

Generator Effects For $t\bar{t}$ Pairs

Top Mass In Semileptonic Decays

Alexander Floßdorf

DESY

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- FSR influence
- UE influence

④ Hadronisation

- Correction factors
- Comparison with full simulation

Generator event

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

The structure of an event

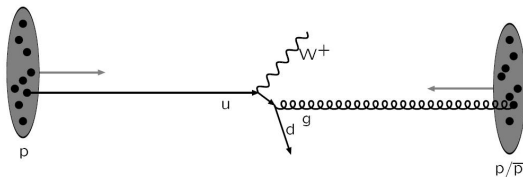
Warning: schematic only, everything simplified, nothing to scale, ...



Incoming beams: parton densities

Generator event

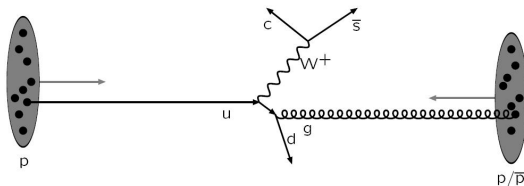
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Hard subprocess: described by matrix elements

Generator event

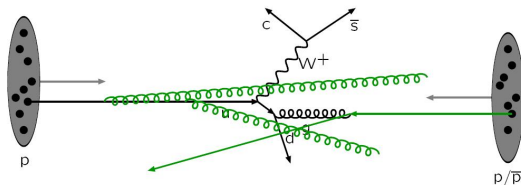
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Resonance decays: correlated with hard subprocess

Generator event

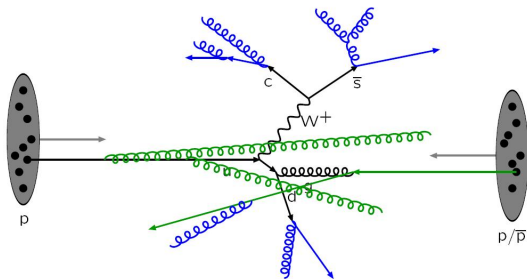
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Initial-state radiation: spacelike parton showers

Generator event

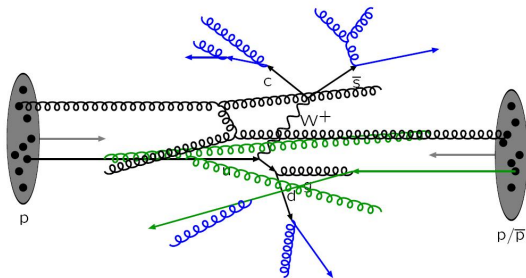
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Final-state radiation: timelike parton showers

Generator event

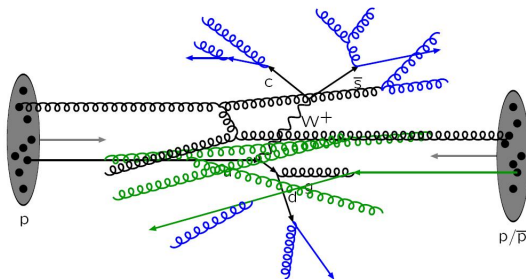
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Multiple parton-parton interactions ...

Generator event

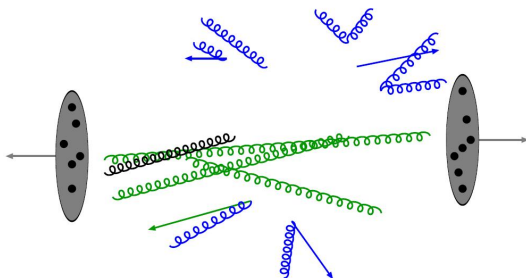
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... with its **initial**- and **final**-state radiation

Generator event

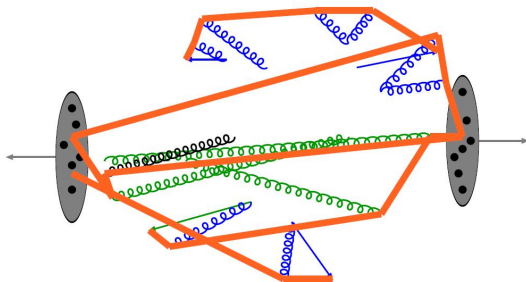
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Beam remnants and other outgoing partons

Generator event

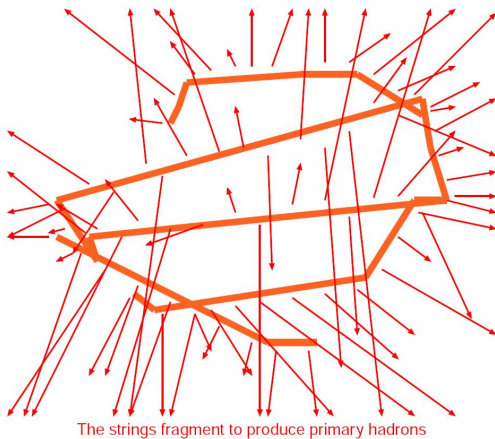
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Everything is connected by colour confinement strings
Recall! Not to scale: strings are of hadronic widths

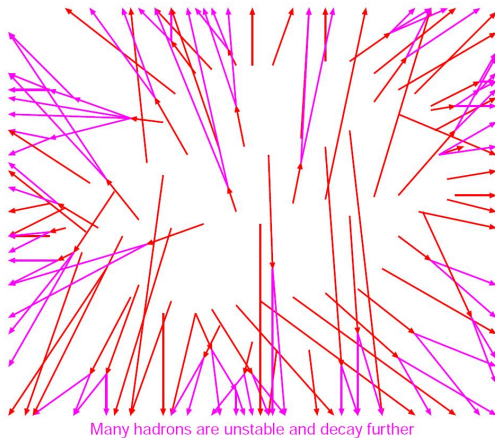
Generator event

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Generator event

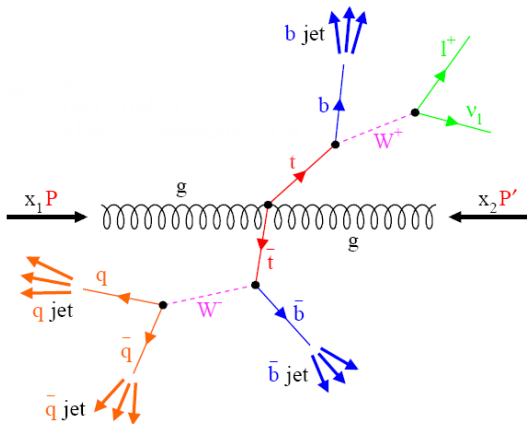
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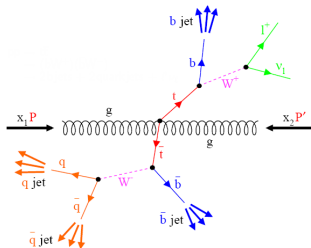
Torbjörn Sjöstrand, Aronsborg 2006

Semileptonic $t\bar{t}$ decay

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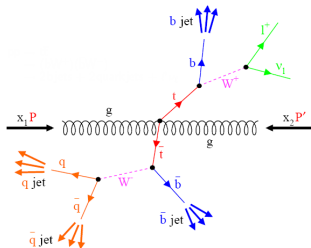


Reconstruction of the top mass



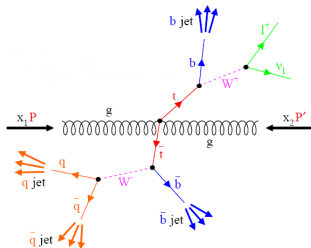
- only signal events are considered ($m_t = 172.3\text{GeV}$, $\sigma_{m_t} = 3.2\text{GeV}$)

Reconstruction of the top mass



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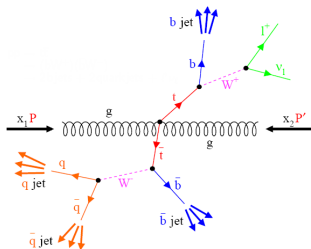
Reconstruction of the top mass



- only signal events are considered ($m_t = 172.3\text{GeV}$, $\sigma_{m_t} = 3.2\text{GeV}$)
- lepton and neutrino four momentums are taken from the generator information
- iterative cone jets with a cone 0.5 are used
- jets are required to have $p_T > 20\text{GeV}$

Reconstruction of the top mass

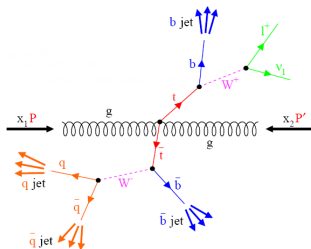
Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation



- jets with $\Delta R \geq 0.3$ with respect to the lepton are discarded, i. e. the lepton is isolated

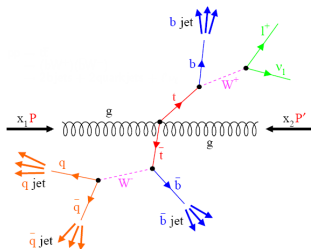
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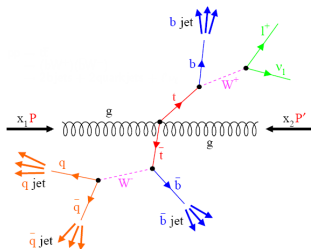
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Reconstruction of the top mass



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- jets are assigned to the four initial quarks by minimizing ΔR sum between them
- $\Delta R < 0.3$ for each quark jet pair is required

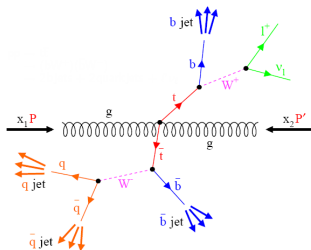
Reconstruction of the top mass



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- jets are assigned to the four initial quarks by minimizing ΔR sum between them
- $\Delta R < 0.3$ for each quark jet pair is required
- result is an event with only four (correct) jets

Reconstruction of the top mass

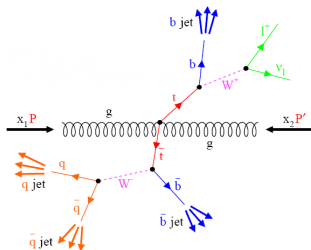
Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation



- perfect b-tagging: the two jets assigned to the quarks are known to be b jets

Reconstruction of the top mass

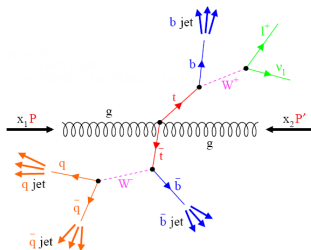
Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation



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Reconstruction of the top mass

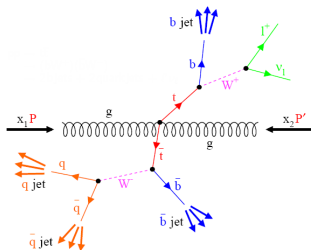
Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation



- perfect b-tagging: the two jets assigned to the quarks are known to be b jets
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Reconstruction of the top mass

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

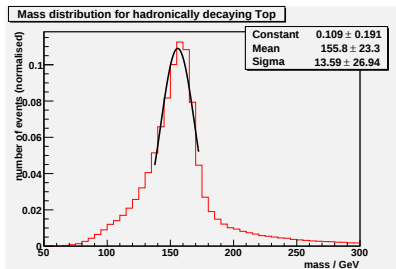


- perfect b-tagging: the two jets assigned to the quarks are known to be b jets
- leptonic W reconstructed from lepton and neutrino
- hadronic W reconstructed from the two non-b jets
- b jets are assigned to the Ws in the way, that the difference in the invariant mass of the two systems is minimized

Mass of hadronically decaying top

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

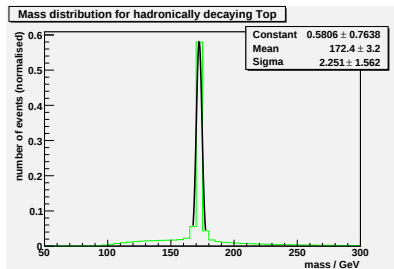
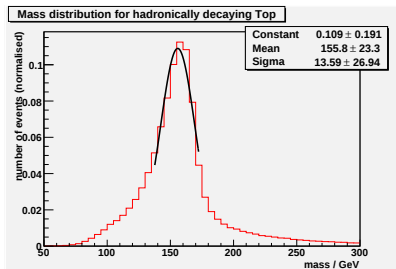
- Reconstruction on final state hadrons
- in good agreement with result from Skands and Wicke: shift of approx. 15GeV



Mass of hadronically decaying top

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

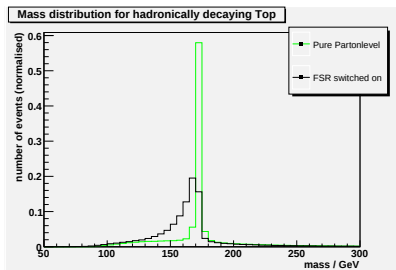
- Reconstruction on final state hadrons
- in good agreement with result from Skands and Wicke: shift of approx. 15GeV
- ISR/MI, FSR and Hadronisation switched off
- Reconstruction on parton level



Top mass with FSR

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

- FSR switched on
- missing energy in parton level jets shifts mass

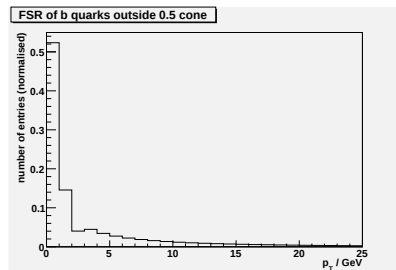
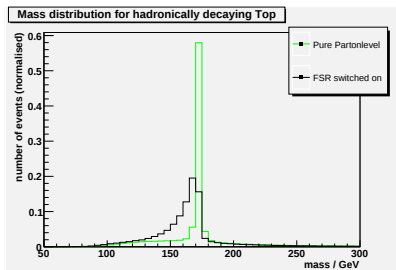


Top mass with FSR

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

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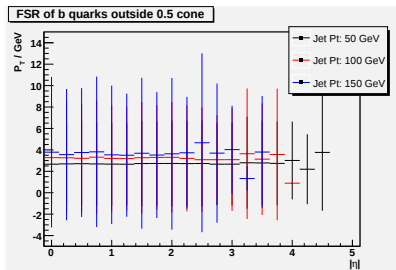
- FSR lost outside cone 0.5



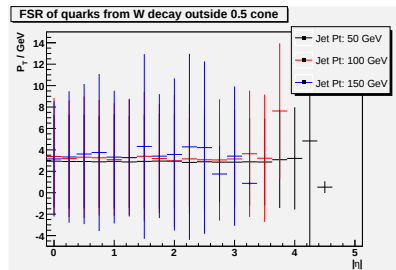
FSR of different quark types

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- FSR outside cone 0.5 for b quarks



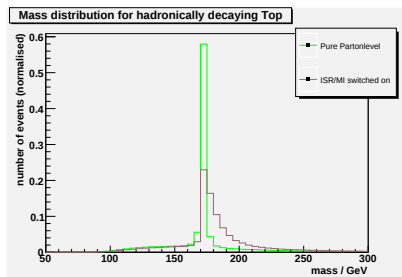
- FSR outside cone 0.5 for quarks from W decay



Top mass with ISR/MI

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- ISR and MI switched on
- mass distribution shifted due to additional particles collected by the jet algorithm



Underlying event content in $|\eta| < 5$

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

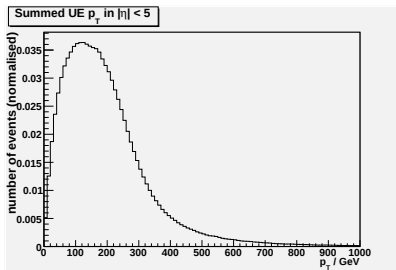
UE includes everything except the hard process, i. e. ISR, MI and proton remnant

Underlying event content in $|\eta| < 5$

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

UE includes everything except the hard process, i. e. ISR, MI and proton remnant

- significant amount of p_T in $|\eta| < 5$ due to UE

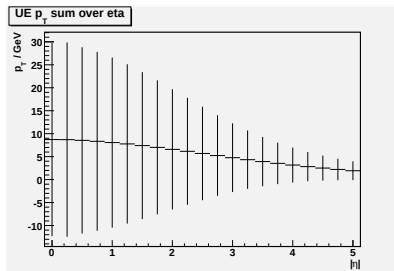
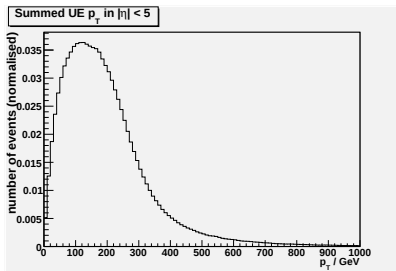


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Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

UE includes everything except the hard process, i. e. ISR, MI and proton remnant

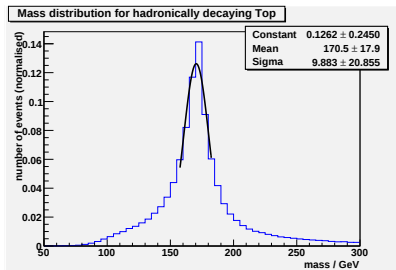
- significant amount of p_T in $|\eta| < 5$ due to UE
- influence of UE per jet approx. half as big as influence of FSR



Top mass with ISR/MI and FSR

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

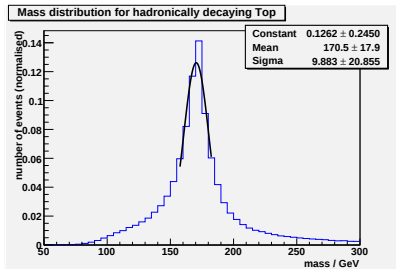
Without corrections



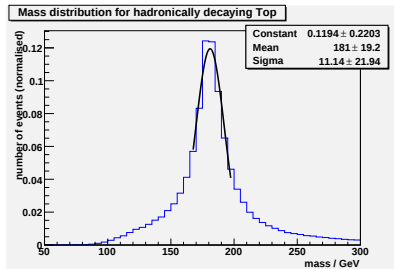
Top mass with ISR/MI and FSR

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

Without corrections



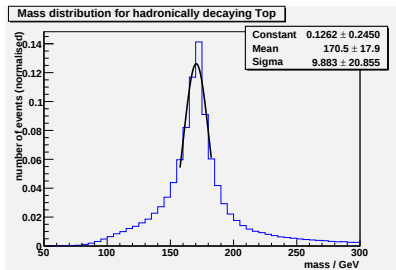
Corrected for UE and FSR



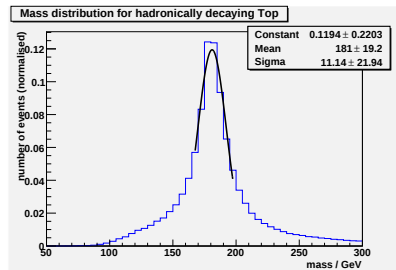
Top mass with ISR/MI and FSR

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

Without corrections



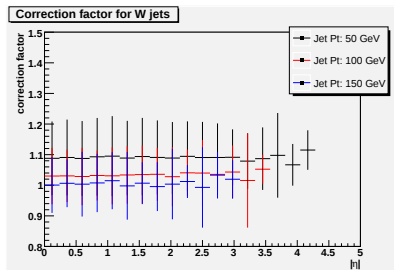
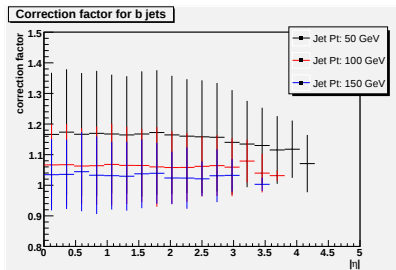
Corrected for UE and FSR



Sample	mean	sigma	shift	sigma ratio
Pure parton level	172.4	2.3	0.1	1
With UE and FSR	170.5	9.9	1.7	4.3
With UE/FSR correction	181.0	11.1	8.7	4.8

Hadronisation corrections

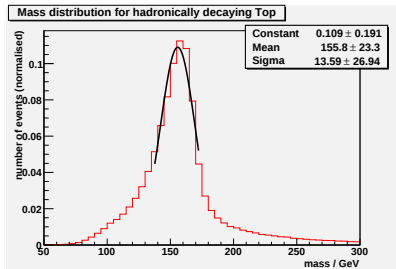
- jets are matched to initial quark ($\Delta R < 0.1$)
- jets are corrected for p_T according whether they are b or non-b jets



Top mass with hadronisation

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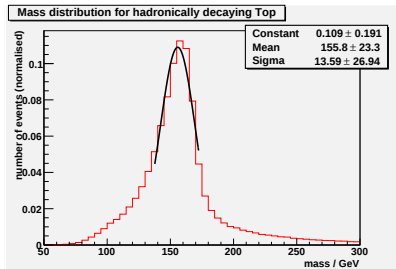
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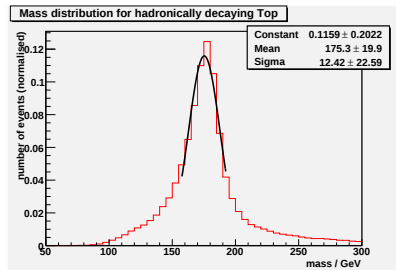
Top mass with hadronisation

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

Without corrections



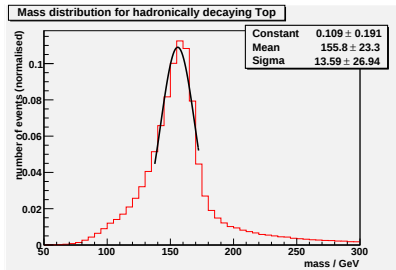
With corrected jets



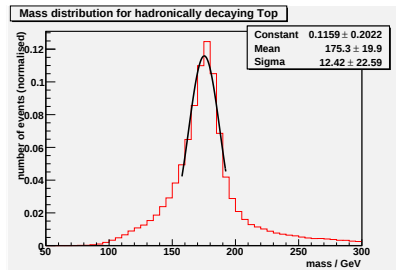
Top mass with hadronisation

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

Without corrections



With corrected jets



Sample	mean	sigma	shift	sigma ratio
Pure parton level	172.4	2.3	0.1	1
With hadronisation	155.8	13.6	16.5	5.9
With hadronisation corrected	175.3	12.4	3.0	5.4

Comparison with fully simulated events

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR **Hadronisation**

Simple reconstruction

- only muon decays
- muon assignment is uniquely

Comparison with fully simulated events

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

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- reconstruct neutrino with MET and W mass constraint (ambiguity in p_z)

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Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

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- four jets with highest p_T with correction factors, no b-tagging

Comparison with fully simulated events

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- four jets with highest p_T with correction factors, no b-tagging
- assign those two jets to hadronically decaying W which are closest to W mass

Comparison with fully simulated events

Simple reconstruction

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- muon assignment is uniquely
- reconstruct neutrino with MET and W mass constraint (ambiguity in p_z)
- four jets with highest p_T with correction factors, no b-tagging
- assign those two jets to hadronically decaying W which are closest to W mass
- assign b jets to tops by minimizing the difference of the top masses

Comparison with fully simulated events

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

	mean	sigma
Generator level	168.4	19.0
Reco level	177.5	41.6

- ISR, FSR, hadronisation on the one hand and detector effects on the other hand both have big influences on the width of the mass distribution
- detector effect approx. twice as big as generator effect

Summary

Introduction Reconstruction UE / FSR Hadronisation

Influences on top mass distribution

- ISR/MI and FSR lead to a widening of the distribution
- hadronisation widens the distribution and shifts the mean significantly
- on generator level reasonable corrections can be applied
- detector effects influence mean and width as well

Summary

Influences on top mass distribution

- ISR/MI and FSR lead to a widening of the distribution
- hadronisation widens the distribution and shifts the mean significantly
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- detector effects influence mean and width as well

Influence on the width

effect	widening
ISR/MI and FSR	4.3
hadronisation	1.4
detector	2
total	12