

## XFEL MPS

## Machine Protection System For European XFEL



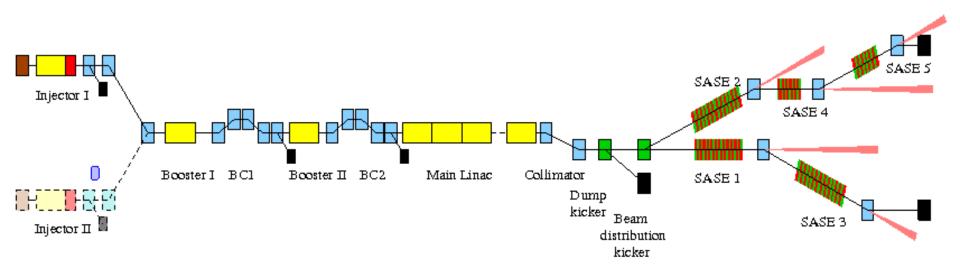


## **XFEL** Requirements for the Machine protection System

- Protect accelerator components from damage
- Facilitate easy handling of machine
- Impair machine operation only if necessary
- Limit activation of accelerator components to preserve functionality and maintainability
- Beam time will be high in demand, the goal should be to limit downtimes to their necessary extent
- MPS should be highly reliable and "user-friendly"
- MPS should be as simple and flexible as possible
- Incorporate good experience from FLASH MPS
- Personal safety is not covered by MPS  $\rightarrow$  separate system







- 2 independent Injectors
- Superconducting Linac with 2 Bunchcompressors
- 3 Electron Paths with Beamdumps
- 5 Photon Beamlines



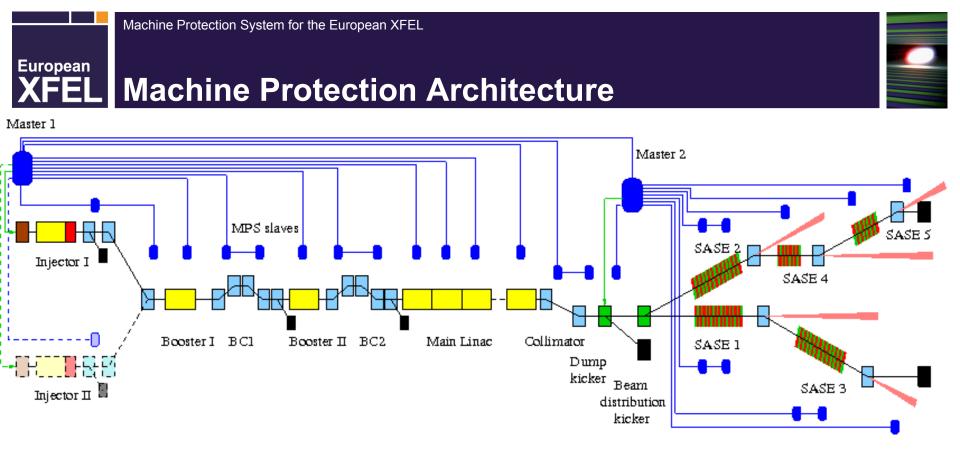
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### **XFEL** Reaction times

Beam loss location	Distance from Injector	Distance from Dump	# of lost bunches
Injector	0 m	-1970 m	0
BC1	160 m	-1810 m	7
BC2	360 m	-1610 m	15
Linac center	1040 m	-930 m	44
Linac End	1650 m	-320 m	69
Beam distribution	2010 m	40 m	2
Last undulator	3010 m	1040 m	44

- ~50 bunches are in the accelerator
- Signal transport time of approximately 20 µs
- ~50 bunches generated before laser is blocked
- Beam distribution kicker used to dump stored beam





- Distributed System with µTCA modules
- MPS Master Modules at Gun and Switchyard
- Optical fiber connections between MPS Modules
- MPS can act on Injector Lasers and Beam Switchyard



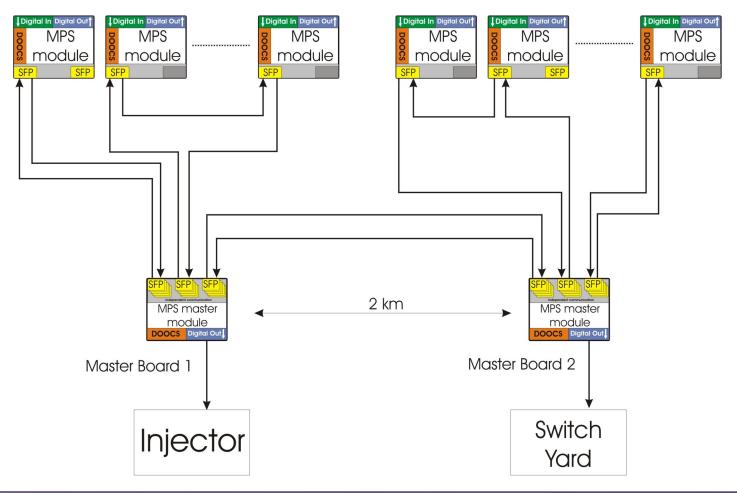
## EuropeanXFELMPS topology

## 0

#### MPS distributed system at XFEL

(schematic mixed (star and daisy chain) topology)

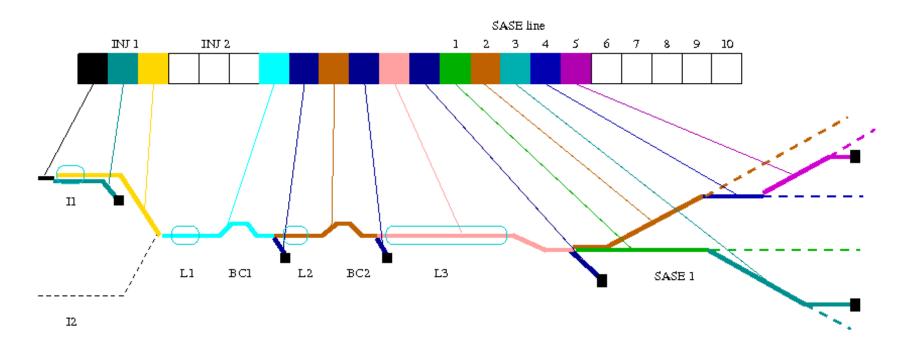
3 km, about 100 MPS AMC slave boards





## EuropeanXFELOperation Mode

Operation mode, sent to timing master



- Operation Mode is determined from magnet currents, vacuum valves and photon beamline status
- Operation Mode describes paths electrons can take
- Status is sent to Timing System



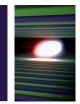
### **XFEL** Beam Modes (1)

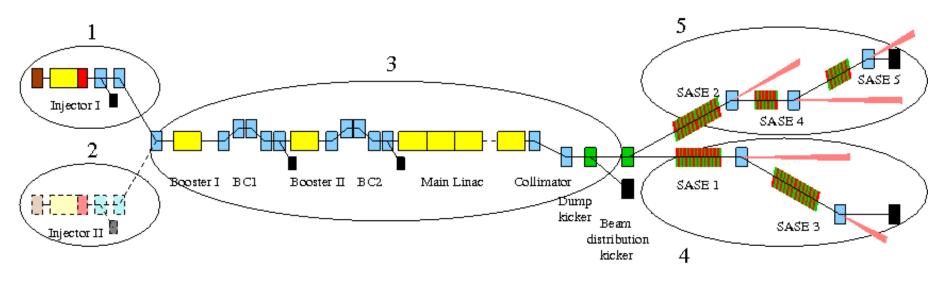
- MPS collects limitation signals from accelerator components
- BC beam dumps allow only few bunches
- Inserting screens into course of beam → limit to single bunch operation
- Experiments and photon beamlines have to inform MPS about limitations → how many bunches allowed?
- MPS will not calculate µJ into number of bunches
- MPC forwards this information to the timing system
- Timing system processes this information and distributes bunch patterns to injector lasers, LLRF, TPS, TDS, beam switchyard and other important systems



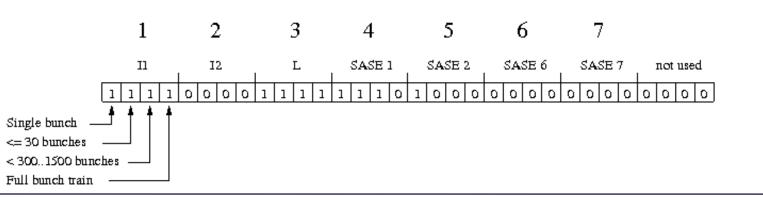


Beam mode (32 bit vector):





6: SASE 6 et al (future) 7: SASE 7 et al (future)







## **XFEL** Signals to MPS from accelerator

Devices	Inputs	Outputs
Cold Magnets	200	
PS Master	50	
Modulator	25	
Klystron	25	25
LLRF	25	50
Cryo / Vacuum	25	
Coupler interlock	120	120
OTR screens	160	
Wirescanner	80	20
Toroid protection	160	
BPM	120	
BLM	350	
Laser / Switchyard	20	20

and additional: Dump Watercooling Collimator temp

~2000 alarm signals are collected, RS422 technology



Machine Protection System for the European XFEL



## **XFEL** MPS modules in cold section

Section	Building	Room	Z [m]	ACC	Racktype	п	п	MPS	RTM	Patch	Timina	IN	OUT-E	OUT					
11	XSE	UG04-02)			DIAG	<u> </u>	F	2	2			1 5			ContrSys WP28	1xBPM	BLM: 2x4	2xOTR: 11x4	
11	XTIN		30	1	LLRF Master	нν	F	1	1			3	7	1 8	ContrSys WP28	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out	Coupler-Int 5In/6Out	
11	XTIN		33	1	RF		F								Klystron 1In/1Out				)
11	XTIN		36	1	LLRF Slave		F	1	1		2	2	2	1 7	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out	Coupler-Int 2In/6Out		
11	XTIN		47		DIAG		F	1	1			1 2	5		ContrSys WP28	1xBPM	BLM: 2x4	TPS: 4x4	
11	XTL		100		DIAG		F	1	1			1 4	2		ContrSys WP28	2xBPM	OTR: 2x4	BLM: 4x4	TPS: 2x4
L1	XTL		117		PS / Vac		F			1					8xMagnet	GP & TSP			
L1	XTL		123	2	Cryo / Vac		F								Iso & Schieber	2xBPM	Kryogenik	2xCouplerMot	
L1	XTL		127	2	LLRF Master		F	1	1			1	1	1	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out			
L1	XTL		131	2	LLRF Master	ΗV	F+O	1	1		3	3	7	1 8	ContrSys WP28	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out	Coupler-Int 5In/6Out	
L1	XTL		138	2	RF		F								Klystron 1In/1Out				
L1	XTL		160	2	LLRF Slave		F	1	1		2	2	3	1 7	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out	Coupler-Int 2In/6Out		
L1	XTL		163	2	LLRF Slave		F	1	1			1	1	1	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out			
L1	XTL		167	2	Cryo / Vac		F								Сгуо	Iso & Schieber			
B1	XTL		177		DIAG		F	1	1			1 1	4		ContrSys WP17	2xBPM	TPS: 1x4	BLM: 2x4	
B1	XTL		179		SDIAG		F								BAM1	EOD1			
B1	XTL		188		SDIAG										E-BPM	SRM			
B1	XTL		204		SDIAG		F					1			ContrSys WP18	BAM2	EOD2	IT/Patch	
B1	XTL		206		DIAG		F	1	1			1 2	6		ContrSys WP17	2xBPM	TPS: 1x4	BLM: 2x4	OTR: 3x4
B1	XTL		211		SDIAG		F								Pyro	TDS			
B1	XTL		213		Vacuum		F								GP & TSP	Iso & Shutter			
B1	XTL		216		DIAG		F	1	1			1 3	3	4	ContrSys WP17	1xBPM	WS:4x2In/1Out	BLM: 2x4	OTR: 4x4
B1	XTL		218		KICK	ΗV	F					1			ContrSys WP28	Kicker			
B1	XTL		221		DIAG		F	1	1			1 2	5	8	ContrSys WP17	1xBPM	WS: 8x2In/1Out	OTR: 2x4	
B1	XTL		223		DIAG		F								CRD				
L2	XTL		239	3	Cryo / DIAG		F	1	1			1 1	4		ContrSys WP17	2xBPM	TPS: 1x4	BLM: 2x4	Сгуо
L2	XTL		244	3	Vacuum		F								GP & TSP				
L2	XTL		246	3	LLRF-Master	ΗV	F+O	1	1		1	3	7	1 8	ContrSys WP28	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out	Coupler-Int 5In/6Out	
L2	XTL		253	3	RF		F								Klystron 1In/1Out				
L2	XTL		276	3	LLFR-Slave		F	1	1		2	2	3	1 7	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out	Coupler-Int 2In/6Out		
L2	XTL		280	3	Spare														
L2	XTL		283	3	PS / Vac		F			1					8xMagnet	GP & TSP			
L2	XTL		294	4	LLRF-Master	ΗV	F	1	1		3	3 1	2	1 8	ContrSys WP28	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out	Coupler-Int 2In/6Out	
L2	XTL		302	4	RF		F								Klystron 1In/1Out				
L2	XTL		324	4	LLFR-Slave		F	1	1		2	2 1	1	1 7	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out	Coupler-Int 2In/6Out		
L2	XTL		331	4	PS		F			1					8xMagnet				
L2	XTL		334		PS		F			1					8xMagnet				
L2	XTL		342		LLRF-Master	ΗV	F	1	1			3 1	2	1 8	B ContrSys WP28	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out	Coupler-Int 2In/6Out	
L2	XTL		350	5	RF		F								Klystron 1In/1Out				
L2	XTL		372	5	LLFR-Slave		F	1	1		2	2	3	1 7	PinDiode 1 Out	LLRF 1In/1Out	Coupler-Int 2In/6Out		
L2	XTL		379	5	Cryo / Vac		F								Сгуо	Iso & Schieber			
B2	XTL		388		DIAG		F	1	1			1 1	4		ContrSys WP17	2xBPM	TPS: 1x4	BLM: 2x4	
B2	XTL		390		SDIAG		F								BAM1				

MPS modules modules in LLRF Master and Slave Racks







## **XFEL** MPS in undulator sections

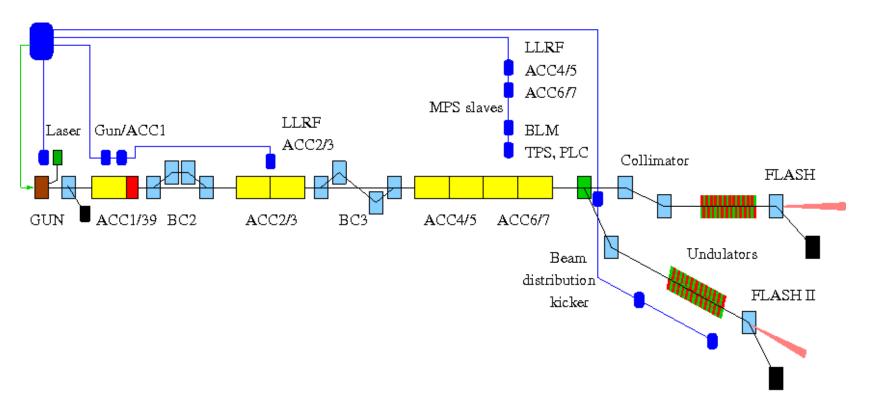
	0047					1				1		
SASE2 XTD1	2217	Rack										
SASE2 XTD1	2223	DIAG		1	1	1	17		ContrSys WP17	1xBPM	BLM: 4x4	
SASE2 XTD1	2229	Vacuum										
SASE2 XTD1	2235	DIAG							MBU BPM			
SASE2 XTD1	2242	IT	F						Patch			
SASE2 XTD1	2248	DIAG							MBU BPM			
SASE2 XTD1	2254	Vacuum										
SASE2 XTD1	2260	DIAG							MBU BPM			
SASE2 XTD1	2266	Rack										
SASE2 XTD1	2272	DIAG		1	1	1	17		ContrSys WP17	1xBPM	BLM: 4x4	
SASE2 XTD1	2278	Vacuum										
SASE2 XTD1	2284	DIAG							MBU BPM			
SASE2 XTD1	2290	Rack										
SASE2 XTD1	2296	DIAG							MBU BPM			
SASE2 XTD1	2303	Vacuum										
SASE2 XTD1	2309	DIAG							MBU BPM			
SASE2 XTD1	2315	IT	F						Patch			
SASE2 XTD1	2321	DIAG		1	1	1	17		ContrSys WP17	1xBPM	BLM: 4x4	
SASE2 XTD1	2327	Vacuum										
SASE2 XTD1	2333	DIAG							MBU BPM			
SASE2 XTD1	2339	Rack										
SASE2 XTD1	2345	DIAG							MBU BPM			
SASE2 XTD1	2351	Vacuum										

SASE undulator section: MPS modules are hosted by diagnostic crates with BLM, TPS and BPM electronics



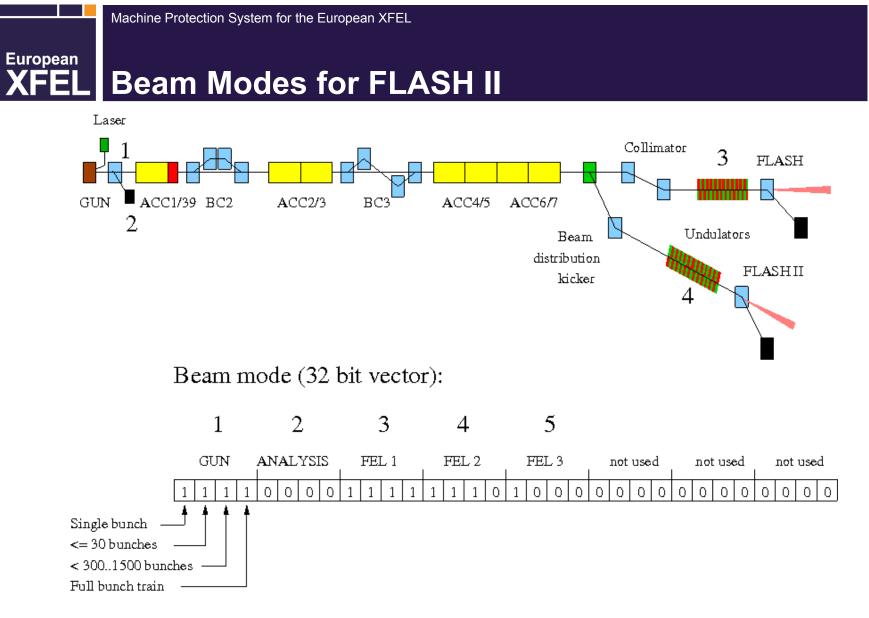


Master



- XFEL MPS modules take care of new beamline and LLRF, Laser
- "Old" FLASH sections are checked by PLC
- XFEL MPS will be master of the system

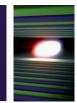




Beam Modes similar to XFEL  $\rightarrow$  only 1 system to be maintained



## XFEL Conclusions



- MPS for XFEL is a distributed system
- ~130 MPS slave modules are distributed over accelerator, photon beam lines, experiments and halls
- Master modules act on injector laser and distribution kicker
- MPS modules will host radiation monitoring (separate talk)
- MPS has a simple and flexible structure
- We profit from long, good experience at FLASH
- XFEL MPS will be tested at FLASH and go into operation at FLASH II in 2013
- Installation at XFEL injector end of 2013
- Installation at XFEL in 2014

