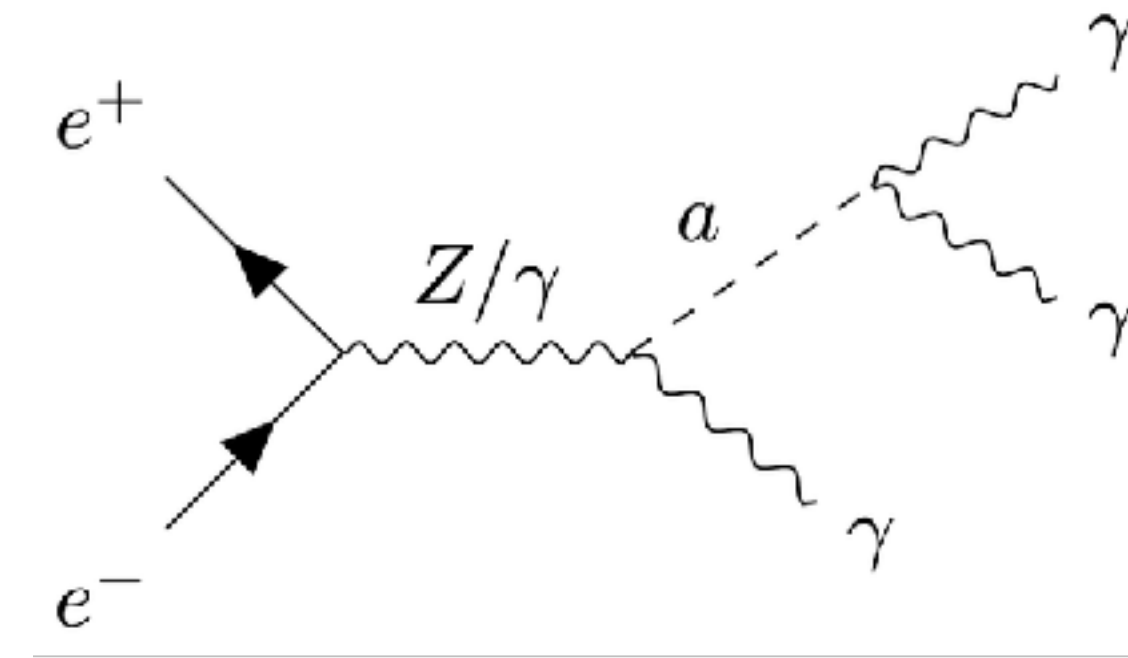


Sensitivity of the FCC-ee to axion-like particles

Juliette Alimena, Jeremi Niedziela,
Giacomo Polesello, **Anna Przybyl**, Lovisa Rygaard

ALP signature at the FCC-ee

process: $e^+e^- \rightarrow a\gamma$; $a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



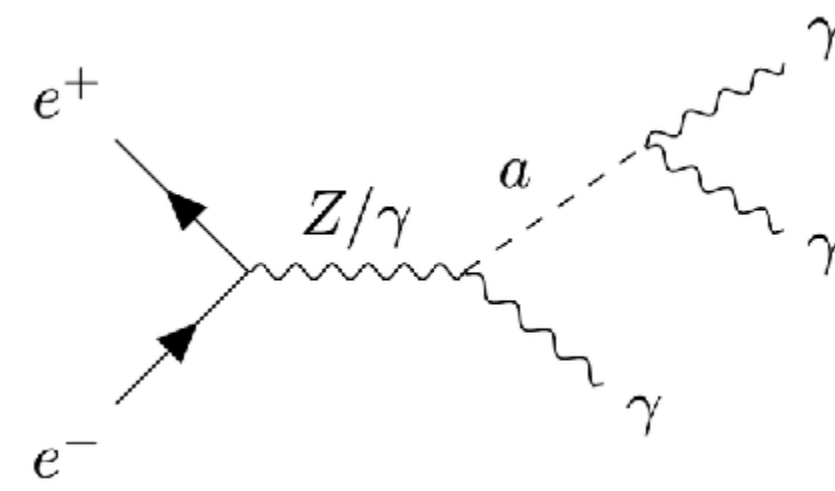
Currently:

- Recoil photon is defined by leading pT photon
- We select events with exactly 3 reconstructed photons

Current project status

$$\text{process: } e^+e^- \rightarrow a\gamma; \quad a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

- Events were generated over the summer for all center-of-mass energies (Z pole, WW threshold, ZH production maximum, tt threshold)
 - MadGraph $\rightarrow$ Pythia $\rightarrow$ Delphes (IDEA detector card)
- FCCAnalyses framework was used to analyze Z pole, and Combine was used to calculate limits
- I have reproduced previous work, updated limit (and other) scripts, and generated kinematic distributions for higher center-of-mass energies



Efficiencies

Recoil photon: defined by leading pT photon
Selection: exactly 3 reconstructed photons

zpole	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV	Background
Before selection	1	1	1	1	1	1
Exactly 3 photons	0,382	0,845	0,837	0,885	0,887	0,465

ww	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV	m_ALP = 140 GeV	Background
Before selection	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Exactly 3 photons	0,252	0,904	0,885	0,908	0,909	0,908	0,518

zh	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV	m_ALP = 140 GeV	m_ALP = 200 GeV	m_ALP = 220 GeV	Background
Before selection	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Exactly 3 photons	0,175	0,897	0,899	0,908	0,908	0,909	0,909	0,91	0,549

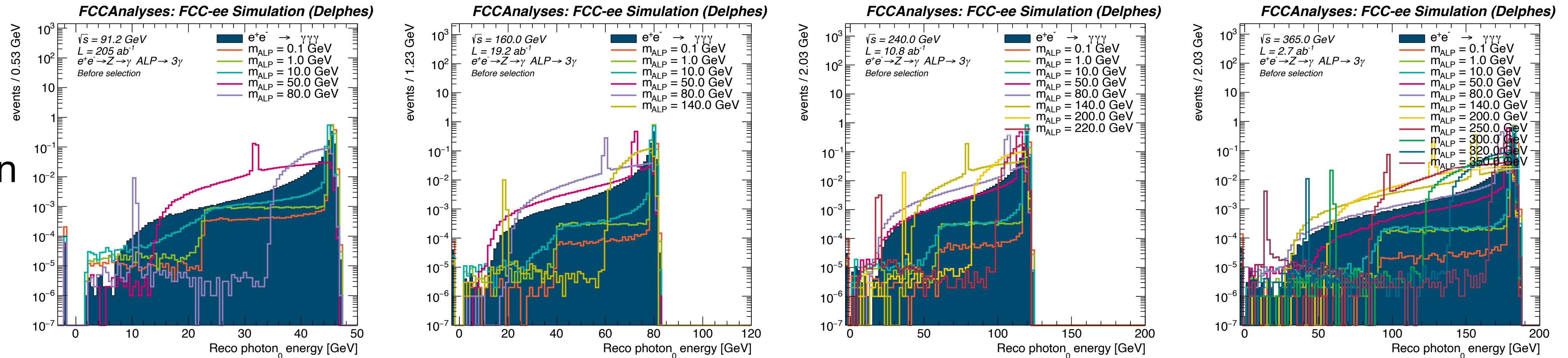
tt	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV	m_ALP = 140 GeV	m_ALP = 200 GeV	m_ALP = 320 GeV	Background
Before selection	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Exactly 3 photons	0,114	0,797	0,909	0,908	0,908	0,908	0,908	0,909	0,578

↑
Photon merging

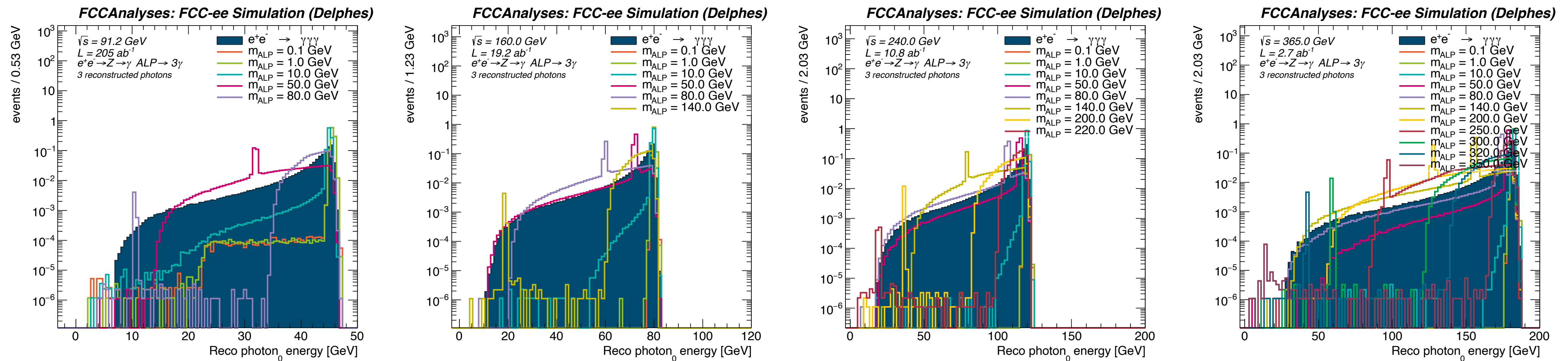
Recoil photon energy

- Peaks in the right spots, but events decrease with m_{ALP} (see next slide)

Before selection



After selection



Z pole

WW

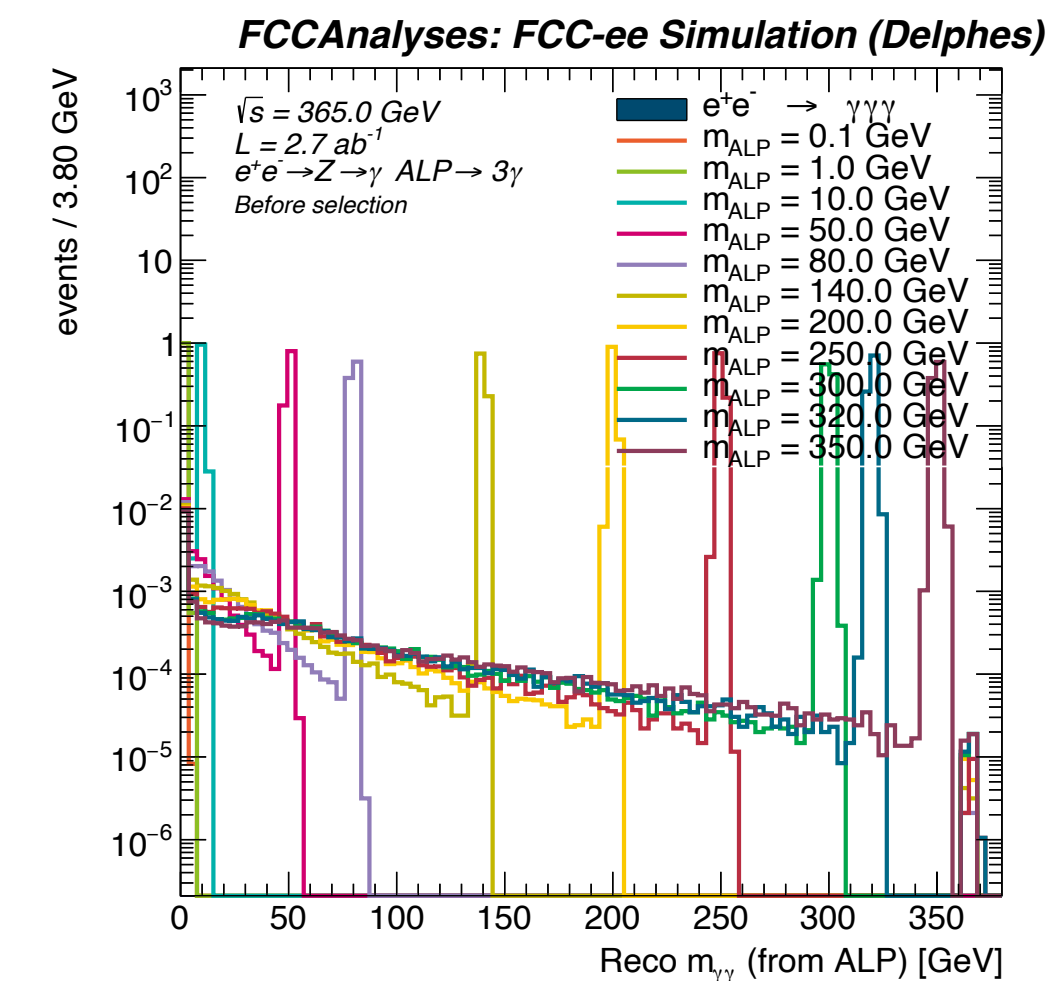
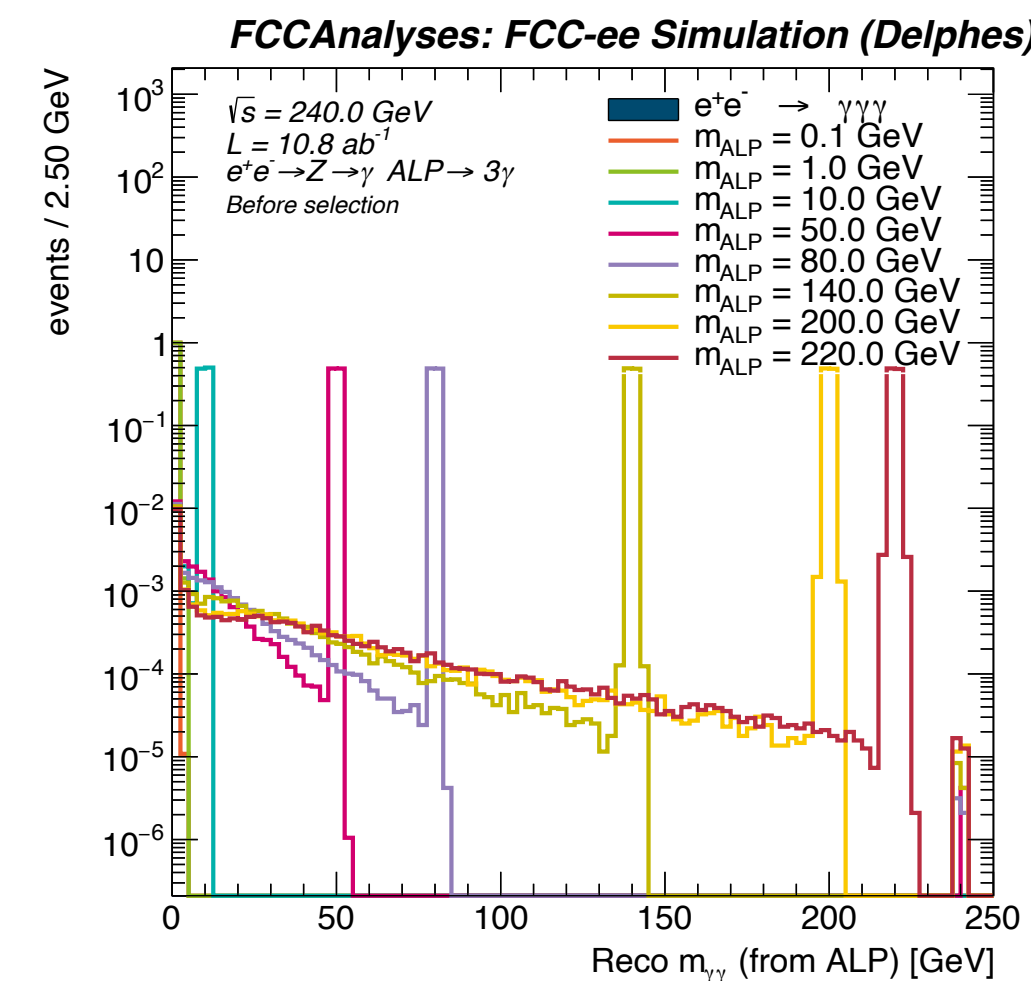
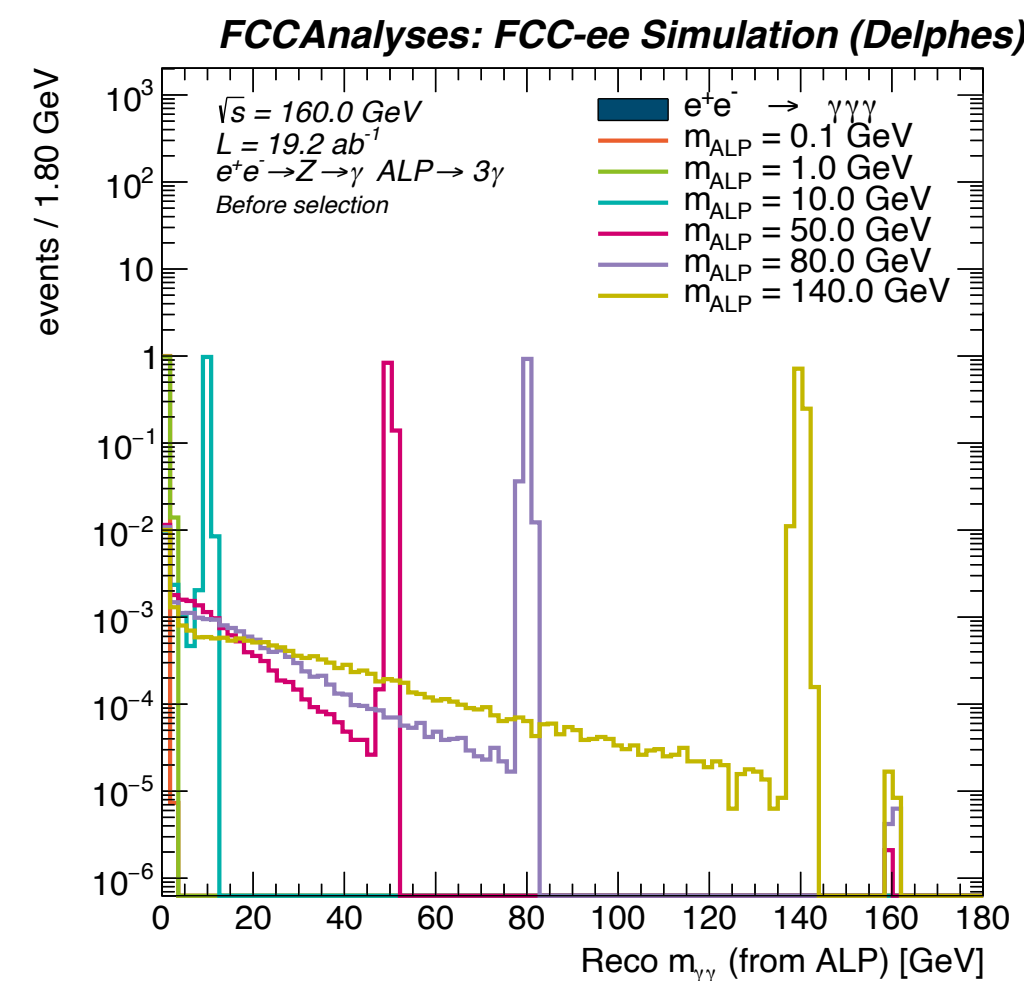
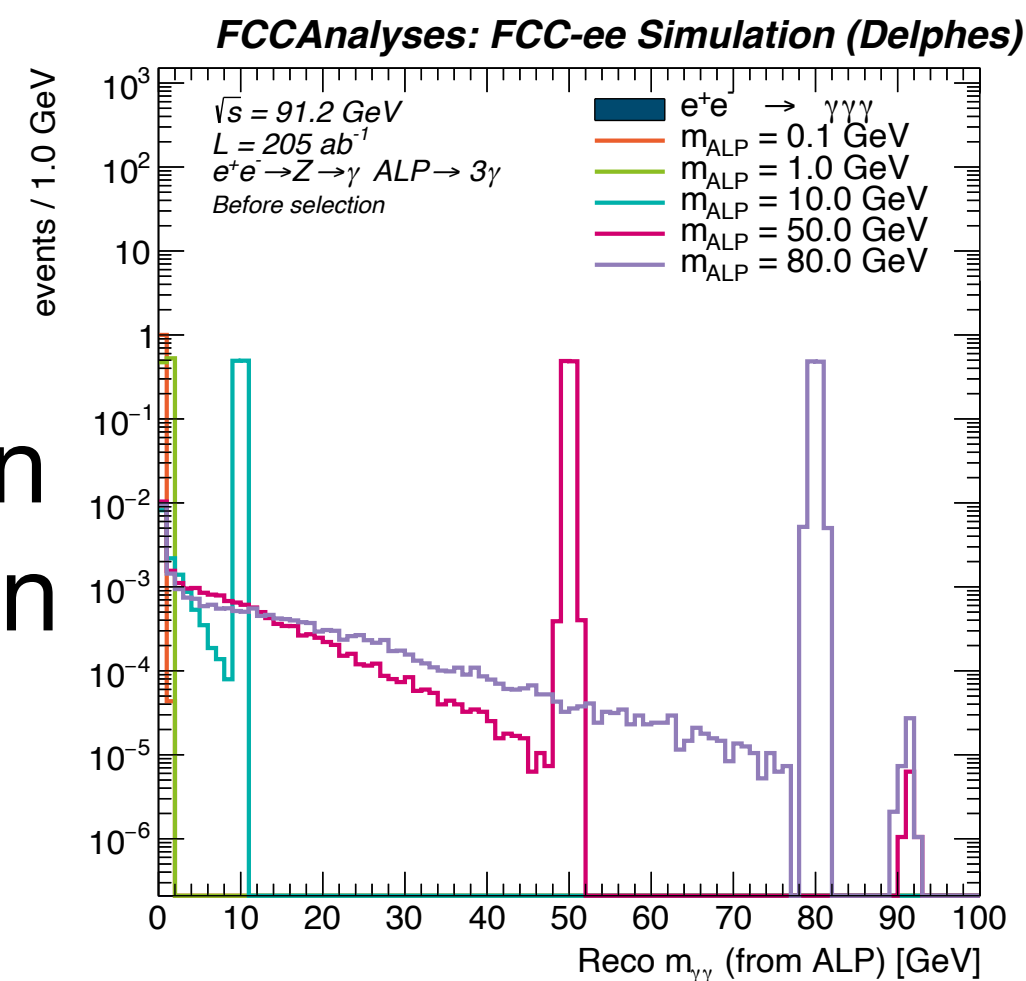
ZH

tt

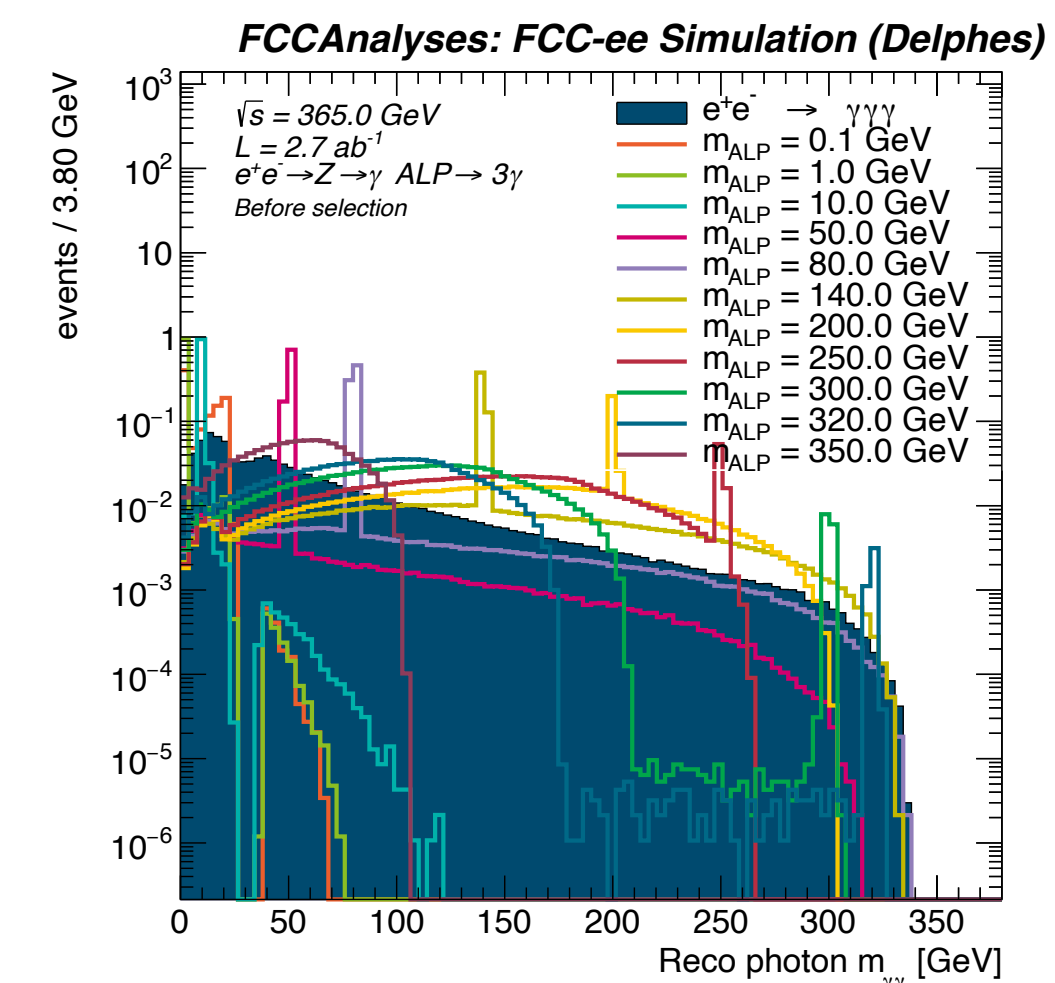
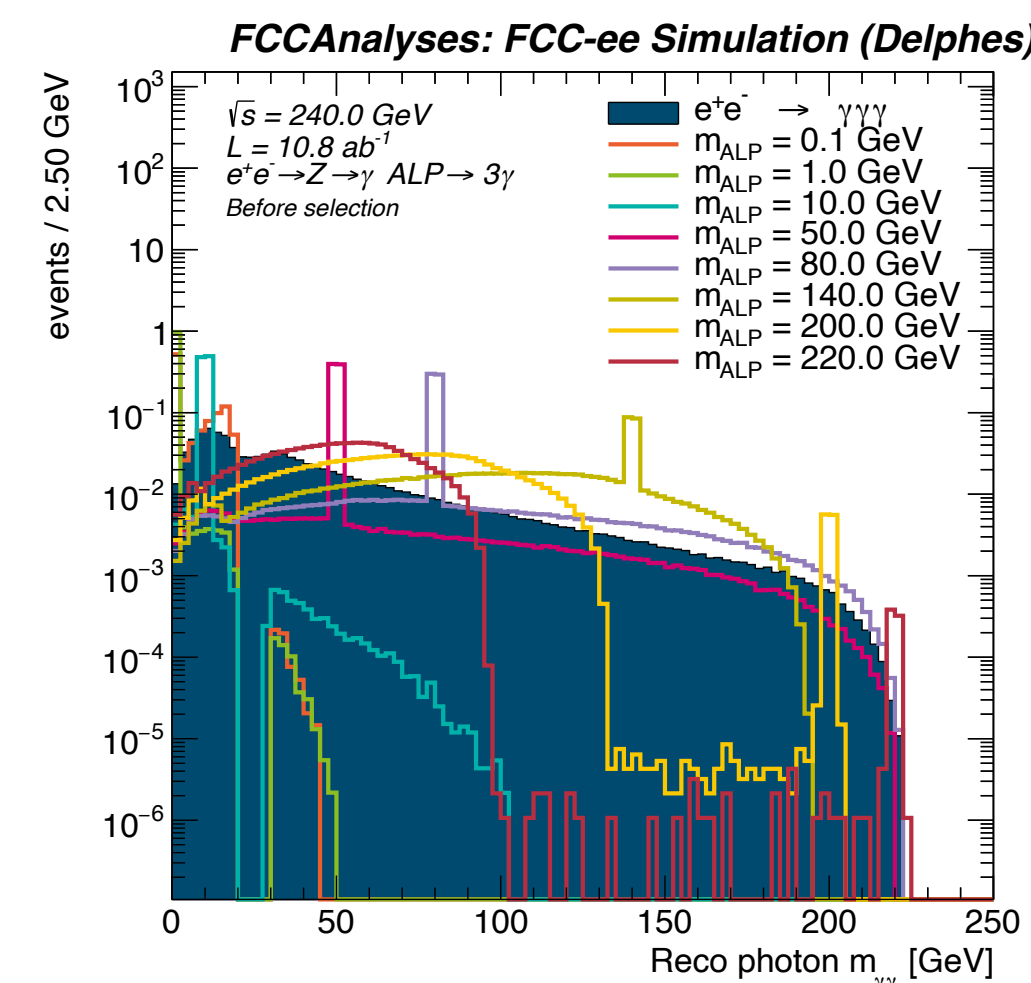
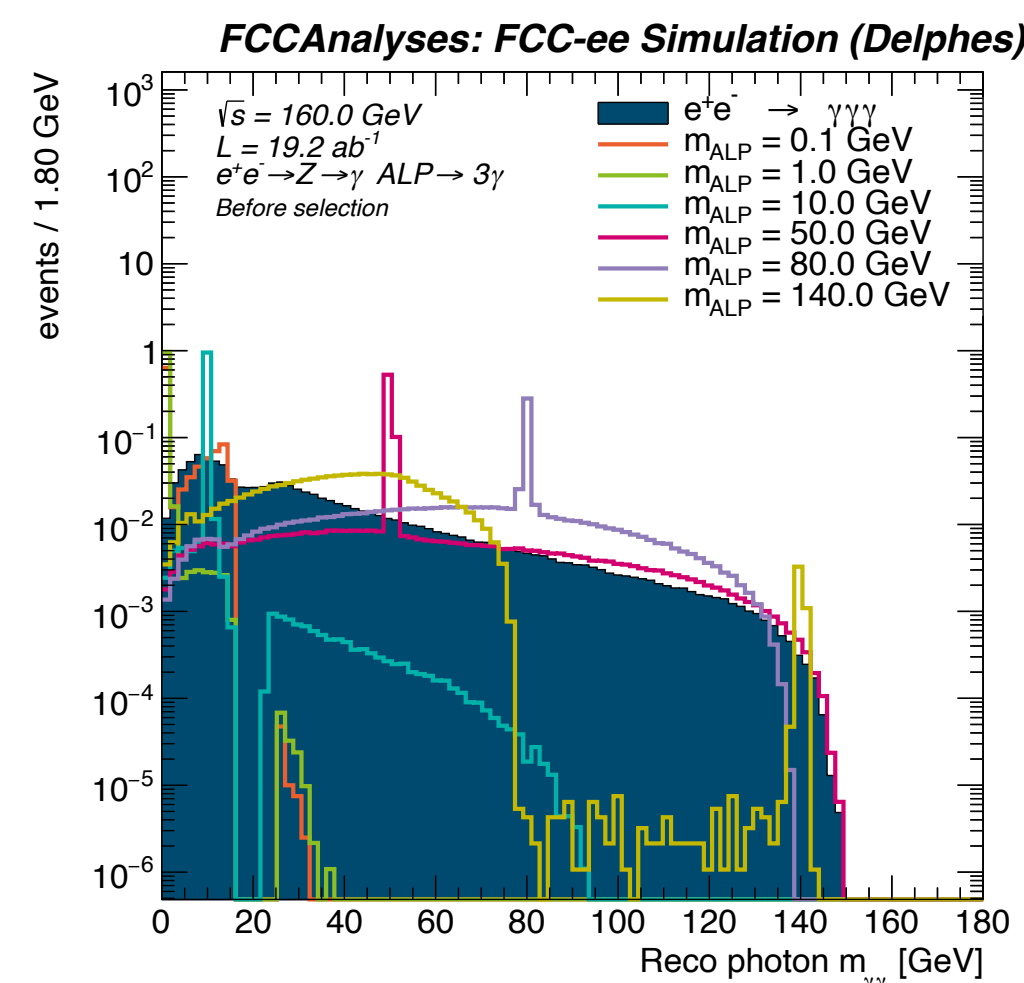
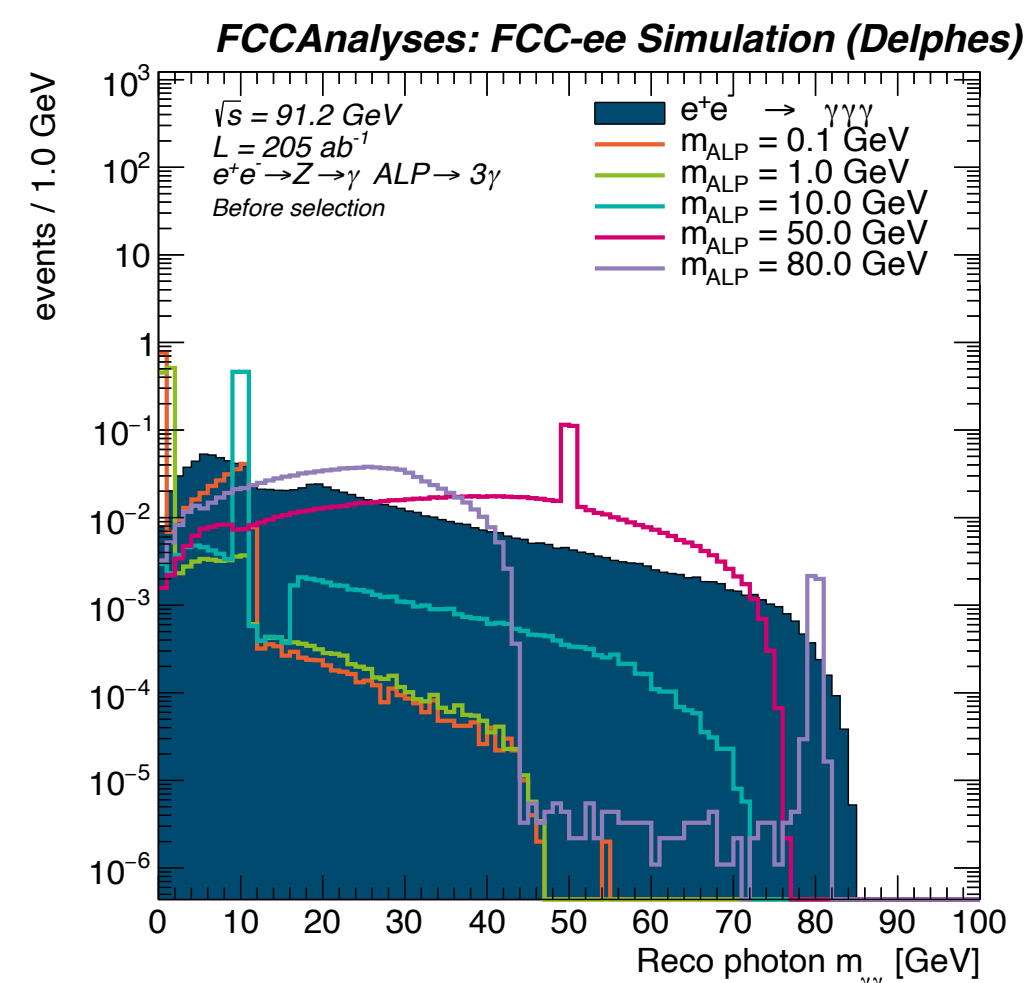
Reconstructed ALP mass — before selection

- As m_{ALP} increases, ALP less likely to be reconstructed at correct mass

Reco photons
matched to Gen
level information



Reco photons
(recoil photon
defined by
leading pT)



Z pole

WW

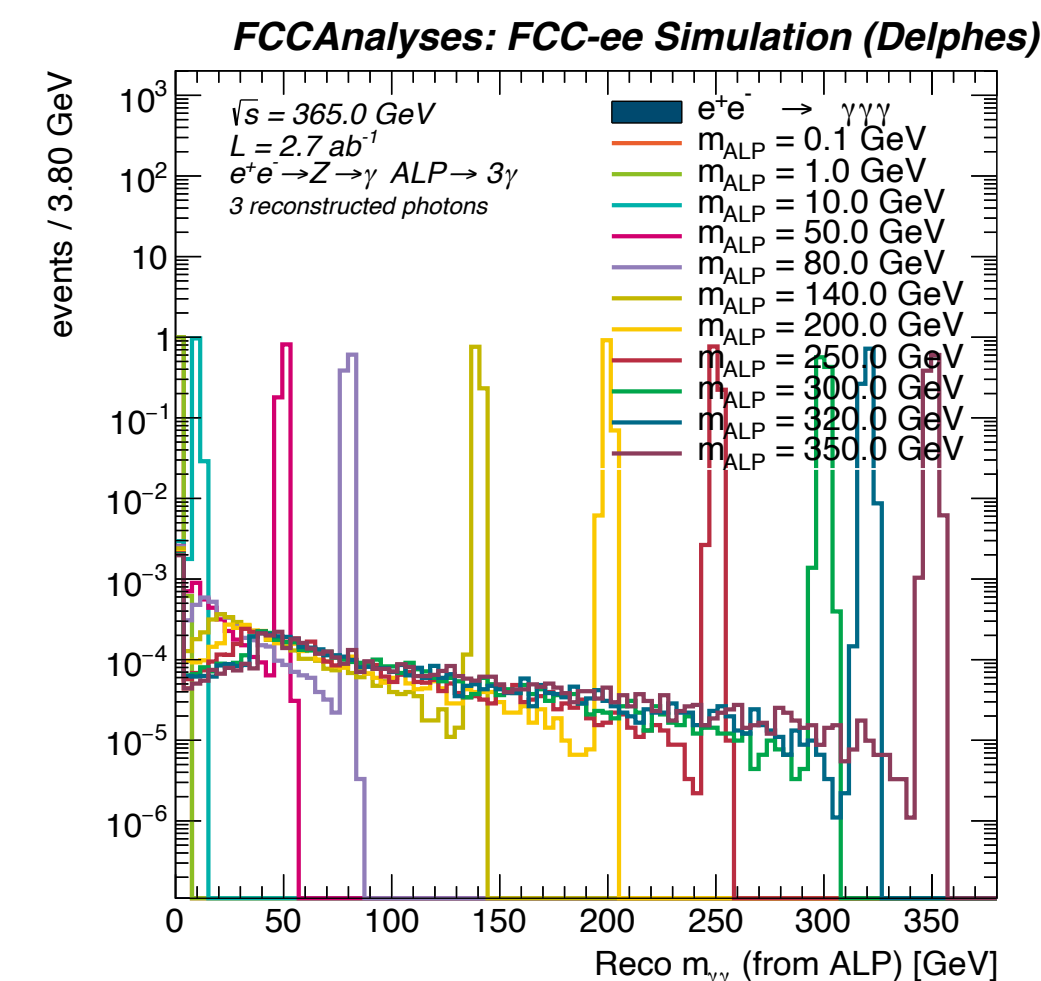
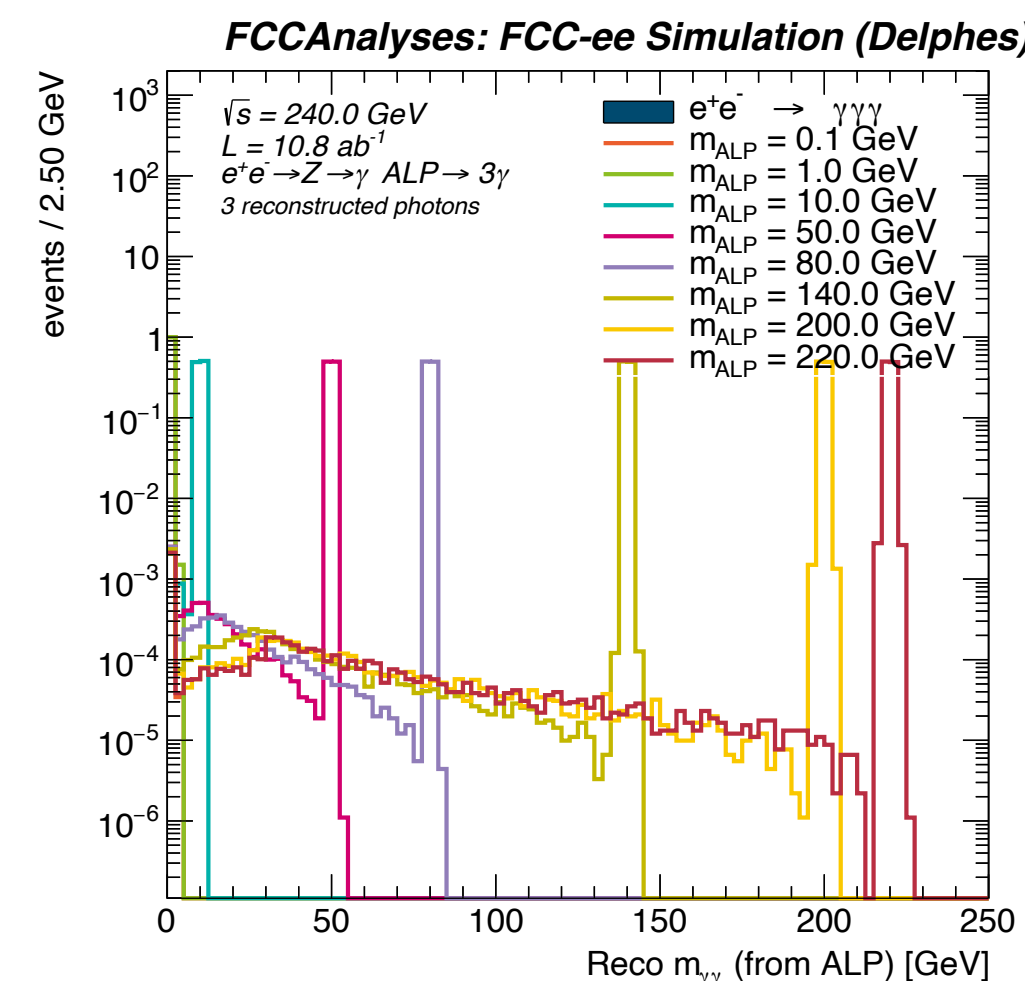
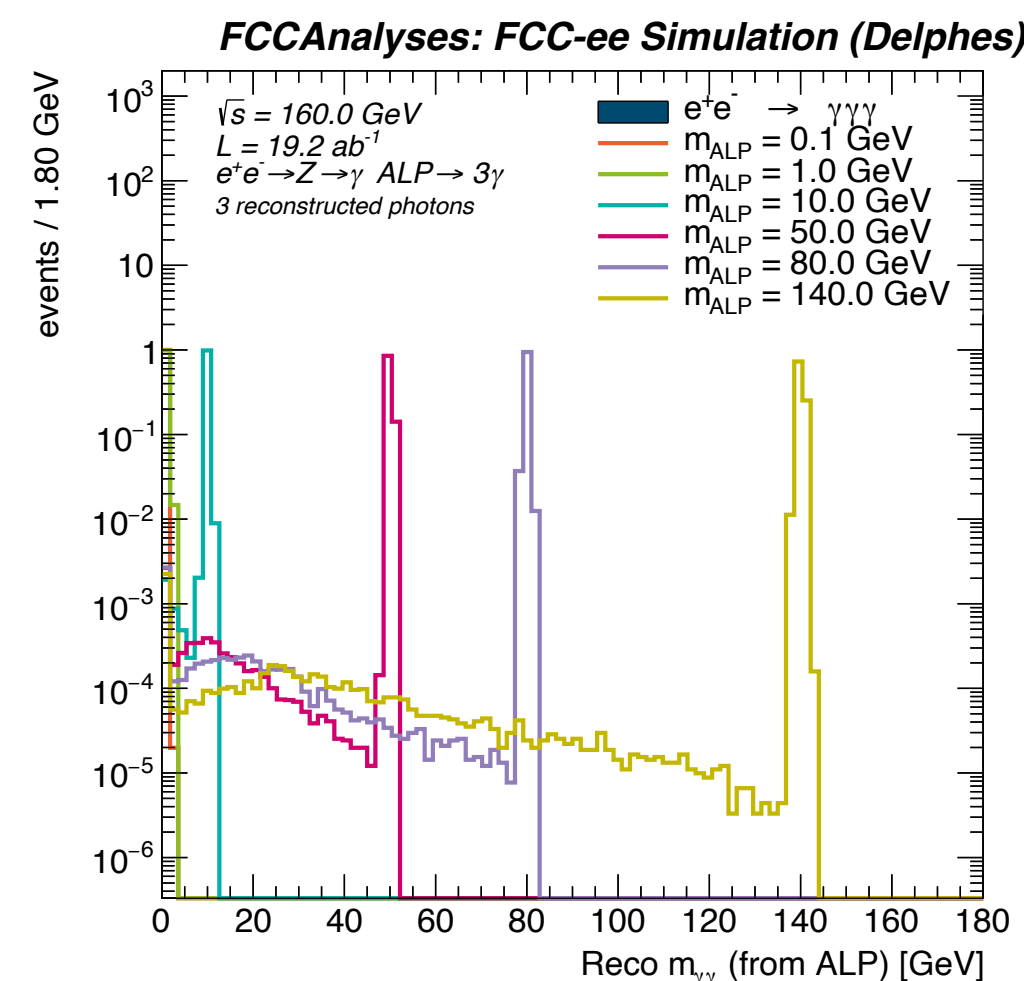
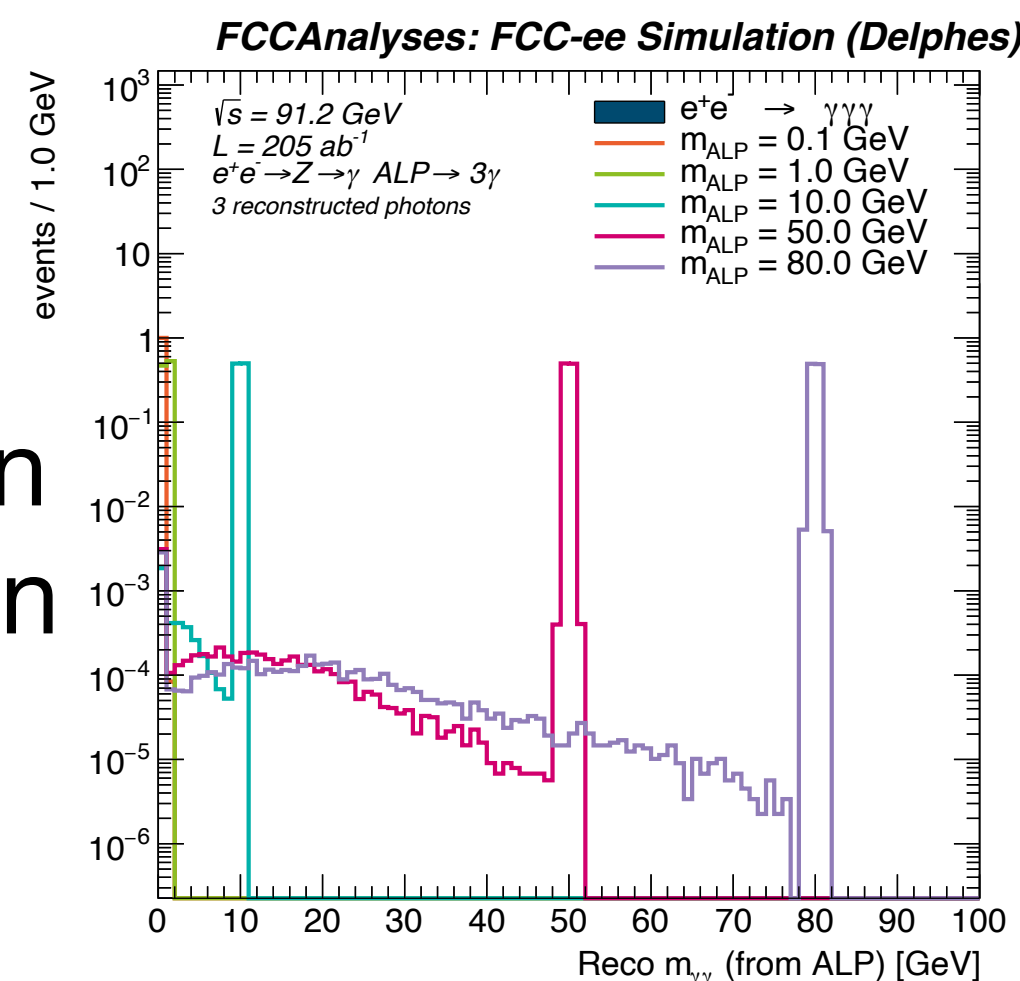
ZH

tt

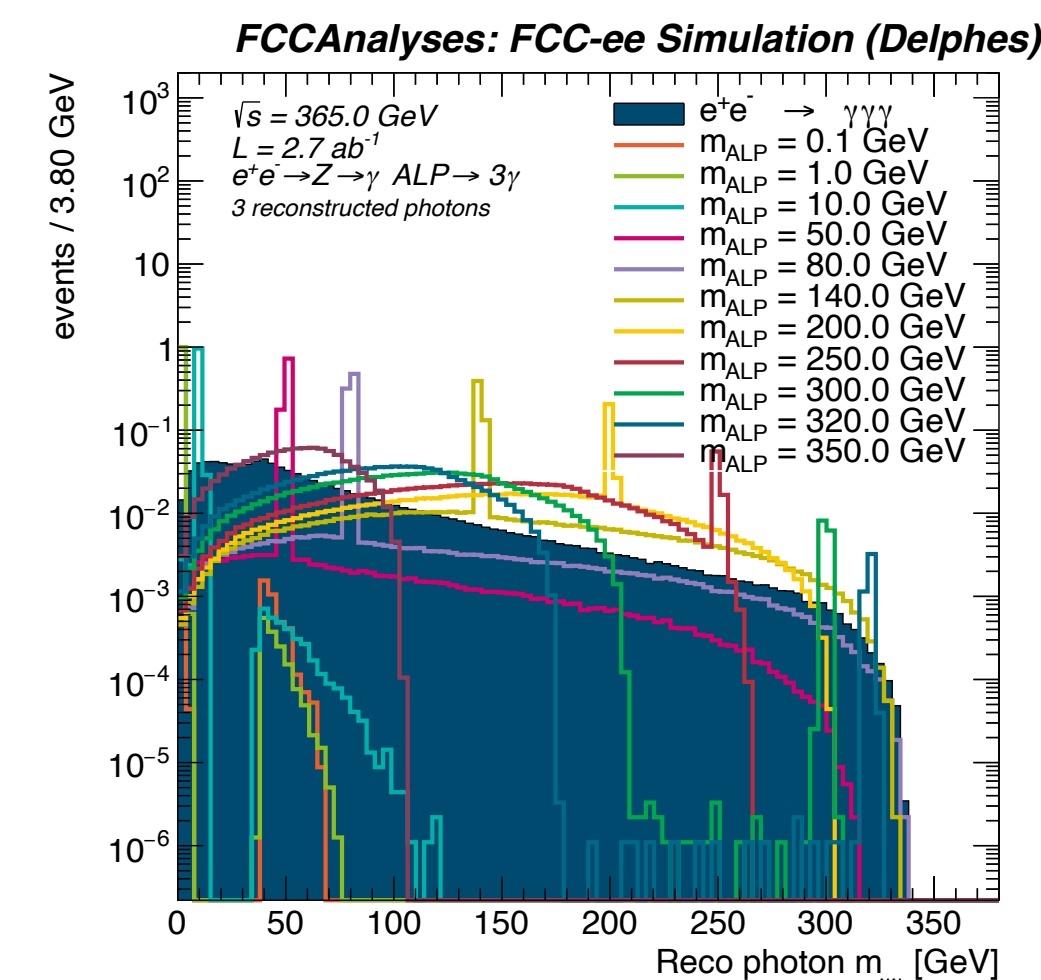
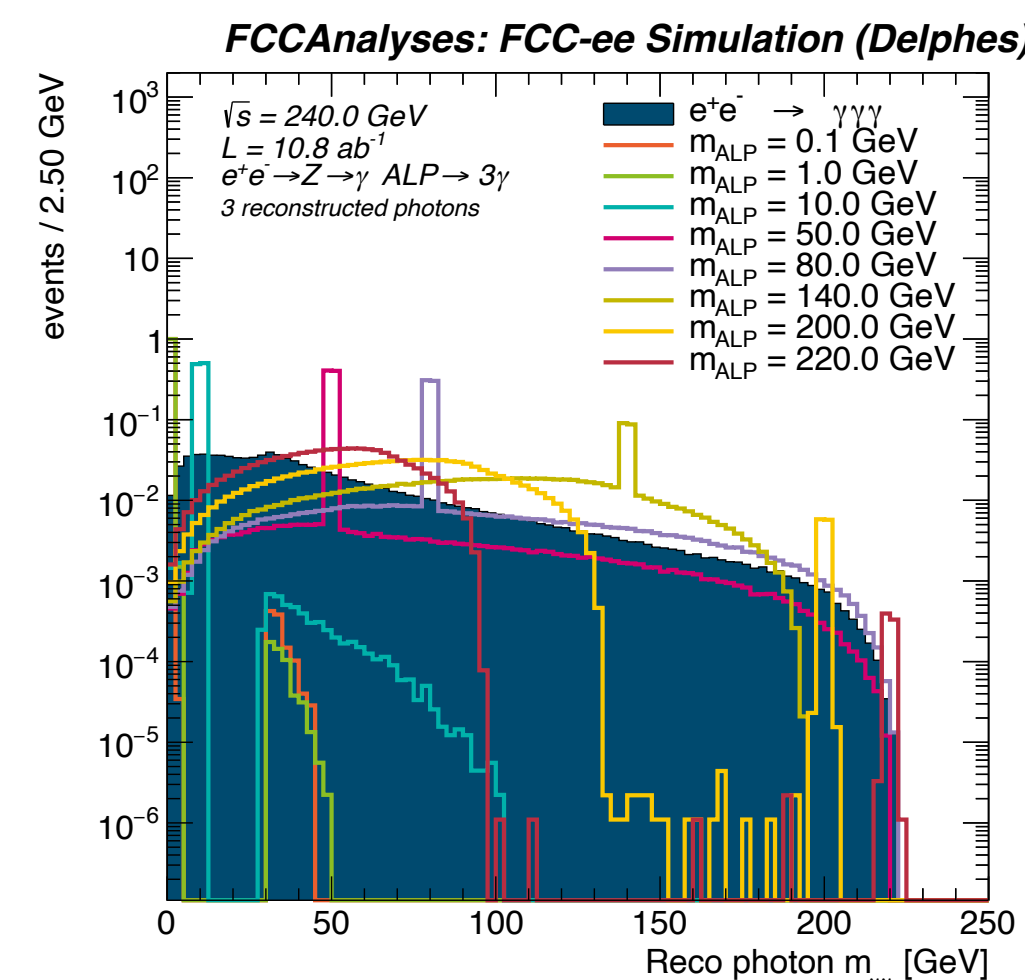
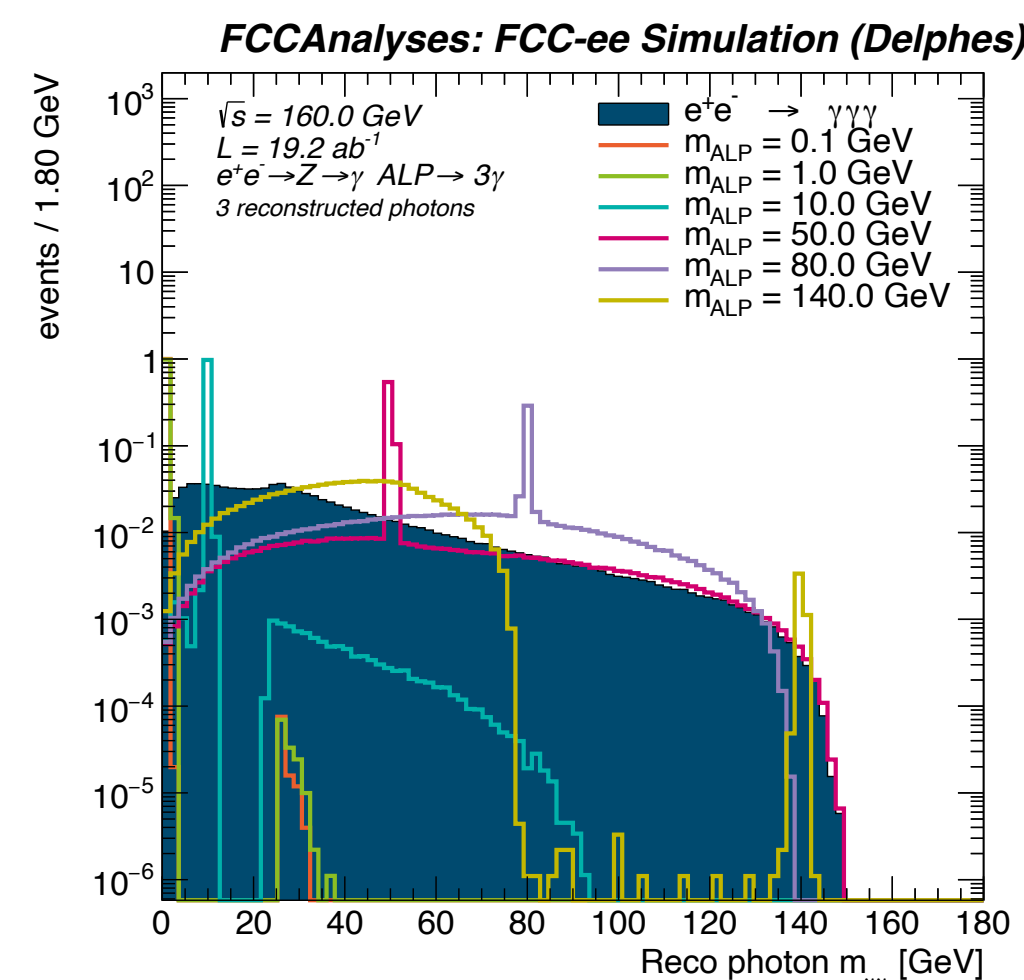
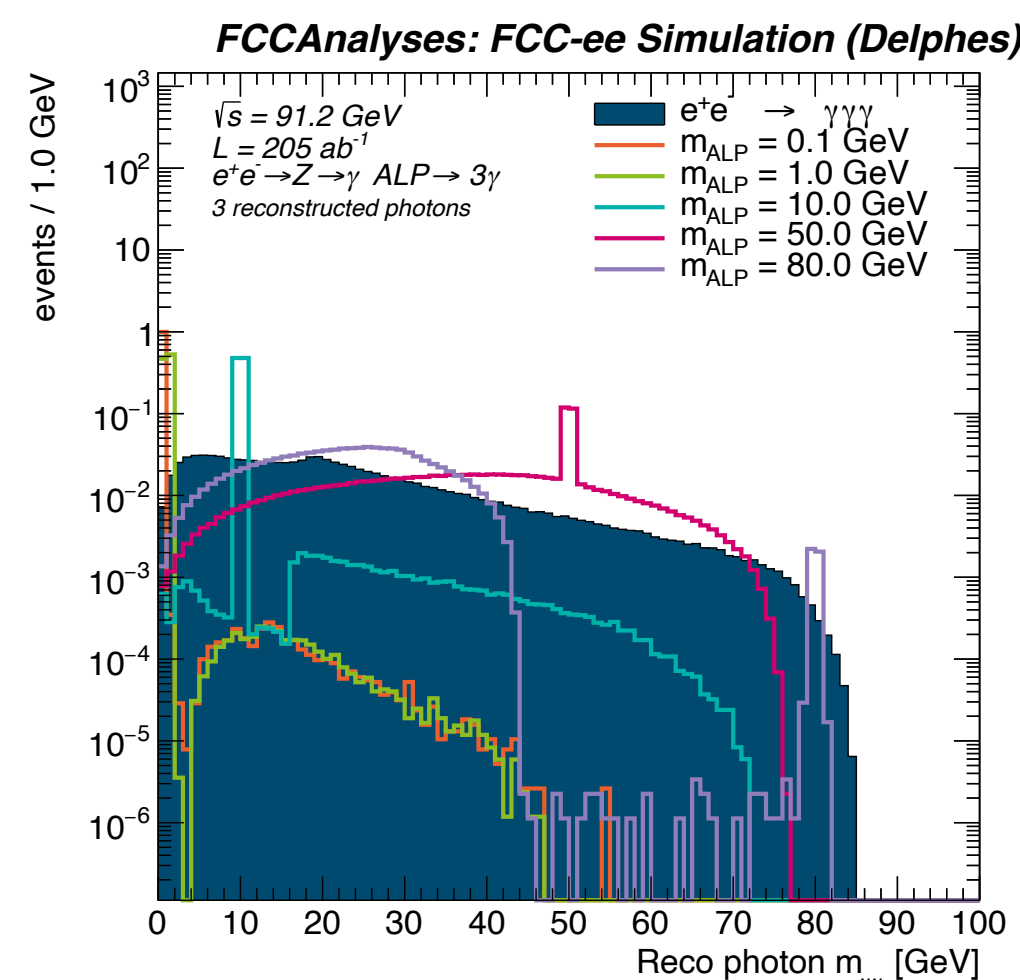
Reconstructed ALP mass — after selection

- As m_{ALP} increases, ALP **still** less likely to be reconstructed at correct mass

Reco photons
matched to Gen
level information



Reco photons
(recoil photon
defined by
leading pT)



Z pole

WW

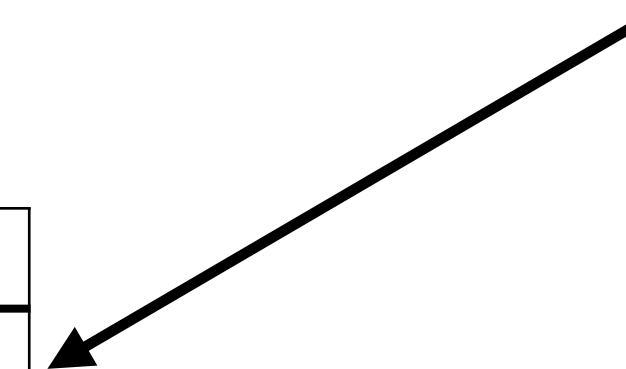
ZH

tt

Mass efficiencies

$$\frac{\text{number of events in mALP reco peak}}{\text{number of events in mALP recoALP peak}}$$

zpole	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV
Before selection	0,504	0,862	0,856	0,278	0,004
Exactly 3 photons	0,998	0,997	0,961	0,295	0,004



Recoil photon:
leading pT photon
Selection:
exactly 3 photons

ww	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV	m_ALP = 140 GeV
Before selection	0,372	0,924	0,929	0,648	0,354	0,004
Exactly 3 photons	0,999	0,999	0,989	0,677	0,364	0,005

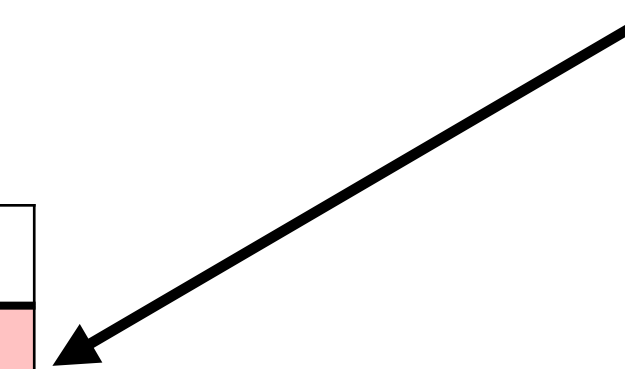
zh	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV	m_ALP = 140 GeV	m_ALP = 200 GeV	m_ALP = 220 GeV
Before selection	0,275	0,924	0,944	0,8	0,613	0,199	0,011	0,0007
Exactly 3 photons	0,999	0,999	0,995	0,825	0,631	0,205	0,012	0,0007

tt	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV	m_ALP = 140 GeV	m_ALP = 200 GeV	m_ALP = 320 GeV
Before selection	0,195	0,869	0,955	0,884	0,776	0,53	0,267	0,058
Exactly 3 photons	0,997	0,999	0,997	0,911	0,799	0,546	0,275	0,013

Mass efficiencies

$$\frac{\text{number of events in mALP reco peak}}{\text{number of events in mALP recoALP peak}}$$

zpole	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV
Before selection	0,504	0,862	0,856	0,278	0,004
Exactly 3 photons	0,998	0,997	0,961	0,295	0,004



Recoil photon:
leading pT photon
Selection:
exactly 3 photons

ww	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV	m_ALP = 140 GeV
Before selection	0,372	0,924	0,929	0,648	0,354	0,004
Exactly 3 photons	0,999	0,999	0,989	0,677	0,364	0,005

zh	m_ALP = 0.1 GeV	m_ALP = 1.0 GeV	m_ALP = 10 GeV	m_ALP = 50 GeV	m_ALP = 80 GeV	m_ALP = 140 GeV	m_ALP = 200 GeV	m_ALP = 220 GeV
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Before selection	0,195	0,869	0,955	0,884	0,776	0,53	0,267	0,058
Exactly 3 photons	0,997	0,999	0,997	0,911	0,799	0,546	0,275	0,013

Conclusion: this definition/selection does well for lower ALP masses (only after selection for 0.1 GeV), but begins deteriorating relatively quickly...

Next steps?

- We could come up with additional cuts for the current analysis
- Another option is to redefine the recoil photon, I would like to introduce:

$$\text{delta_e} = \frac{E_{CM}^2 - m_a^2}{2E_{CM}} - E_r = \frac{E_{CM}^2 - m_{\gamma_1\gamma_2}^2}{2E_{CM}} - E_{\gamma_3}$$

- Iterate over all γ combinations and define the recoil photon as the configuration with minimum delta_e (**work in progress**)
- Introduce categories (for example, include a 2 photon final state — this would require generating background but should be relatively easy overall)

Backup – Introduction

Leading interactions of ALP to SM particles are described by:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\partial_\mu a \right) (\partial^\mu a) - \frac{m_a^2}{2} a^2 + \sum_f \frac{c_{ff}}{2} \frac{\partial^\mu a}{\Lambda} \bar{f} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 f + g_s^2 C_{GG} \frac{a}{\Lambda} G_{\mu\nu}^A \tilde{G}^{\mu\nu,A} + g^2 C_{WW} \frac{a}{\Lambda} W_{\mu\nu}^A \tilde{W}^{\mu\nu,A} + g'^2 C_{BB} \frac{a}{\Lambda} B_{\mu\nu} \tilde{B}^{\mu\nu}$$

ALP coupling to photon and Z is described by:

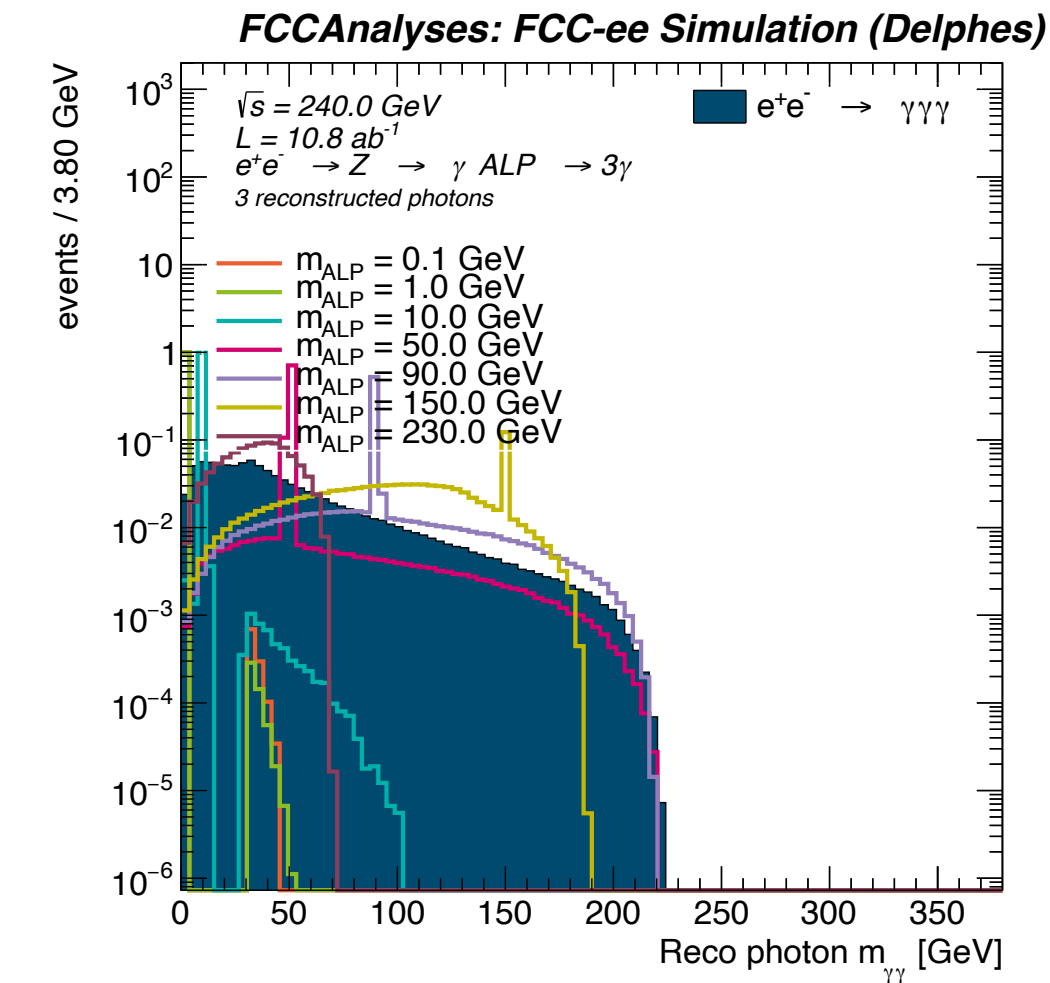
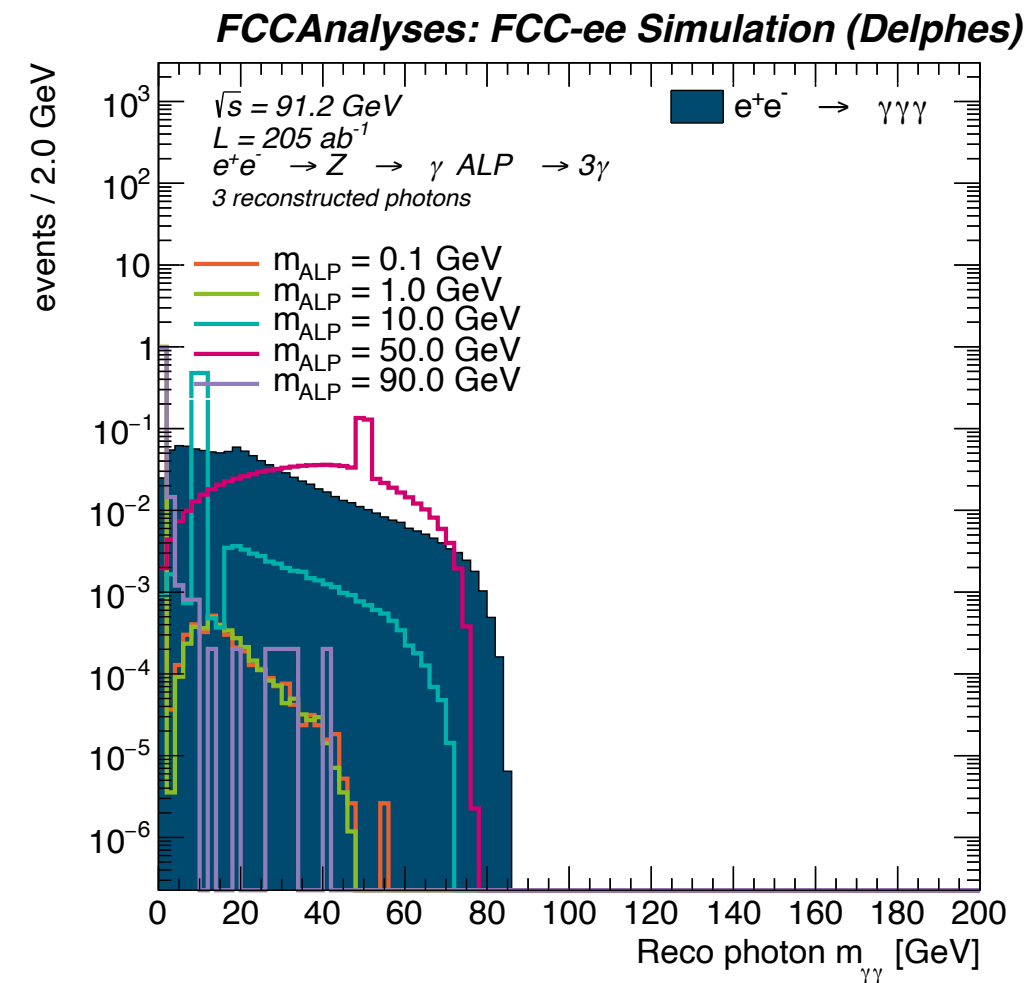
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} \ni e^2 C_{\gamma\gamma} \frac{a}{\Lambda} F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} + \frac{2e^2}{s_w c_w} C_{\gamma Z} \frac{a}{\Lambda} F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{Z}^{\mu\nu} + \frac{e^2}{s_w^2 c_w^2} C_{ZZ} \frac{a}{\Lambda} Z_{\mu\nu} \tilde{Z}^{\mu\nu}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_{\gamma\gamma} &= C_{WW} + C_{BB} \\ C_{\gamma Z} &= c_w^2 C_{WW} - s_w^2 C_{BB} \\ C_{ZZ} &= c_w^4 C_{WW} + s_w^4 C_{BB} \end{aligned} \quad \xrightarrow{C_{WW} = 0} \quad C_{\gamma Z} = -s_w^2 C_{\gamma\gamma}$$

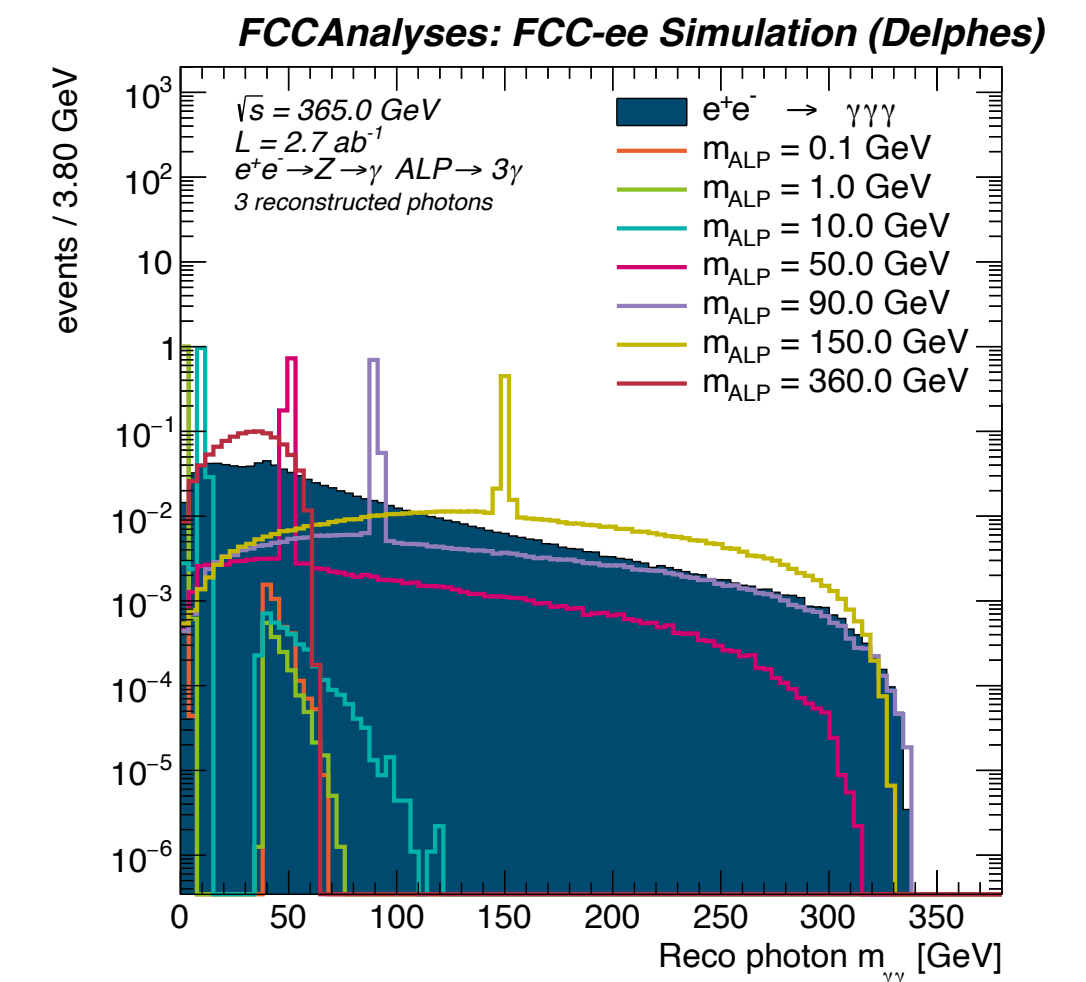
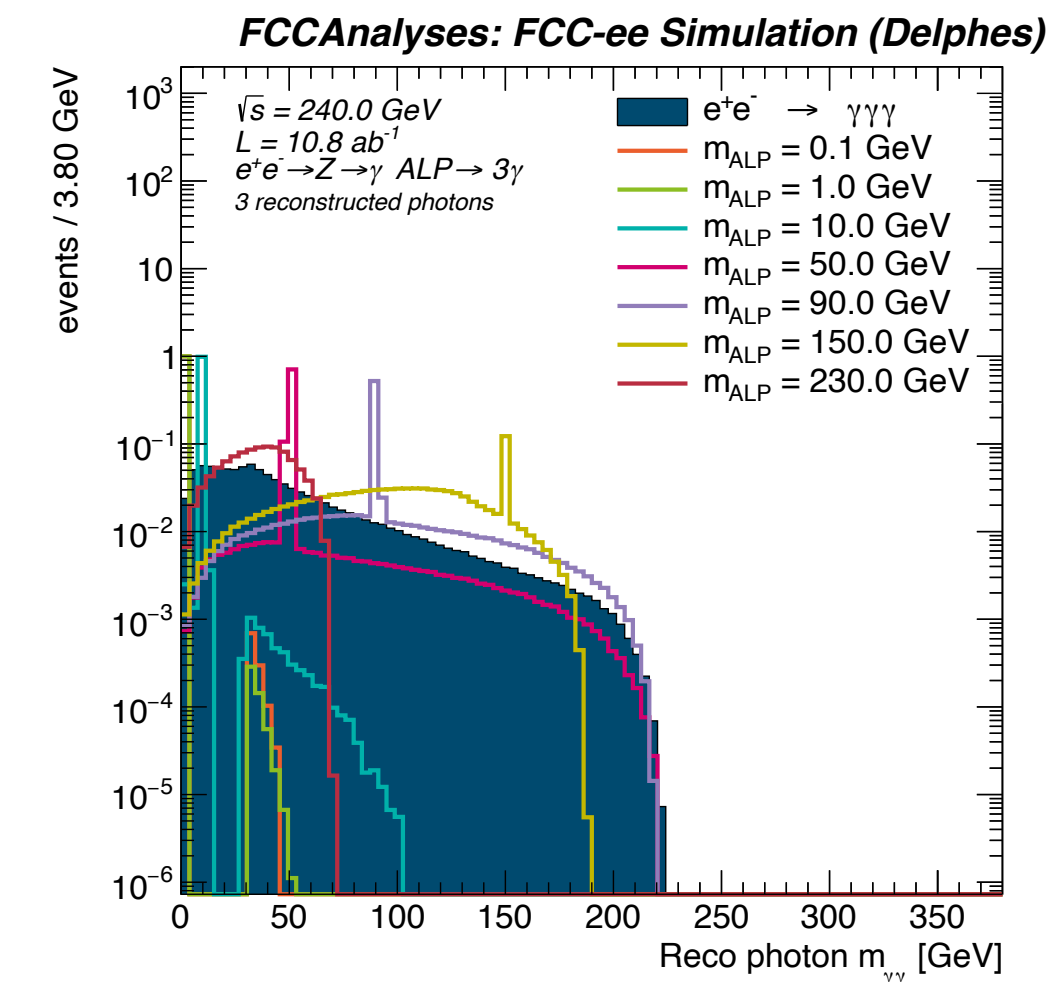
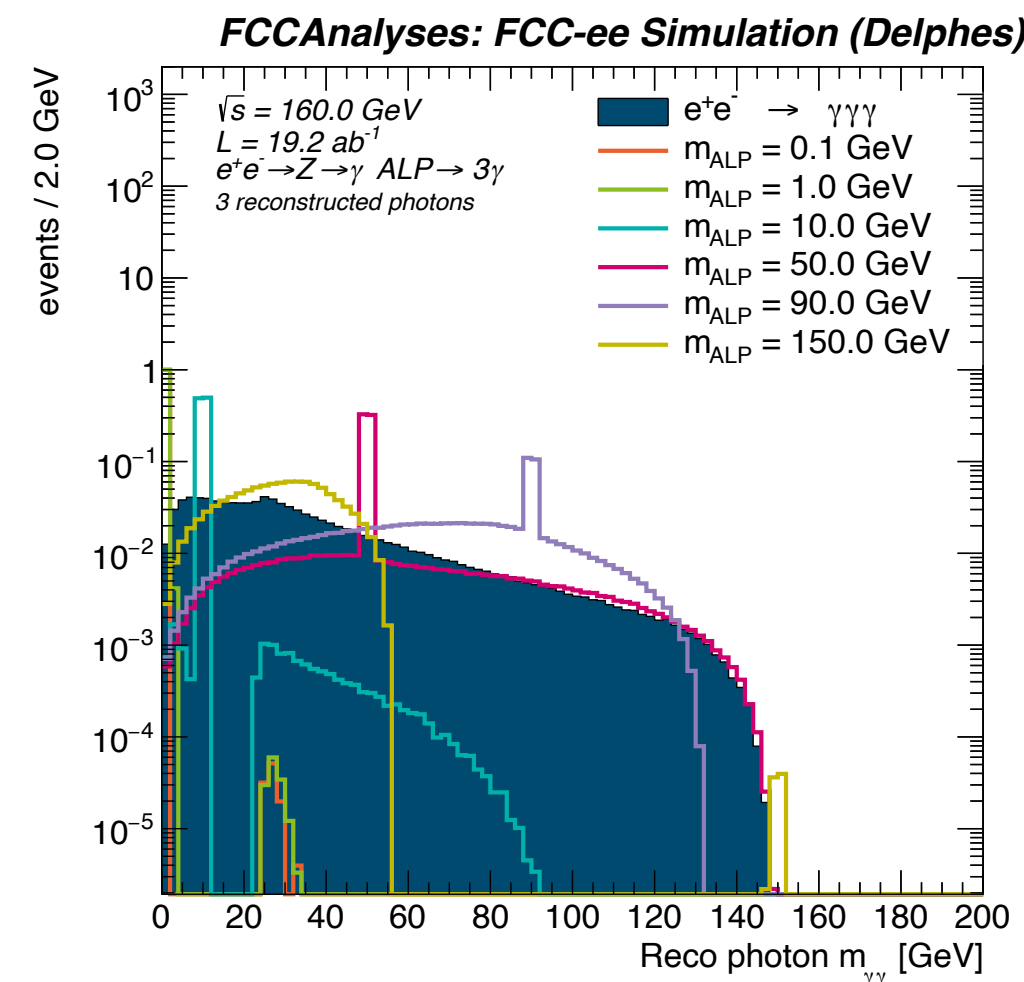
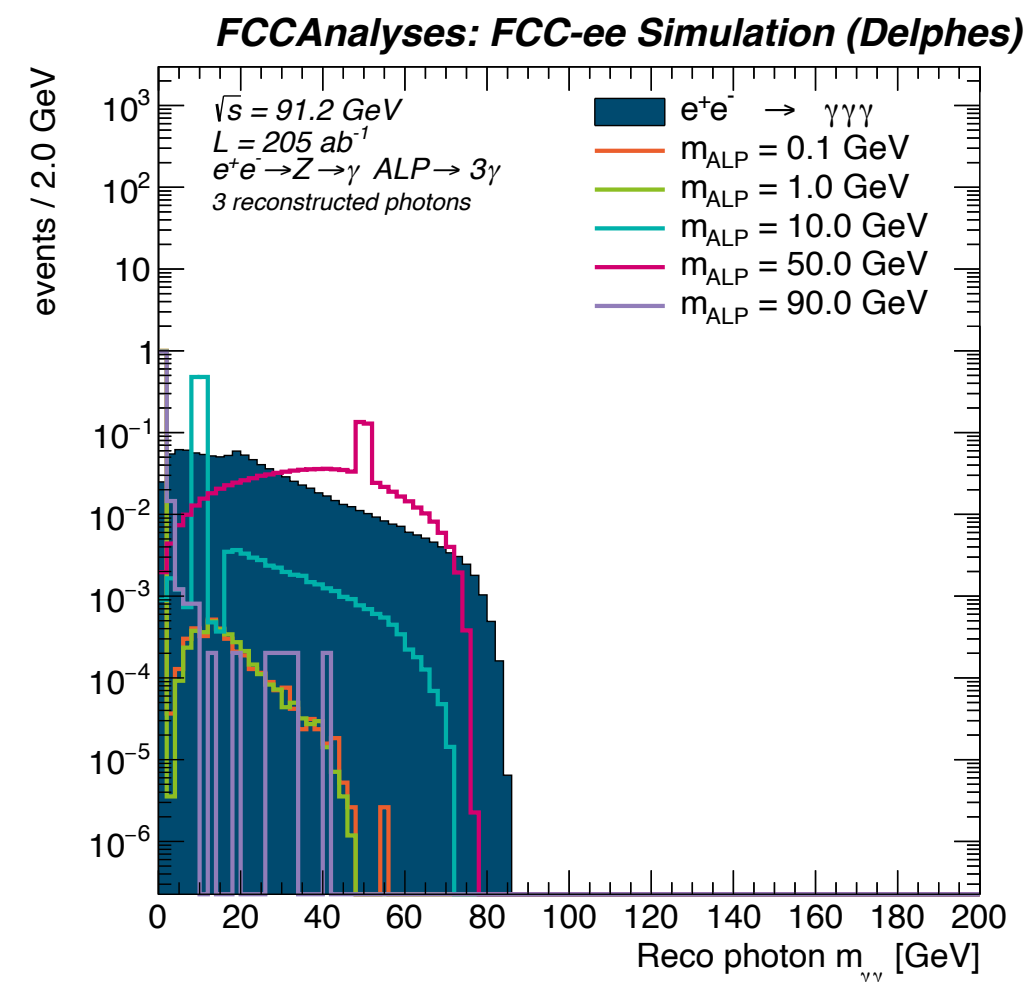
Backup — Reproduced results

- Everything matches!

Christina's
results



My results



Z pole

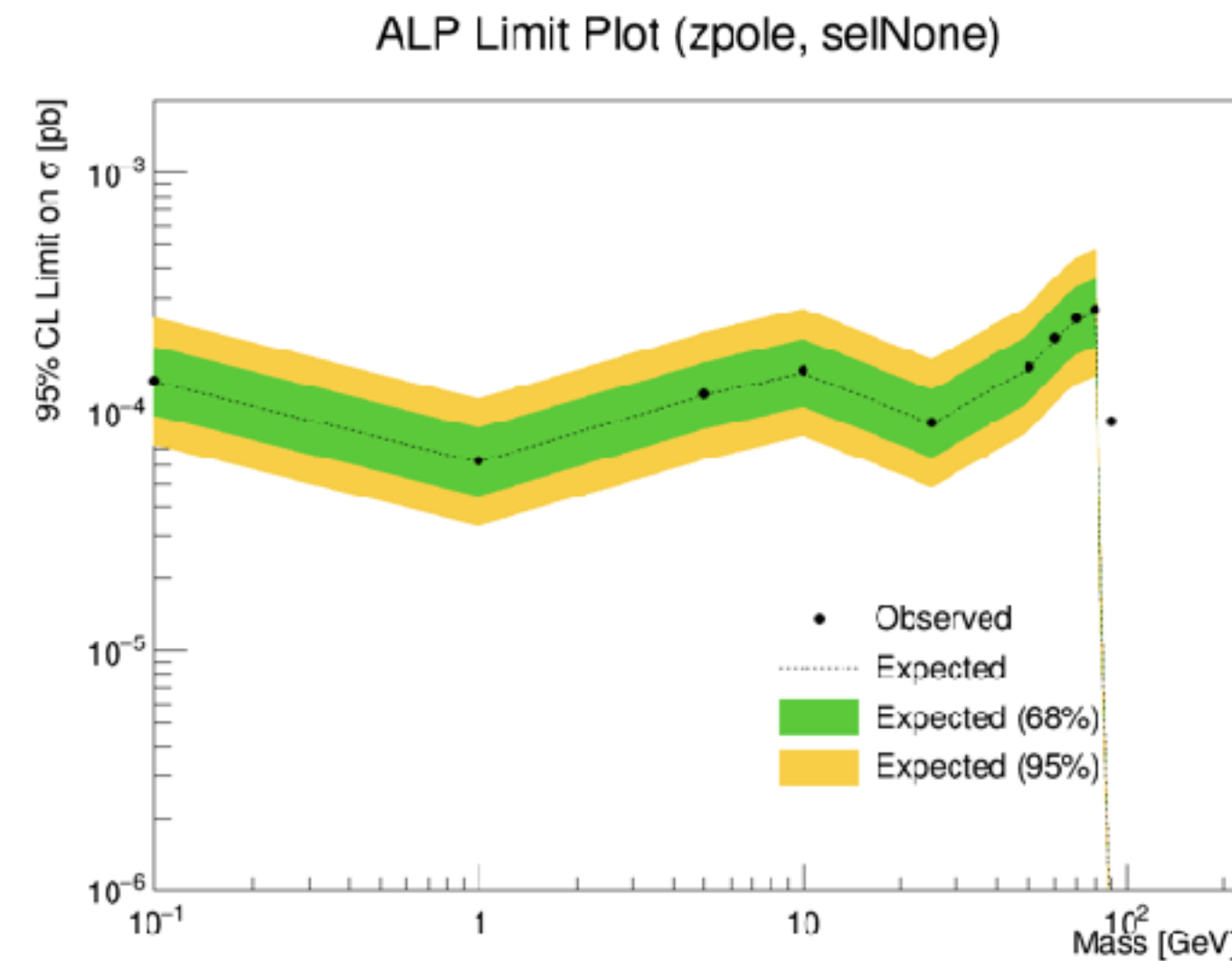
WW

ZH

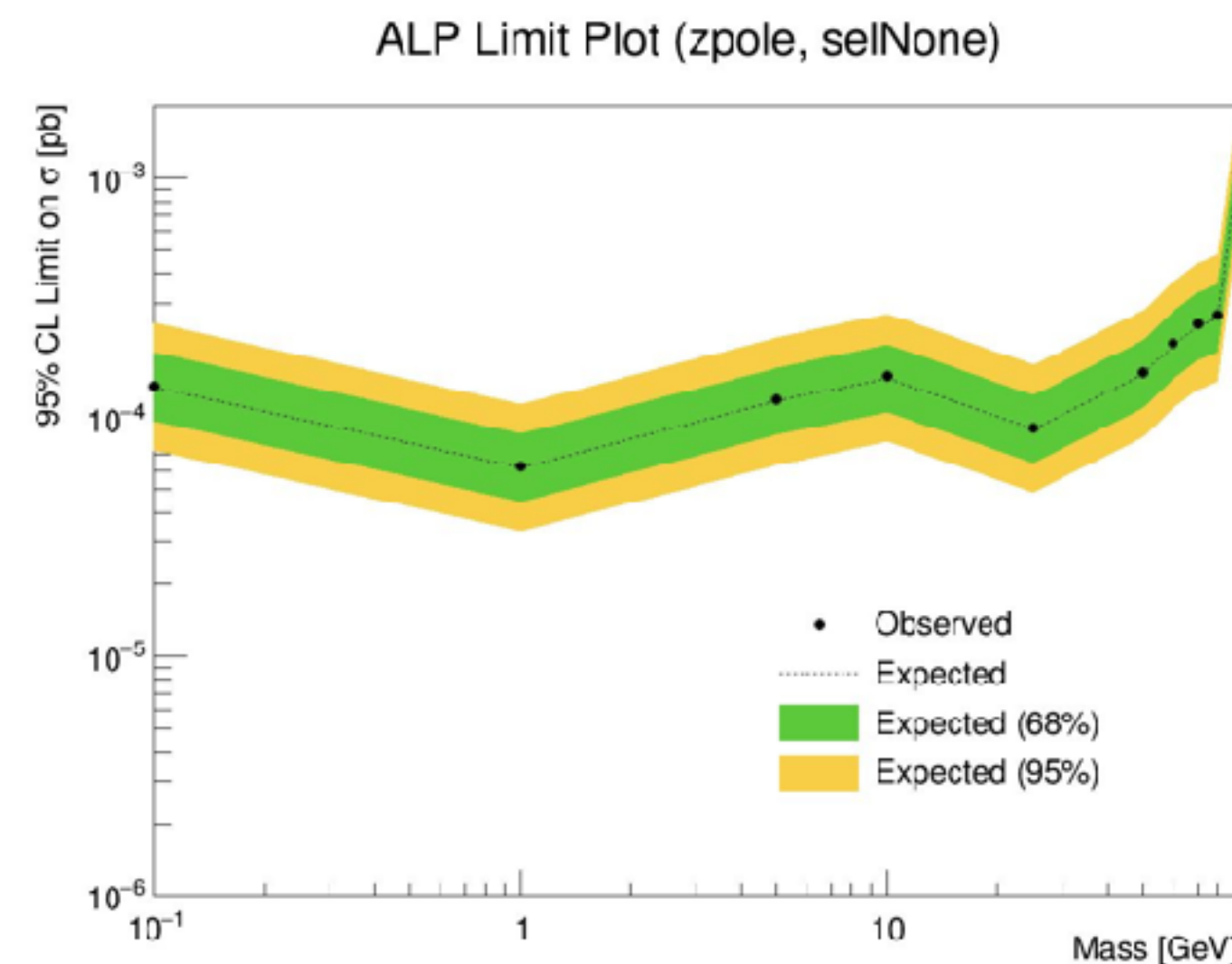
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Backup — Reproduced results (cont.)

Christina's
results



My results



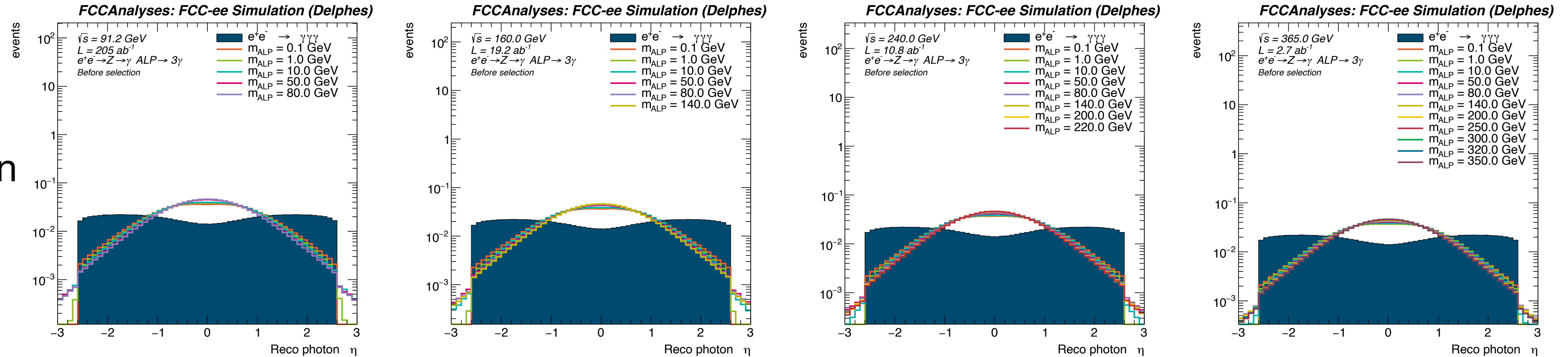
Z pole

- Limit results are (essentially) the same!
- Combine runs into numerical errors at ALP masses near center-of-mass energy, this is fixed in current script

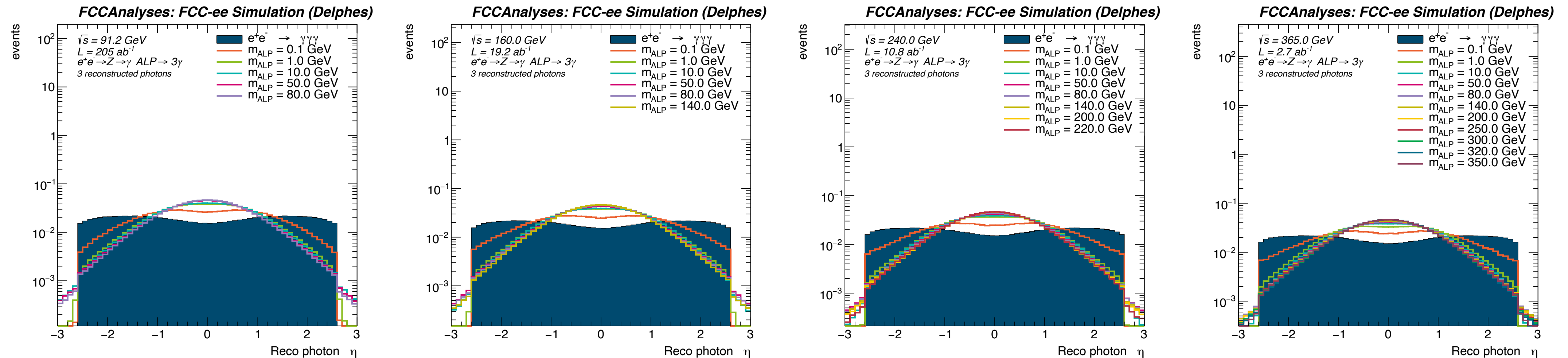
Backup — Recoil photon η

- In principle we could cut here, but it probably wouldn't be super helpful

Before selection



After selection



Z pole

WW

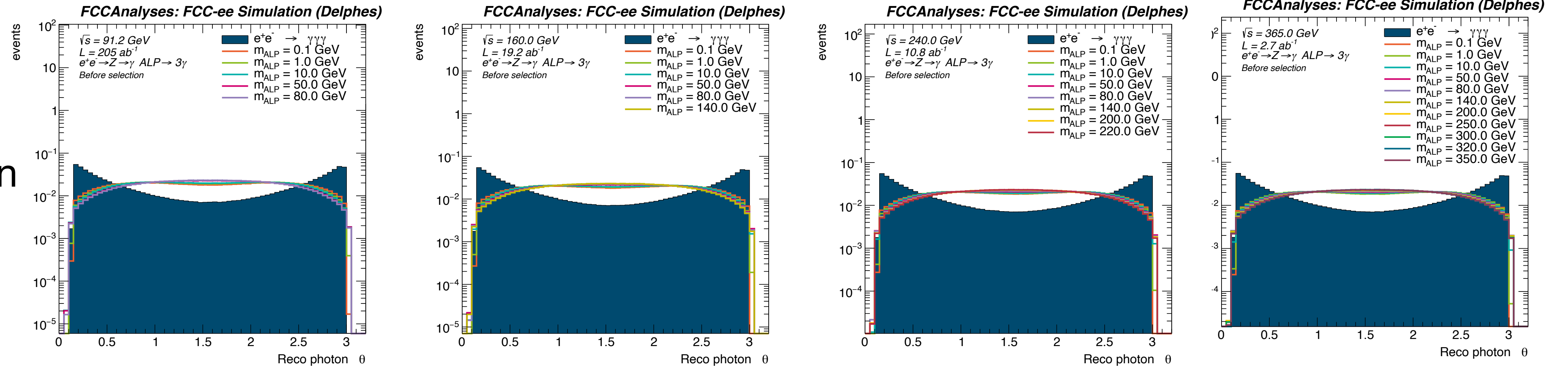
ZH

tt

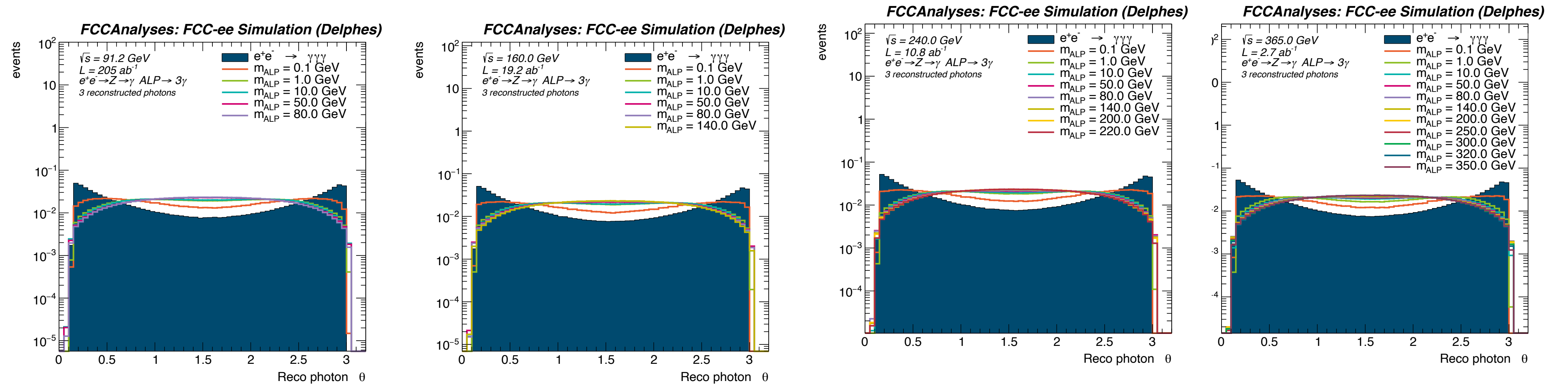
Backup — Recoil photon θ

- In principle we could cut here, but it probably wouldn't be super helpful

Before selection



After selection



Z pole

WW

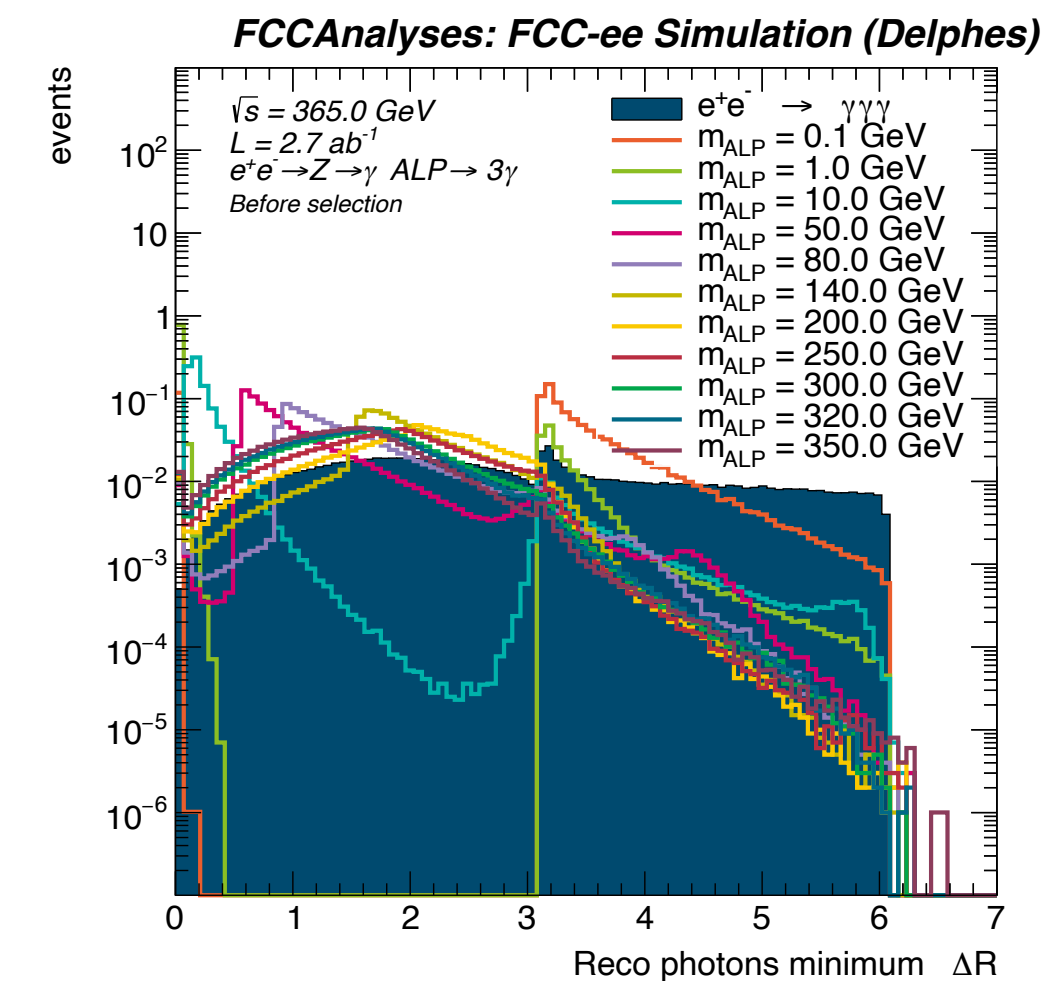
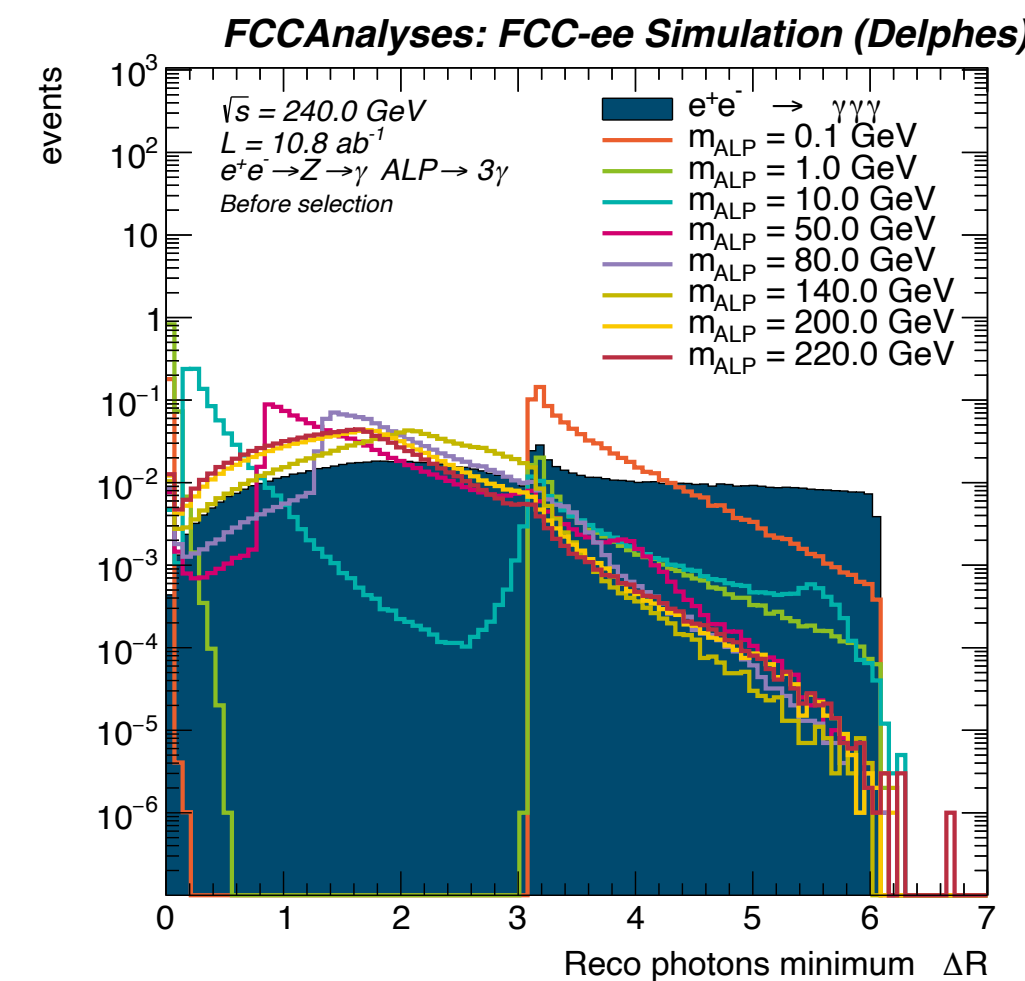
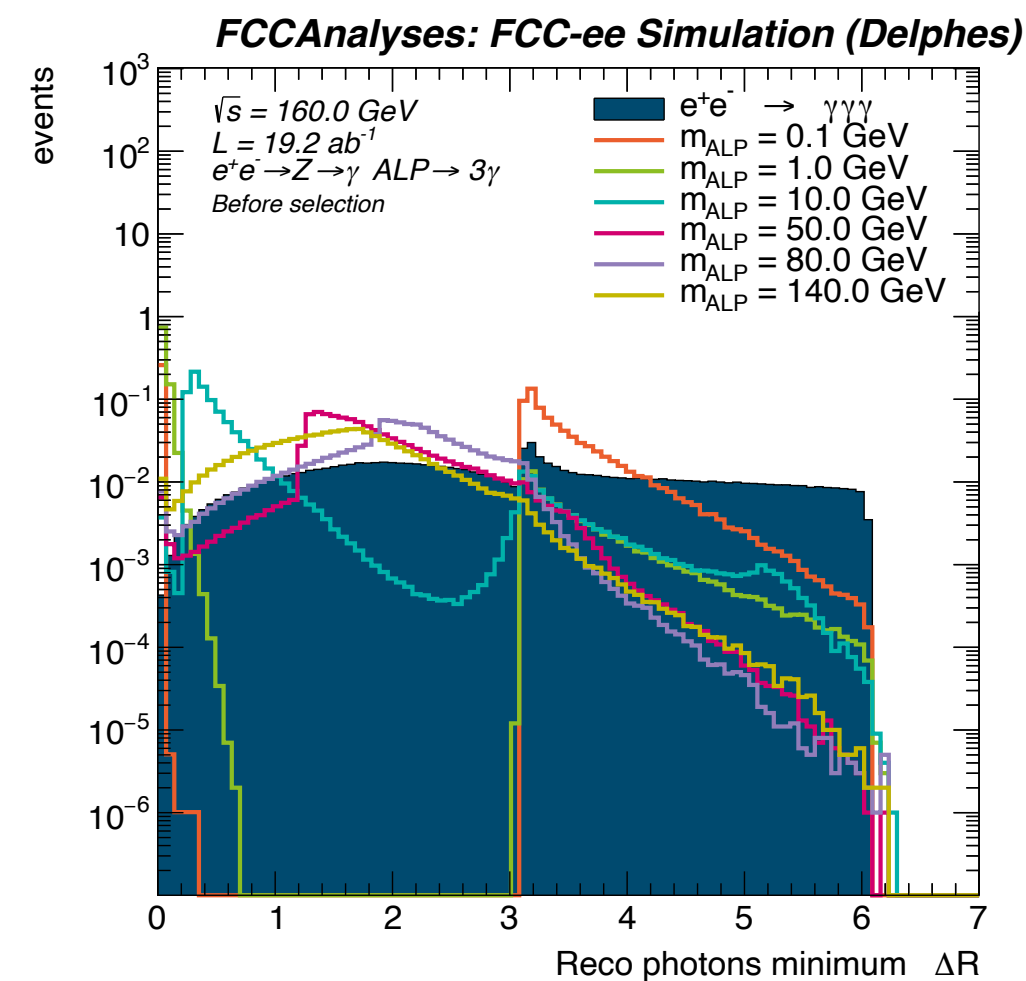
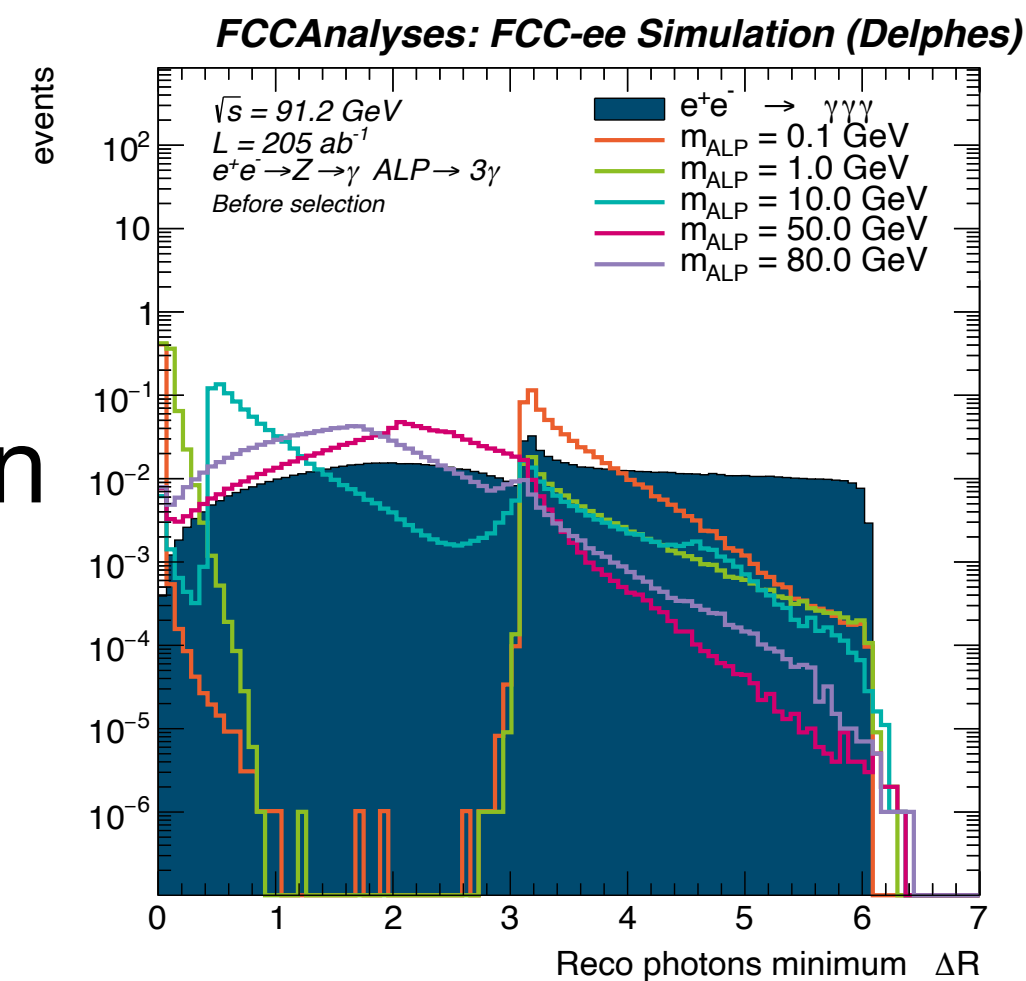
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tt

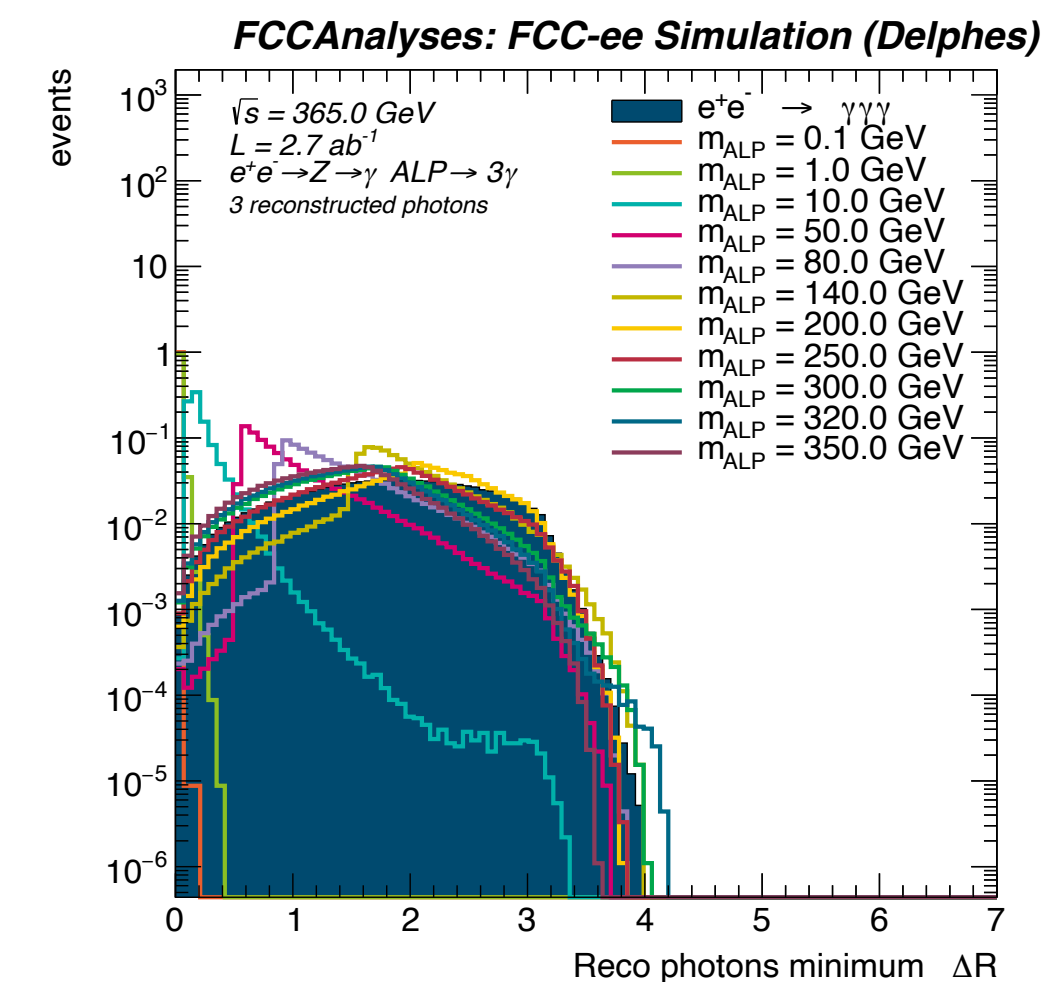
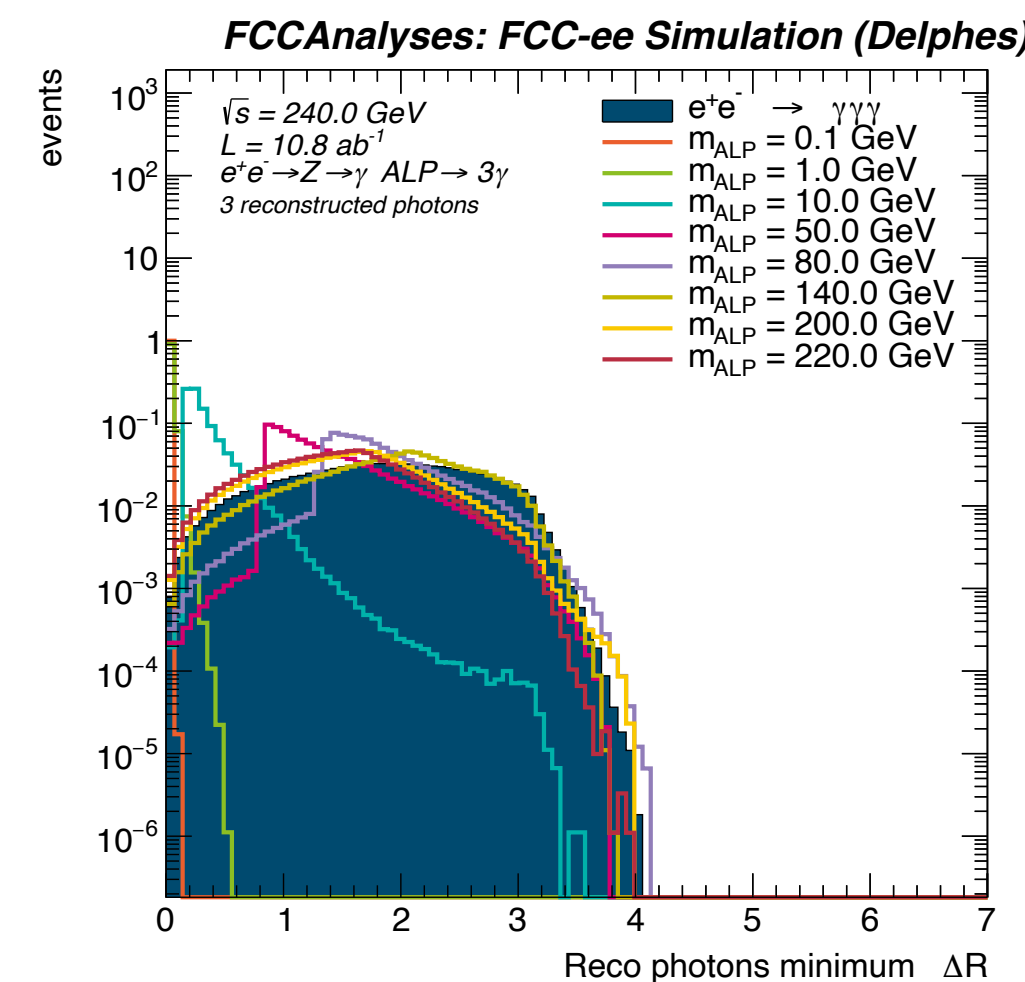
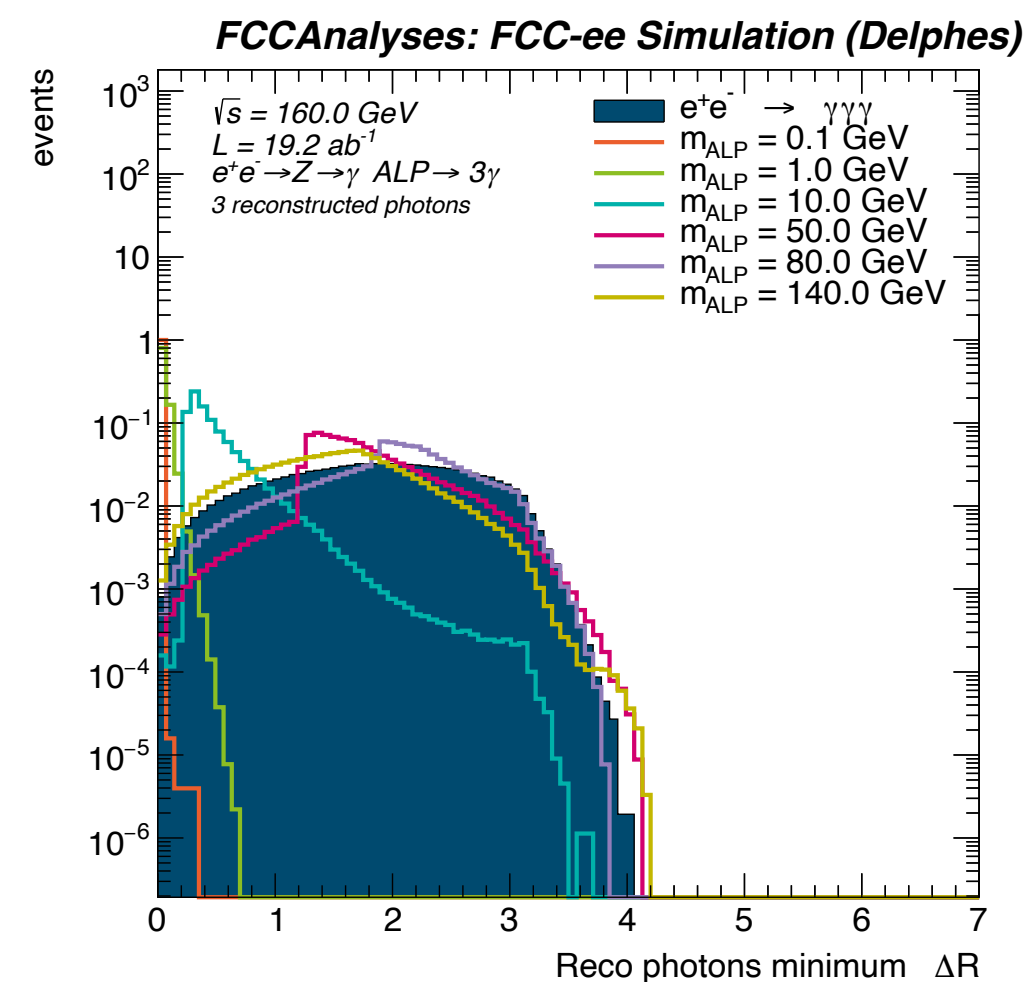
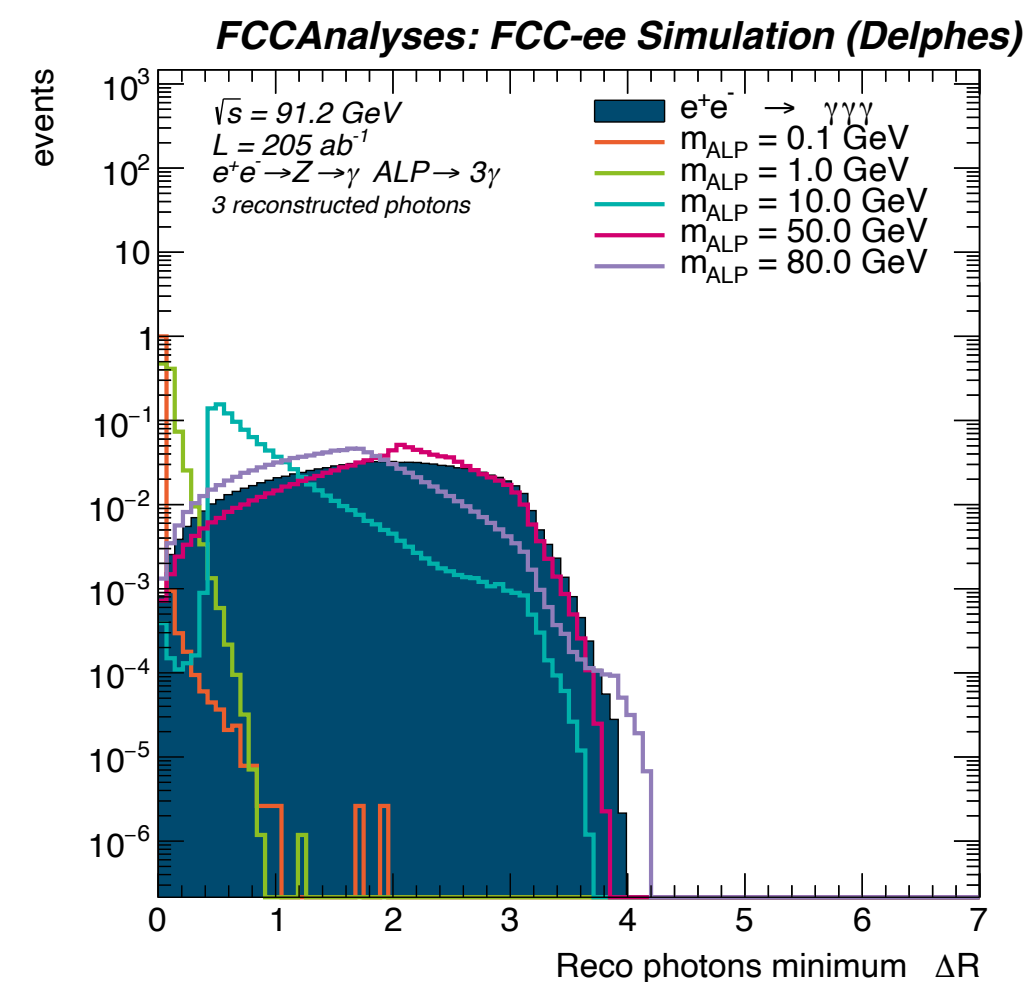
Backup — Minimum ΔR

Iterates over all photon combinations and finds the minimum ΔR , originally there was an idea to define the ALP photons from this but it did not work

Before selection



After selection



Z pole

WW

ZH

tt