
Heavy Quark Threshold Physics



Maximilian Stahlhofen

Outline

- Introduction
- Theory
 - Coulomb singularities
 - Large logarithms
 - vNRQCD
 - New results
- Applications
 - Top-antitop threshold @ ILC
 - Bottom mass determination
- Summary

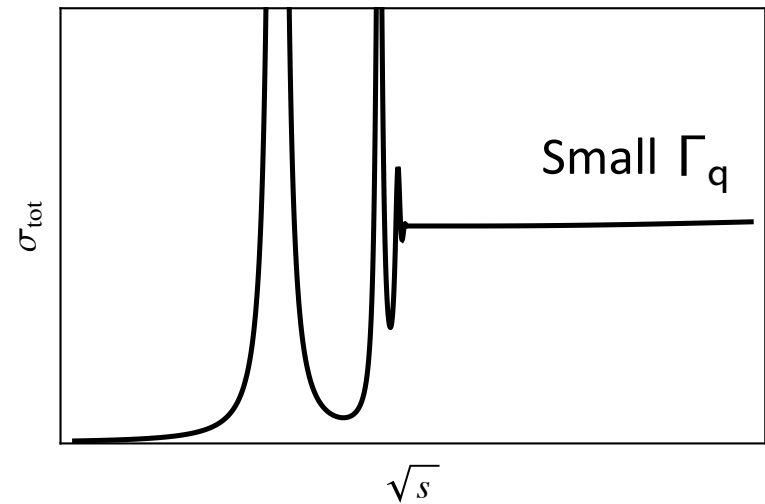
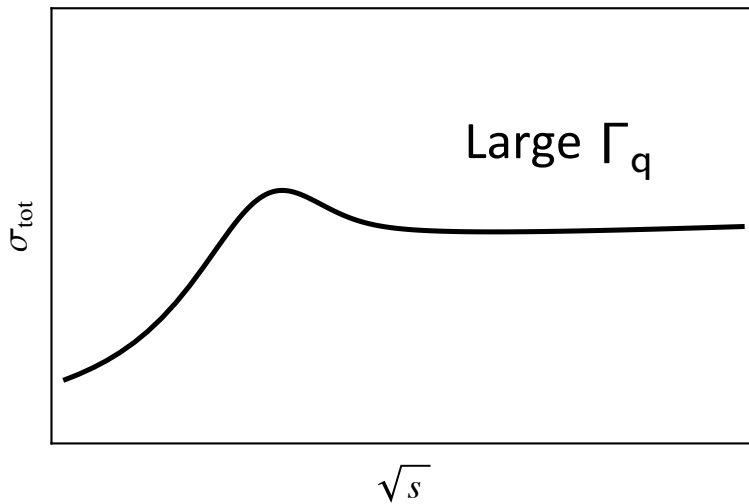
Introduction

Heavy quark pair production @ lepton colliders:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}$$

σ_{tot} in the **threshold** region (qualitative):



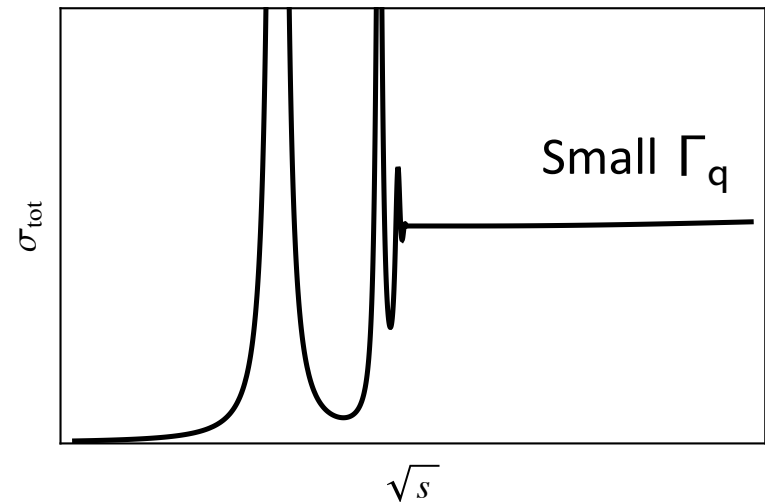
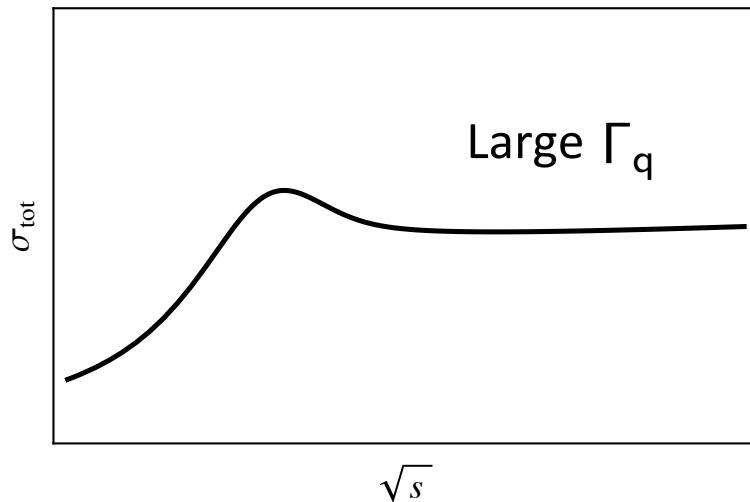
Introduction

Heavy quark pair production @ lepton colliders:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}$$

σ_{tot} in the **threshold** region (qualitative):



heavy quark velocity (CMS):

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{s} - 2m}{m}} \sim \alpha_s \ll 1$$

(neglect nonperturbative effects for the moment)

Introduction

Motivation to study heavy quark threshold/resonances:

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (threshold production @ ILC) $\longrightarrow$ $m_t, y_t, \alpha_s, \Gamma_t$
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (Υ sum rules) $\longrightarrow$ m_b
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}H$ (ILC phase 1) $\longrightarrow$ y_t
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{t}\bar{\tilde{t}}$ (BSM @ ILC ?) $\longrightarrow$?
- Heavy Quarkonium: spectrum, decays

Introduction

Motivation to study heavy quark threshold/resonances:

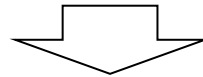
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (threshold production @ ILC) $\longrightarrow$ $m_t, y_t, \alpha_s, \Gamma_t$
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (Υ sum rules) $\longrightarrow$ m_b
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}H$ (ILC phase 1) $\longrightarrow$ y_t
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{t}\bar{\tilde{t}}$ (BSM @ ILC ?) $\longrightarrow$?
- Heavy Quarkonium: spectrum, decays

Theory

Heavy quark threshold: $v \sim \alpha_s \ll 1$ “nonrelativistic bound state”

multiscale problem:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} m & \gg & \vec{p} \sim mv & \gg & E_{\text{kin}} \sim mv^2 & (\gg \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}) \\ \text{hard} & & \text{soft} & & \text{ultrasoft} \end{array}$$

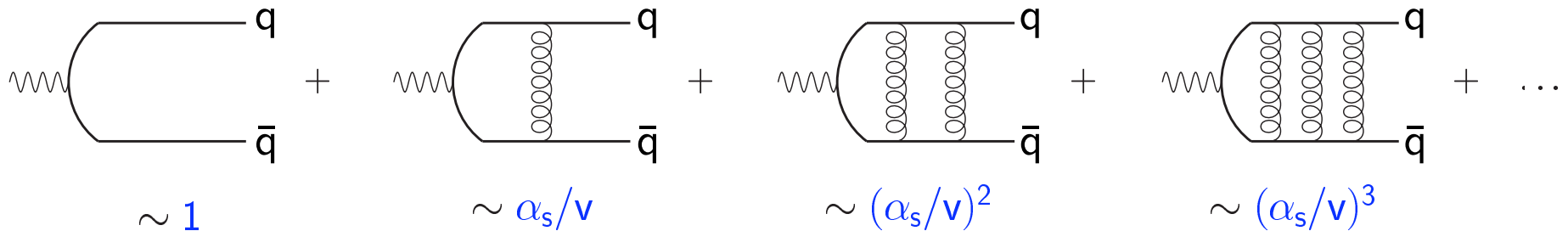


- “Coulomb singularities” $\sim (\alpha_s/v)^n$
- Large logarithms $\sim [\alpha_s \ln(v)]^n$

$\Rightarrow$ Resummation using Effective Field Theory

Theory

Problem of Coulomb singularities:



A series of four Feynman diagrams representing Coulomb singularities in a quark-antiquark annihilation process. Each diagram shows an incoming wavy line on the left and two outgoing straight lines on the right, labeled q and $\bar{q}$. The diagrams are separated by plus signs and followed by an ellipsis. The first diagram is a simple annihilation with a semi-circular loop, labeled ~ 1 . The second diagram has one vertical gluon exchange loop, labeled $\sim \alpha_s/v$. The third diagram has two vertical gluon exchange loops, labeled $\sim (\alpha_s/v)^2$. The fourth diagram has three vertical gluon exchange loops, labeled $\sim (\alpha_s/v)^3$.

@Threshold: $v \sim \alpha_s \ll 1$ $\Rightarrow$ breakdown of perturbation theory

Theory

Problem of Coulomb singularities:

~ 1 $\sim \alpha_s/v$ $\sim (\alpha_s/v)^2$ $\sim (\alpha_s/v)^3$ $\dots$

@Threshold: $v \sim \alpha_s \ll 1$ $\Rightarrow$ breakdown of perturbation theory

Solution:

Nonrelativistic EFT: $v\text{NRQCD}$

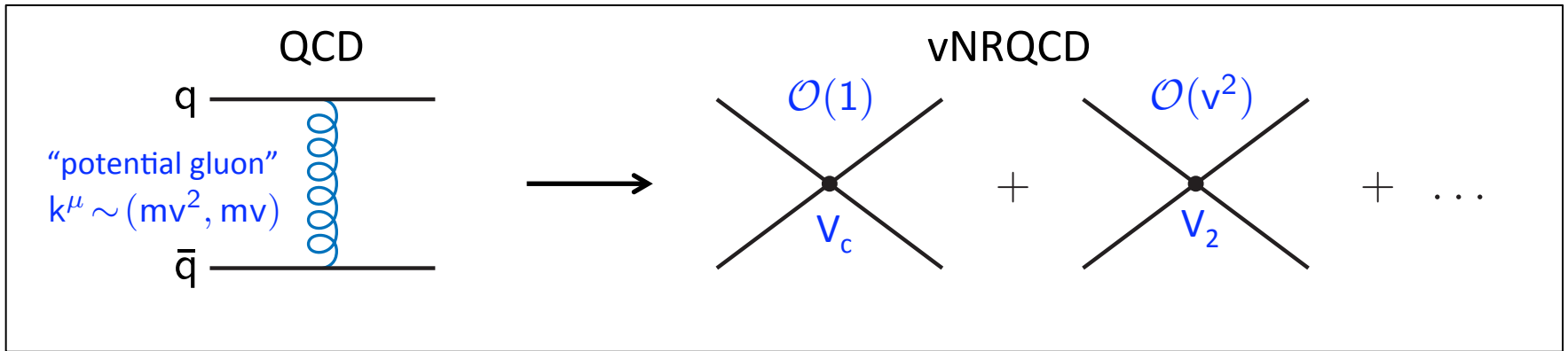
$\rightarrow$ Use Schrödinger Equation to resum $(\alpha_s/v)^n$ terms !

Theory

Constructing vNRQCD:

“Expansion in $v \ll 1$ ”

- Integrate out nonresonant degrees of freedom, e.g.:



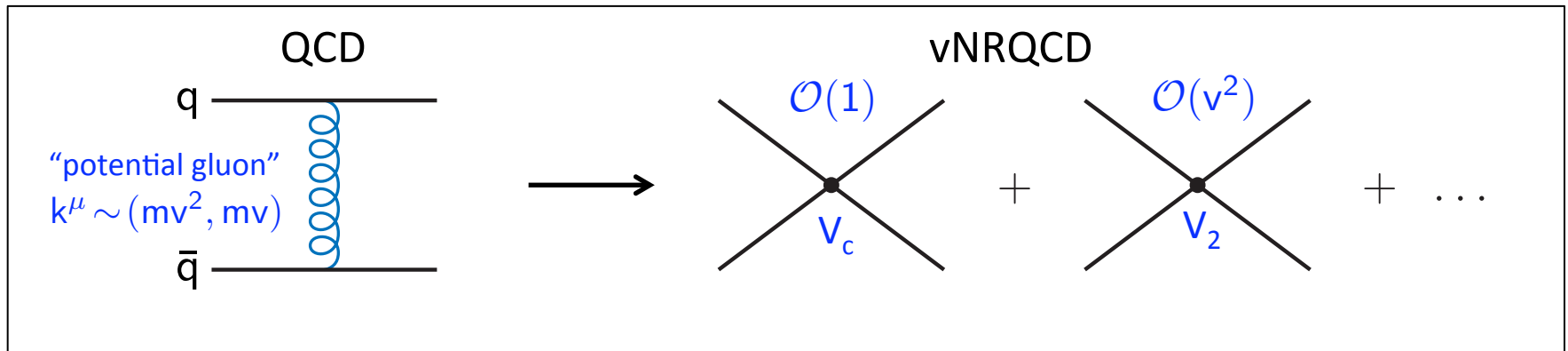
$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_{\text{NR}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + \left[\frac{\mathcal{V}_c}{\mathbf{k}^2} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_k \pi^2}{m \mathbf{k}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_r (\mathbf{p}^2 + \mathbf{p}'^2)}{2m^2 \mathbf{k}^2} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_2}{m^2} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_s}{m^2} \mathbf{S}^2 + \dots \right] \psi^\dagger \psi \chi^\dagger \chi + \dots$$

Theory

Constructing vNRQCD:

“Expansion in $v \ll 1$ ”

- Integrate out nonresonant degrees of freedom, e.g.:



$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_{\text{NR}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + \left[\frac{\mathcal{V}_c}{\mathbf{k}^2} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_k \pi^2}{m\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_r (\mathbf{p}^2 + \mathbf{p}'^2)}{2m^2 \mathbf{k}^2} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_2}{m^2} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_s}{m^2} \mathbf{S}^2 + \dots \right] \psi^\dagger \psi \chi^\dagger \chi + \dots$$

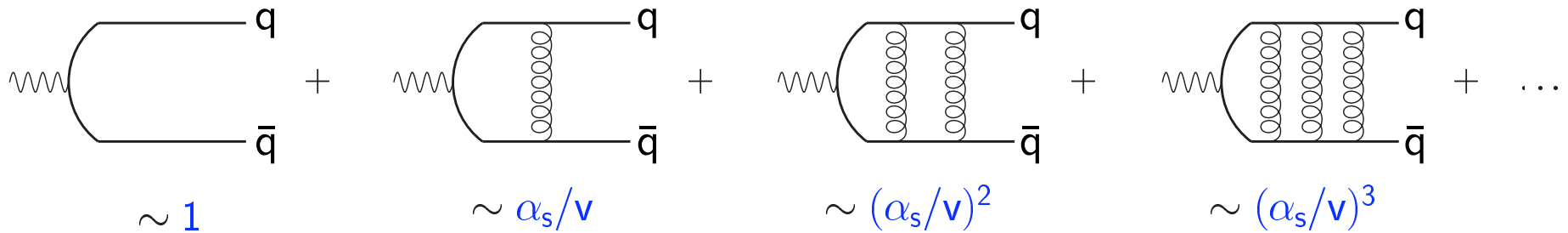
- Separate center-of-mass motion

$\Rightarrow$ Schrödinger equation:

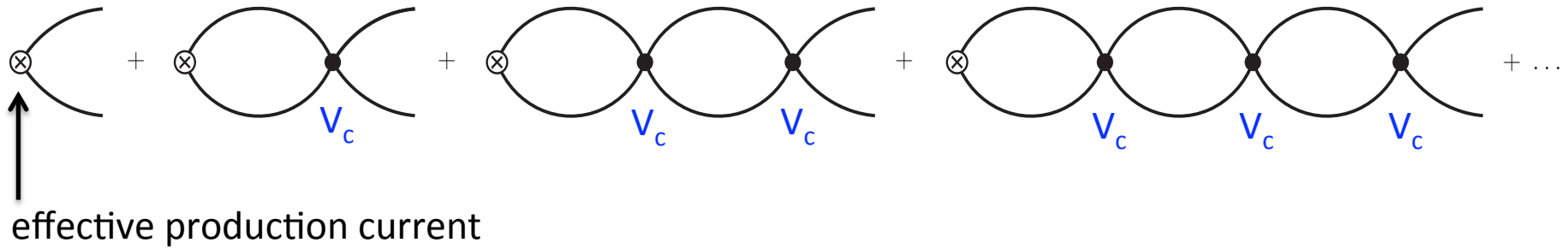
$$E \Psi = \left[\frac{\mathbf{k}^2}{m} + \mathbf{V} + \dots \right] \Psi$$

Theory

QCD



vNRQCD (leading order)



Theory

Green function: $\left[-\frac{\nabla_{\vec{r}}^2}{m} + V(r) - E \right] G(\vec{r}, \vec{r}', E) = \delta^{(3)}(\vec{r} - \vec{r}')$

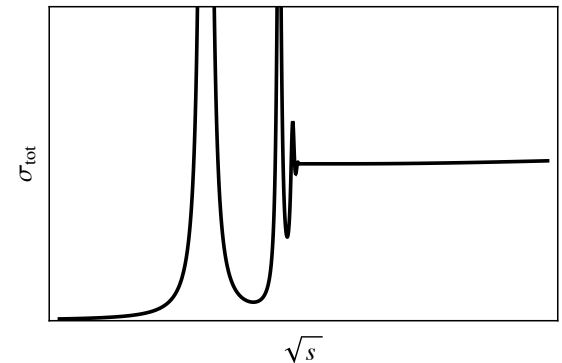
$$G(0, 0, E) \sim \text{[diagram: bubble with two external lines]} + \text{[diagram: two bubbles with two external lines, middle vertex labeled V]} + \text{[diagram: three bubbles with two external lines, middle two vertices labeled V]} + \dots$$

Cross section:

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim \int d\text{PS} \left| \text{[diagram: bubble with two external lines]} + \text{[diagram: two bubbles with two external lines, middle vertex labeled V]} + \text{[diagram: three bubbles with two external lines, middle two vertices labeled V]} + \dots \right|^2 \sim \text{Im} [G(0, 0, E)]$$

Unstable quark:

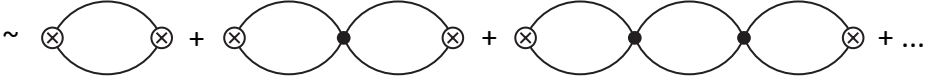
$$G(0, 0, E + i\Gamma_q) \sim \sum_n \frac{|\Psi_n(0)|^2}{E_n - E - i\Gamma_q} + \text{continuum}$$



Theory

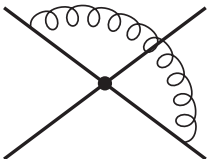
Leading order: $\left[-\frac{\nabla_{\vec{r}}^2}{m} + V_c(r) - E \right] G^{LO}(\vec{r}, \vec{r}', E) = \delta^{(3)}(\vec{r} - \vec{r}')$

Analytic solution: $G^{LL}(0, 0, E, \nu) = \frac{m^2}{4\pi} \left\{ i\nu - C_F \alpha_s \left[\ln\left(\frac{-i\nu}{\nu}\right) - \frac{1}{2} + \ln 2 + \gamma_E + \Psi\left(1 - \frac{iC_F \alpha_s}{2\nu}\right) \right] \right\} + \frac{m^2 C_F \alpha_s}{16\pi\epsilon}$

~ 

Higher orders: $\delta G^{NLO}(0, 0, E) = - \int d^3\vec{r} G^{LO}(0, \vec{r}, E) \delta V^{NLO}(\vec{r}) G^{LO}(\vec{r}, 0, E)$

$\uparrow$
 $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s, \nu)$

Renormalization:  $\Rightarrow V \equiv V(\mu) \Rightarrow G(0, 0, E) \equiv G(0, 0, E, \mu)$

$\Rightarrow$ G^{NNLL} known ✓
 G^{N^3LO} known ✓

[Hoang, Manohar, Stewart, Teubner; 2002]

[Pineda, Signer; 2006]

[Beneke, Kiyo, Schuller; 2007]

Theory

Problem of large logarithms:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} m & \gg & \vec{p} \sim mv & \gg & E_{\text{kin}} \sim mv^2 \\ \text{hard} & & \text{soft} & & \text{ultrasoft} \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha_s \ln(E^2/m^2), \alpha_s \ln(\mathbf{p}^2/m^2), \alpha_s \ln(E^2/\mathbf{p}^2) \sim \alpha_s \ln v \sim 1$$

Theory

Problem of large logarithms:

$$\boxed{m \gg \vec{p} \sim mv \gg E_{\text{kin}} \sim mv^2}$$

hard soft ultrasoft

$$\Rightarrow \alpha_s \ln(E^2/m^2), \alpha_s \ln(\mathbf{p}^2/m^2), \alpha_s \ln(E^2/\mathbf{p}^2) \sim \alpha_s \ln v \sim 1$$

Solution:

Two renormalization scales:

$$\mu_s = m\nu, \mu_u = m\nu^2$$

$\rightarrow$ “v”NRQCD

ν “subtraction velocity”

$$\rightarrow \text{RGE's resum } \underbrace{[\alpha_s \ln v]^n}_{\text{LL}}, \underbrace{\alpha_s [\alpha_s \ln v]^n}_{\text{NLL}}, \underbrace{\alpha_s^2 [\alpha_s \ln v]^n}_{\text{NNLL}} \dots \text{ terms}$$

Theory

- Nonresonant dof's integrated out, e.g.:



- Resonant dof's $\rightarrow$ fields in the vNRQCD Lagrangian:

nonrel. quark:	$(E, \mathbf{p}) \sim (mv^2, mv)$	$\psi_{\mathbf{p}}(x)$	
soft gluon:	$(q_0, \mathbf{q}) \sim (mv, mv)$	$A_{\mathbf{q}}(x)$	
ultrasoft gluon:	$(q_0, \mathbf{q}) \sim (mv^2, mv^2)$	$A(x)$	

- Systematic expansion in $v \Rightarrow$ consistent power counting in $v \sim \alpha_s$

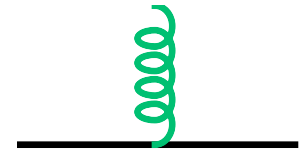
Theory

[Luke, Manohar, Rothstein, '00]

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{vNRQCD}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{usoft}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{pot}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}}$$

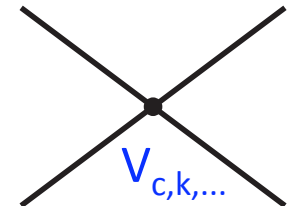
$$D^\mu = \partial^\mu + ig A^\mu(x)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{usoft}} : \psi_{\mathbf{p}}^\dagger(x) \left[iD^0 - \frac{(\mathbf{p} - i\mathbf{D})^2}{2m} + \dots \right] \psi_{\mathbf{p}}(x) + \dots$$

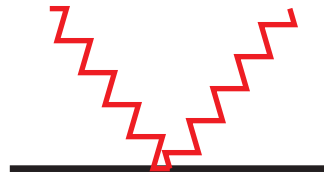


$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{pot}} : - V \psi_{\mathbf{p}'}^\dagger \psi_{\mathbf{p}} \chi_{-\mathbf{p}'}^\dagger \chi_{-\mathbf{p}} + \dots$$

$$V \sim \frac{v_c}{k^2} + \frac{v_k \pi^2}{m k} + \frac{v_r (\mathbf{p}^2 + \mathbf{p}'^2)}{2m^2 k^2} + \frac{v_2}{m^2} + \frac{v_s}{m^2} \mathbf{S}^2 + \dots$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}} :$$



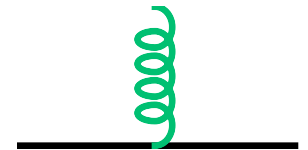
Theory

[Luke, Manohar, Rothstein, '00]

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{vNRQCD}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{usoft}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{pot}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}}$$

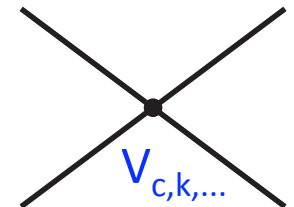
$$D^\mu = \partial^\mu + ig A^\mu(x)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{usoft}} : \psi_{\mathbf{p}}^\dagger(x) \left[iD^0 - \frac{(\mathbf{p} - i\mathbf{D})^2}{2m} + \dots \right] \psi_{\mathbf{p}}(x) + \dots$$

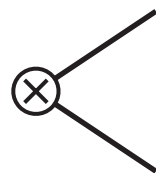


$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{pot}} : - V \psi_{\mathbf{p}'}^\dagger \psi_{\mathbf{p}} \chi_{-\mathbf{p}'}^\dagger \chi_{-\mathbf{p}} + \dots$$

$$V \sim \frac{v_c}{k^2} + \frac{v_k \pi^2}{m k} + \frac{v_r (\mathbf{p}^2 + \mathbf{p}'^2)}{2m^2 k^2} + \frac{v_2}{m^2} + \frac{v_s}{m^2} \mathbf{S}^2 + \dots$$



Production/annihilation current (3S_1):



$$\sim c_1(\nu) \cdot \underbrace{\vec{j}_1^{\text{eff}}(x)}_{\psi_{\mathbf{p}}^\dagger \vec{\sigma} (i\sigma_2) \chi_{-\mathbf{p}}^*} + \dots$$

(CMS)

Theory

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim \text{Im} \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram 1} + \text{Diagram 2} + \text{Diagram 3} + \dots \\ \text{Diagram 4} + \text{Diagram 5} + \dots \end{array} \right]$$

The diagrams represent Feynman diagrams for the total cross-section. Diagram 1 is a single loop with two external lines marked with a cross and labeled c_1 . Diagram 2 is a two-loop diagram with two external lines marked with a cross and labeled c_1 , and a vertex labeled V . Diagram 3 is a three-loop diagram with two external lines marked with a cross and labeled c_1 , and two vertices labeled V . Diagram 4 is a two-loop diagram with two external lines marked with a cross and labeled c_1 , and two vertices labeled V , with a red wavy line connecting the two vertices. Diagram 5 is a two-loop diagram with two external lines marked with a cross and labeled c_1 , and two vertices labeled V , with a green wavy line connecting the two vertices.

$$\sim \text{Im} \left[c_1(\nu)^2 \cdot G(0, 0, E, \nu) \right] + \dots$$



G^{NNLL} known ✓

[Hoang, Manohar, Stewart, Teubner, '02]

[Pineda, Signer, '06]

G^{NNNLO} known ✓

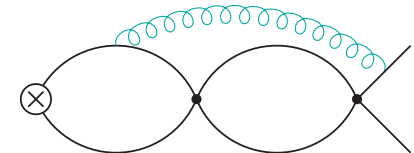
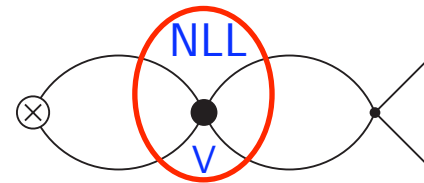
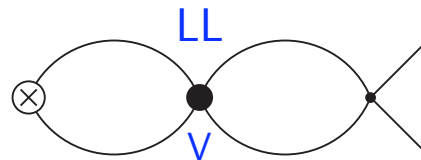
[Beneke, Kiyo, Schuller, '07]

Theory

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim \text{Im} \left[c_1(\nu)^2 \cdot G(0, 0, E, \nu) \right]$$

current
renormalization

$$\ln \left[\frac{c_1(\nu)}{c_1(1)} \right] = \underbrace{\xi^{\text{LL}}}_0 + \xi^{\text{NLL}} + \xi^{\text{NNLL}}_{\text{mix}} + \xi^{\text{NNLL}}_{\text{nonmix}}$$



[Hoang, '03]

NEW

[Hoang, MS, '11]

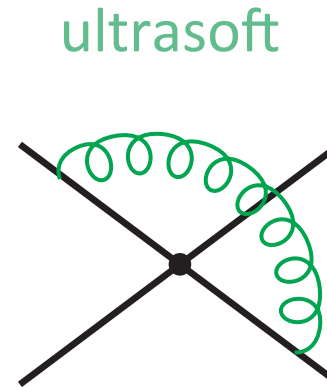
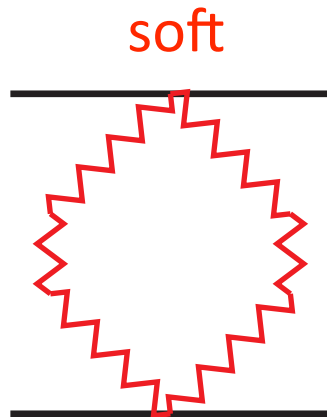
[Luke, Manohar, Rothstein, '00]

[Pineda, '02]

[Hoang, Stewart, '03]

Theory

$$\text{NLL:} \quad \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} \ln[\mathbf{c}_1(\nu)] = -\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{16\pi^2} \left[\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{4} + \mathcal{V}_2(\nu) + \mathcal{V}_r(\nu) + \mathbf{S}^2 \mathcal{V}_s(\nu) \right] + \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{V}_k(\nu)$$

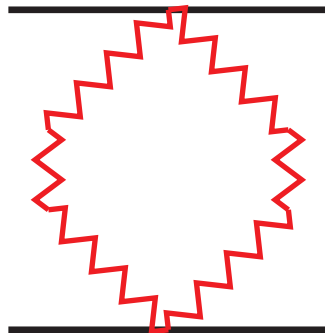


Theory

$$\text{NLL: } \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} \ln[\mathbf{c}_1(\nu)] = -\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{16\pi^2} \left[\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{4} + \mathcal{V}_2(\nu) + \mathcal{V}_r(\nu) + \mathbf{S}^2 \mathcal{V}_s(\nu) \right] + \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{V}_k(\nu)$$

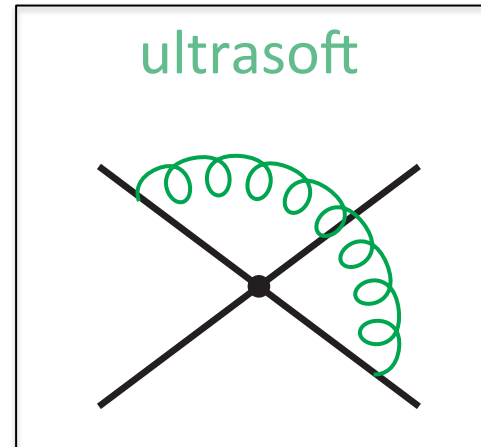


soft

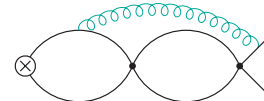


- known soft corrections small

ultrasoft



- dominant: $\alpha_s(mv^2) > \alpha_s(mv)$
- large contribution to $\xi_{\text{nonmix}}^{\text{NNLL}}$

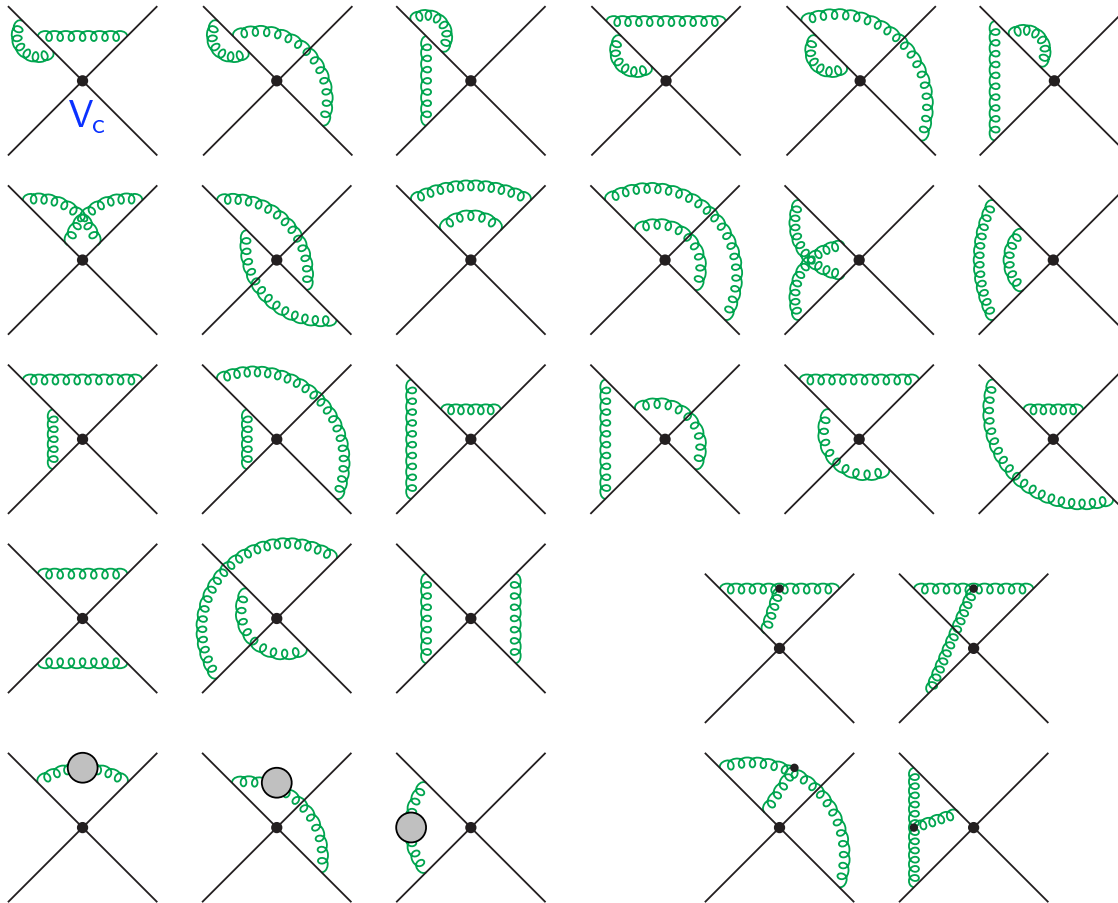


[Hoang, '03]

Theory

$$\text{NLL: } \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} \ln[c_1(\nu)] = -\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{16\pi^2} \left[\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{4} + \underbrace{\mathcal{V}_2(\nu) + \mathcal{V}_r(\nu)}_{\text{renormalize}} + \mathbf{S}^2 \mathcal{V}_s(\nu) \right] + \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{V}_k(\nu)$$

renormalize



- Feynman gauge
- $\overline{\text{MS}}$, dim. reg.
- $\mathcal{O}(10^3)$ diagrams

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\delta \mathcal{V}_{r,2}^{2\text{ loop}} \xrightarrow{\text{RGE}} \mathcal{V}_{r,2}^{\text{NLL}}(\nu)}$$

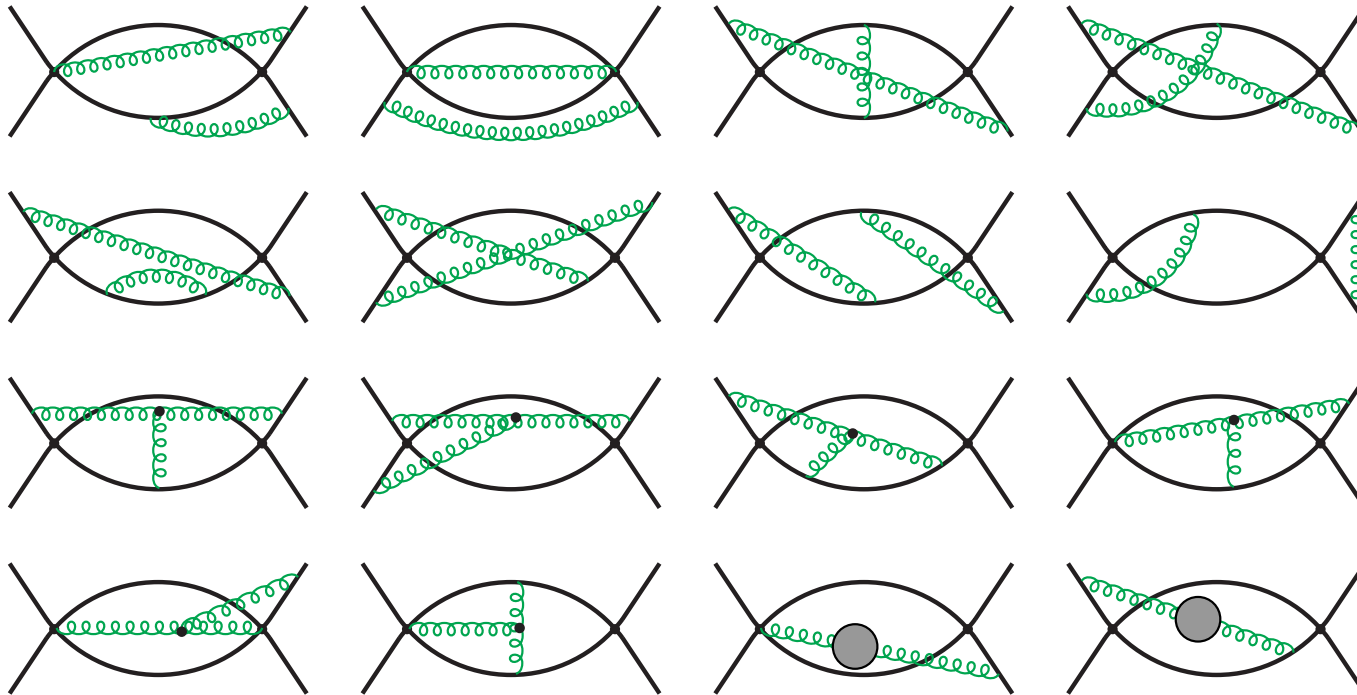
[Hoang, MS, '06]

[Pineda, '11]

Theory

$$\text{NLL: } \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} \ln[\mathbf{c}_1(\nu)] = -\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{16\pi^2} \left[\frac{\mathcal{V}_c(\nu)}{4} + \mathcal{V}_2(\nu) + \mathcal{V}_r(\nu) + \mathbf{S}^2 \mathcal{V}_s(\nu) \right] + \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{V}_k(\nu)$$

renormalize



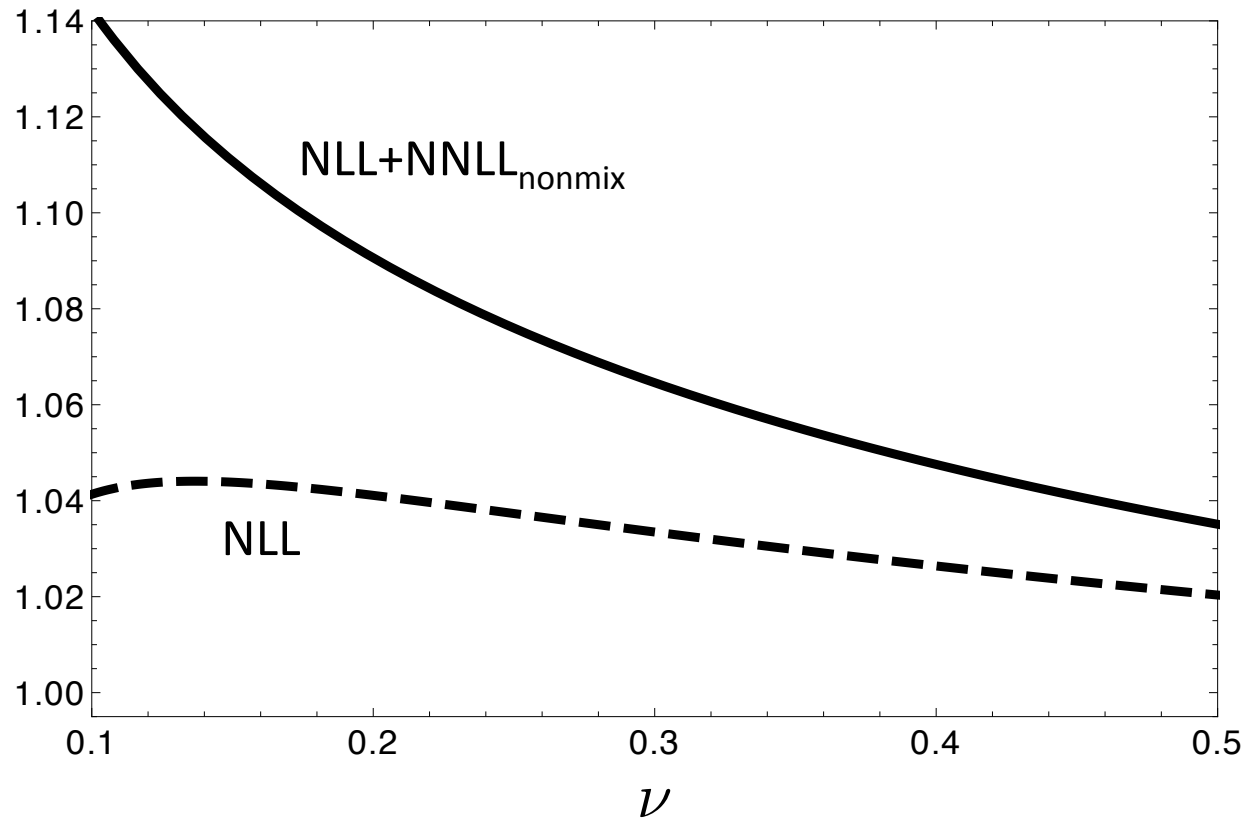
- 3 loops:
2 x usoft
1 x potential (finite)
- Feynman gauge
- $\overline{\text{MS}}$, dim. reg.
- $\Leftrightarrow O(10^4)$ 2-loop diagrams
- Generation:
own **Mathematica** code
- Integrals:
IBP & partial frac.

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\delta \mathcal{V}_k^{2\text{loop}} \xrightarrow{\text{RGE}} \mathcal{V}_k^{\text{NLL}}(\nu)} \quad \begin{array}{l} [\text{Hoang, MS, '11}] \\ [\text{Pineda, '11}] \end{array}$$

Theory

$$m=m_t$$

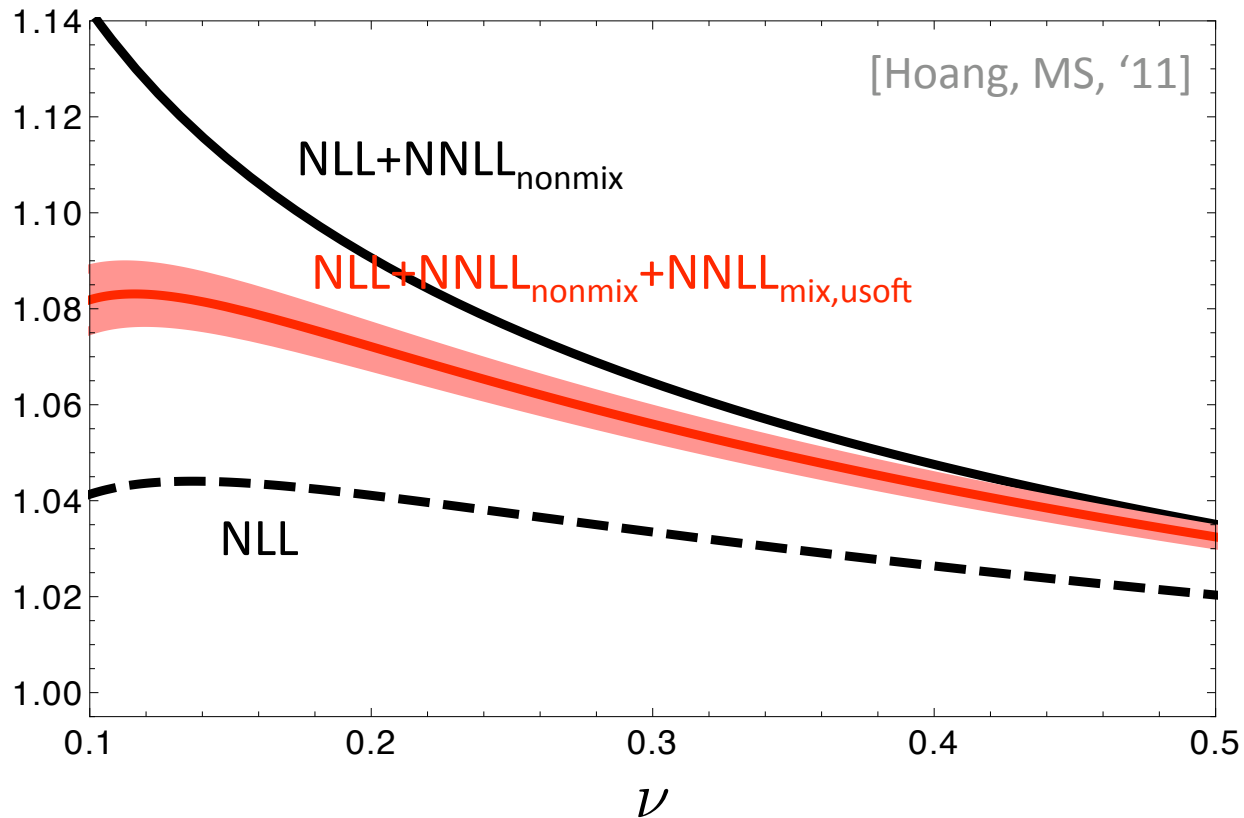
$$\frac{c_1(\nu)}{c_1(1)}$$



Theory

$$m=m_t$$

$$\frac{c_1(\nu)}{c_1(1)}$$



- large ultrasoft NNLL contributions compensate each other
- known soft NNLL contributions are small

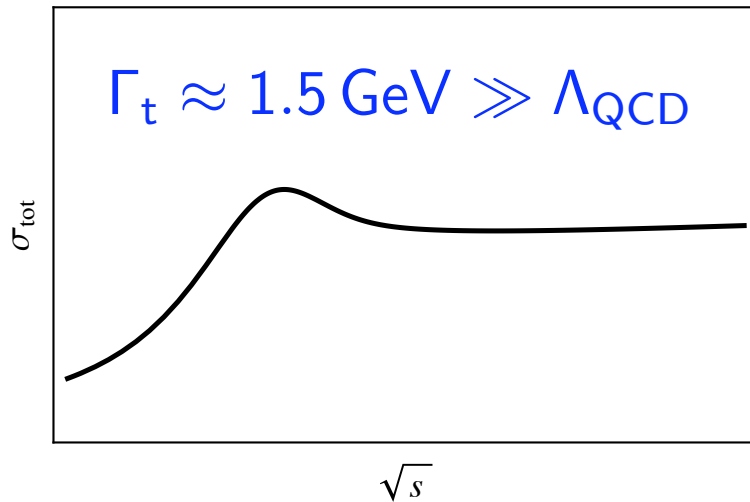
Applications

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$$

Top-antitop threshold @ ILC

Applications

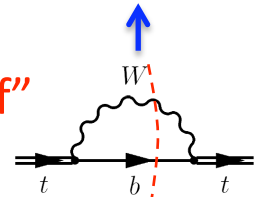
$t\bar{t}$ threshold scan @ ILC:



$$v_{\text{eff}} \equiv \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{s} - 2m_t}{m_t}} \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{s} - 2m_t + i\Gamma_t}{m_t}}$$

$$|v_{\text{eff}}| \gtrsim 0.1$$

“IR cutoff”



[Fadin, Khoze, '87]

⇒ Nonpert. effects suppressed!

- EW effects known up to NNLL

[Hoang, Reisser, Ruiz-Femenia, '10]

[Beneke, Jantzen Ruiz-Femenia, '10]

Experiment (simulation):

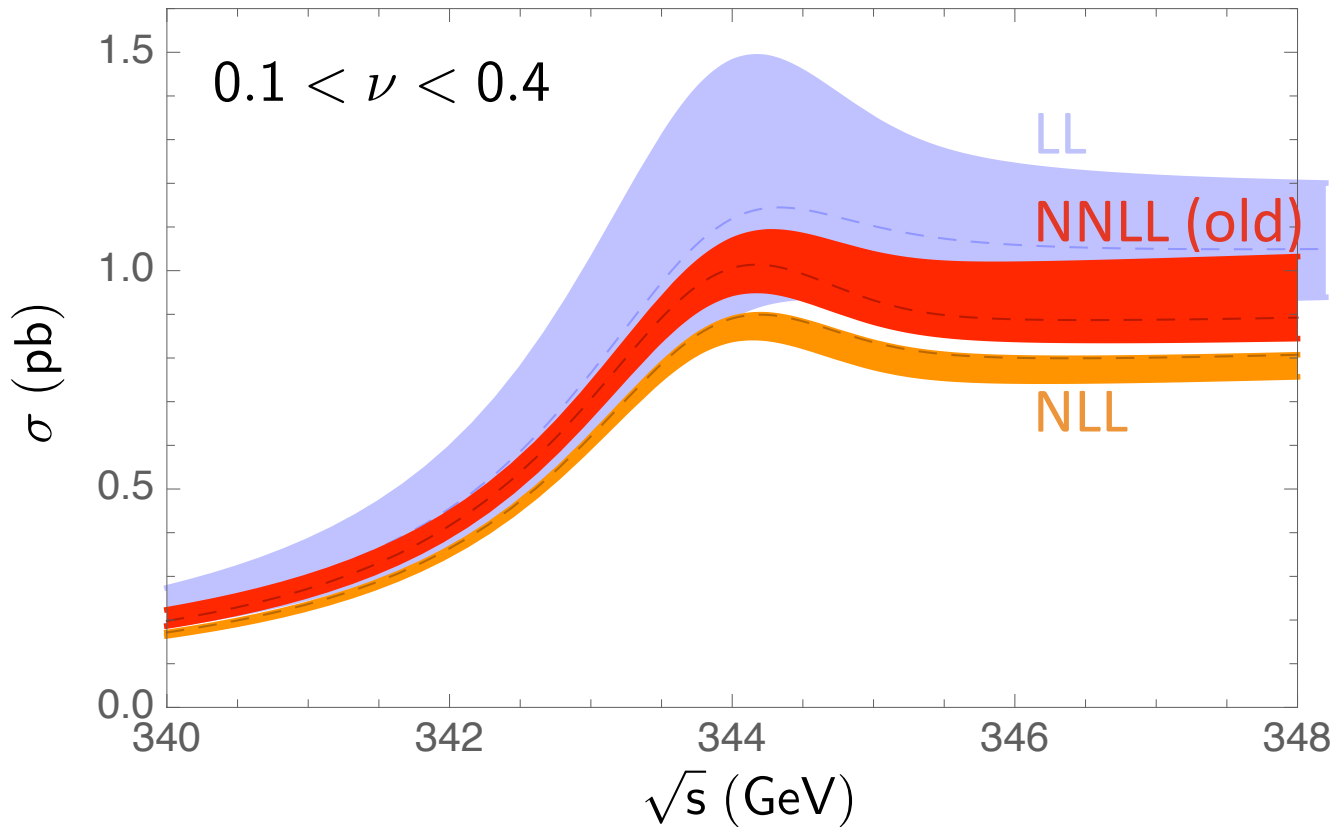
[Martinez, Miquel, '02]

$$\Delta m_t \sim 20 \text{ MeV}, \Delta \Gamma_t \sim 30 \text{ MeV}, \Delta \alpha_s \sim 0.0012, \Delta y_t / y_t \sim 35\%$$



Theory goal: $\Delta \sigma_{\text{tot}} / \sigma_{\text{tot}} \lesssim 3\%$

Applications



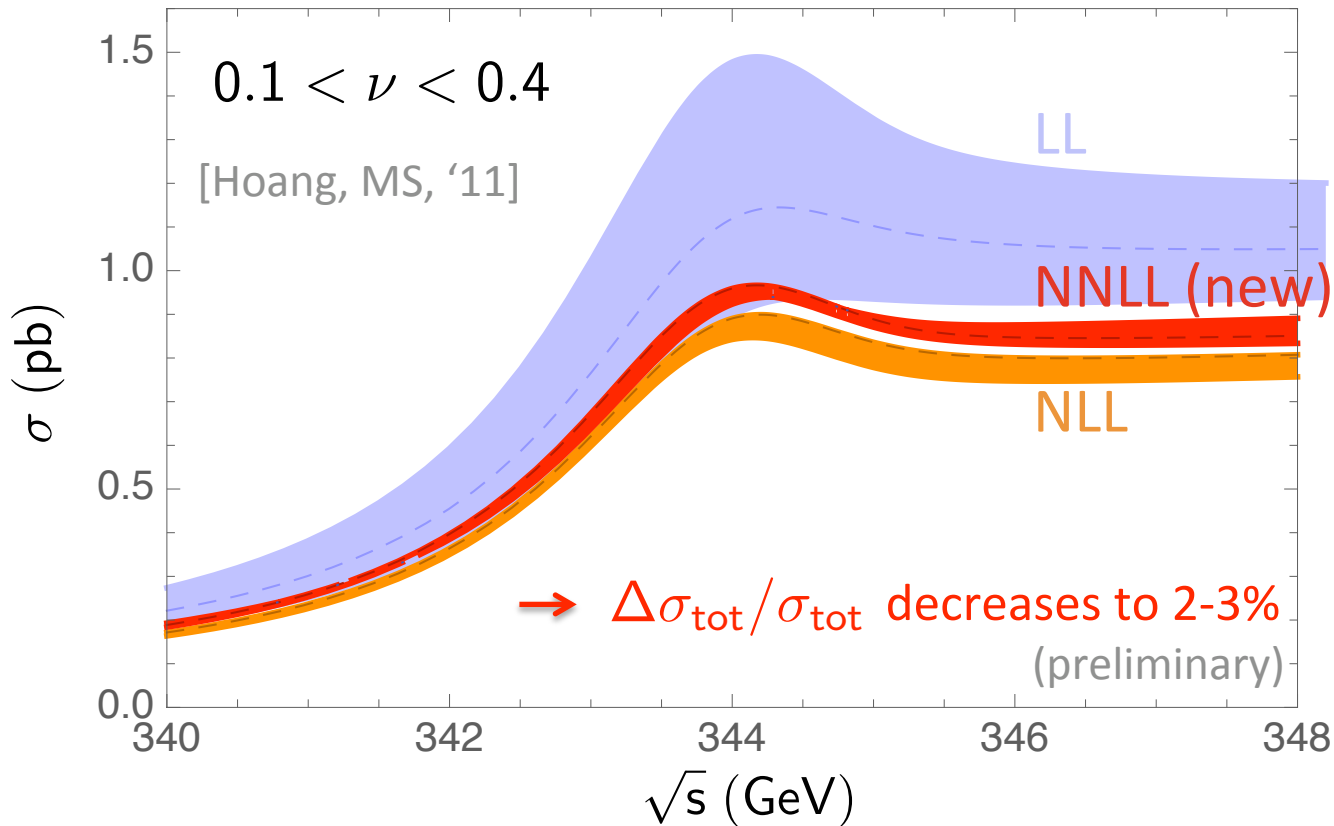
Theory status
until 2011:

$$\Delta m_t \sim 100 \text{ MeV} \checkmark$$

$$\Delta \sigma_{\text{tot}} / \sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim 6\%$$

< 3% needed for precise Γ_t , y_t , α_s

Applications



- LO EW effects included by $G^{\text{LL}}(0, 0, E, \nu) \rightarrow G^{\text{LL}}(0, 0, E + i\Gamma, \nu)$ [Fadin, Khoze, '87]
- Combination with NNLL EW effects and detailed error analysis $\rightarrow$ W.I.P

Applications

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow b \bar{b}$$

Bottom mass from nonrelativistic
sum rules

Applications

m_b from $b\bar{b}$ production near threshold:

R-ratio:
$$R_{b\bar{b}}(s) = \frac{\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma^* \rightarrow "b\bar{b}")}{\sigma_{\text{pt}}} \quad \sigma_{\text{pt}} = 4\pi\alpha_{\text{em}}^2/(3s)$$

Moments:
$$P_n = \int_0^\infty \frac{ds}{s^{n+1}} R_{b\bar{b}}(s)$$

Sum rule: (hadronic)
$$P_n^{\text{exp}} = P_n^{\text{th}}$$
 (partonic) [Novikov, Okun, Shifman, Vainshtein, Voloshin, Zakharov; 1977]

large n (nonrelativistic): $n \gtrsim 4$

[Pineda, Signer, '06] ← NNLO + NLL

[Beneke, Signer, '99]

[Melnikov, Yelkhovsky, '98]

[Hoang, '98/'99]

} NNLO

small n (relativistic): $n \lesssim 3$

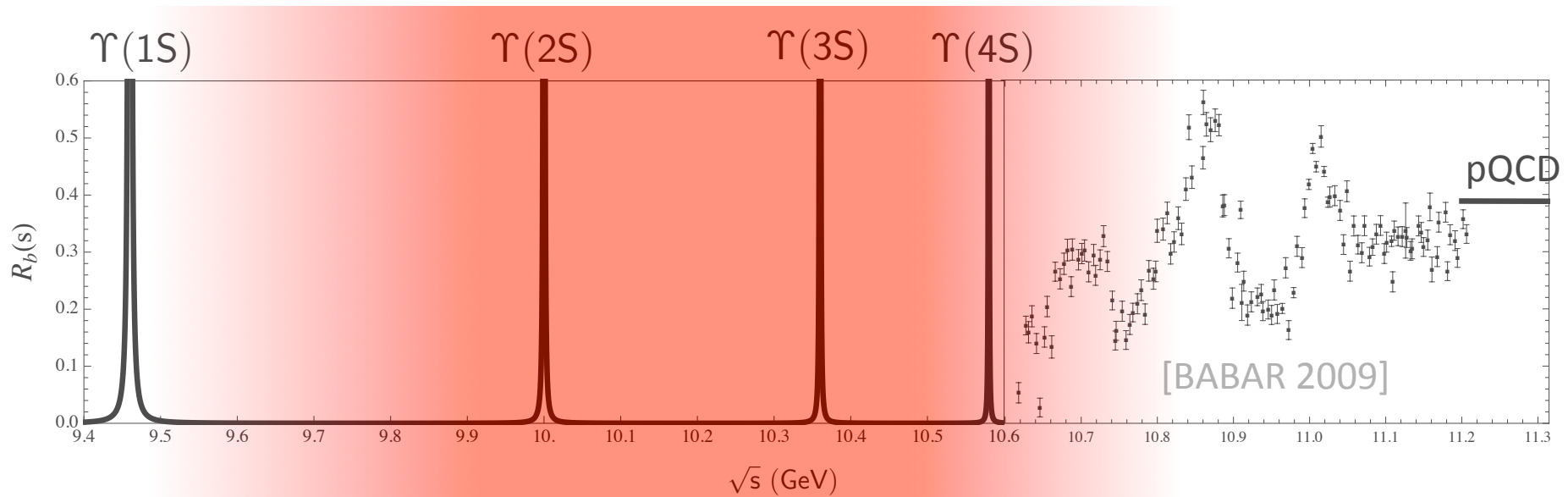
[Bodenstein et al., '11]

[Chetyrkin et al., '09/'10]

[Kühn et al., '07]

Applications

R-Ratio in the $b\bar{b}$ threshold region:

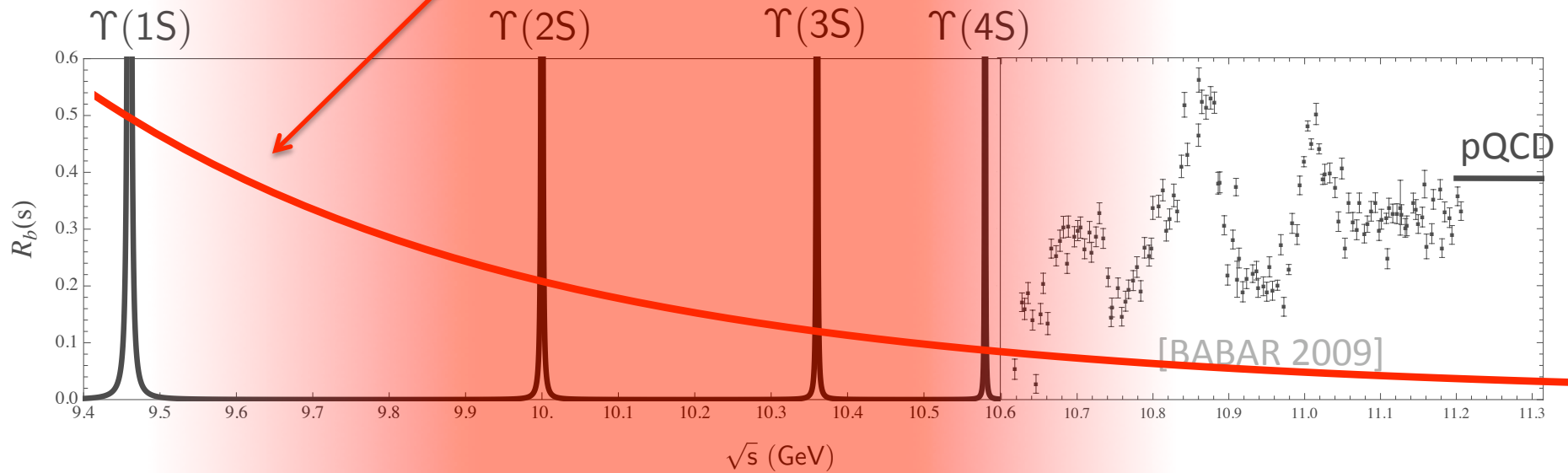


NONPERTURBATIVE

Applications

Large n sum rule: $P_n = \int_0^\infty \frac{ds}{s^{n+1}} R_{b\bar{b}}(s)$ $4 \leq n \leq 10$

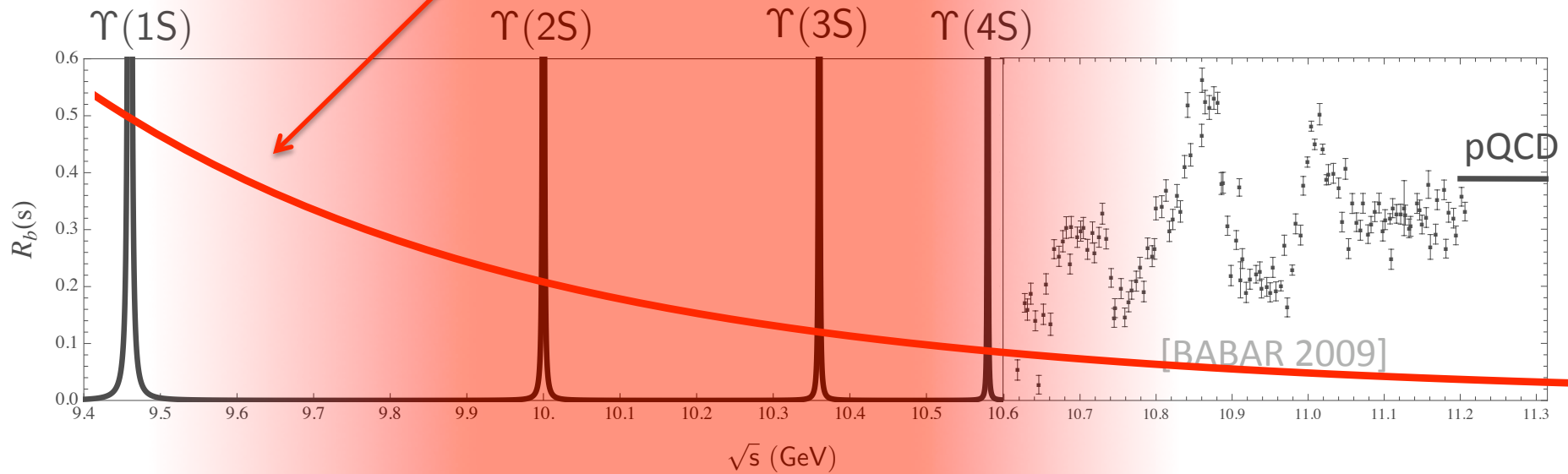
“smearing” over $\Delta E \sim m/n$



Applications

Large n sum rule: $P_n = \int_0^\infty \frac{ds}{s^{n+1}} R_{b\bar{b}}(s)$ $4 \leq n \leq 10$

“smearing” over $\Delta E \sim m/n$



• Nonperturbative effects suppressed for $\Delta E \sim mv^2 \sim m/n \gg \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$

• Average (relative) b-quark velocity $v \sim 1/\sqrt{n} \ll 1 \rightarrow \text{vNRQCD}$

Applications

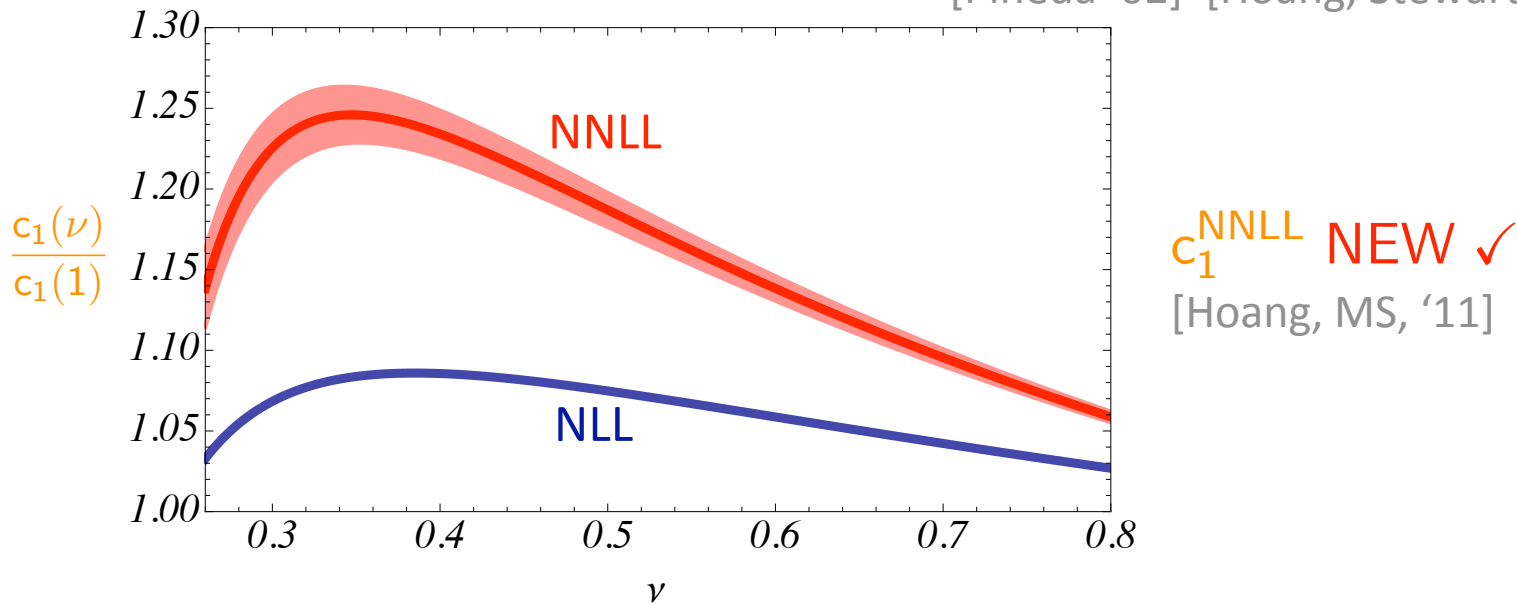
$$R_{b\bar{b}}(s) \sim \text{Im} \left[c_1(\nu)^2 \cdot G(0, 0, E, \nu) \right] + \dots$$

G^{NNLL} known ✓

[Hoang, Manohar, Stewart, Teubner, '02]
[Pineda, Signer, '06]

c_1^{NLL} known ✓

[Luke, Manohar, Rothstein '00]
[Pineda '02] [Hoang, Stewart, '03]



Applications

Integration over $s \Rightarrow P_n = \int_0^\infty \frac{ds}{s^{n+1}} R_{b\bar{b}}(s)$

[Voloshin, '95]

$$P_n^{\text{th}} = \frac{3 N_c Q_b^2 \sqrt{\pi}}{4^{n+1} (M_b^{\text{pole}})^{2n} n^{3/2}} c_1(\nu)^2 \left(1 + 2 \sqrt{\pi} \phi + 4 \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{p=2}^{\infty} \phi^p \frac{\zeta_p}{\Gamma(\frac{p-1}{2})} + \dots \right) + \dots$$

$$\phi := C_F/2 \alpha_s(\nu) \sqrt{n}$$

Coulomb resummation: $\sim \sum_m (\alpha_s/\nu)^m$

- Higher order logarithms $\sim \ln(\nu \sqrt{n})$

$\Rightarrow$ Renormalization parameter: $\boxed{\nu \sim v \sim 1/\sqrt{n}}$ resums nonrel. logs!

- Short distance mass M_b^{1S} to avoid renormalon ambiguity:

$$M_b^{\text{pole}} = M_b^{1S} \{ 1 + \Delta^{\text{LL}} + \Delta^{\text{NLL}} + [(\Delta^{\text{LL}})^2 + \Delta_c^{\text{NNLL}} + \Delta_m^{\text{NNLL}}] \}$$

Results

Fit for $n=10$:

$$P_{10}^{\text{exp}} = P_{10}^{\text{th}}(M_b^{1S}) \quad \Rightarrow \quad M_b^{1S}$$

matching scale:

$$\mu_{\text{hard}} = h m$$

renormalization scales:

$$\mu_{\text{soft}} = h m \nu$$

$$\mu_{\text{usoft}} = h m \nu^2$$

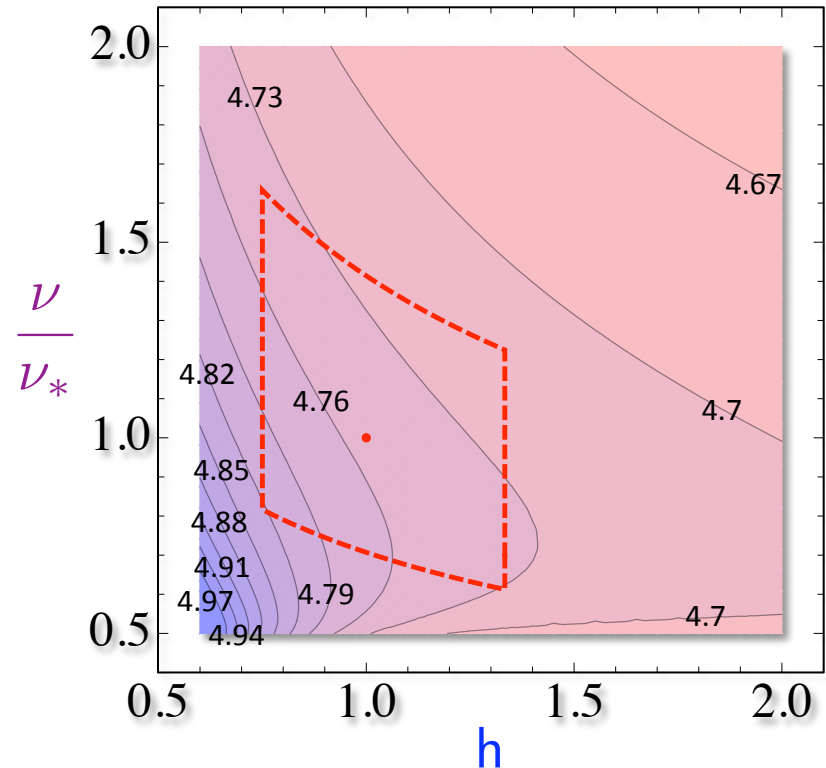
default choice:

$$h = 1 \quad \nu_* = 1/\sqrt{n} + 0.2$$

scale variation:

$$0.75 \leq h \leq 1/0.75$$

$$m \nu_*^2 / 2 \leq \mu_{\text{usoft}} \leq 2 m \nu_*^2$$



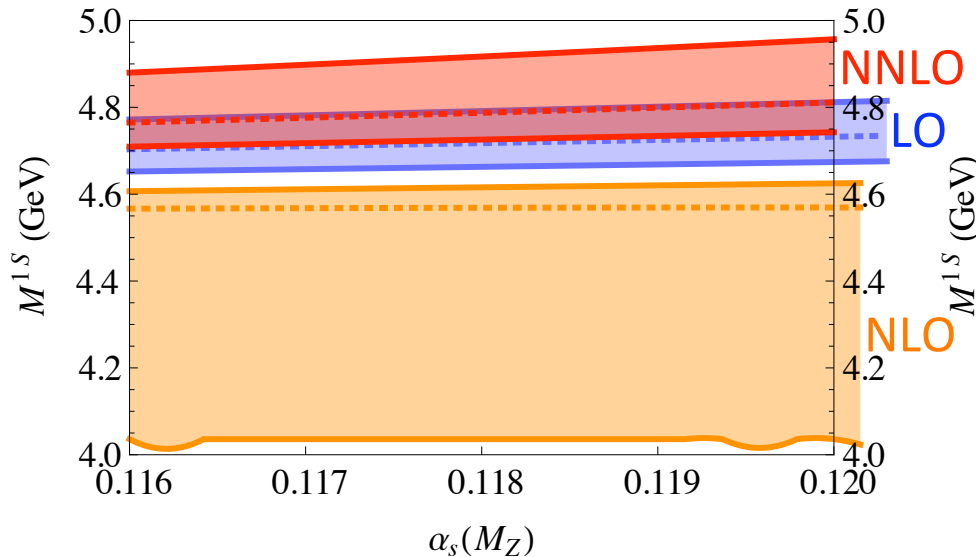
Results

Comparison with (previous) fixed order results:

[Hoang, Ruiz-Femenia, MS, '12]

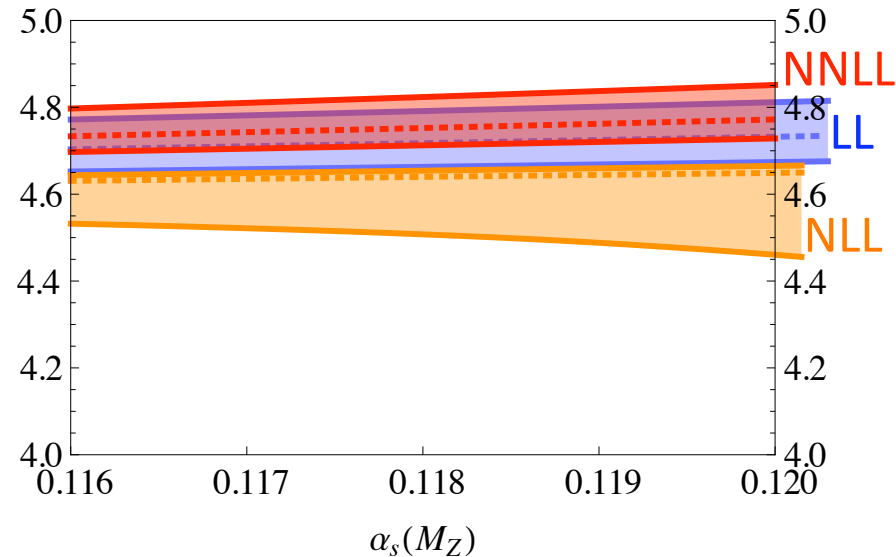
Fixed order

n=10



New RGI result

n=10



RGI result (n=10):
 $\alpha_s = 0.1183 \pm 0.0010$

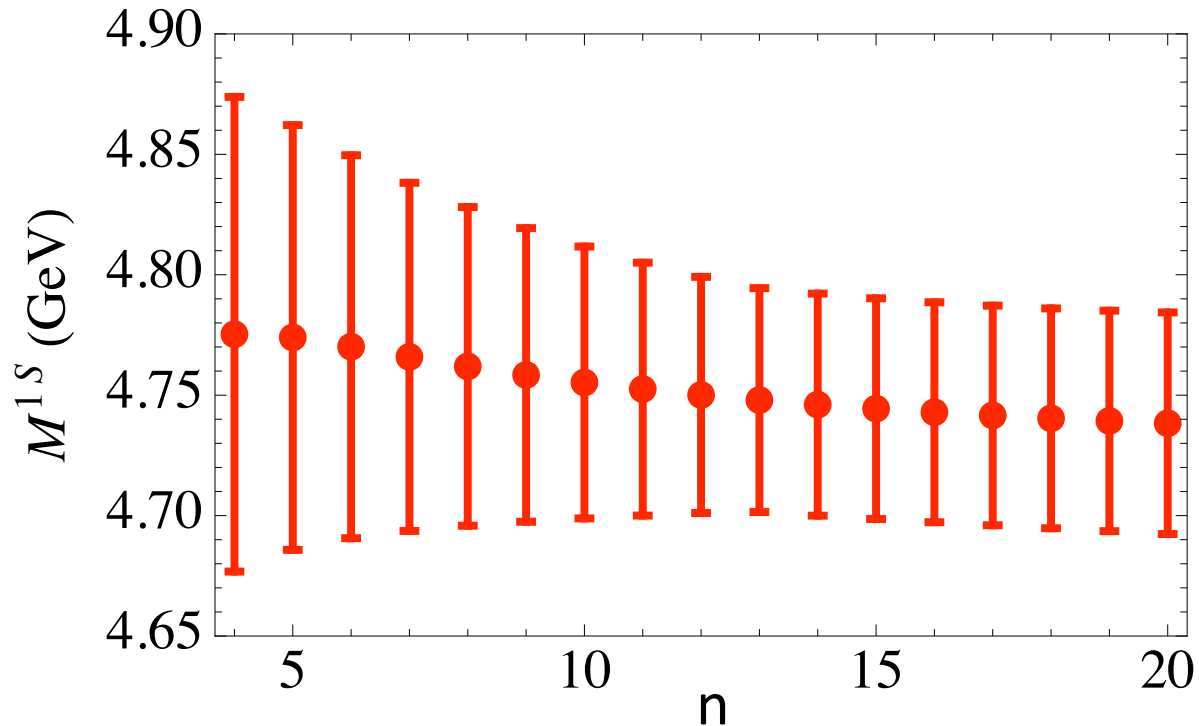
$$M_b^{1S} = 4.755 \pm 0.057_{\text{pert}} \pm 0.009_{\alpha_s} \pm 0.003_{\text{exp}} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\overline{\text{MS}}: \quad \bar{m}_b(\bar{m}_b) = 4.235 \pm 0.055_{\text{pert}} \pm 0.003_{\text{exp}} \text{ GeV}$$

Results

Comparison of n-th moment fits:

[Hoang, Ruiz-Femenia, MS, '12]



RGI result (n=10):
 $\alpha_s = 0.1183 \pm 0.0010$

$$M_b^{1S} = 4.755 \pm 0.057_{\text{pert}} \pm 0.009_{\alpha_s} \pm 0.003_{\text{exp}} \text{ GeV}$$

Finite charm mass correction $\approx -(20-30) \text{ MeV}$ (fixed order) [Hoang, Manohar, '00]
[Hoang, '00]

Summary

Precise prediction of heavy quark threshold production in vNRQCD:

- ✓ $\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim \text{Im} \left[c_1(\nu)^2 \cdot G(0, 0, E, \nu) \right] + \dots$
- ✓ $G(0, 0, E, \nu)$ known to NNLL, New: $c_1(\nu)$ to NNLL
- ✓ RG improvement important!

Applications:

- $t\bar{t}$ threshold production @ ILC $\rightarrow m_t, y_t, \alpha_s, \Gamma_t$
 $\Delta\sigma_{\text{tot}}/\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim 2-3\%$ detailed error analysis $\rightarrow$ W.I.P
- Bottom mass from Υ sum rules: $M_b^{1S} = 4.755 \pm 0.058 \text{ GeV}$
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}H, e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{t}\tilde{t}, \dots$

Backup

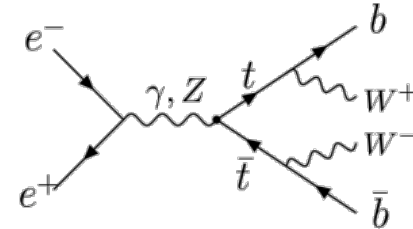
$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow t \bar{t}$$

Top-antitop threshold: EW effects

Backup

- Power counting: $\Gamma_t/m_t \sim \alpha_{EW} \sim \alpha_s^2 \sim v^2 \ll 1$

- Physical final state: $e^+e^- \rightarrow W^+W^-b\bar{b}$



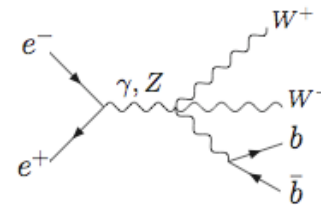
- Apply loose invariant mass cuts on reconstructed tops/antitops:

$$p_{t,\bar{t}}^2 = (m_t \pm \Delta M_t)^2 = m_t^2 + \Lambda^2$$

$$m_t \Gamma_t \ll \Lambda^2 \lesssim m_t^2$$

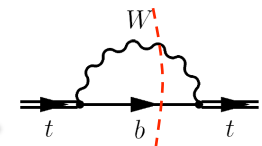
→ no effect on resonant contributions!

→ non-resonant background suppressed:



LO: $E = \sqrt{s} - 2m_t \rightarrow E + i\Gamma_t$ (replacement rule)

unstable top propagator:
$$\frac{i}{E/2 + p^0 - \mathbf{p}^2/(2m) + i\Gamma_t/2}$$



[Fadin, Khoze, '87]

Backup

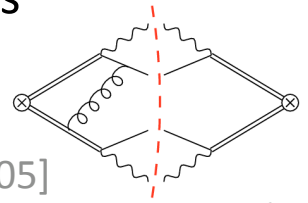
Beyond LO:

- QED: “Coulomb photon” $\rightarrow$ trivial extension of QCD corrections

- Gluon exchange with final state $\rightarrow$ negligible at NLO and NNLO

[Fadin, Khoze, Martin '94] [Hoang, Reisser '05]

[Melnikov, Yakovlev '94] [Beneke, Jantzen, Ruiz-Femenia '10]



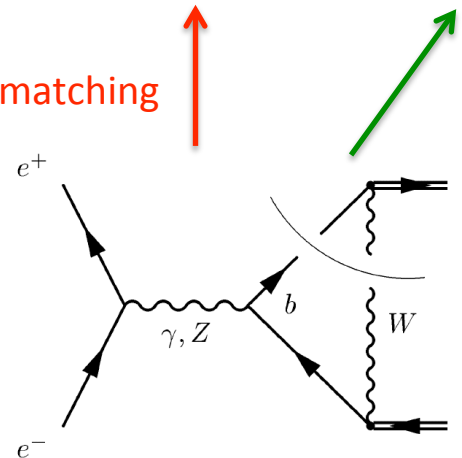
- Corrections to current matching:

$$c_1(1) = c_{1,LL}^{\text{born}} + c_{1,NLL}^{\text{QCD}} + c_{1,NNLL}^{\text{QCD}} + i c_{1,NNLL}^{\text{bW,abs}} + c_{1,NNLL}^{\text{EW}} + \dots$$

[Kuhn, Guth '92]

complex matching

[Hoang, Reisser '06]



Backup

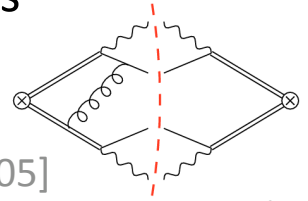
Beyond LO:

- QED: “Coulomb photon” $\rightarrow$ trivial extension of QCD corrections

- Gluon exchange with final state $\rightarrow$ negligible at NLO and NNLO

[Fadin, Khoze, Martin '94] [Hoang, Reisser '05]

[Melnikov, Yakovlev '94] [Beneke, Jantzen, Ruiz-Femenia '10]

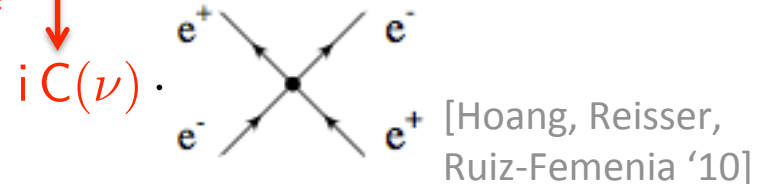


- Corrections to current matching:

$$c_1(1) = c_{1,LL}^{\text{born}} + c_{1,NLL}^{\text{QCD}} + c_{1,NNLL}^{\text{QCD}} + i c_{1,NNLL}^{\text{bW,abs}} + c_{1,NNLL}^{\text{EW}} + \dots$$

$$\rightarrow \sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim \text{Im} [c_1(\nu)^2 G(0, 0, E + i\Gamma_t, \nu)] \sim \frac{\alpha_s \Gamma_t}{\epsilon} + \text{finite}$$

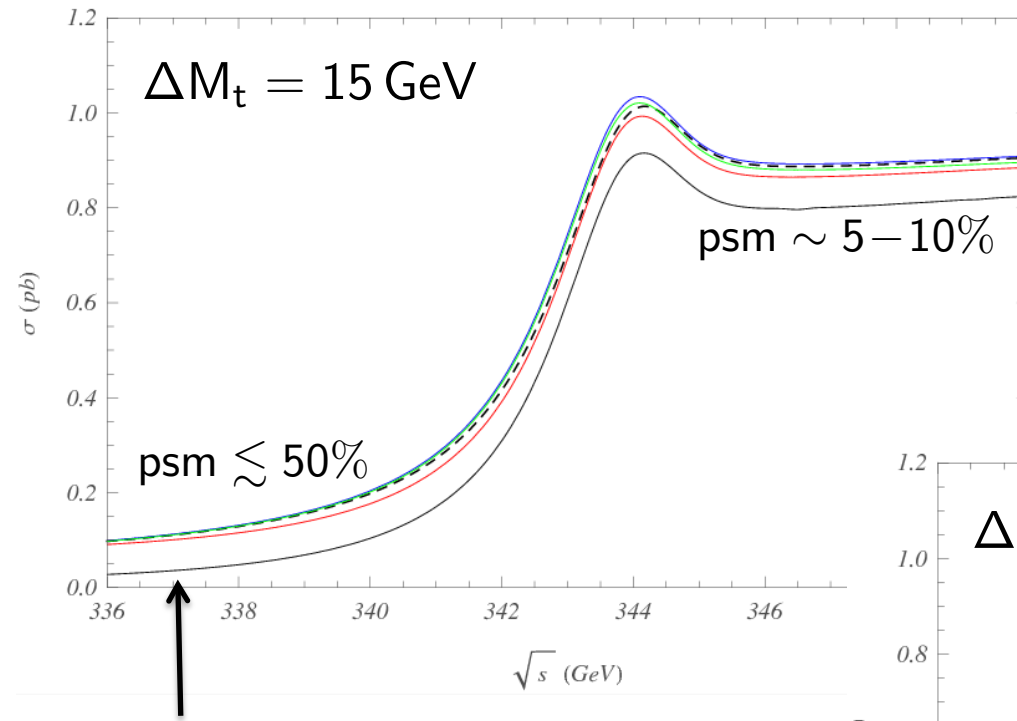
phase space divergence $\downarrow$ sums phase space logs in $C(\nu)$ at NLL ✓



[Hoang, Reisser, Ruiz-Femenia '10]

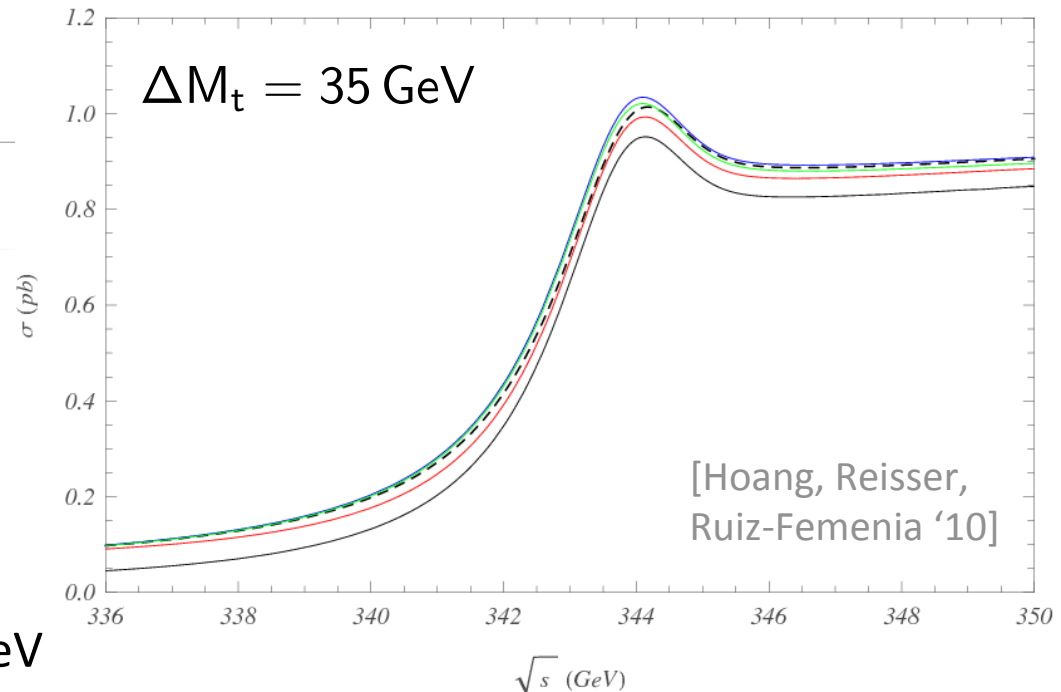
- “Phase space matching” for $C(\nu)$ to allow for Λ cuts: NLO, NNLO, N³LO ✓

Backup



dashed line: NNLL pure QCD prediction
(add step by step)
+ NNLL QED effects
+ NNLL EW current matching (real)
+ NNLL EW current matching (absorptive)
+ NLL+NNLL+N³LL phase space
matching contributions (psm)

large psm correction due to unphysical
phase space in pure QCD prediction



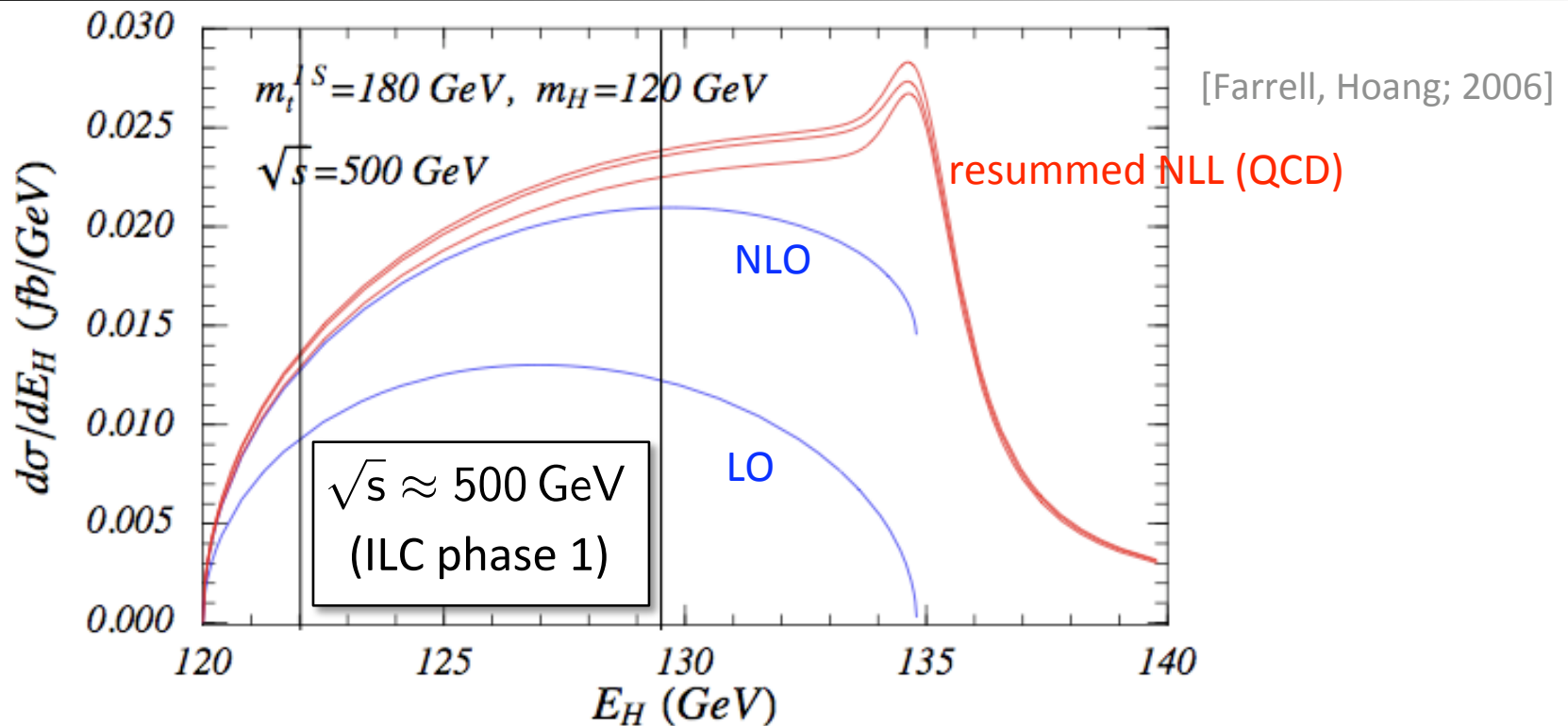
[Hoang, Reisser,
Ruiz-Femenia '10]

→ Shift in peak position: 30-50 MeV

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow t \bar{t} H$$

Associated Higgs production

Backup



- For light Higgs ($m_H \approx 120 \text{ GeV}$): **full $t\bar{t}$ phase space nonrelativistic!**
 → must sum $(\alpha_s/v)^n, (\alpha_s \ln v)^n$ terms → recycle $t\bar{t}$ results (vNRQCD)
 → **factor 2 enhancement** over tree level (+ factor 2 from polarized beams)
- realistic studies: $(\delta y_t/y_t)_{500\text{GeV}}^{\text{ILC}} \sim 30\% \rightarrow 10 - 15\%?$ [Juste, '02,'06]