

Motivation

$\mathcal{N}=4$ SYM: maximally supersymmetric Yang-Mills theory in 4D with gauge group $\text{SU}(N_c)$

- toy-model for massless QCD
- (super) CFT with superconformal group $\text{PSU}(2, 2|4) \supset \text{SO}(2, 4) \times \text{SO}(6)_{\text{R}}$
 $\Rightarrow$ higher-point correlators from **two-** and **three-point correlators** only

$$\langle \mathcal{O}_a(x_1) \mathcal{O}_b(x_2) \rangle = \delta_{ab} (x_1 - x_2)^{-2\Delta_a} \quad \text{with } \Delta_a \text{ scaling dimension of } \mathcal{O}_a$$

AdS/CFT correspondence: $\mathcal{N}=4$ SYM $\xleftrightarrow{\text{dual}}$ IIB superstring in $\text{AdS}_5 \times \text{S}^5$
scaling dimensions Δ $\xleftrightarrow{\text{dual}}$ **string energy spectrum** E

- planar limit, $N_c \rightarrow \infty$: 't Hooft coupling $\lambda = N_c g_{\text{YM}}^2 = 4\pi N_c g_s$

$\Rightarrow$ best description: $\begin{cases} \text{weak coupling, } \lambda \ll 1: & \mathcal{N}=4 \text{ SYM} \\ \text{strong coupling, } \lambda \gg 1: & \text{IIB superstring} \end{cases}$

- long/protected operators well understood $\rightarrow$ simplest **short unprotected** operator:

Konishi operator: $\mathcal{K} = \text{Tr}(\phi_I \phi_I)$, with ϕ_I the six scalars of $\mathcal{N}=4$ SYM

Konishi anomalous dimension $\gamma = \Delta - \Delta_0$: known to 5 loops in $\mathcal{N}=4$ SYM regime [1]

GOAL: Find γ at *strong* coupling, $\lambda \gg 1$, from String Theory

Previous Approaches and Results

Combining algebraic curve with numerical results from Algebraic/Thermodynamic Bethe Ansatz and the Y-system led to the strong coupling prediction for the Konishi anomalous dimension [2]

$$\gamma = E - \Delta_0 = 2\lambda^{1/4} + 2\lambda^{-1/4} + \left(\frac{1}{2} - 3\zeta(3)\right)\lambda^{-3/4} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{-5/4}),$$

with dual string state at **first excited level** in spectrum.

Methods however highly rely on the conjectured **integrability** of $\mathcal{N}=4$ SYM.

3 approaches to calculate the Konishi anomalous dimension γ directly from *String Theory*:

- Green-Schwarz string in light-cone gauge [3]: specific λ -**scaling of zero modes** identified but **ordering ambiguities** prevent calculating the first quantum corrections at order $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^{-1/4})$
- Extrapolating semiclassical strings (quantum numbers $Q \sim \sqrt{\lambda}$) to non-semiclassical regime [4]: Different semiclassical results coincide when extrapolated to $Q \sim 1$, yielding γ up to $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^{-1/4})$
- Pure Spinor Approach [5]: $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^{-1/4})$ from expectation values of operators **quartic** in **bosonic** Phase Space Variables (**PSVs**) only

General Bosonic String Theory

Phase space Polyakov action for bosonic strings in $\text{AdS}_5 \times \text{S}^5$: $X^\mu = (T, \vec{Z}, \varphi, \vec{Y})$

$$\mathcal{S}_{\text{bos}} = \int \frac{d^2\sigma}{2\pi} \left(P_\mu \dot{X}^\mu - \xi_{\mathcal{K}} \underbrace{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\lambda}} (G^{\mu\nu} P_\mu P_\nu + \lambda G_{\mu\nu} X'^\mu X'^\nu)}_{\equiv \mathcal{K}} - \xi_{\mathcal{V}} \underbrace{P_\mu X'^\mu}_{\equiv \mathcal{V}} \right),$$

with $G_{\mu\nu}(X^\rho) = \text{diag} \left(\underbrace{-\left(\frac{1 + \vec{Z}^2/4}{1 - \vec{Z}^2/4}\right)^2}_{\text{AdS}_5}, \underbrace{\frac{1}{(1 - \vec{Z}^2/4)^2}}_{\text{AdS}_5}, \underbrace{-\left(\frac{1 - \vec{Y}^2/4}{1 + \vec{Y}^2/4}\right)^2}_{\text{S}^5}, \underbrace{\frac{1}{(1 + \vec{Y}^2/4)^2}}_{\text{S}^5} \right)$

Canonical Transformation: $X^\mu = \lambda^{-1/4} x^\mu$, $P_\mu = \lambda^{1/4} p_\mu + \delta_{\mu 0} E + \delta_{\mu 5} J$

Strong Coupling Expansion: Expand $G_{\mu\nu}$ and hence $K \equiv \int \frac{d\sigma}{2\pi} \mathcal{K} \stackrel{!}{=} 0$ in $\lambda \gg 1$

$$\frac{E^2 - J^2}{2\sqrt{\lambda}} = K_{n \neq 0} + K_{n=0} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\lambda}} \delta K,$$

$K_{n \neq 0}$ ($K_{n=0}$) quadratic in non-zero (zero) mode PSVs, δK higher orders $\rightarrow$ **QM pert. theory**

Dual String State – First excitation in AdS_5 only: $|\Psi_0\rangle = a_{-1}^i \tilde{a}_{-1}^j |0\rangle$, $i, j = 1, \dots, 4$
 $\Rightarrow$ **different scaling** for non-zero and (spatial AdS) zero modes ($M_z^2 = E^2/\lambda$) as in [3]:

$$x_{n \neq 0}^\mu, p_{\mu, n \neq 0} \sim \lambda^0 \quad \forall \mu = 0, \dots, 9 \quad \text{BUT} \quad z_0^i \sim \lambda^{1/8} \Leftrightarrow p_{i,0} \sim \lambda^{-1/8} \quad i = 1, \dots, 4$$

$\Rightarrow$ expansion in $\lambda \neq$ expansion in PSVs! $\Rightarrow K_{n=0} \sim \lambda^{-1/4}$, δK complicated when ordered in λ

According to [5]: Neglecting zero-point energy, **bosonic string theory** up to sub-leading order in $\lambda \gg 1$ expansion plus **setting only** $L_0 + \tilde{L}_0 \propto K \equiv \mathcal{K}_0 = 0$ (otherwise *no gauge fixing*) suffices to get the first quantum corrections, $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^{-1/4})$.

We find the *same bosonic operators quartic in PSVs* as in [5] but run into **PROBLEMS**:

- our *numeric and analytic* results for the first quantum corrections, $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^{-1/4})$, **disagree** with [5]
- quartic operators also contribute at **2nd order perturb. theory** $\Rightarrow$ **gauge fixing needed**
- also **operators sextic in PSVs**, $(a_{n \neq 0}^\mu)^2 (z_0^i)^4 \sim \sqrt{\lambda}$, contribute at $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^{-1/4})$ in E
- no reason why **ordering ambiguities** coming from expansion of $G_{\mu\nu}$ should be under control

Alternative Route: First Mode Excitations

Observation: Intricate **mixing of first and zero modes**, while **higher modes** ($|n| \geq 2$) **decouple** at least to $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^{-1/2})$ in E

Take a **Minisuperspace approach**:

- Phase space Polyakov action in stereographic $\text{AdS}_5 \times \text{S}^5$ coordinates and temporal gauge [6]: ($\mathcal{K} = \mathcal{H} - E^2/2\sqrt{\lambda} \stackrel{!}{=} 0$)

$$E^2 \stackrel{!}{=} (1 + Z^2) \left[P_Z^2 + (P_Z \cdot Z)^2 + \frac{(1 + Y^2)^2}{4} P_Y^2 + \lambda \left(Z'^2 - \frac{(Z \cdot Z')^2}{1 + Z^2} + \frac{4 Y'^2}{(1 + Y^2)^2} \right) \right]$$

and $\mathcal{V} = P_Z \cdot Z' + P_Y \cdot Y' \stackrel{!}{=} 0$.

- Neglect all but **first and zero modes**, first in AdS_5 only:

$$\begin{aligned} Z &= Z_0 + Z_+ e^{i\sigma} + Z_- e^{-i\sigma}, & Z'_0 &= Z'_+ = Z'_- = Y' = 0, \\ P_Z &= P_0 + P_+ e^{i\sigma} + P_- e^{-i\sigma}, & P'_0 &= P'_+ = P'_- = P'_Y = 0, \end{aligned}$$

- Solve conformal constraints **classically** $\Rightarrow E^2$ operator reads:

$$E^2 = (1 + Z_0^2 + q^2) \left[(P_0^2 + p^2) + (P_0 \cdot Z_0 + p q)^2 + \lambda q^2 + M^2 \right]$$

with $q \equiv |Z_+|/\sqrt{2}$ and $p \equiv |P_+|/\sqrt{2}$, M^2 the Casimir of S^5

- classical EoM's solvable up to one implicit integral for q

- apart from potential λq^2 this is a **Particle in AdS_6**
- respects isometries **SO(2, 4) quantum mechanically**

- **Quantize the remaining phase space** as in [7]:
- Laplace-Beltrami: **ordering ambiguities under control**
- diagonalizing E^2 up to first order perturbation theory gives the final result for the **Konishi anomalous dimension**

$$\gamma_{\text{bos}} = E - \Delta_0 = 2\lambda^{1/4} + 4\lambda^{-1/4} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{-3/4}),$$

with $\Delta_0 = 2$ and no momentum in S^5

Mismatch due to lack of fermions? $\Rightarrow$ **Include Fermions!**

References

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Profit from the GRK

- GRK Blockcourses: - Spring Blockcourse 2011, Rathen
- Autumn Blockcourse 2011, DESY Zeuthen
- Spring Blockcourse 2012, Krippen
- GRK Lectures: - “On-Shell Methoden für Eichtheorie-Streuamplituden” (Prof. Jan Plefka)
- “Introduction to AdS/CFT Correspondence” (Dr. Elli Pomoni)
- Travel Expenses: - March 2011: String Steilkurs, DESY Hamburg
- August 2011: Mathematica Summer School and IGSST 2012, Perimeter Institute, Canada
- July 2012: International School on Strings and Fundamental Physics, DESY Hamburg

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