

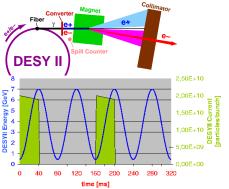


DESY Test Beam Preparations: Timing Studies

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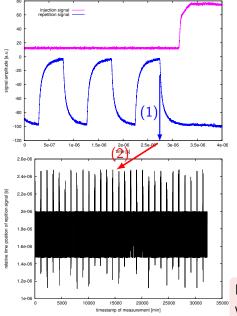
- 1 Test Beam and PETRA
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- Results

Test Beams versus PETRA





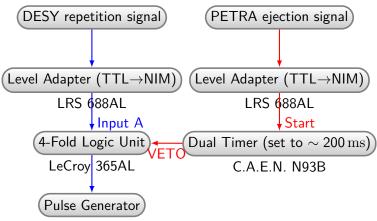
- ullet DESY-II: acceleration in sinusoidal mode (12.5 Hz), revolution frequency $1\,\mathrm{MHz}$
- test beam is not the only (or most important...) user of DESY-II:
- ightarrow PETRA is regularly filled (top-up mode) ightarrow DESY-II beam extraction
 - no test beam during extraction cycle



- to be in sync with DESY-II we base our clock on a $1\,\mathrm{MHz}$ repetition signal (blue) using a pulse generator $(1\,\mathrm{MHz} \to 40\,\mathrm{MHz})$
- this signal is interrupted every $160\,\mathrm{ms}$ for $\sim20\,\mathrm{\mu s}$ by injections from LINAC (purple signal)
- repetition signal is not stable!
- causes are: ejections from DESY to PETRA every $\sim 75\,\mathrm{s}$ and power line provider (Vattenfall)
- likely reason for test boards freezes during longer runs

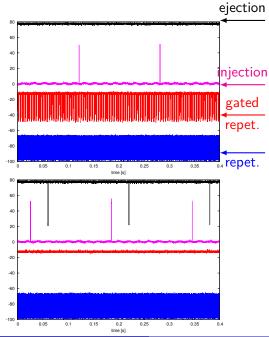
Need to suppress clock to test boards while PETRA is being filled!

Signal Processing for Extraction-Safe Clock



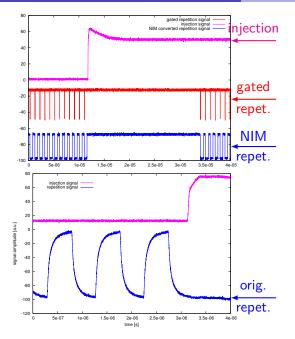
In short: generate gate from ejection signal, use gate as veto Important: use gate generator that extends gate on each signal to cover full ejection signal burst





Result

 during each ejection the repetition signal is fully suppressed (red)!



Unintended Results

- the NIM-ized repetition signal is nicely rectangular
- the gate-controlled repetition signal is only a short pulse on the falling edge of the signal
- → should be ok for the pulse generator (?)

Summary

- DESY-II repetition signal needed to synchronize our clock to the arrival time of the test beam at the telescope
- signal is modulated and skewed during extraction to PETRA
- during extraction, signal can be masked with NIM electronics