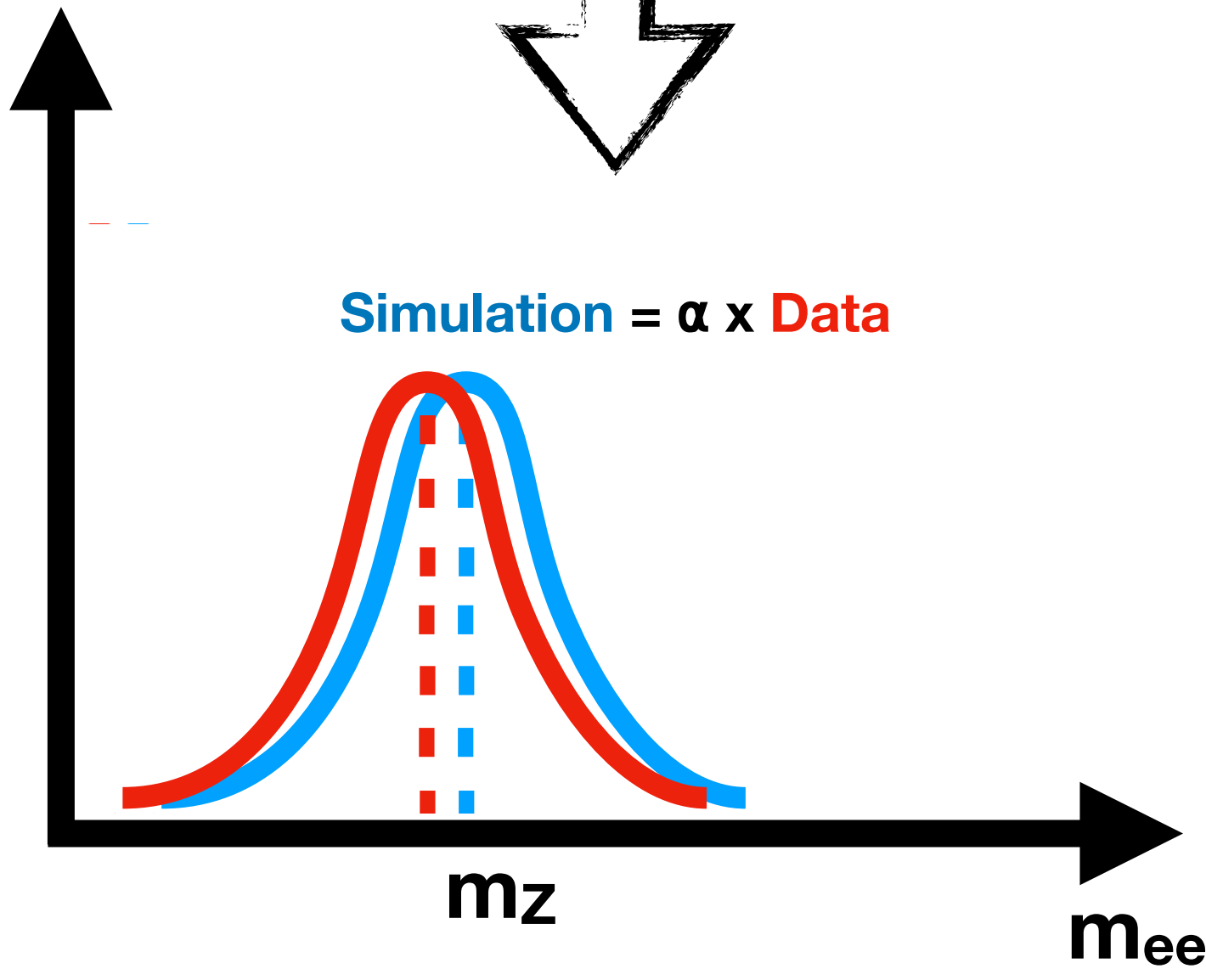
Energy scale calibration



The Z boson is our “standard candle”

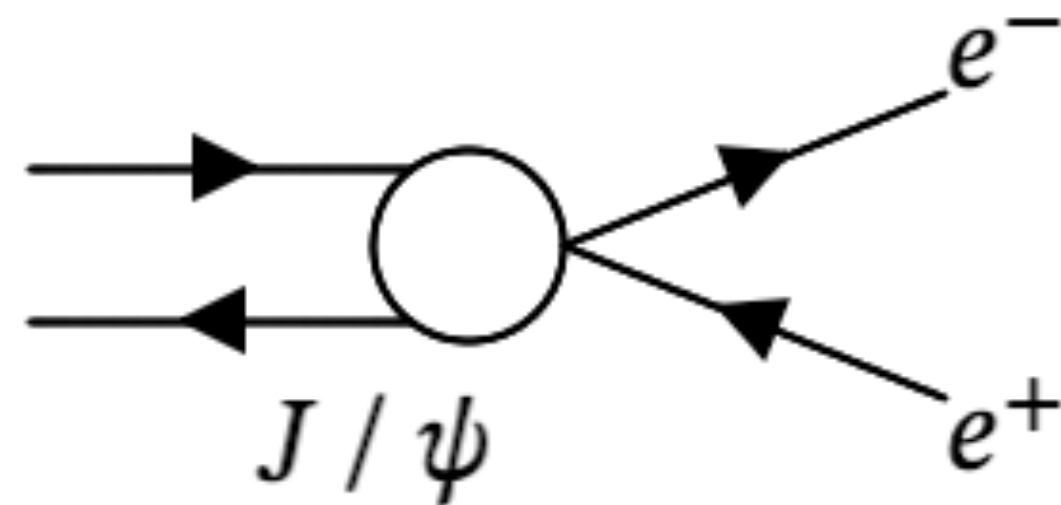
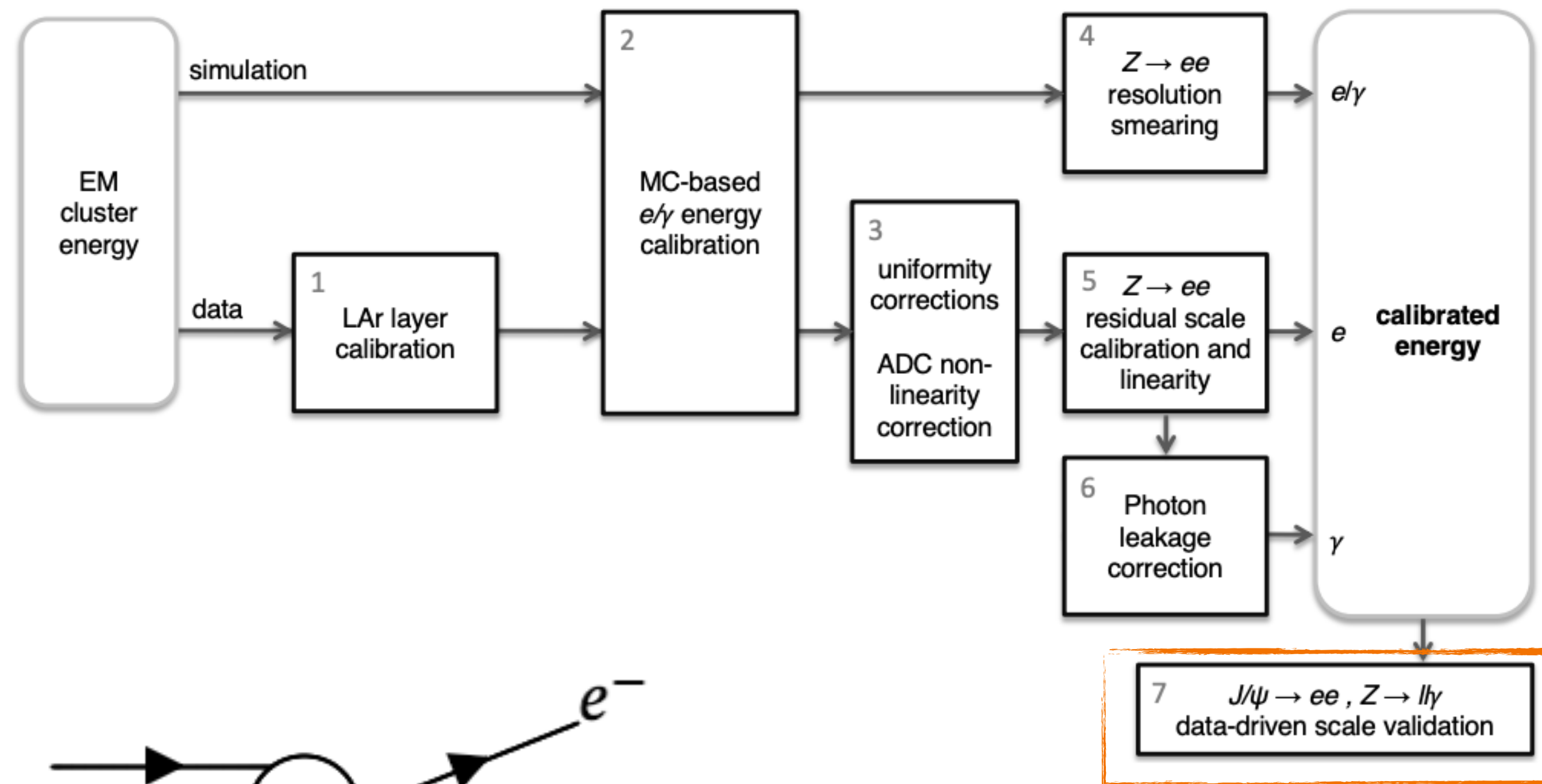


Calibration based on the $Z \rightarrow ee$ process

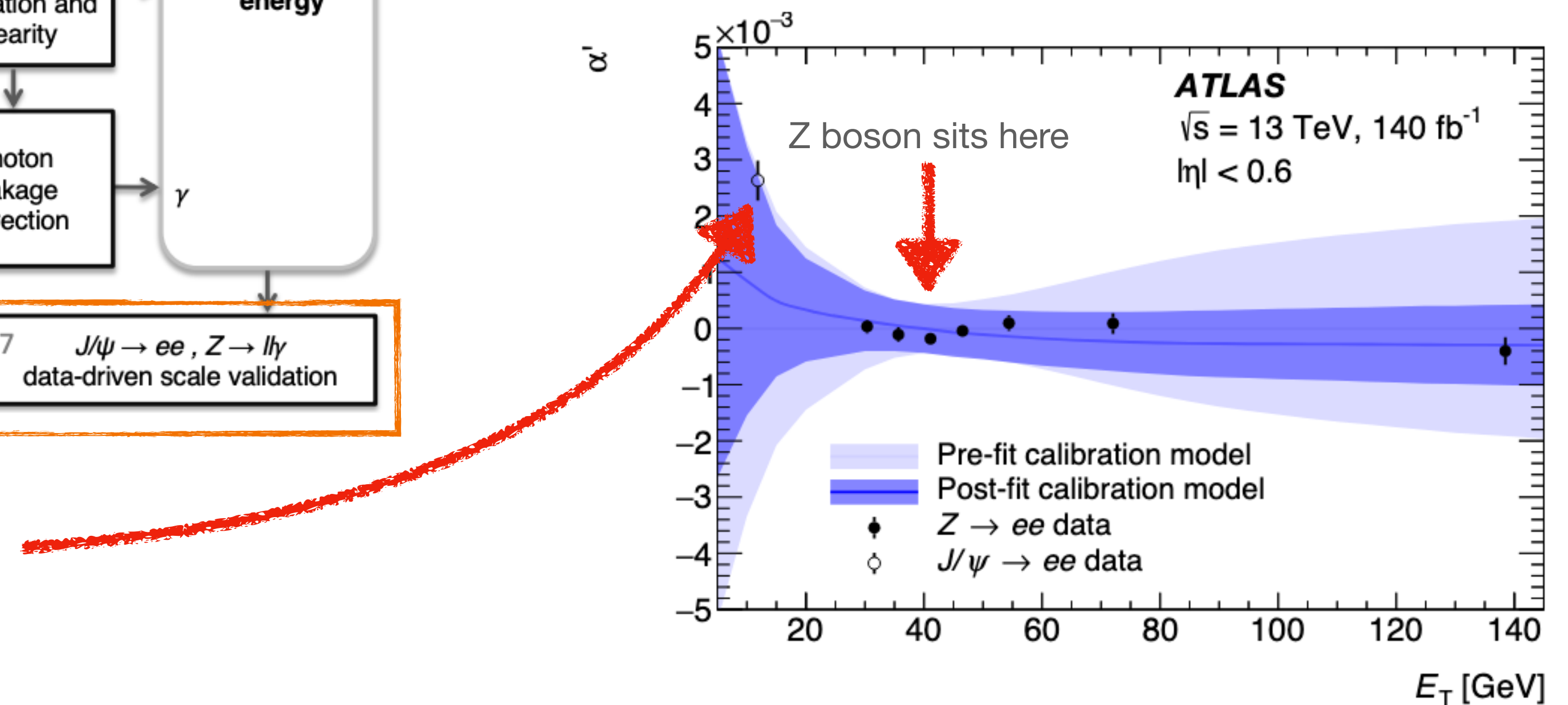
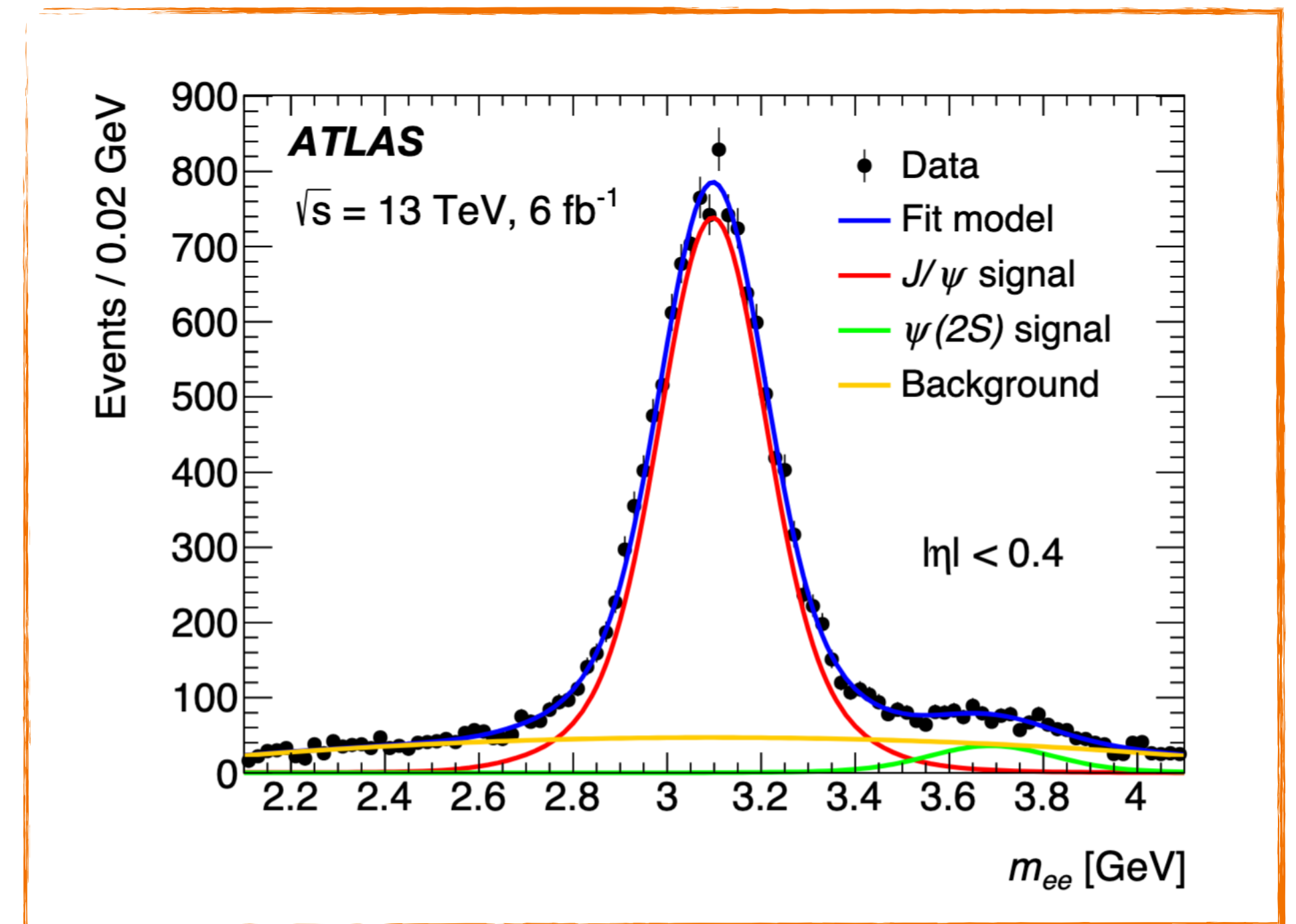


Energy scale validation

- Is the calibration universal? I.e. valid for electrons of any process?



$J/\psi \rightarrow ee$ is another well-known process



Back-up