

Long-lived staus in a simplified model approach

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Based on Jörn Kersten, JH: Phys. Rev. **D86**, 055020 (2012), 1203.1581 [hep-ph]

Desy Theory Workshop 2012

Introduction

- Most SUSY searches concentrate on neutralino LSP
- Gravitino (or axino) LSP cosmologically well motivated or even favored
- Very weak LSP coupling \rightarrow NLSP long-lived
- Lighter stau natural choice for the NLSP (or LOSP)
- NLSP determines **signature at colliders**:
 - Muon-like particle
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Here we show:

- General HSCP search (+2 hard jets) suitable for model-independent bounds on sparticle masses
- Direct and strong production in simplified model approach

Simplified models

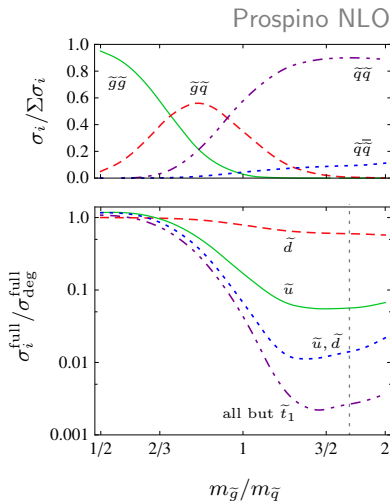
[Alwall et al. 0810.3921, LHC NPWG 1105.2838]

- Production and decay of gluinos and squarks: many parameters
- Reduction of parameters driven by low-scale phenomenology
- As few parameters as possible
- Divide problem into production and decay
- Introduce a discrete number of models serving as limiting cases

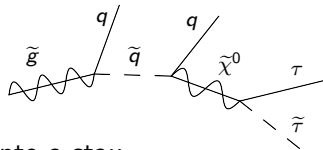
Simplified models – Production

- Consider $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q}\tilde{\bar{q}}$
- Depend on $m_{\tilde{g}}, m_{\tilde{q}}$
- Show results for:
 - Common mass $\tilde{q} = \tilde{u}, \tilde{d}, \tilde{s}, \tilde{c}, \tilde{b}$
 - Only lighter stop $\tilde{q} = \tilde{t}_1$

→ 2 parameters

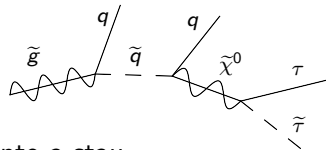


Simplified models – Decay



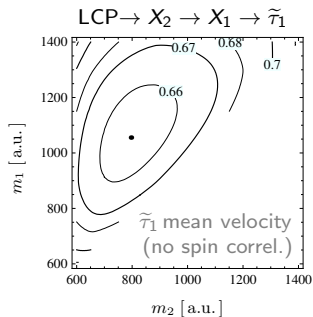
- Every gluino or squark decays into a stau
- Decay chain affects
 - Stau velocity, i.e. number of identified HSCPs
 - Number and type of SM radiation
- Identified HSCP strongest contribution to potential discovery/exclusion: focus on velocity

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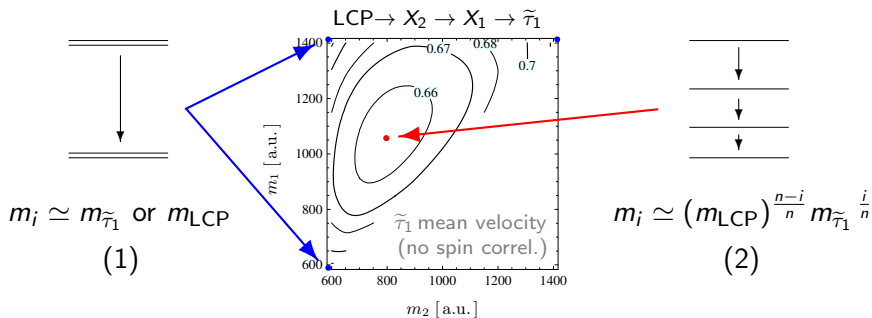


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 - Stau velocity, i.e. number of identified HSCPs
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- Velocity depends on total phase space $\sim m_{\text{LCP}} - m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$
- Impact of intermediate sparticles \rightarrow Limiting cases

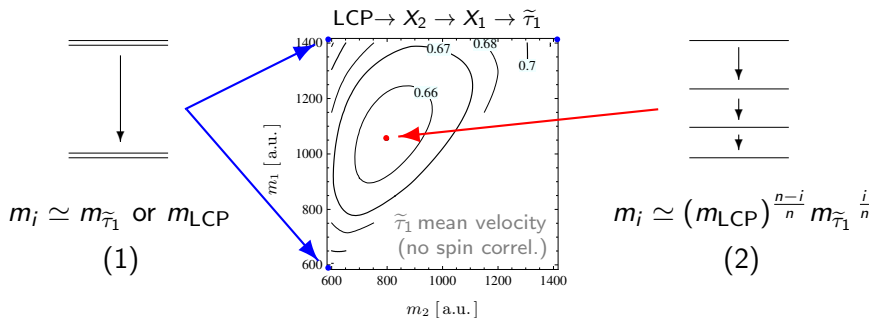
Extrema in stau mean velocity $\bar{\beta}_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$ (independent of β_{LCP})



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Model A: The 'direct decay' (1).

Model B: (2) for the 1-step decay $\text{LCP} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1$.

Model C: (2) for the 3-step decay $\text{LCP} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1$.

Selection criteria and background

Selection 1: 2 staus (loose β -cut) + 2 hard jets $p_T > 200$ GeV.

Selection 2: 2 staus only, $\beta < 0.88$ and $p_T > 150$ GeV

Selection 3: 2 staus only, $\beta < 0.73$ and $p_T > 300$ GeV, buffering of tracker data

Background:

- $DY(\mu\mu), t\bar{t}$
- Strong reduction through velocity cut

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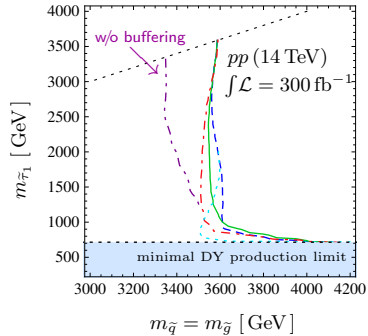
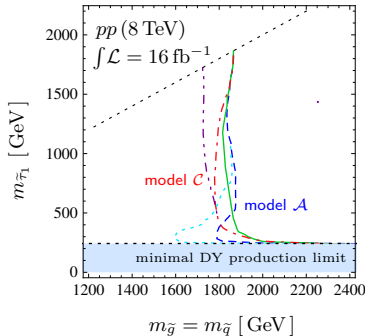
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Computation:

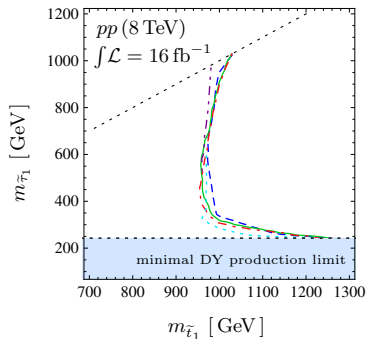
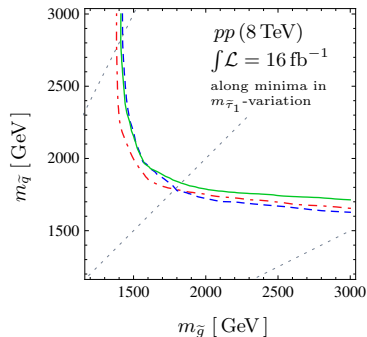
- Production: Prospino, MadEvent (channelwise weighting)
- Decay: SDECAY, Pythia; Detector: Delphes

Projected exclusion (discovery) limits



- Models \mathcal{A} - \mathcal{C} lie within narrow band
- Direct DY 'saves' model-independent approach
- Trigger: buffering important for long-term run

Projected exclusion (discovery) limits II



- Conservative limits on squark and gluino masses
 $16 \text{ fb}^{-1} @ 8 \text{ TeV}$: $m_{\tilde{g}} \gtrsim 1.4 \text{ TeV}$, $m_{\tilde{q}} \gtrsim 1.6 \text{ TeV}$, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} \gtrsim 950 \text{ GeV}$
- Experiments might turn out to perform even better

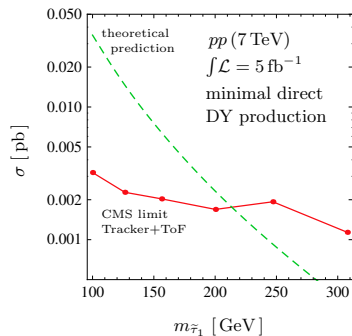
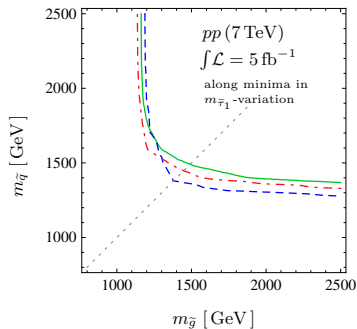
Conclusion

- Long-lived stau scenario cosmologically well motivated
- Prominent HSCP signature \rightarrow very few events required: LHC potential for exclusion & discovery similar
- Model-independent approach suitable
- Robust (conservative) bounds on $m_{\tilde{g}}$, $m_{\tilde{q}}$, $m_{\tilde{\tau}}$ and $m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$
- From 2011 null-searches: $m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} > 216$ GeV, $m_{\tilde{g}} \gtrsim 1.1$ TeV, $m_{\tilde{q}} \gtrsim 1.4$ TeV

Thank you for your attention!

Backup slides I

Exclusion for the 7TeV LHC run:



Backup slides II

Expected number of stopped stau events:

