

# SuSHi- a program to calculate the MSSM Higgs production cross section at the LHC

Hendrik Mantler

Bergische Universität Wuppertal

6th annual Workshop 'Physics at the Terascale'  
in Hamburg, December 4, 2012

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Supersymmetric Higgs

## What can you calculate with SusHi?

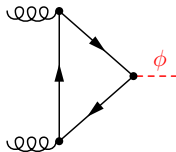
- Gluon fusion cross section within the standard model (SM) and the minimal supersymmetric standard model (MSSM) at NLO
- Different renormalization schemes for the bottom/sbottom sector
- Bottom quark annihilation at NLO within the SM  
[Harlander Ozeren Wiesemann '10]  
→ can be reweighted with MSSM couplings
- Not only inclusive, but also differential cross sections:
  - Transverse momentum distribution
- SusHi includes the codes `ggh@nnlo` [Harlander Kilgore '02] and `bbh@nnlo` [Harlander Kilgore '03] for the calculation of the NNLO inclusive cross section
- Electroweak corrections at NLO in the SM from `EWgint`  
[Actis Passarino Sturm Uccirati '08 '09]  
for the MSSM: take only dominant contribution [Aglietti Bonciani Degrandi Vicini '04 '10] and reweight with MSSM coupling

LO partonic cross section:

$$\sigma_0^\phi = \frac{G_F \alpha_s^2}{288 \sqrt{2} \pi} |\mathcal{A}^\phi|^2$$

$$\mathcal{A}^\phi = \sum_{q \in \{t, b\}} \left( a_q^{\phi, (0)} \right)$$

with  $a_q^{\phi, (0)} = \frac{3\tau_q}{2} (1 + (1 - \tau_q^\phi) f(\tau_q^\phi))$



$$\tau_q^\phi = 4m_q^2/m_\phi^2$$

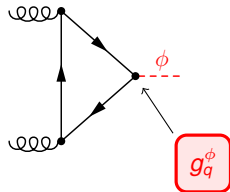
$$f(\tau) = \begin{cases} \arcsin^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{\tau}} & \tau \geq 1 \\ -\frac{1}{4} \left( \log \frac{1+\sqrt{1-\tau}}{1-\sqrt{1-\tau}} - i\pi \right)^2 & \tau < 1 \end{cases}$$

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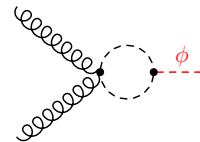
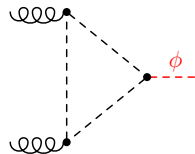
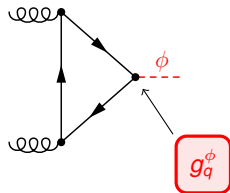
$$\mathcal{A}^\phi = \sum_{q \in \{t, b\}} \left( a_q^{\phi, (0)} + \tilde{a}_q^{\phi, (0)} \right)$$

with  $a_q^{\phi, (0)} = g_q^\phi \frac{3\tau_q}{2} (1 + (1 - \tau_q^\phi) f(\tau_q^\phi))$

$$\tilde{a}_q^{\phi, (0)} = -\frac{3\tau_q^\phi}{8} \sum_{i=1}^2 g_{\tilde{q}_i}^\phi (1 - \tau_{\tilde{q}_i}^\phi f(\tau_{\tilde{q}_i}^\phi))$$

$$\tau_q^\phi = 4m_q^2/m_\phi^2, \quad \tau_{\tilde{q}_i}^\phi = 4m_{\tilde{q}_i}^2/m_\phi^2$$

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- **Quark-gluon** known analytically (at higher orders)

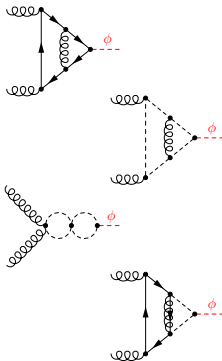
[Spira Djouadi Graudenz Zerwas '95; Harlander Kant '05]

- **Squark-gluon/squark** known analytically

[Anastasiou Beerli Bucherer Daleo Kunstz '06; Aglietti Bonciani Degrassi Vicini '06; Mühlleitner Spira '06]

- **Quark-squark-gluino** semi-analytically known, but no public code

[Anastasiou Beerli Daleo '08; Mühlleitner Rzehak Spira '10]



- Taylor expansion in the Higgs mass:  $m_\phi \ll m_q, m_{\tilde{q}_1}, m_{\tilde{q}_2}, m_{\tilde{g}}$

[Harlander Steinhäuser '03 '04 + Hofmann '05; Degrassi Slavich '08]

→ top-stop-gluino

- Expansion in SUSY masses:  $m_\phi, m_q \ll m_{\tilde{q}_1}, m_{\tilde{q}_2}, m_{\tilde{g}}$

for  $m_{\tilde{q}_1} = m_{\tilde{q}_2} = m_{\tilde{g}}$  [Harlander Hofmann Mantler '10]

for arbitrary SUSY masses [Degrassi Slavich '10 + Di Vita '11 '12]

→ bottom-sbottom-gluino

- Quark

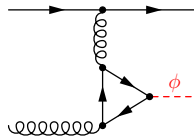
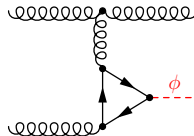
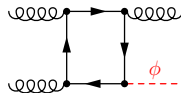
known analytically

[Spira Djouadi Graudenz Zerwas '95]

- Squark

known analytically

[Mühlleitner Spira '06; Bonciani Degrassi Vicini '07]





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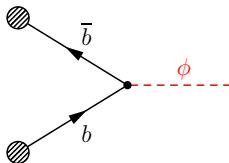
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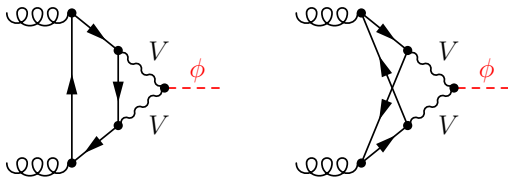
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Diagrams including only light quarks:



- Electroweak corrections at NLO in the SM from  $EW_{gint}$   
[\[Actis Passarino Sturm Uccirati '08 '09\]](#)  
 for the MSSM: take only dominant contribution [\[Aglietti Bonciani Degrossi Vicini '04 '10\]](#) and reweight with MSSM coupling

# Results



## Fitting the parameters of the MSSM to the data:

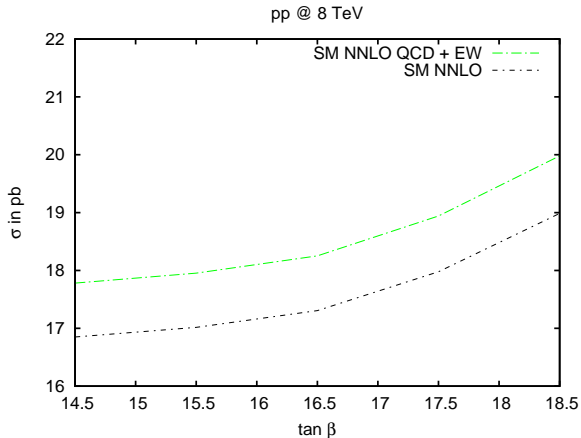
[P. Bechtle, S. Heinemeyer, O. Stål, T. Stefaniak, G. Weiglein, L. Zeune]

Parameter	Light Higgs case			Heavy Higgs case		
	Best fit			Best fit		
$M_A$ [GeV]	300	669	860	120.5	124.2	128.0
$\tan \beta$	15	16.5	26	9.7	9.8	10.8
$\mu$ [GeV]	1900	2640	(3000)	1899	2120	2350
$M_{\tilde{d}_3}$ [GeV]	450	1100	(1500)	580	670	740
$M_{\tilde{f}_3}$ [GeV]	250	285	(1500)	(200)	323	(1500)
$A_f$ [GeV]	1100	2569	3600	1450	1668	1840
$M_2$ [GeV]	(200)	201	450	(200)	304	370
$M_h$ [GeV]	122.2	126.1	127.1	63.0	65.3	72.0
$M_H$ [GeV]	280	665	860	123.9	125.8	126.4
$M_{H^\pm}$ [GeV]	310	673	860	136.5	138.8	141.5

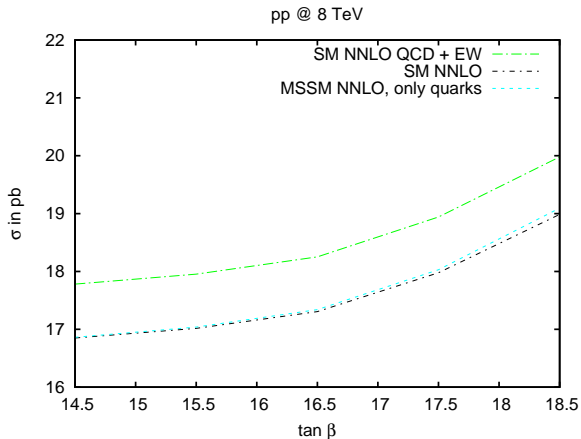
Table 6: Best fit parameter values (in the respective middle column) and ranges for  $\Delta\chi_{h,H}^2 < 1$ . Values in parentheses indicate that the limit of the scan range has been reached.

- Vary  $\tan \beta$  within the given range
- Fix other parameters to the best fit values

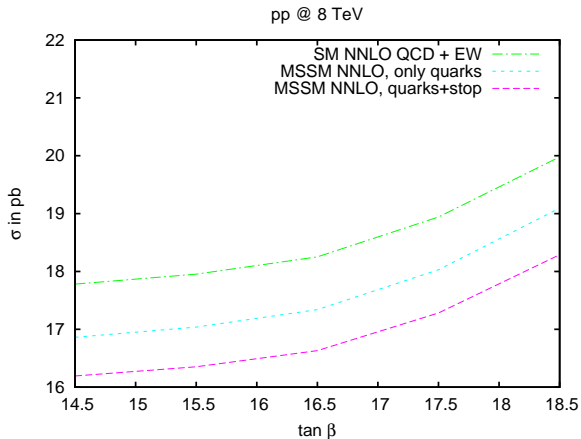
Total cross section:



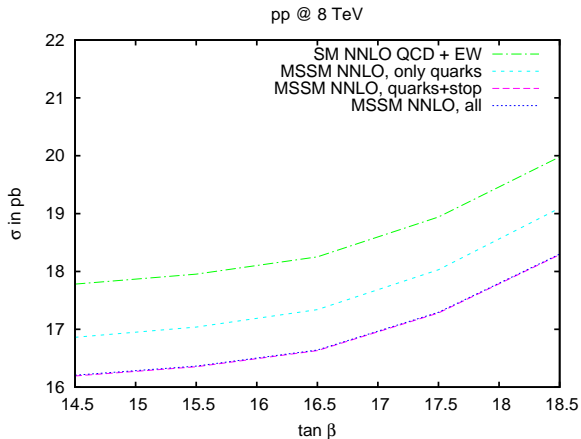
Total cross section:



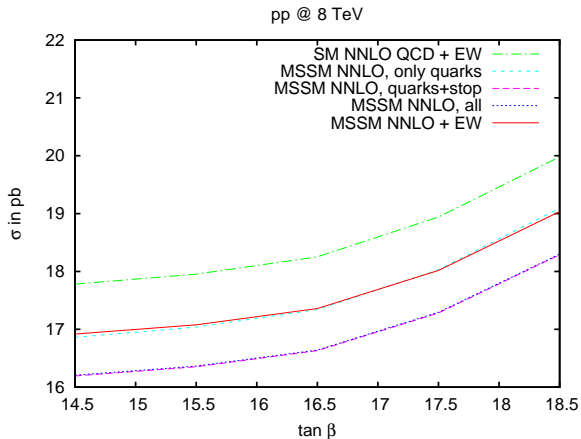
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- `SuSHi` can calculate the Higgs production cross section within the MSSM including the squark diagrams in gluon fusion
- For a SM-like Higgs, the squark diagrams and the electroweak corrections contribute to about 4% each, but with different sign
- We produce new numbers for the YR 3
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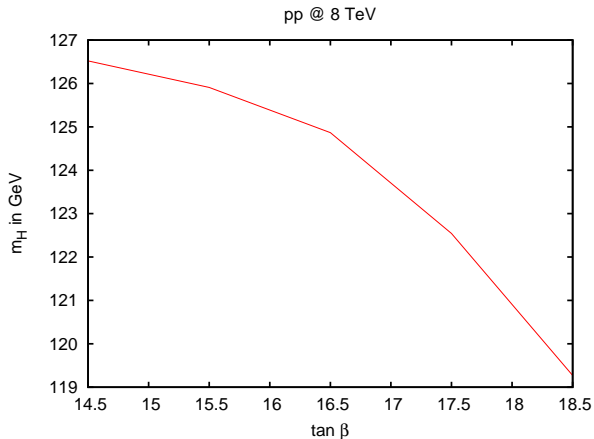
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Thanks for your attention!

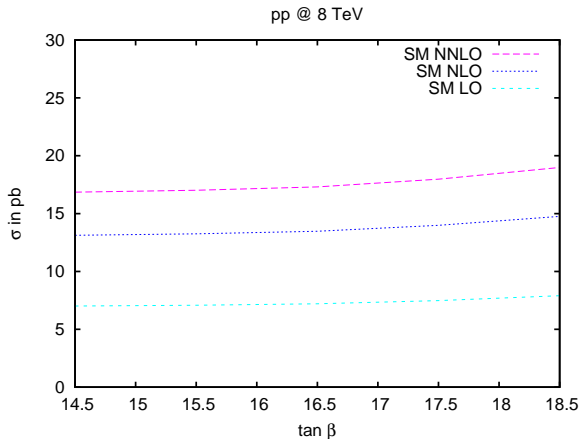


**Backup**

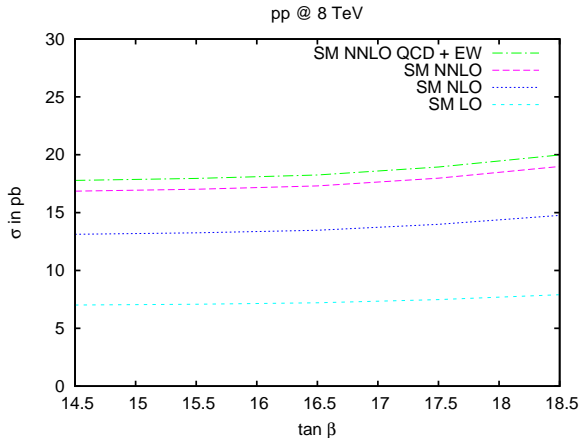
Higgs mass dependence:



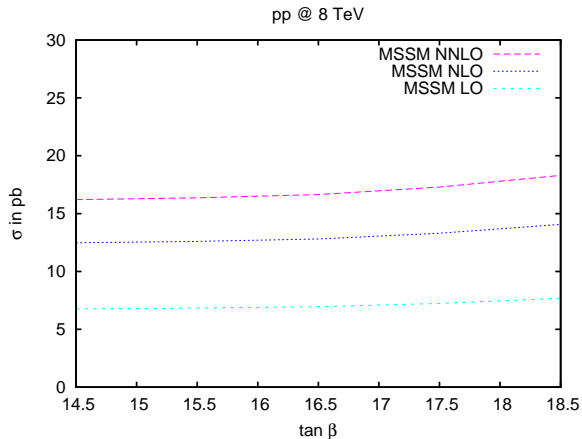
Total cross section:



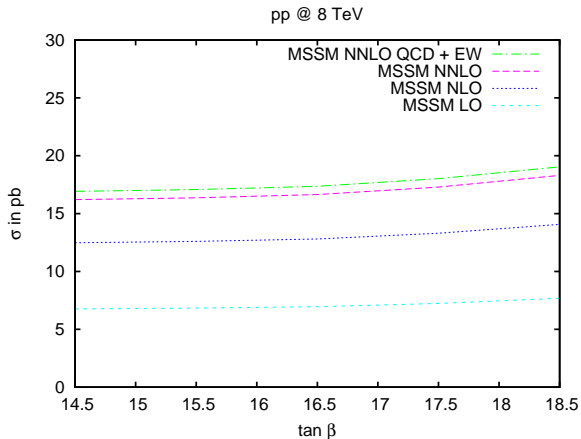
Total cross section:



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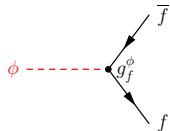
Total cross section:



The minimal supersymmetric standard model (MSSM) contains two Higgs doublets, resulting in 3 neutral Higgs bosons  $\phi = \{h, H, A\}$ . The coupling constants to the quarks are altered.

Relative strength of the Higgs boson couplings  $g_f^\phi$  to the quarks (with respect to the SM Higgs boson couplings):

$$\begin{aligned} g_u^h &= \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \beta} & g_u^H &= \frac{\sin \alpha}{\sin \beta} & g_u^A &= \frac{1}{\tan \beta} \\ g_d^h &= -\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \beta} & g_d^H &= \frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos \beta} & g_d^A &= \tan \beta \end{aligned}$$



where  $\alpha$  is the mixing angle in the Higgs sector and  $\tan \beta = v_u/v_d$  the ratio of the vacuum expectation values.

In the MSSM Higgs couplings to the  $b$ -quark are enhanced by  $\tan \beta$ .

$$\sigma_{gg\phi}^{\text{SM},(\text{MSSM})} = \sigma_{gg\phi,\text{NLO}}^{\text{SM},(\text{MSSM})} + (g_t^\phi)^2 \left[ (1 + \delta_{\text{EW}}) \hat{\sigma}_{gg\varphi,\text{NNLO}}^{\text{SM},t} - \hat{\sigma}_{gg\varphi,\text{NLO}}^{\text{SM},t} \right] \quad (1)$$

$$\sigma_{gg\phi}^{\text{SM},(\text{MSSM})} = \sigma_{gg\phi,\text{NLO}}^{\text{SM},(\text{MSSM})} + (g_t^\phi)^2 \left[ \delta_{\text{EW}} \hat{\sigma}_{gg\varphi,\text{NLO}}^{\text{SM},t} \right] \quad (2)$$

$$g_V^h = \sin(\beta - \alpha), \quad g_V^A = 0, \quad g_V^H = \cos(\beta - \alpha) \quad (3)$$

$$\sigma_{gg\phi}^{\text{SM},(\text{MSSM})} = \sigma_{gg\phi,\text{NLO}}^{\text{SM},(\text{MSSM})} (1 + \delta_{\text{EW}}^f) + (g_t^\phi)^2 \left[ \hat{\sigma}_{gg\varphi,\text{NNLO}}^{\text{SM},t} - \hat{\sigma}_{gg\varphi,\text{NLO}}^{\text{SM},t} \right] \quad (4)$$