

Higgs Mechanism in Standard Model (I)

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Standard Model (Summary)

- **Building blocks of Standard Model**

fermions : matter fields

gauge bosons : force carriers

- **Aesthetics of model :**

- **classification of fields**
- **$U(1) \otimes SU(2) \otimes SU(3)$ symmetry**
→ gauge interactions

- **simple Lagrange formalism describes this very well but only for massless particles**
 - **terms** $m(\bar{f}_R f_L + \bar{f}_L f_R), \quad M^2 V^\mu V_\mu$ **break SU(2) symmetry**
 - **model is fairly consistent with experimental data assuming massive fermion and weak boson fields**
- ⇒ needs gauge invariant mechanism of mass generation**

Three Generations of Matter (Fermions)

	I	II	III	
mass →	2.4 MeV/c ²	1.27 GeV/c ²	171.2 GeV/c ²	0
charge →	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0
spin →	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
name →	u up	c charm	t top	γ photon
	4.8 MeV/c ²	104 MeV/c ²	4.2 GeV/c ²	0
	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	0
	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
	d down	s strange	b bottom	g gluon
	<2.2 eV/c ²	<0.17 MeV/c ²	<15.5 MeV/c ²	91.2 GeV/c ²
	0	0	0	0
	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	Z⁰ Z boson
	0.511 MeV/c ²	105.7 MeV/c ²	1.777 GeV/c ²	80.4 GeV/c ²
	-1	-1	-1	± 1
	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	W[±] W boson

Quarks

Leptons

Gauge Bosons

Higgs Mechanism

Consider SU(2) doublet of scalar complex fields

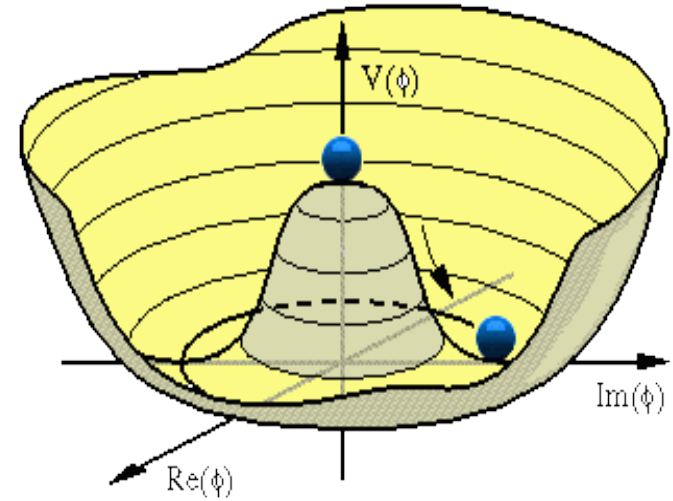
$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi^+ \\ \phi^0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 + i\phi_2 \\ \phi_3 + i\phi_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

	T_3	Y	Q
ϕ^+	$+1/2$	1	1
ϕ^0	$-1/2$	1	0

Higgs Mechanism

Higgs Potential

$$V(\Phi^\dagger \Phi) = \lambda \left(\Phi^\dagger \Phi - \frac{v^2}{2} \right)^2$$



4-Dim sphere of minima

$$\phi_1^2 + \phi_2^2 + \phi_3^2 + \phi_4^2 = v^2$$

**Ground state
(vacuum)**

$$\langle \Phi \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v \end{pmatrix}$$

Higgs Mechanism

Higgs Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_H = (\partial_\mu \Phi^\dagger) (\partial^\mu \Phi) - V(\Phi^\dagger \Phi)$$

“Radial” excitations of vacuum:

$$\Phi + \delta\Phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v + H(x) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_H = \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu H \partial^\mu H - \lambda v^2 H^2 - \lambda v H^3 - \frac{\lambda}{4} H^4$$

$H(x)$ - physical state with mass $m_H = \sqrt{2\lambda}v$

Higgs mechanism

Impose local gauge invariance

$$(\partial_\mu \Phi^\dagger) (\partial_\mu \Phi) \Rightarrow (\mathcal{D}_\mu \Phi^\dagger) (\mathcal{D}_\mu \Phi)$$

$$\mathcal{D}_\mu = \partial_\mu + ig_1 \frac{Y}{2} B_\mu + ig_2 \frac{1}{2} \vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{W}$$

Consider ground state (vacuum)

$$\langle \Phi \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v \end{pmatrix}$$

Generation of Gauge Boson Masses

The kinetic term in the Higgs Lagrangian

$$\left(\mathcal{D}^\mu \langle \Phi \rangle^\dagger \right) \left(\mathcal{D}_\mu \langle \Phi \rangle \right)$$

Recall :

$$A_\mu = \frac{g_2 B_\mu + g_1 W_\mu^3}{\sqrt{g_1^2 + g_2^2}}, \quad Z_\mu = \frac{-g_1 B_\mu + g_2 W_\mu^3}{\sqrt{g_1^2 + g_2^2}}$$

$$W^\pm = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (W^1 \pm iW^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} g_2^2 v^2 W_\mu^+ W^{-,\mu} + \frac{1}{8} (g_1^2 + g_2^2) v^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu$$

Generation of Weak Boson Masses

$$\frac{1}{8}g_2^2v^2W_\mu^+W^{-,\mu} + \frac{1}{8}(g_1^2 + g_2^2)v^2Z_\mu Z^\mu$$

These are W and Z boson mass terms!

$$m_W = \frac{g_2v}{2} \quad m_Z = \frac{v}{2}\sqrt{g_1^2 + g_2^2}$$

field A_μ remains massless $m_\gamma = 0$

W and Z bosons acquire masses through interaction with the Higgs ground state (vacuum)!

Generation of Fermion Masses

Fermion mass terms

$$m(\bar{f}_R f_L + \bar{f}_L f_R)$$

break SU(2) symmetry!

Right-handed fermions transform as singlets

$$f'_R = f_R$$

Left-handed fermions transform as doublets

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu'_L \\ \ell'_L \end{pmatrix} = \exp \left(i \frac{g_2}{2} \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{\sigma} \right) \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ \ell_L \end{pmatrix}$$

Yukawa Interactions

Yukawa interactions \Rightarrow interactions between fermions and Higgs doublet

corresponding gauge invariant Lagrangian (lepton sector) :

$$\mathcal{L}_{Y,\ell} = \mathcal{G}_{Y,\ell} \left(\bar{\ell}_R \Phi^\dagger L_L + \bar{L}_L \Phi \ell_R \right)$$

$$L_L = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ \ell_L \end{pmatrix} \quad \bar{L}_L = (\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{\ell}_L)$$

$$\Phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \phi^+ \\ \phi^0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \Phi^\dagger = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\phi^-, \phi^{0*})$$
$$\phi^- = (\phi^+)^*$$

Generation of Fermion Masses

Consider Yukawa interactions between ground Higgs state (vacuum) and leptons

$$\mathcal{L}_{Y,\ell} = \mathcal{G}_{Y,\ell} \left(\bar{\ell}_R \langle \Phi \rangle^\dagger L_L + \bar{L}_L \langle \Phi \rangle \ell_R \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \mathcal{G}_{Y,\ell} \left(\bar{\ell}_R \ell_L + \bar{\ell}_L \ell_R \right)$$

Mass terms generated!

Charged lepton mass is given by

$$m_\ell = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \mathcal{G}_{Y,\ell}$$

Generation of Fermion Masses

$\mathcal{G}_{Y,\ell}$ - Yukawa coupling of lepton ℓ to Higgs field

Masses of down-type quarks are generated in similar way

Masses of up-type quarks are generated via Yukawa interactions with charge conjugate Higgs doublet

$$\Phi^C = -i\sigma_2\Phi^* = \begin{pmatrix} -\phi^{0*} \\ \phi^- \end{pmatrix}$$