



# (a)MC@NLO status report

Marco Zaro, CP3 - UCLouvain

on behalf of
the aMC@NLO collaboration:

P.Artoisenet, R. Frederix, S. Frixione, F. Maltoni, O. Mattelaer, R. Pittau, P. Torrielli, V. Hirschi

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## Matching NLO computations with parton showers



- Why NLO + PS?
  - Reliable predictions of rates
  - Reliable estimate of uncertainties (scale & PDF)
  - Better theoretical accuracy, less need of fine tuning
  - Realistic description of the final state
  - Better understanding of data
  - Steep increase in complexity (in particular for higher multiplicities)



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Ask a computer to do the hard job Automation!







• Use suitable counterterms to avoid double counting the emission from shower and ME, keeping the correct rate at order  $\alpha_s$ :

$$\frac{d\sigma_{MC@NLO}}{dO} = \left(\mathcal{B} + \mathcal{V} + \int d\Phi_1 MC\right) d\Phi_n \ I_{MC}^n(O) + \left(\mathcal{R} - MC\right) d\Phi_n \ d\Phi_1 \ I_{MC}^{n+1}(O)$$

S-events H-events

MC depends on the PSMC's Sudakov:

$$MC = \left| \frac{\partial \left( t^{MC}, z^{MC}, \phi \right)}{\partial \Phi_1} \right| \frac{1}{t^{MC}} \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \frac{1}{2\pi} P\left( z^{MC} \right) \mathcal{B}$$

- Available for Herwig6, Pythia6 (virtuality-ordered), Herwig++ (Pythia 8 in progress)
- MC acts as local counterterm
- Some weights can be negative (unweighting up to sign)
  - Only affects statistics





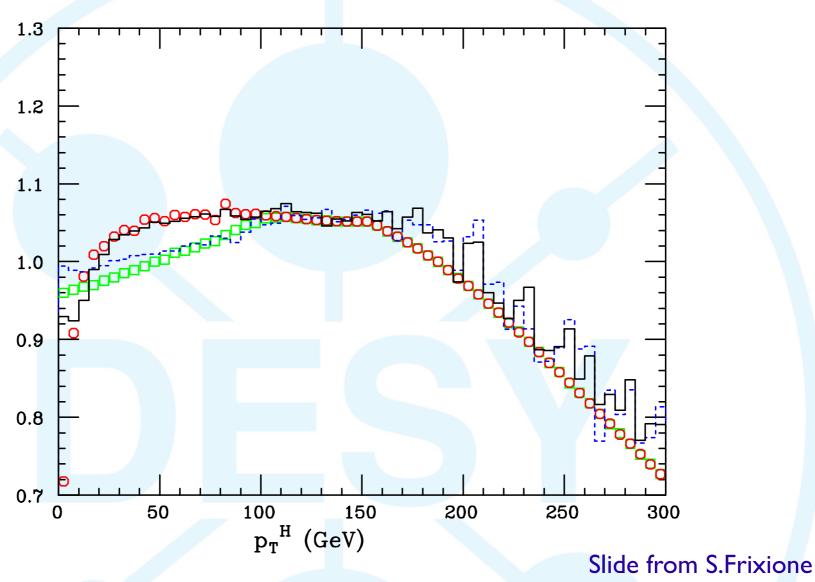


- • v4.07 only HEFT available (born with exact m<sub>t</sub> dependence)
- v4.08 (06/12) real+virtual ME with exact mt, mb dependence
- v4.10 (07/13) allows user to follow the Grazzini and Sargsyan prescription
  - Different resummation scales (Q<sub>i</sub> in HRes, shower scale in MC@NLO) for top and bottom contributions
    - ~ m<sub>b</sub> for bottom loops
    - ~ m<sub>H</sub> for top loops
  - Two runs have to be performed, and the results combined









histograms: MC@NLO symbols: HRes

solid and circles:  $Q_2 = \mathcal{O}(m_b)$  dashed and boxes:  $Q_2 = \mathcal{O}(m_H)$ 

Note: not tuned comparison, still results are consistent Both codes use an additive matching approach





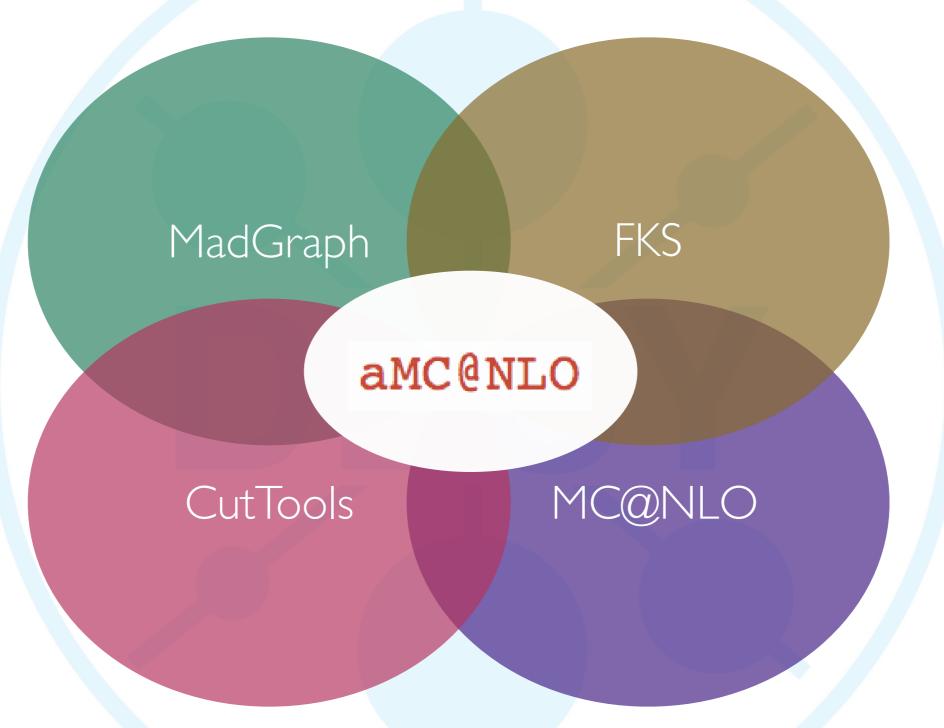






### aMC@NLO

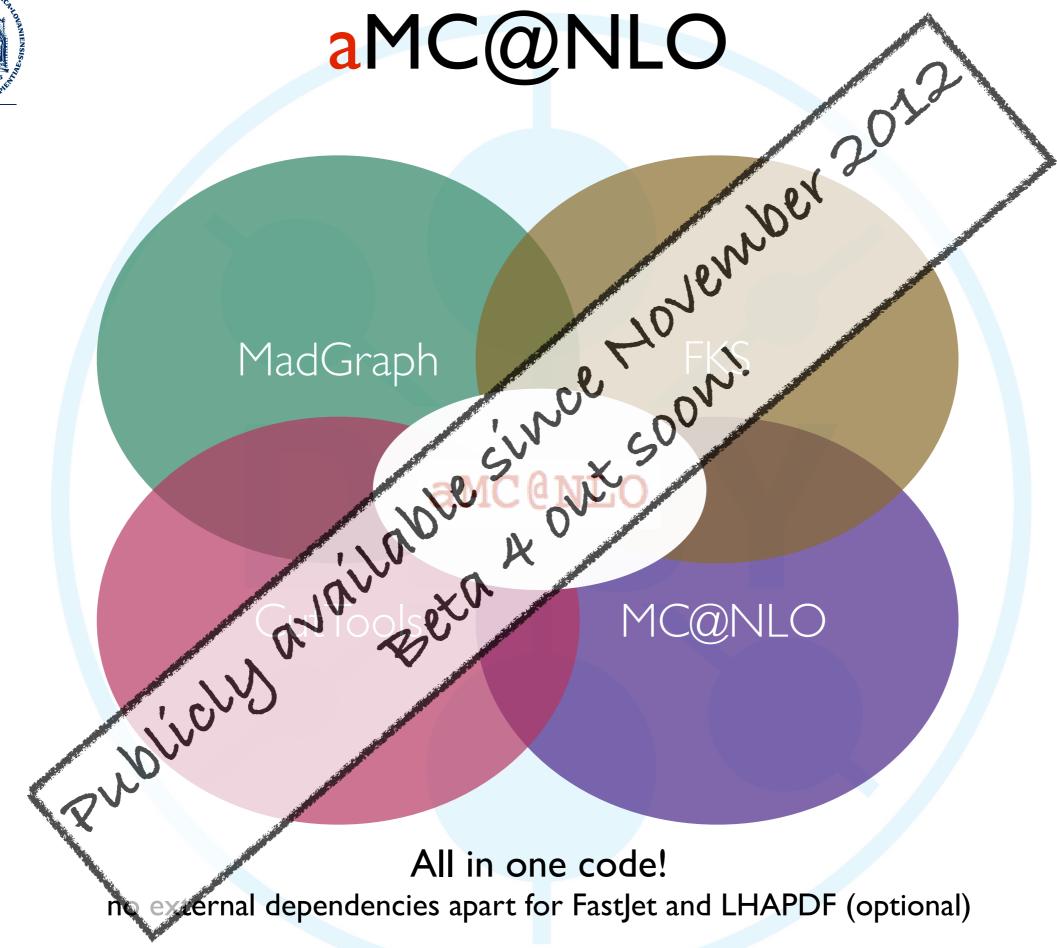




All in one code!

no external dependencies apart for FastJet and LHAPDF (optional)









## Full automation (and extreme simplicity)

- Start the MG5/aMC@NLO shell
  - \$./bin/mg5
- Generate the process
  - > generate p p > t t~ h [QCD]
- Write the code
  - > output my\_tth\_nlo
- Launch the event generation/fixed order computation
  - > launch







- Spin correlations in ttH
- t-channel Single top with off shell/non resonant effects
- Drell-Yan/Diboson production in ADD theories
- Matching systematics in VBF
- Higgs Characterization framework





### Spin correlations in ttH

P.Artoisenet, R. Frederix, O. Mattelaer, R. Rietkerk, arXiv:1212.3460 + YR3

- MadSpin allows the user to perform the decay of an event sample into an arbitrary final state, keeping spin correlations
- Based on the method by Frixione, Laenen, Motylinski, Webber:
  - Read the (undecayed) event
  - Generate MEs for production (P) and production+decay (P+D)
  - Generate decay kinematics until

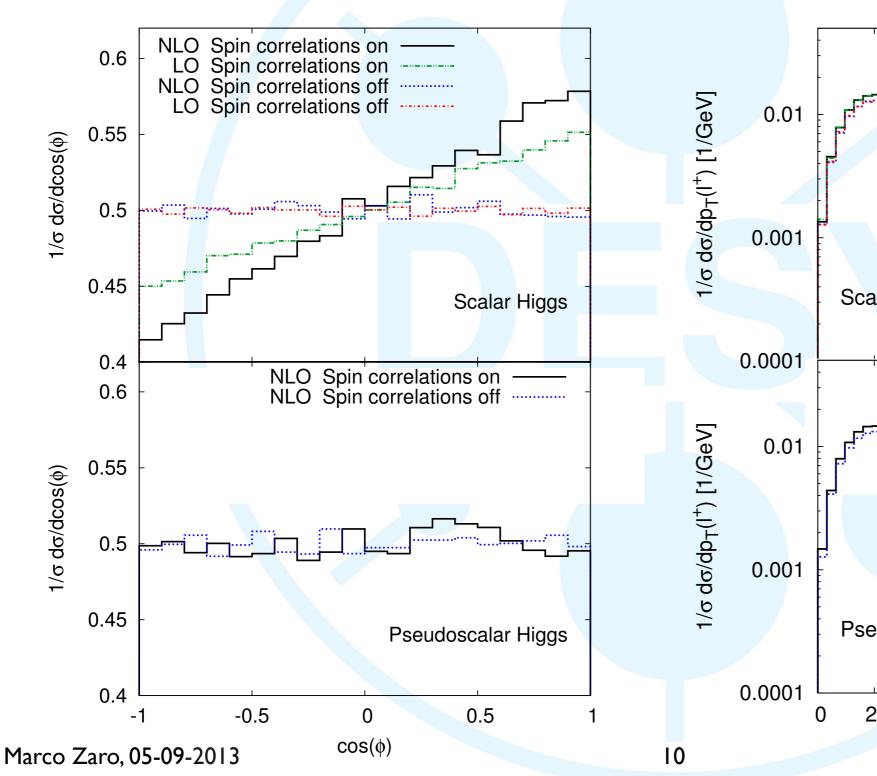
$$|M_{P+D}|^2 / |M_P|^2 > \text{Rand}() \max(|M_{P+D}|^2 / |M_P|^2)$$

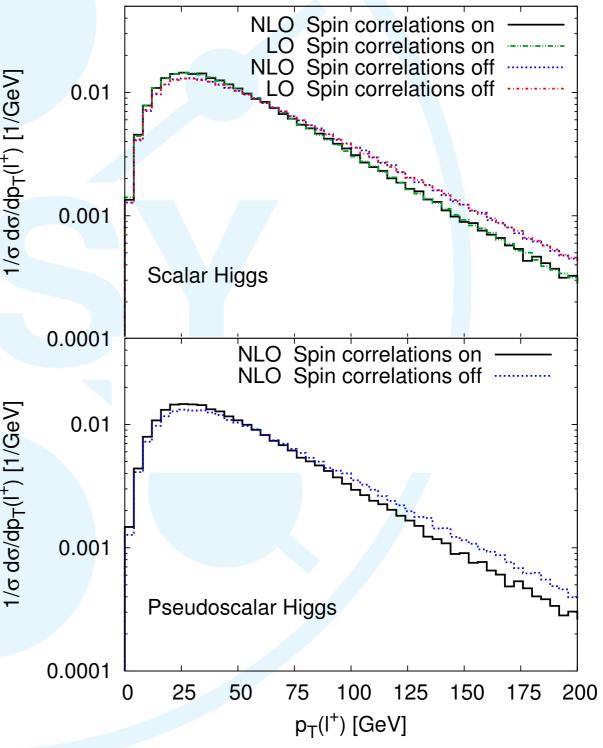
- Write the decayed event
- Use n(+1)-body tree-level MEs for S(H) events
- Keep NLO accuracy for production-related observables
- Include all spin correlations
  - Effects of genuine loop origin are not accounted for (typically small)







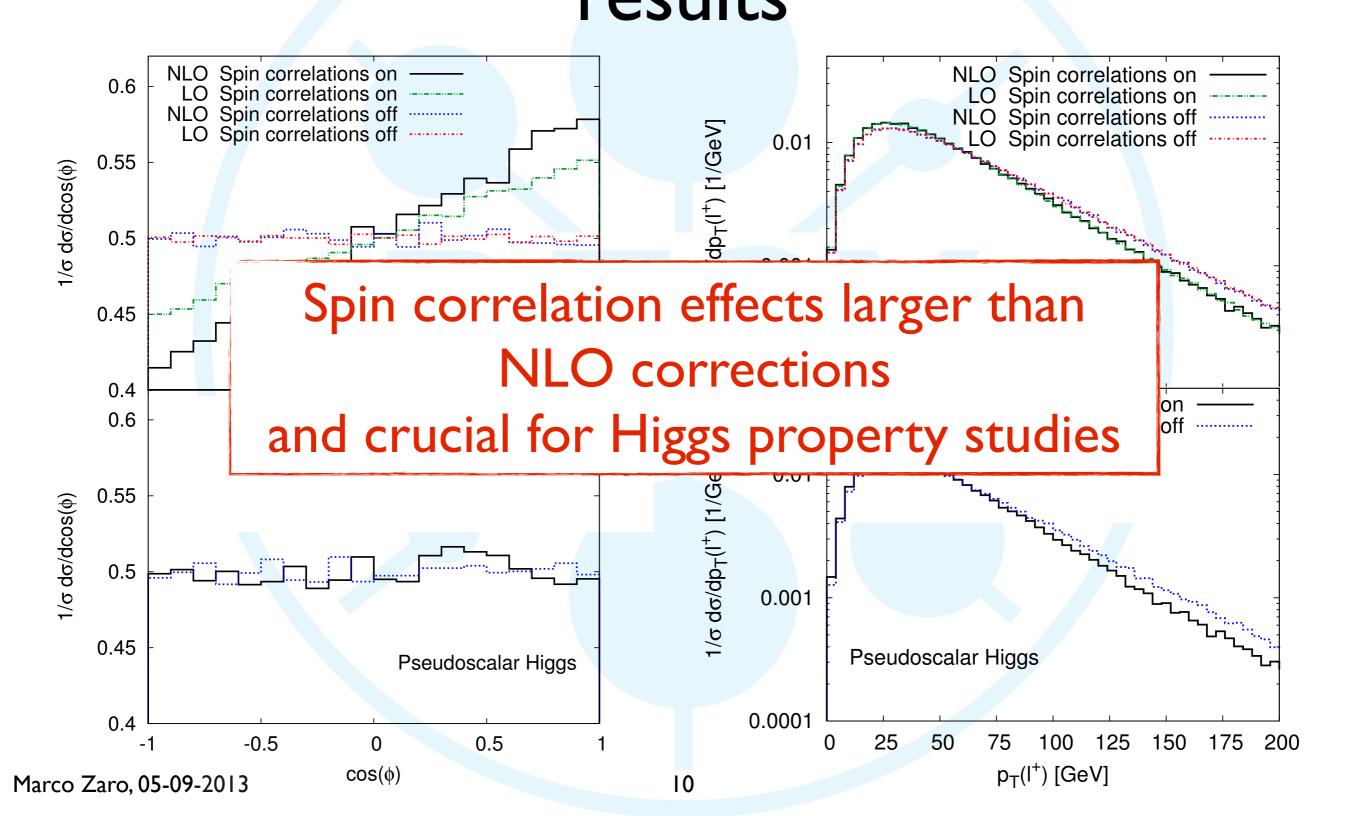






### Spin correlations in ttH: results











A. S. Papanastasiou, R. Frederix, S. Frixione, V. Hirschi, F. Maltoni, arXiv:1305.7088

P.Falgari, P.Mellor, A.Signer, arXiv:1007.0893
P.Falgari, F.Giannuzzi, P.Mellor, A.Signer, arXiv:1102.5267







A. S. Papanastasiou, R. Frederix, S. Frixione, V. Hirschi, F. Maltoni, arXiv:1305.7088

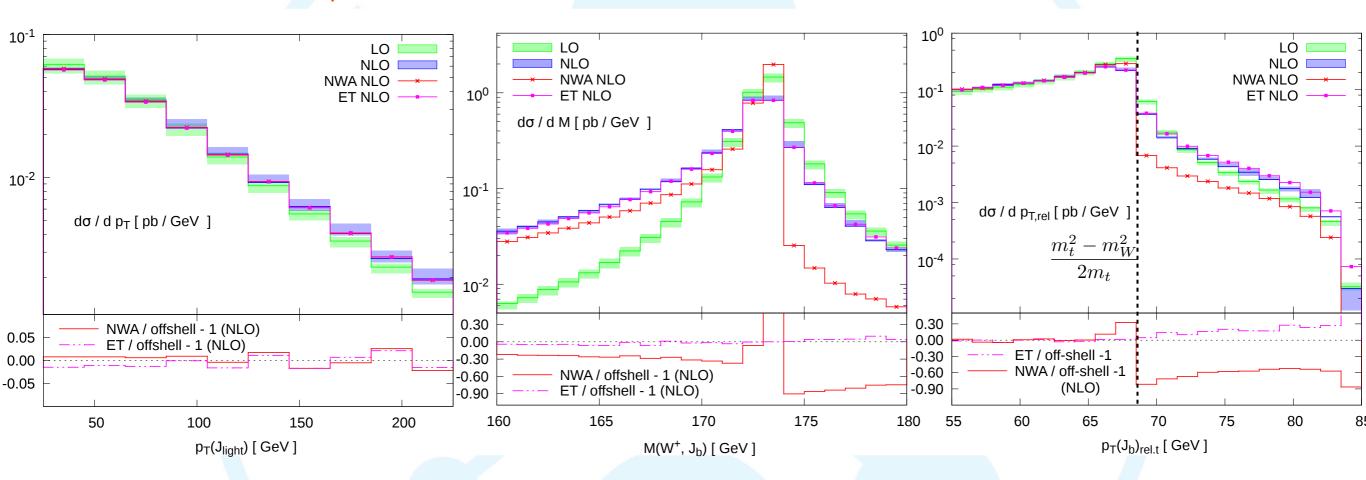
- First computation which consistently includes non resonant effects
- Compare with other approaches
  - Narrow width approximation (NWA)
  - Effective theory (ET, P.Falgari, P.Mellor, A.Signer, arXiv:1007.0893) P.Falgari, F.Giannuzzi, P.Mellor, A.Signer, arXiv:1102.5267)







A. S. Papanastasiou, R. Frederix, S. Frixione, V. Hirschi, F. Maltoni, arXiv: I 305.7088



- Approaches agree on observables not sensitive to the reconstructed top mass
- NWA cannot catch effects above the top peak
- (Smaller) differences with ET approach far from the peak



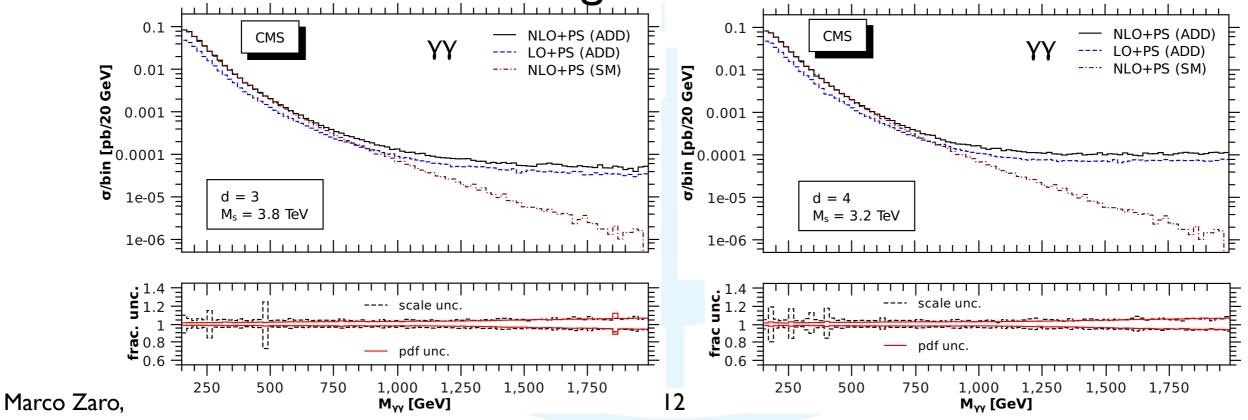
### DY/Diboson production in ADD theories



R. Frederix, M. K. Mandal, P. Mathews, V. Ravindran, S. Seth, P. Torrielli, MZ, arXiv:1209.6527 R. Frederix, M. K. Mandal, P. Mathews, V. Ravindran, S. Seth, arXiv:1307.7013

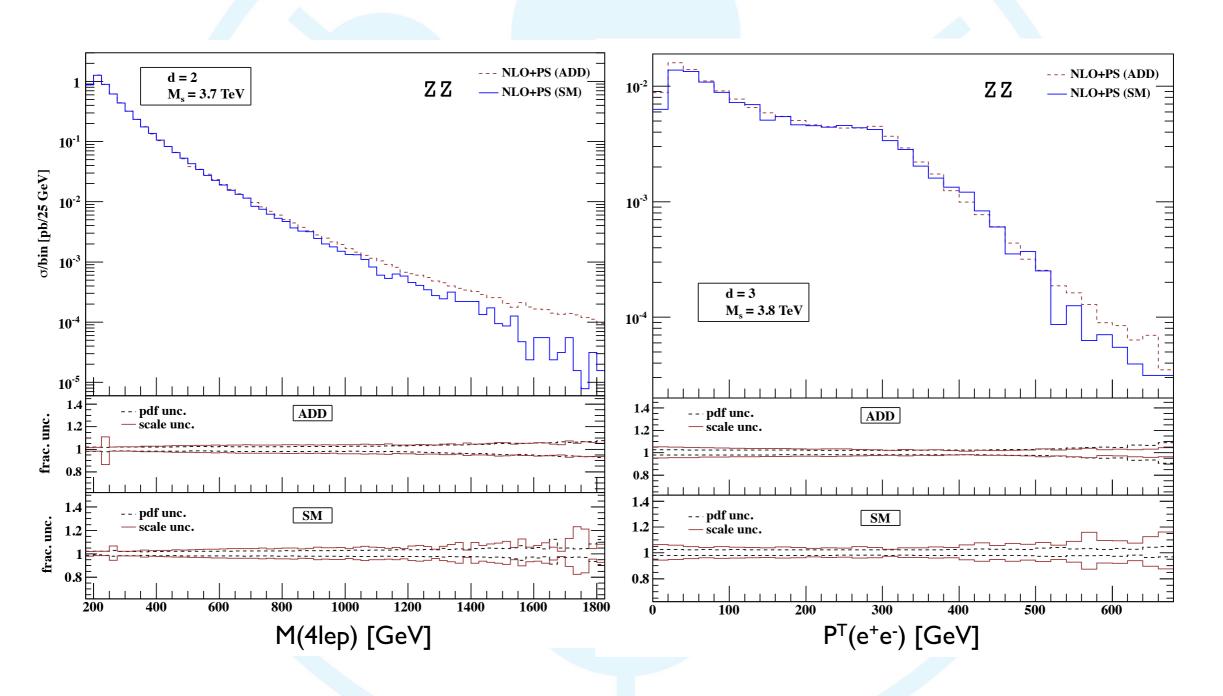
- Motivation: provide accurate predictions for Large Extra Dimensions searches (4+d, d=2→6)
- Study all possible final states (1+1-, ww, zz, YY)
   keeping all spin correlations

Look for kinematical regions of interest



3/bin [pb/0.1 GeV]

### DY/Diboson production in ADD theories







### Matching systematics in VBF

S. Frixione, P. Torrielli, MZ, arXiv:1304.7927 + YR3

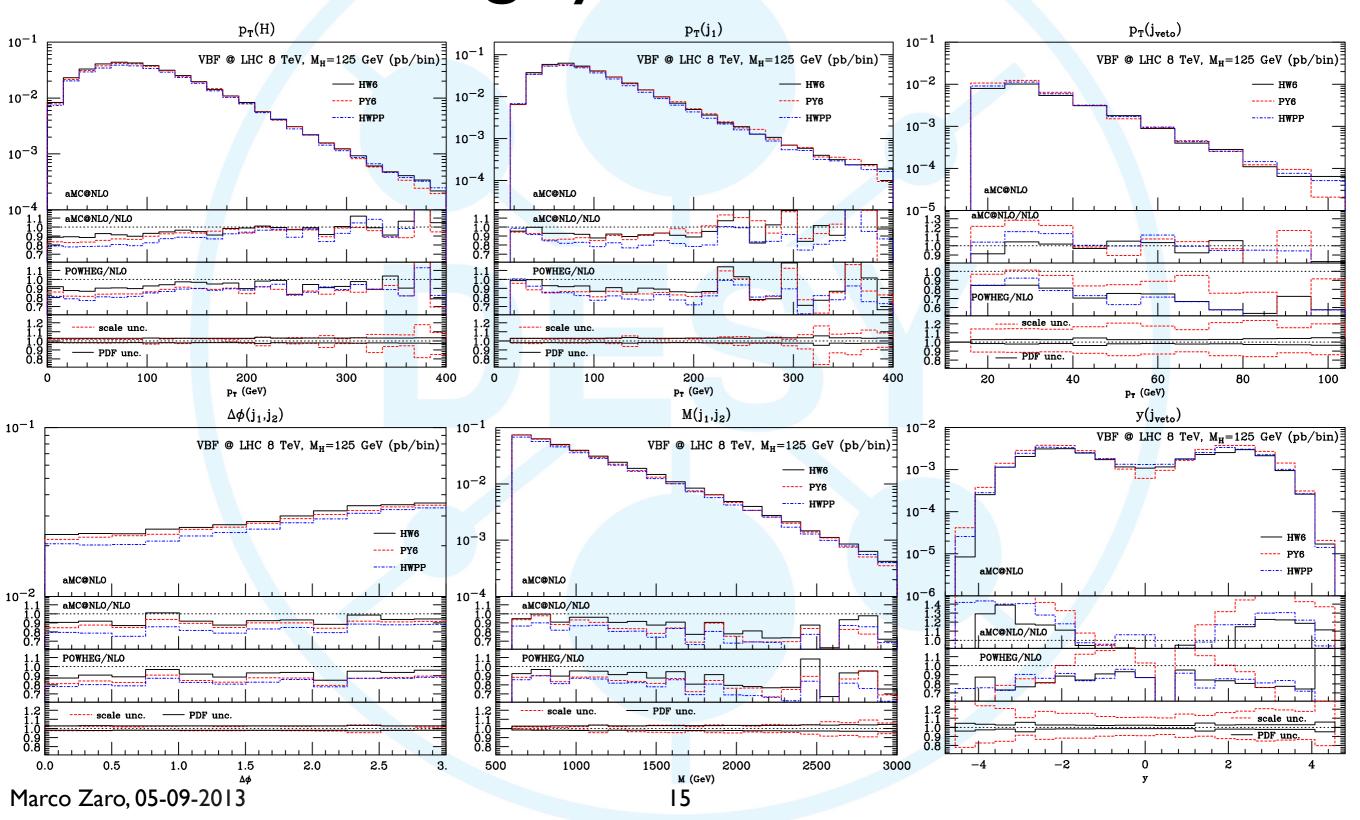
- Try to assess possible systematics related to the parton shower and/or matching method
- Compare aMC@NLO and POWHEG, with different PS
- VBF cuts:
  - $\geq$ 2 jet, anti-kt,  $\Delta$ R=0.5, P<sup>T</sup> > 20 GeV,  $|\Delta y|$  < 4.5
  - $M(jj) > 600 \text{ GeV}, |\Delta y(jj)| > 4$
- PS affects total x-sect after cuts (is it a tune effect?)
  - Effects much larger than theoretical uncertainties

	HERWIG6	Рүтніа6	HERWIG++
aMC@NLO	0.93	0.89	0.83
POWHEG	0.92	0.86	0.83





### Matching systematics in VBF







#### Higgs Characterization

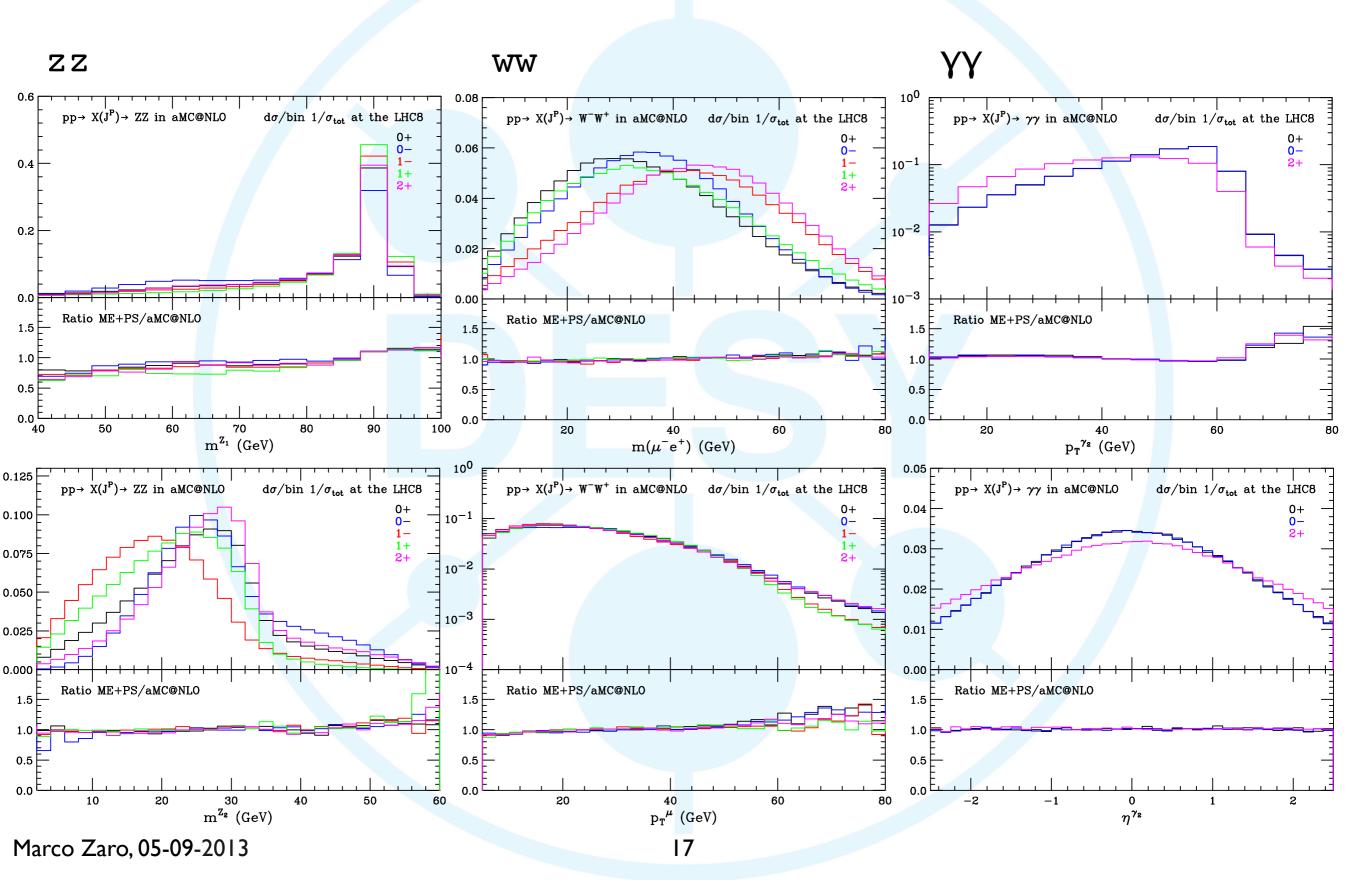
P. Artoisenet, P. de Aquino, F. Demartin, R. Frederix, S. Frixione, F. Maltoni, M. K. Mandal, P. Mathews, V. Ravindran, S. Seth, P. Torrielli, MZ, arXiv:1306.6464 + YR3

- Effective field theory approach
  - The "Higgs" is the first particle from NP
  - Agnostic on NP details (encoded in cutoff  $\Lambda$ )
- Keep lowest dimension operators for spin 0, 1, 2 hypotheses (CP +/- or mixed)
  - Validated against other approaches (e.g. JHU)
- Extra QCD radiation can be consistently incorporated (MLM or aMC@NLO)
- Study zz, ww, yy final states, keeping all angular correlations



#### Results:











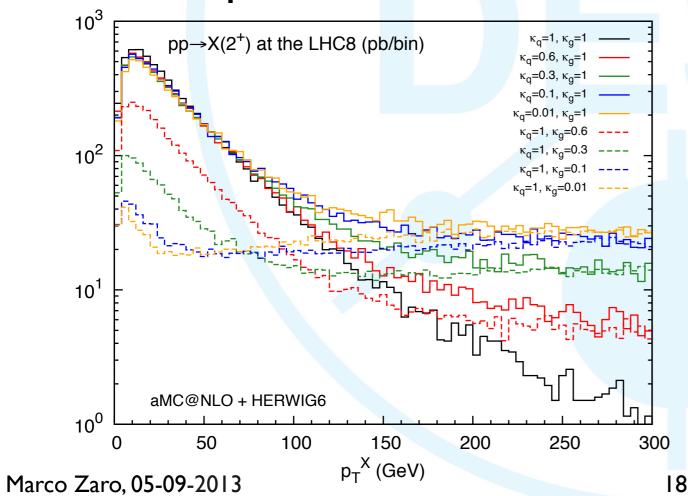
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- One might be tempted to switch off the coupling to quarks
- This can be done (SU(3) gauge invariance ok), but there can be surprises...







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Unitarity-violating behavior in the p<sub>T</sub> tail due to non conservation of gravitational current Real emission ME explodes

Need  $O(\alpha_s^3)$  to see this effect! NLO or MEPS mandatory





#### Conclusions

- MC@NLO: v4.10 supports the Grazzini-Sargsyan resummation prescription for GF
- aMC@NLO: NLO computation (matched with PS) made easy!
  - Complete code with minimal dependencies
- Further developments:
  - Interface with other OLP via the BLHA interface (e.g.GoSam)
  - Inclusion of the Fx-Fx merging @NLO
  - FeynRules @NLO
  - Automation of EW corrections
- More on <a href="http://amcatnlo.cern.ch">http://amcatnlo.cern.ch</a>