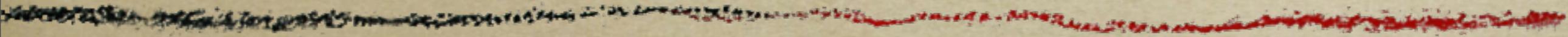


# HEP CG Outreach session



# Der Status

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <http://www.d-grid.de/index.php?id=44>. The browser's address bar also shows "D-Grid Initiative: HEP Grid". The browser's tab bar contains several tabs, including "Jamendo : Celestial Aeo...", "#34031: mail/imap-uw...", "#35592: Pine fails to ru...", and "D-Grid Initiative: HEP Grid". The browser's toolbar includes buttons for back, forward, refresh, and search, along with a search engine dropdown set to "sipgate". The browser's menu bar includes "Apple", ".Mac", "Amazon", "Yahoo!", "News", "Discussions : Xsan (21)", "Tools for OS X Server", "JNOS 2.0", "Deutsche Bank", "OpenBSD ARM List", and "EGEE Links".

The website header features the "D-Grid Initiative" logo, which includes a map of Germany and the text "D-Grid Initiative". To the right of the logo are two circular icons representing the German and British flags. Below the header is a navigation menu with the following items: "Startseite", "Über D-Grid", "D-Grid-Projekte", "Integrationsprojekt (DGI)", "AeroGrid", "AstroGrid-D", "BauVOGrid", "BIS-Grid", "Biz2Grid", "C3 Grid", "D-MON", "F&L-Grid", "FinGrid", "GDI-Grid", "HEP Grid", "InGrid", "IVOM", "MediGRID", and "PartnerGrid".

The main content area is titled "D-Grid-Initiative > D-Grid-Projekte > HEP Grid". The page title is "HEP Community Grid". Below the title is the section "Ziele des HEP Community Grid". The text describes the goals of the HEP Community Grid, stating that data analysis for future experiments requires a computing structure that can handle large data volumes and complex CPU-intensive calculations. It mentions that the grid will be developed in an international framework with high intensity, and that the tools developed will be used for some tasks in the LHC in 2007. The text also notes that the requirements for grid technology will reach a new quality level.

The right sidebar contains two sections: "D-Grid Events" and "D-Grid News". The "D-Grid Events" section lists several events, including "4. HEPCG Workshop" on 13.12.2007 at 13:00, "InGrid-Meeting" on 16.01.2008 at 10:00, "D-Grid Security Workshop" on 01.04.2008 at 00:00, and "GridKa School 2008" on 08.09.2008 at 08:00. The "D-Grid News" section lists several news items, including "Summary of the D-Grid Monitoring Workshop in Wuppertal" on 06.07.2007, "UNICORE 6.0 beta - available" on 04.05.2007, "Beiträge zum 2. D-Grid Security Workshop" on 13.04.2007, and "Beiträge zum Metadaten" on 12.04.2007.

## RMOST - Online Steering of ATLAS Grid Jobs

RMOST is a Result Monitoring and Online Steering Tool that is designed to steer Grid jobs of the ATLAS experiment software framework Athena. The [ATLAS experiment](#) at the Large Hydrogen Collider (LHC) at [CERN](#) produces huge amounts of data every year, that must be evaluated. For the computation of the experiment data, the [LHC Computing Grid](#) (LCG) is deployed, which bundles computing resources all over the world. Every participant has the possibility to submit his computation job to the Grid.

In Germany exists the [D-Grid initiative](#) to establish a national Grid infrastructure. The University of Siegen is part of the D-Grid initiative and works on a federal computing Grid project of the high energy physics community. The University of Siegen develops the tool RMOST which allows online access to a Grid job of the ATLAS experiment that is submitted to the grid and runs on a remote machine.

Typically, the grid user submit his job to the grid and have to wait until his job is done on the grid. Then he can retrieve the output back and evaluate the comuted results. Based on the results the user submits another job and have to wait again, he has no possibility to access his job during run time.

The online steering tool developed at the University of Siegen allows to access common Grid jobs of the experiment software of ATLAS, the Athena framework. The most common results can be accessed without instrumenting source code of the application, but only add some lines to the job description. Then the user can:

- Monitor intermediate results that are stored in files, especially ROOT files. The tool takes care of retrieving a proper ROOT file from the Athena framework.
- Upload new or modified job options, which are applied by a restart of the job, which is performed without resubmitting the job.
- Steer the job execution, which includes abouition of the whole job, suspend job execution or execution of single events and resume suspended jobs.

With instrumentation of the source code more advandced features are available to the user and arbitrary data of self defined data types can be monitored or steered.

For communication with the Grid job an interface was developed and implemented, that deals with most common Grid site topologies. This connection is secured through Globus GSSAPI and cope with firewalls and private IP networks in a way that protect the sites security.

The University of Siegen and the authors of this web page are not responsible for the content of linked pages and external hosts.

Last modified: Tue Feb 20 10:44:28 CET 2007

### Contents

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## JMS - a Job Monitoring System for LCG

The JMS is a monitoring system running in user space. It now consists of three parts:

- a **monitoring script** running in parallel to the user jobs. During runtime, it measures parameters like cpu load, incoming and outgoing network traffic, free RAM, free disk space on several filesystems, etc. Have a look into the R-GMA tables for a detailed description.
- A **script monitor**, which analyses the user's job script, and runs it command by command giving feedback to the user about its actual status. In case of failures a variety of debug information is provided.
- **Pre-execution tests** which are started just before the user job starts. They check a large variety of grid functionality and try to decide if the worker node is fully functional. That helps saving a lot of cpu time and helps identifying problems. Furthermore, conformity to IEEE CC 754 is checked to ensure that results are numerically correct (useful for simulation in a large heterogeneous network)

All data is securely transferred using **R-GMA**. From all the data a collection of monitoring plots is produced which can be used by the user to easily identify problems.

Further information can be found here:

- [Download](#)
- [getting started](#)
- [Technical Details](#)
- [Contact](#)

Work in progress:

- an **expert system** which analyses the monitoring data and tries to classify the problem in case of trouble
- integration into the **web based frontend** developed inside the D-Grid initiative.

Work in part of the German D-Grid initiative



sponsored by the German Federal Ministry of Education and Research

GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium  
für Bildung  
und Forschung

WWW-Administrator 

Last Modification: December 6, 2007



## Scope of the project

The goal of this project is to provide a system for storing and retrieving huge amounts of data, distributed among a large number of heterogenous server nodes, under a single virtual filesystem tree with a variety of standard access methods. Depending on the Persistency Model, dCache provides methods for exchanging data with backend (tertiary) Storage Systems as well as space management, pool attraction, dataset replication, hot spot determination and recovery from disk or node failures. Connected to a tertiary storage system, the cache simulates unlimited direct access storage space. Dataexchanges to and from the underlying HSM are performed automatically and invisibly to the user. Filesystem namespace operations may be performed through a standard nfs(2) interface.

[more ...](#)

### News

- dCache [1.8](#) (including SRM 2.2) now available in production.
- In addition to the [Book](#), we now offer a [wiki](#) where you may find some more helpful information. Check the link to findout on how you can contribute with advise, documentation or tools.
- Checkout our dCache administration [page](#) including Vladimir's new [Monitoring Plot System](#).

### Release Policy

- *Version 1.7.0* is the current Production Version. Only Bug Fix and Performance Patches will be applied to this Version.
- *Version 1.8* is the first Version featuring the SRM 2.2 protocol. Please find the production version on our [Download Area](#).

### Most Recent Events

There will be an SRM 2.2 workshop in Edinburgh Nov 13/14. Please send an e-mail to

g dot cowan at ed dot ac dot uk

# D-Grid?



## ZIH

- ZIH Startseite
- Grid Computing
- Grid News
- Grid-Ressourcen
- Chemomentum
- D-Grid
  - Integrationsprojekt (DGI)
  - Hochenergiephysik (HEPCG)
  - MediGrid
- Job Monitoring
- Unicore
- Zertifizierung
- Arbeitsgruppe

## HEP-COMMUNITY-GRID

### ENTWICKLUNG VON ANWENDUNGEN UND KOMPONENTEN ZUR DATENAUSWERTUNG IN DER HOCHENERGIEPHYSIK IN EINER NATIONALEN E-SCIENCE UMGEBUNG (HEP-COMMUNITY-GRID)

Hauptziel des [HEP-Community-Grid](#) ist es, die Datenauswertung in der Hochenergiephysik durch die effiziente Nutzung verteilter und vernetzter Speicher- und Rechnerressourcen zu verbessern. Dies ist eine wesentliche Voraussetzung für die Datenanalyse laufender und zukünftiger Großexperimente, etwa beim "Large Hadron Collider" am Europäischen Forschungszentrum CERN oder an dem geplanten internationalen Linearcollider ILC.

Koordiniert wird dieses Verbundprojekt, welches durch das BMBF für die nächsten drei Jahre mit 2,3 Millionen Euro finanziert wird, von acht deutschen Instituten und Universitäten sowie einer Reihe von assoziierten Partnern vom [DESY](#) in Hamburg.

Das ZIH und das Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik ([IKTP](#)) der TU Dresden haben dabei die Aufgabe der Entwicklung eines Systems zum Monitoring der Benutzerjobs und der Nutzung der verteilten Ressourcen übernommen. Es sollen Methoden und Werkzeuge implementiert werden, die eine effiziente Verwaltung und Übersicht über die enorme Anzahl (in der Größenordnung einige hundert bis einige tausend) von Programmabläufen der Anwender und deren Ressourcen-Nutzung im Grid ermöglichen.

#### Beteiligte Mitarbeiter:

- Dr. Matthias Müller
- Dr. Ralph Müller-Pfefferkorn
- Reinhard Neumann

#### Aktivitäten:

- [Monitoring-Workshop](#) am 7. Februar 2006 in Dresden

Stand: 21.03.2006 14:12

Autor: [Ralph Müller-Pfefferkorn](#)

# positive Aspekte

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- *Logo*



- *gemeinsamer Auftritt in Berlin*

- *hepcg.org*

- *gemeinsame Poster*

- *gemeinsame Papiere*

# Was könnte man besser machen

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- *„all purpose“ Poster*
- *Webseite lebendiger*
  - *Live-Events*
  - *weniger Text*
  - *Teilnehmende Institute*
  - *aktuelle Events*
  - *Papiere*
- *Software-Repository*
- *„Warum gibt es uns überhaupt?“*
- *Wer macht was?*
- *Was ist sinnvoll?*
- *→ Martin*