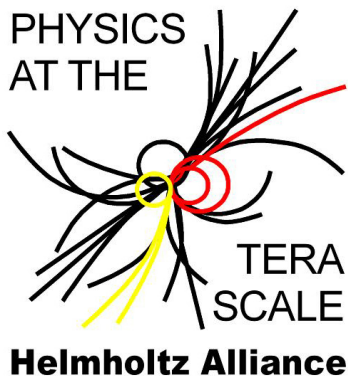
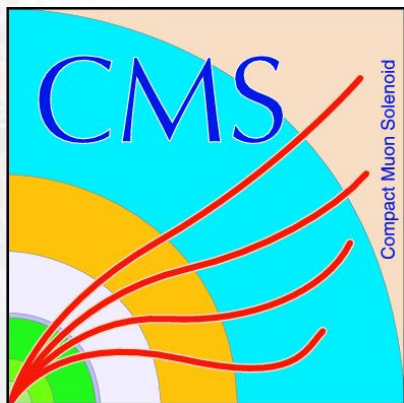


# Search for Standard Model $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ with CMS



Terascale Alliance Meeting  
December 03, 2013

Armin Burgmeier (DESY)  
for the CMS  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  group



# Motivation

- A **Higgs has been found** at a mass of 125 GeV

- Signals have been seen in

$$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \quad (3.2\sigma),$$

$$H \rightarrow ZZ \quad (6.7\sigma),$$

$$H \rightarrow WW \quad (3.9\sigma)$$

- **Properties** need to be measured!

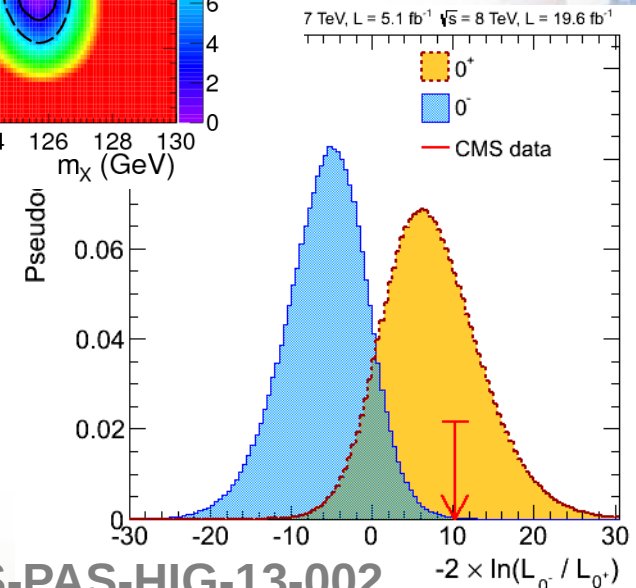
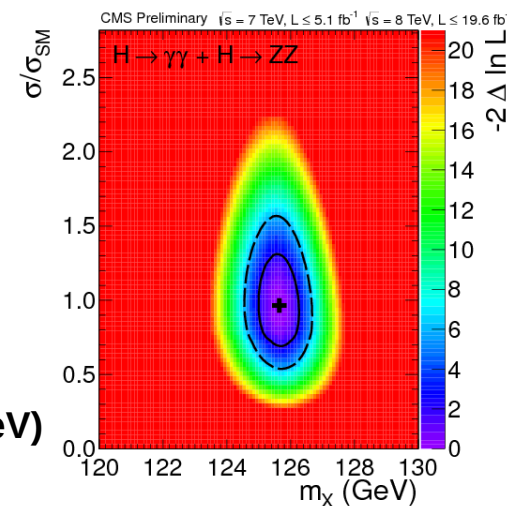
- Mass ( $m_H = 125.7 \pm 0.3$  (stat.)  $\pm 0.3$  (syst.) GeV)

- Spin/CP (e.g. CP = -1 excluded at  $>3\sigma$ )

- Coupling to fermions?

- Fundamentally different than coupling to bosons
- Only indirect evidence so far

CMS-PAS-HIG-13-005



CMS-PAS-HIG-13-002

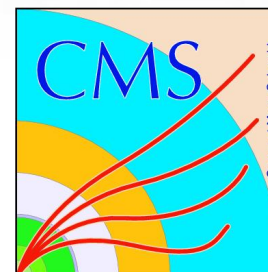
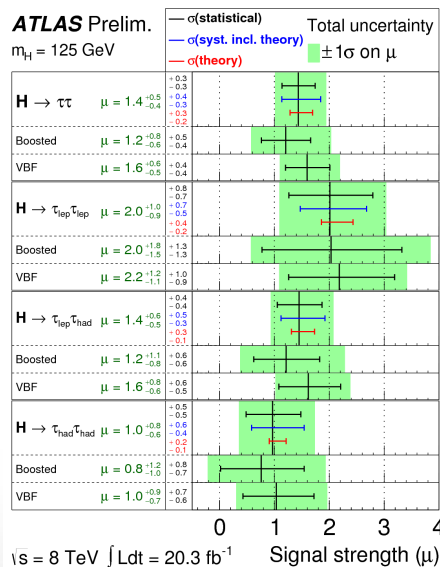
# Current Status in $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$



Preliminary result presented  
in November 2013

ATLAS-CONF-2013-108

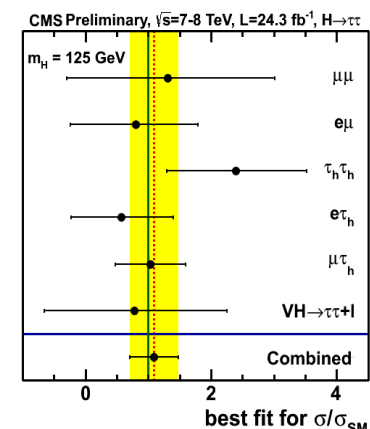
- BDT based analysis with 8 TeV data
- Observed:  $4.1\sigma$
- $\mu = 1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$
- Optimized for  $m_H = 125$ , no mass scan (yet)



Preliminary result presented  
in March 2013

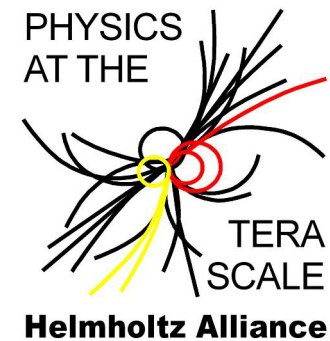
CMS-PAS-HIG-13-004

- Cut-based analysis with 7+8 TeV data
- Observed:  $2.94\sigma$
- $\mu = 1.1 \pm 0.4$
- $m_H = 120^{+9}_{-7}$  GeV

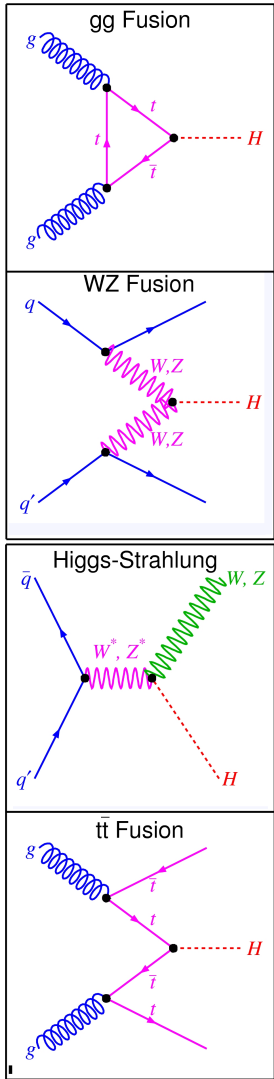


# German Contributions

- Joint effort from KIT/DESY in **ee,  $\mu\mu$**  final states
- Joint effort from DESY/Aachen in **WH  $\rightarrow$   $l\tau_h\tau_h$**  final states
- **Combination** and Statistical Interpretation of all channels
  - Cross check with independent tool (Theta)
- ATLAS/CMS/Theory working group:  **$m_{\tau\tau}$  group**
  - Very fruitful inter-experiment collaboration
  - Bi-annual 2-day workshops
  - Development and discussion of analysis tools, such as
    - Polarization sensitive variables
    - Background estimation methods



# Higgs Production and Decay



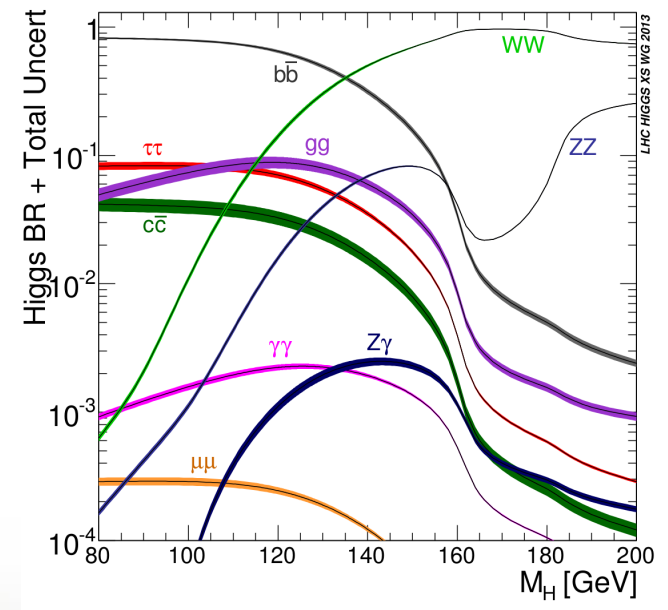
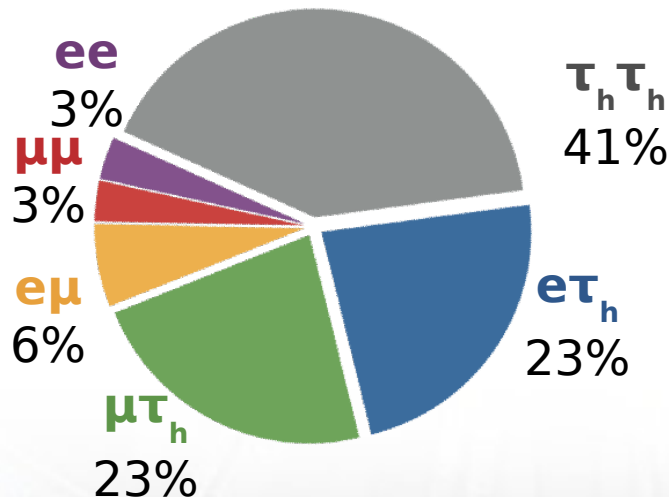
- 4 **Production Mechanisms**

- $H, qqH, VH, t\bar{t}H$

- 5 main **decay channels** at low mass

- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}, H \rightarrow WW, H \rightarrow ZZ,$   
 $H \rightarrow \tau\tau, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- $\tau\tau$  decay has 6 **final states**:



# Analysis Strategy

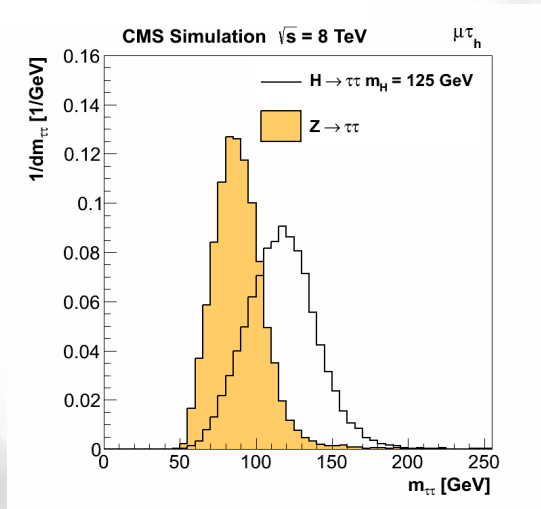
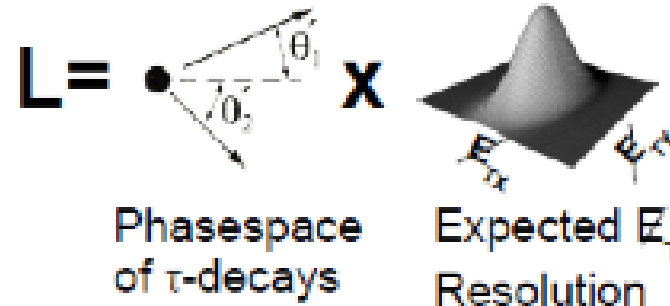
- Goal: Measure coupling of Higgs to  $\tau\tau$
- Final states with **2 leptons**:  $e$ ,  $\mu$  or  $\tau_h$  (More than two leptons in VH)
- Light leptons from tau decays are **soft**
  - Need **low  $p_T$  thresholds** ( $\rightarrow$  cross triggers)

Channel	Offline $p_T$ Threshold
$\mu\tau_h$	$p_T(\mu) > 20$ GeV, $p_T(\tau_h) > 30$ GeV
$e\tau_h$	$p_T(e) > 24$ GeV, $p_T(\tau_h) > 30$ GeV
$\tau_h\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45$ GeV
$ee, e\mu, \mu\mu$	$p_T(l_1) > 20$ GeV, $p_T(l_2) > 10$ GeV

- Isolated leptons to suppress e.g. QCD multijet events with jets misidentified as leptons
- $M_T(l, E_T^{\text{miss}}) < 30$  GeV to suppress W+Jets events

# Di-tau mass reconstruction

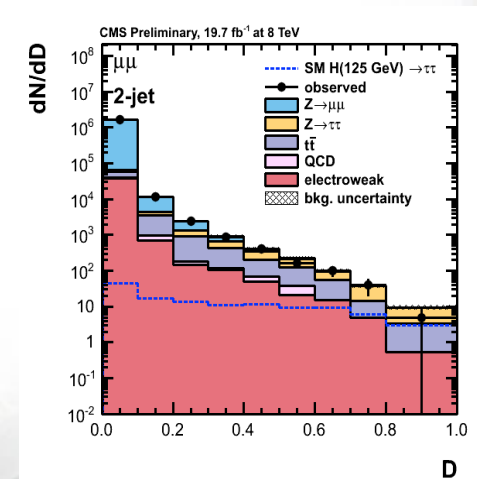
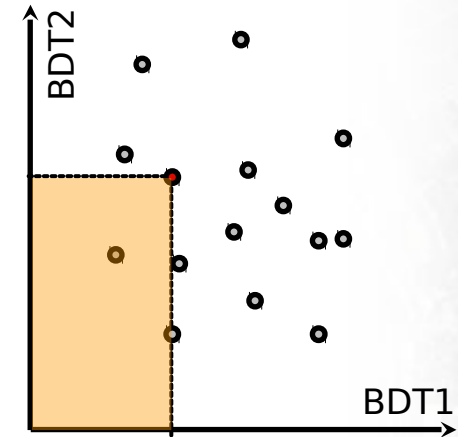
- Use di-tau mass as **discriminating variable**
- Undetected neutrinos lead to **underestimation** of the di- $\tau$  mass
- Likelihood-based method to find mass which is **most compatible** with:
  - Tau decay kinematics
  - Visible decay products
  - $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  + uncertainty
- Mass resolution:
  - 10% to 20% (depending on final state)



# Same Flavor Dilepton Channels

- Different analysis strategy
- No  $\tau_h$  reconstruction needed
- Additional **direct**  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  background
- Train **two BDTs**
  - BDT1: Separate  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  from  $Z/H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
  - BDT2: Separate  $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$  from  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

$$D_{\text{cat}} = \int_0^{\text{BDT}_1} \int_0^{\text{BDT}_2} f_{\text{cat}}^{\text{sig}}(\text{BDT}'_1, \text{BDT}'_2) d\text{BDT}'_1 d\text{BDT}'_2$$

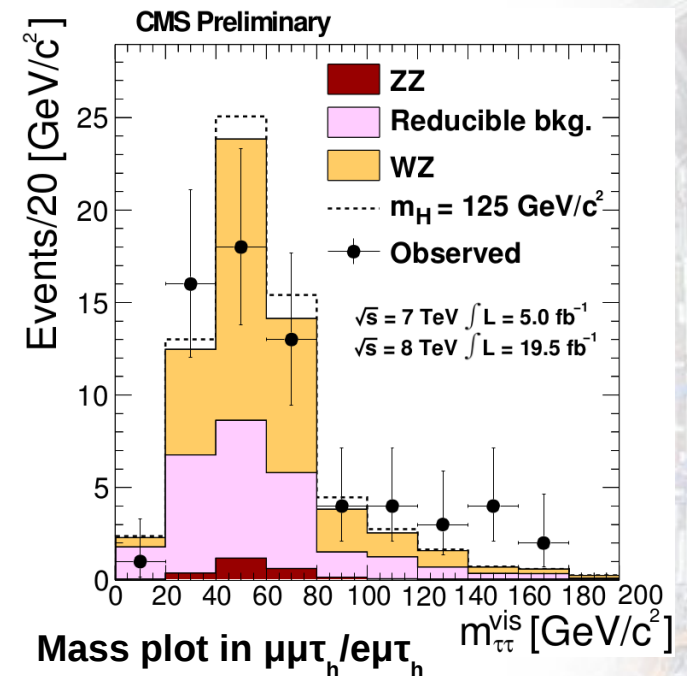




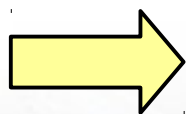
# Associated Production

CMS-PAS-HIG-12-053

- More than 2 leptons in the event
- Easy to **trigger**
- Low SM Background
- But: Low cross section
- WZ/ZZ is **irreducible background**
- Other background has **fake leptons**
  - estimated from **data**



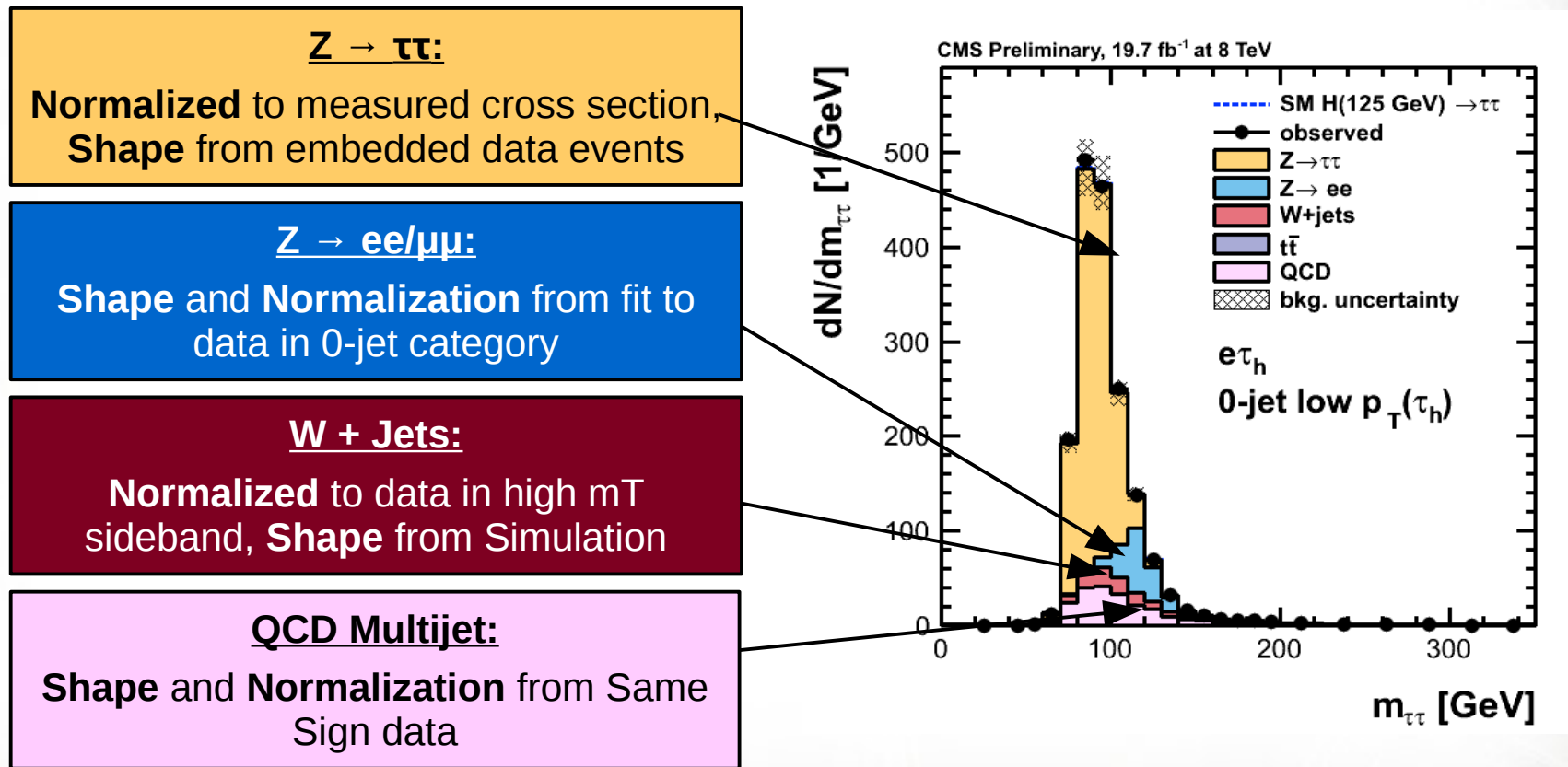
Updated VH analyses are still being finalized and will be combined with Non-VH channels for the legacy paper



Concentrate on non-VH in the following

# Most Important Backgrounds

- Take as much from **data** as possible (e.g. **correct modelling** of interference of inclusive and VBF Z production)



# Event Categorization

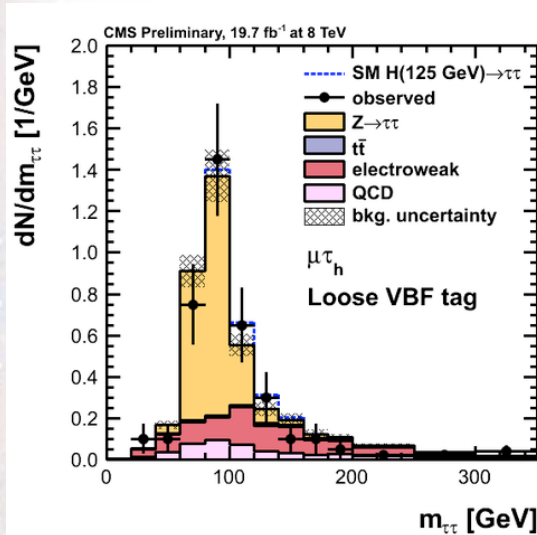
- Use full event kinematics to **categorize events**, based on
  - jet multiplicity
  - $p_T^{\tau\tau} = |\vec{p}_T(L) + \vec{p}_T(L') + E_T^{miss}|$
  - $p_T(\tau_h / \tau_l)$
- **Re-optimized** since Moriond result
- Improves **overall sensitivity**
- Less categories in the 7 TeV data
- **58 categories** in total
  - Fit for signal in all of them

		0-jet	1-jet	2-jet
$\mu\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$ $p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ high $p_T(\tau_h)$ boost	$m_{\tau\tau} > 500 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta_{\tau\tau}  > 3.5$ $p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{\tau\tau} > 700 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta_{\tau\tau}  > 4.0$
	baseline	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	loose VBF tag tight VBF tag (2012 only)
$e\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$ high $p_T(\tau_h)$ boost	loose VBF tag tight VBF tag (2012 only)
	baseline	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	
$e\mu$			$E_T^{miss} > 30 \text{ GeV}$	
	$p_T(\mu) > 35 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\mu)$	high $p_T(\mu)$	loose VBF tag tight VBF tag (2012 only)
	$p_T(l) > 35 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(l)$	high $p_T(l)$	2-jet
$\tau_h\tau_h$				
	baseline		boost large boost	VBF tag
		$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 170 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{\tau\tau} > 500 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta_{\tau\tau}  > 3.5$

Categories in 8 TeV

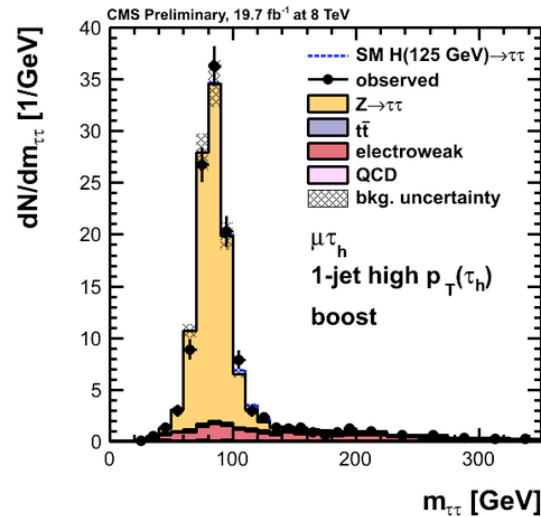
# Example Di-Tau Mass Plots

VBF:



- Low event statistics
- High S/B

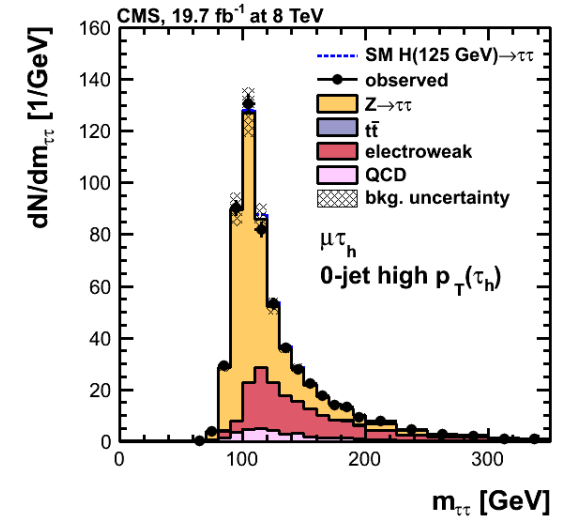
1 Jet:



- Exploit boost of the Higgs system:  
Improved mass resolution

0 Jets:

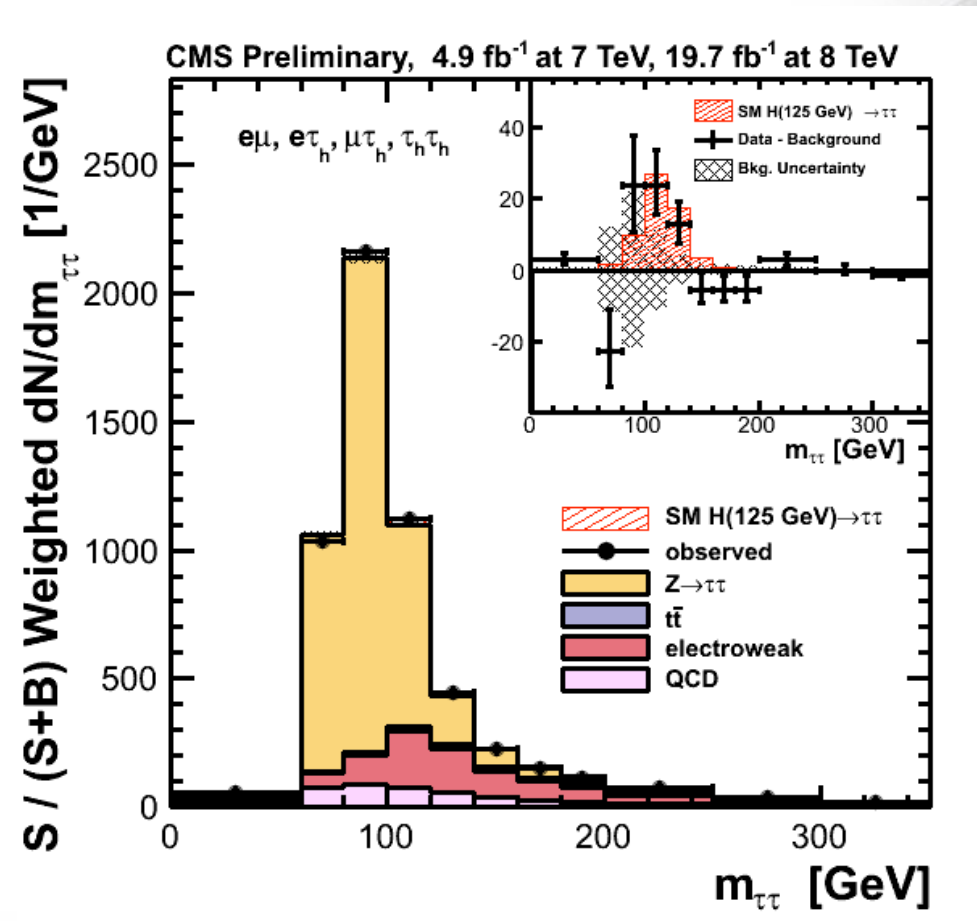
$\mu\tau_h$  channel



- Low S/B
- Important for Constraining Nuisance Parameters

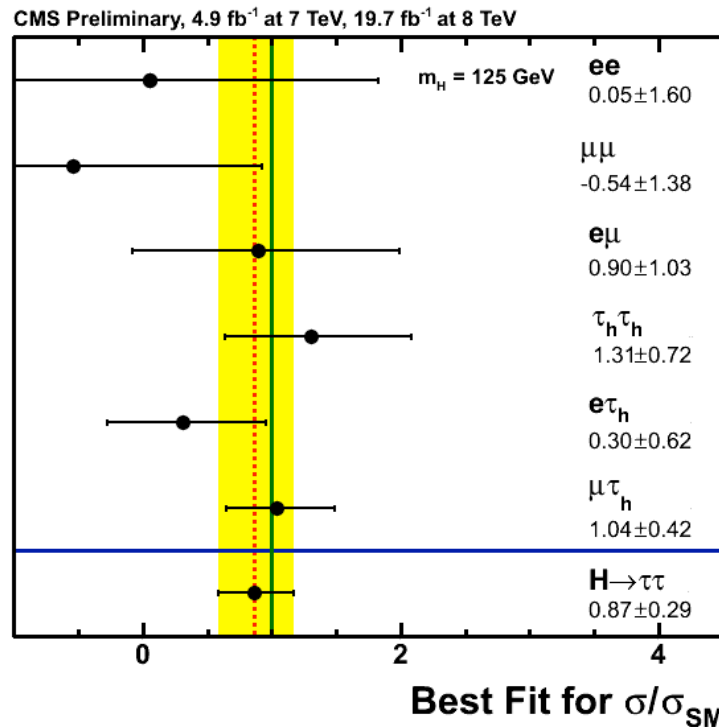
# S/B Weighted Di-Tau Mass

- Signal starts to build up in all channels and categories
- Combine all events in one plot
- Each event is **weighted with  $S/(S+B)$**  in its respective category

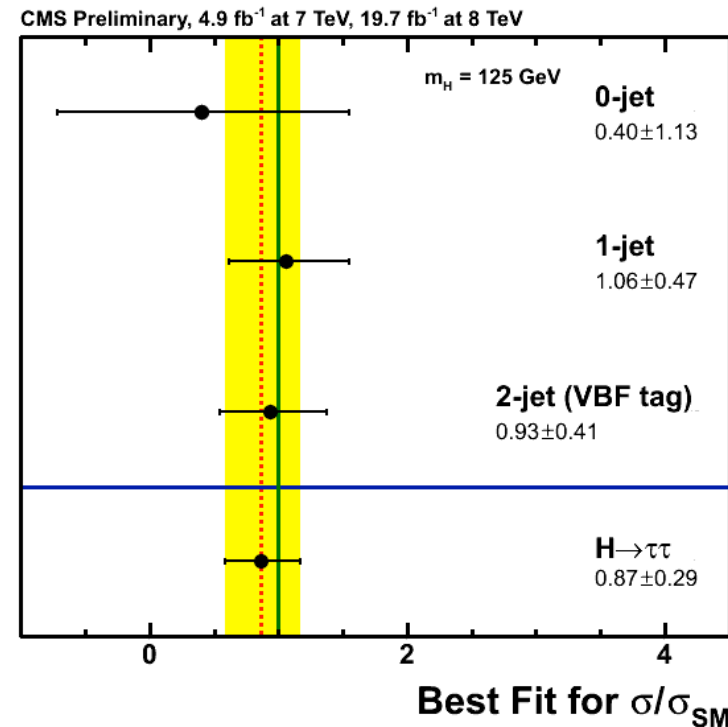


# Best Fit Signal Strength

By channel:



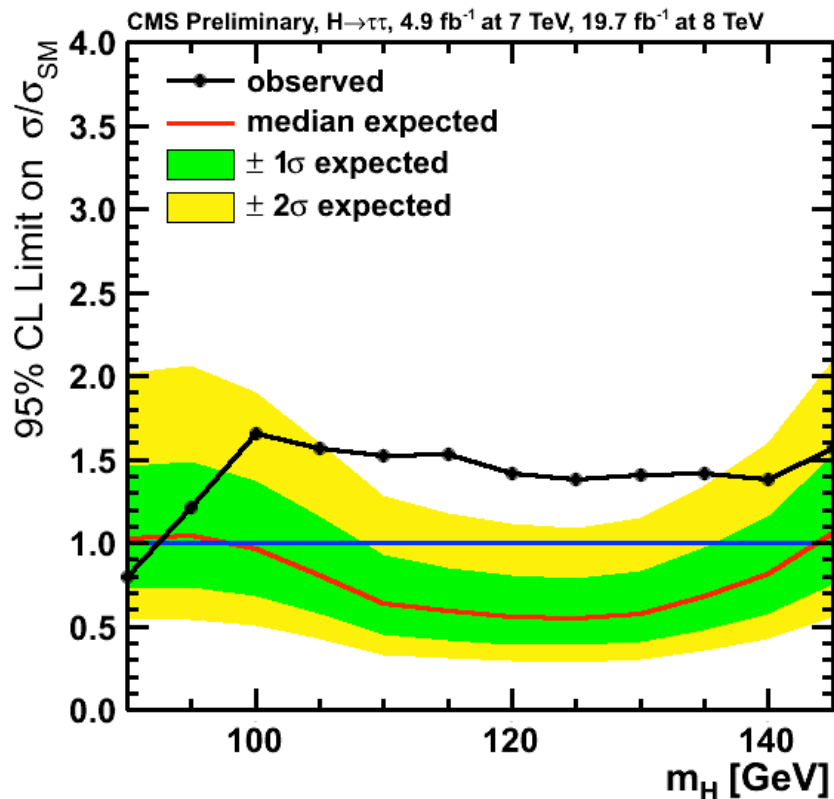
By category:



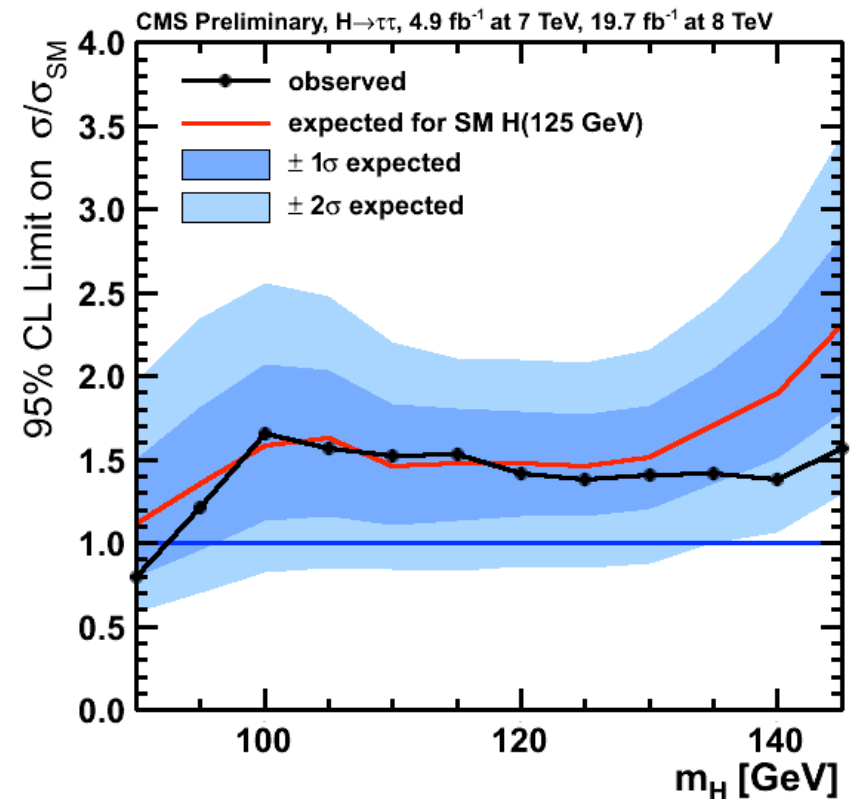
- Important nuisance parameters **shared** between channels and categories (**constrained** by high statistics categories in global fit)
- Best fit  $\mu = 0.87 \pm 0.29$

# Expected Exclusion Limits

Background only:

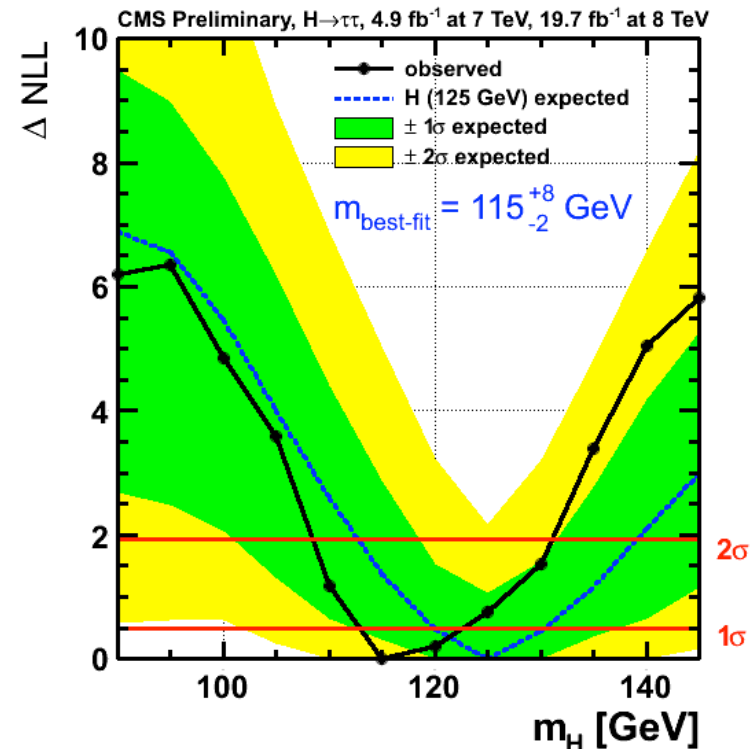
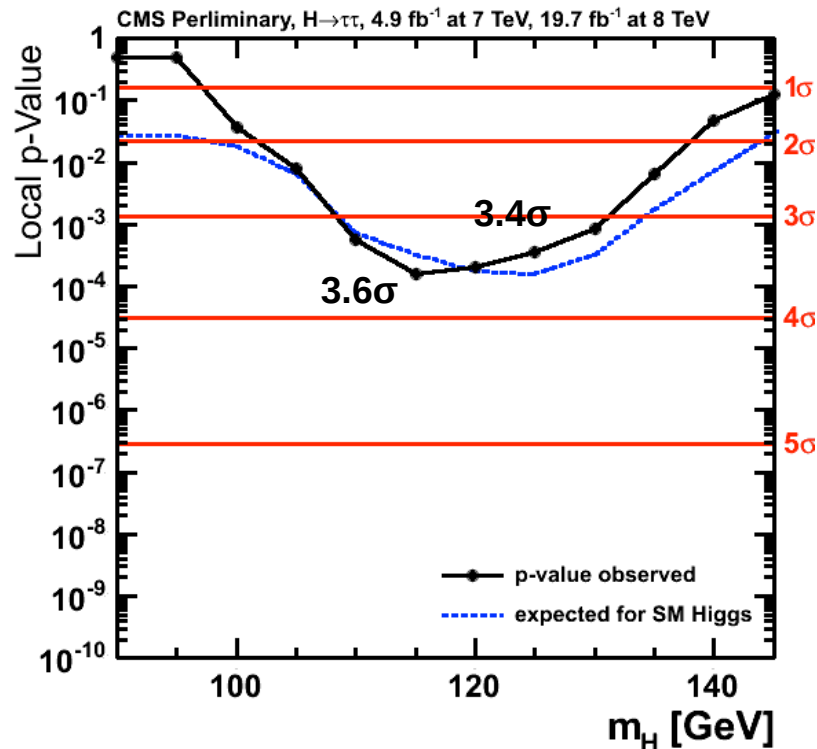


1x SM + Background:



- Excess is **compatible with SM Higgs** boson hypothesis over wide mass range

# p-value and Mass Scan

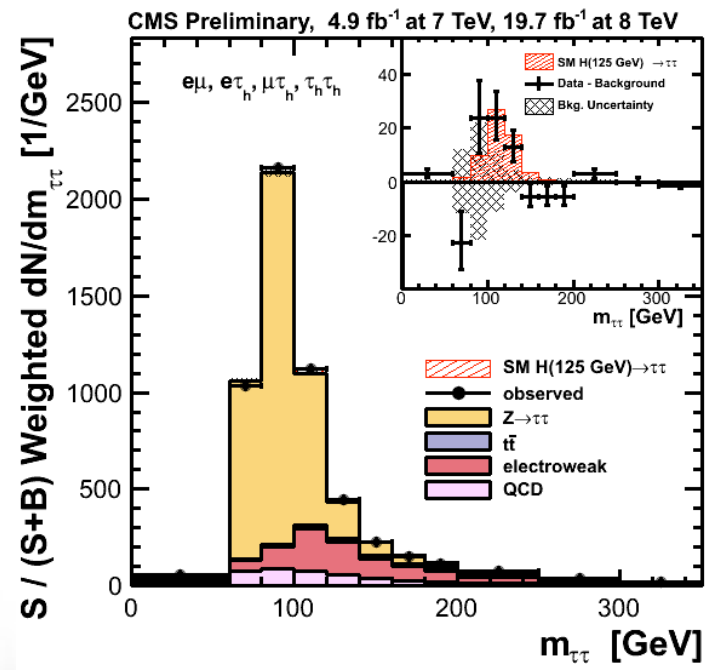


- Largest **observed significance** ( $3.59\sigma$ ) at  $m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}$
- **Mass scan:  $m_H = 115^{+8}_{-2} \text{ GeV}$**



# Conclusions

- **SM Higgs Results** in the  $\tau\tau$  channel have been presented
  - Analysis is complex due to high backgrounds and the **combination of many channels** and categories
- CMS sees an **excess around 125 GeV** at  **$3.6\sigma$**  significance!
- Analysis has been **optimized** since Preliminary Moriond result
  - VH channels to be added
  - **Final publication** within the next days



# Backup

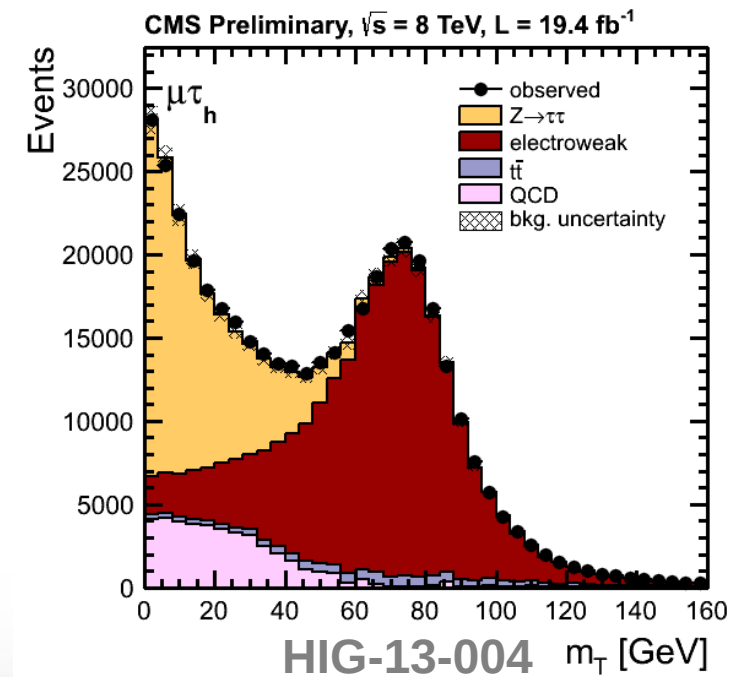
December 03, 2013

Armin Burgmeier (DESY): SM  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  in CMS

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# Background Rejection

- Very channel specific in general
  - Differentiate between
    - Irreducible backgrounds (same final state)
    - Reducible backgrounds (one or more objects misidentified)
- Main backgrounds:
  - $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$
  - $Z \rightarrow ee/\mu\mu$
  - $W + \text{Jets}$
  - QCD Multijet
  - $t\bar{t}$



# Event Categorization at 7 TeV

		0-jet	1-jet	2-jet
$\mu\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$ $p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ high $p_T(\tau_h)$ boost	VBF tag $m_{\tau\tau} > 500 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta_{\tau\tau}  > 3.5$
	baseline	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	
$e\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	VBF tag
	baseline	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	
$e\mu$	$p_T(\mu) > 35 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\mu)$	high $p_T(\mu)$	VBF tag
	baseline	low $p_T(\mu)$	low $p_T(\mu)$	
$ee, \mu\mu$	$p_T(l) > 35 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(l)$	high $p_T(l)$	2-jet $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$
	baseline	low $p_T(l)$	low $p_T(l)$	

# Event Categorization at Moriond 8 TeV

		0-jet	1-jet	2-jet
$\mu\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	VBF tag $m_j > 500 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta  > 3.5$
	baseline	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	
$e\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	VBF tag
	baseline	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	
$e\mu$	$p_T(\mu) > 35 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\mu)$	high $p_T(\mu)$	VBF tag
	baseline	low $p_T(\mu)$	low $p_T(\mu)$	
$\mu\mu$	$p_T(l) > 35 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(l)$	high $p_T(l)$	2-jet
	baseline	low $p_T(l)$	low $p_T(l)$	
$\tau_h\tau_h$			large boost	VBF tag $p_T^{\tau\tau} > 110 \text{ GeV}$ $m_j > 250 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta  > 2.5$
	baseline		$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 140 \text{ GeV}$	

# Event Categorization at Moriond 7 TeV

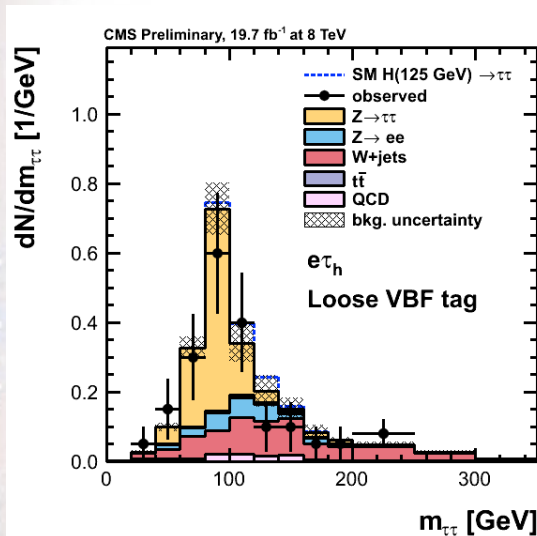
		0-jet	1-jet	2-jet
$\mu\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	VBF tag
	baseline	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	
$e\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	VBF tag
	baseline	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	
$e\mu$	$p_T(\mu) > 35 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\mu)$	high $p_T(\mu)$	VBF tag
	baseline	low $p_T(\mu)$	low $p_T(\mu)$	
$\mu\mu$	$p_T(l) > 35 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(l)$	high $p_T(l)$	2-jet
	baseline	low $p_T(l)$	low $p_T(l)$	

$m_j > 500 \text{ GeV}$   
 $|\Delta\eta| > 3.5$

$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$

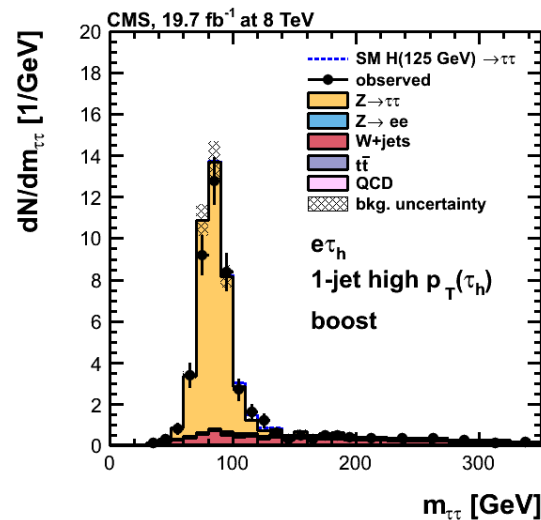
# Di-Tau Mass Distributions ( $e\tau_h$ )

VBF:



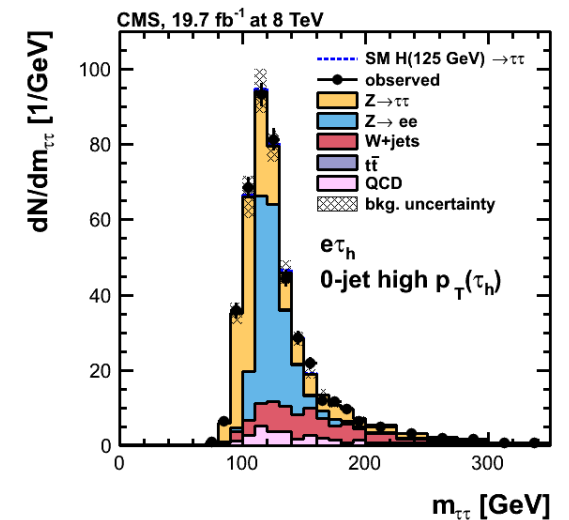
- Low event statistics
- High S/B

1 Jet:



- Exploit boost of the Higgs system:  
Improved mass resolution

0 Jets:

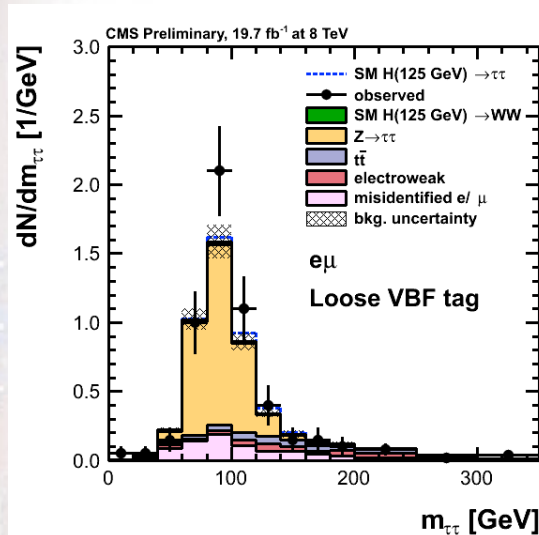


- Low S/B
- Important for Constraining Nuisance Parameters

$e\tau_h$  channel

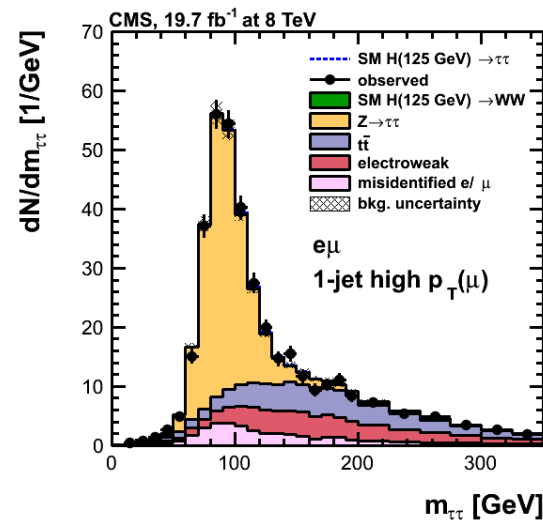
# Di-Tau Mass Distributions ( $e\mu$ )

VBF:



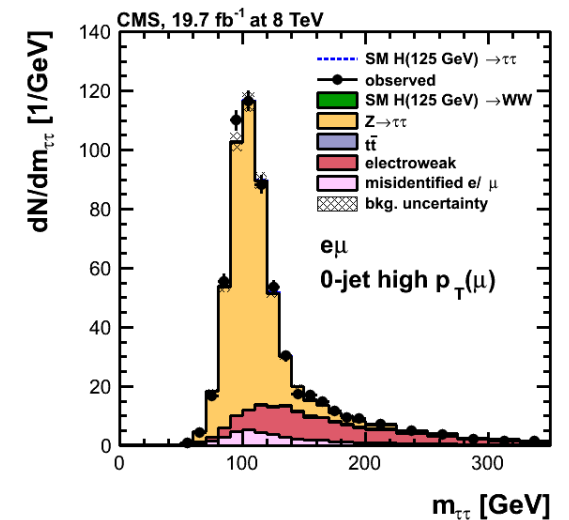
- Low event statistics
- High S/B

1 Jet:



- Exploit boost of the Higgs system:  
Improved mass resolution

0 Jets:



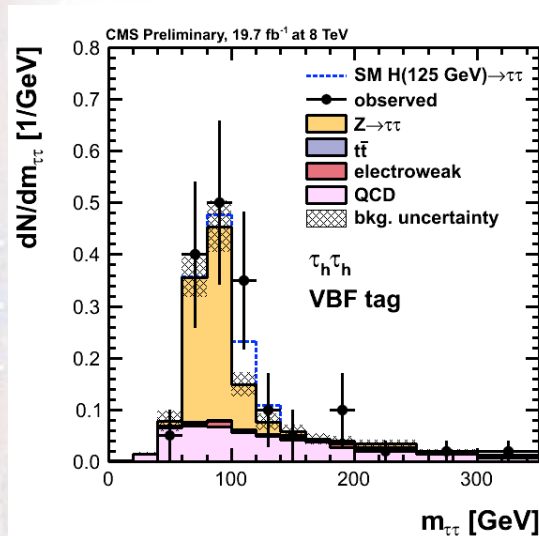
- Low S/B
- Important for Constraining Nuisance Parameters

$e\mu$  channel



# Di-Tau Mass Distributions ( $\tau_h \tau_h$ )

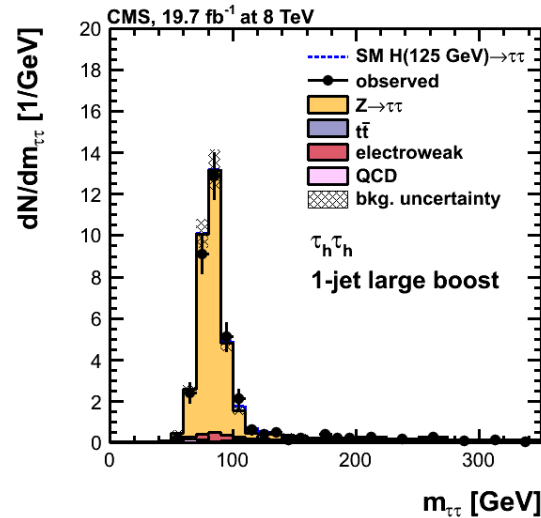
## VBF:



- Low event statistics
- High S/B

$\tau_h \tau_h$  channel

## 1 Jet:



- Exploit boost of the Higgs system: Improved mass resolution

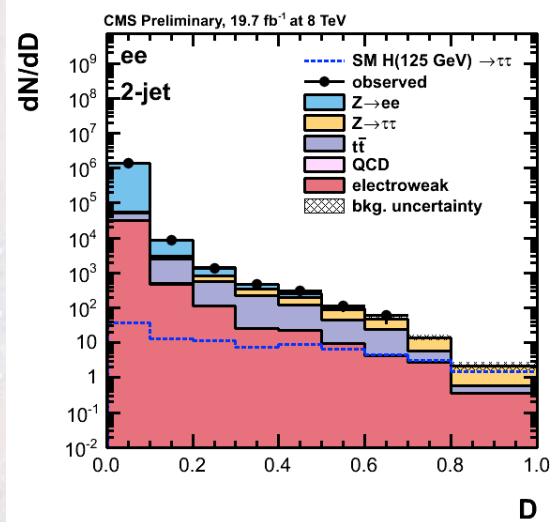
## 0 Jets:

No 0-Jet category due to trigger requirements in this channel

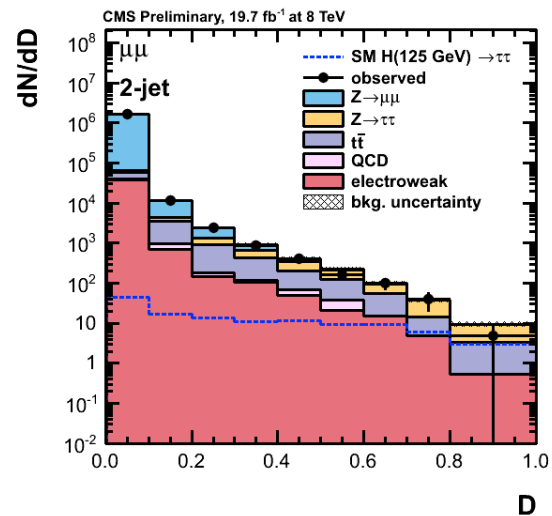
- Low S/B
- Important for Constraining Nuisance Parameters

# Comb. BDT Distributions (mm/ee)

ee VBF:

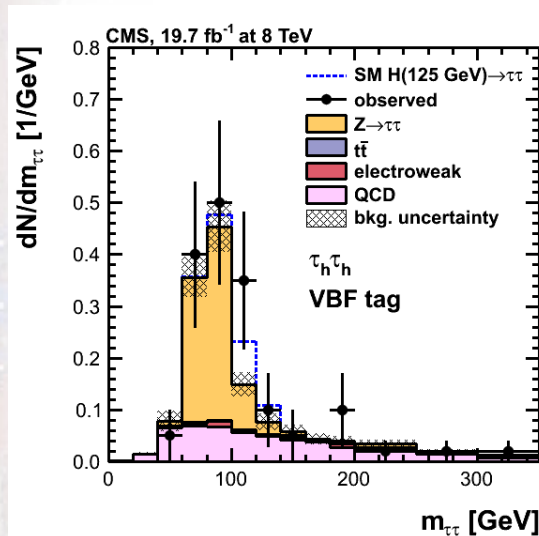


mm VBF:



# Di-Tau Mass Distributions ( $\tau_h \tau_h$ )

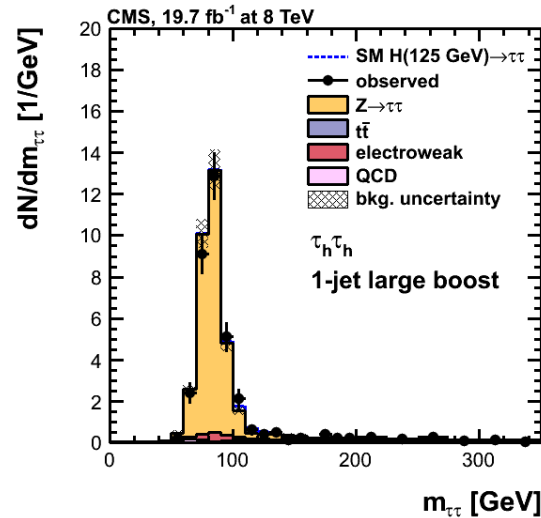
## VBF:



- Low event statistics
- High S/B

$\tau_h \tau_h$  channel

## 1 Jet:



- Exploit boost of the Higgs system: Improved mass resolution

## 0 Jets:

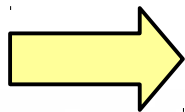
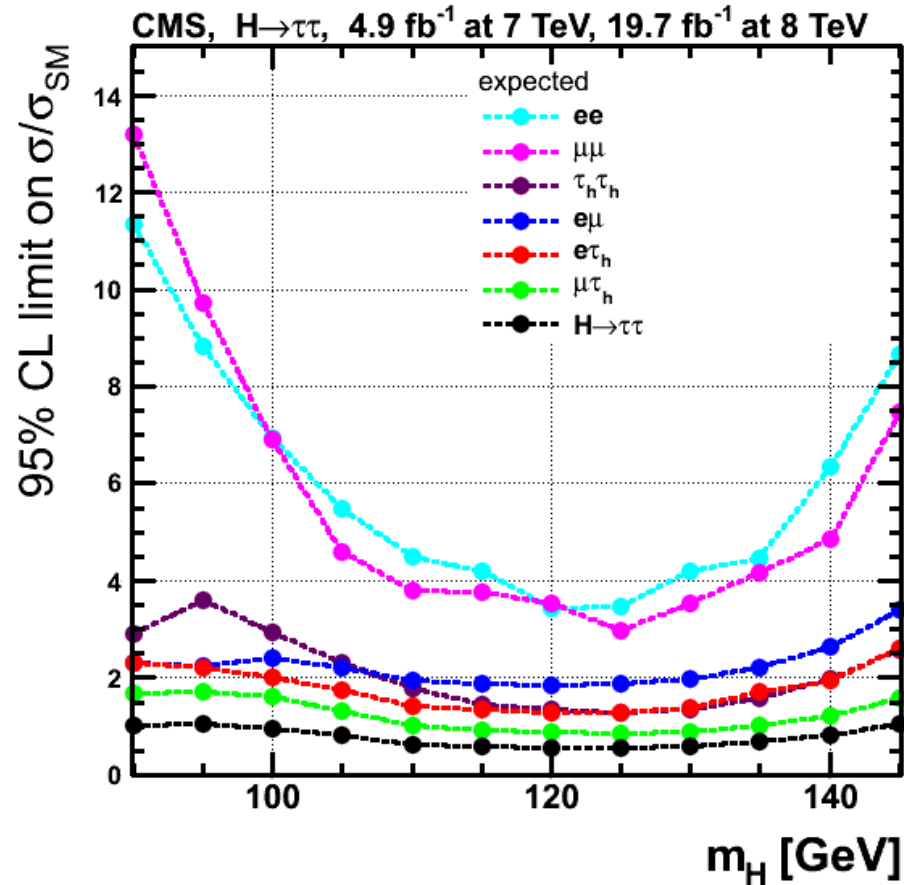
No 0-Jet category due to trigger requirements in this channel

- Low S/B
- Important for Constraining Nuisance Parameters

# Expected Limit by Channel

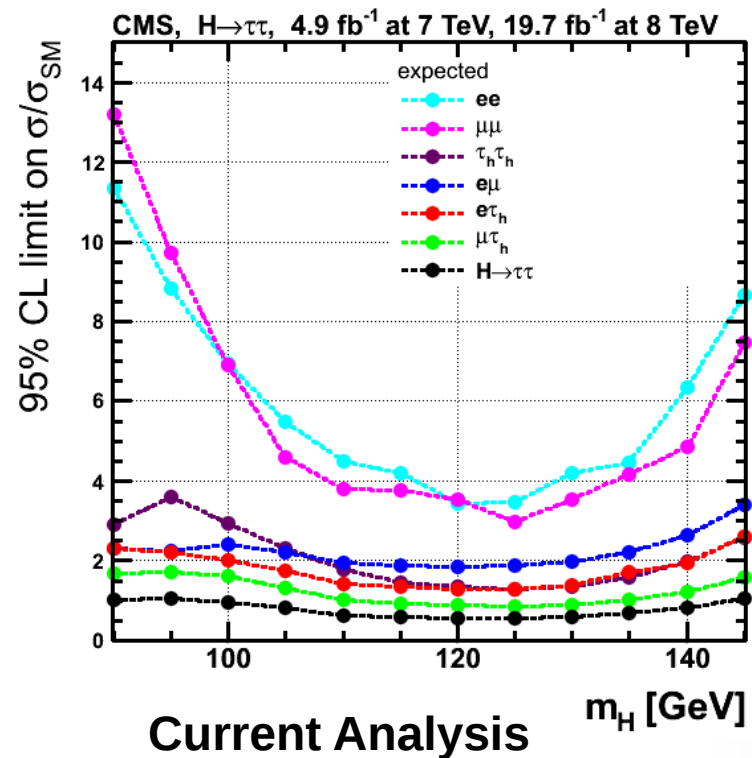
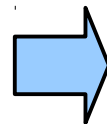
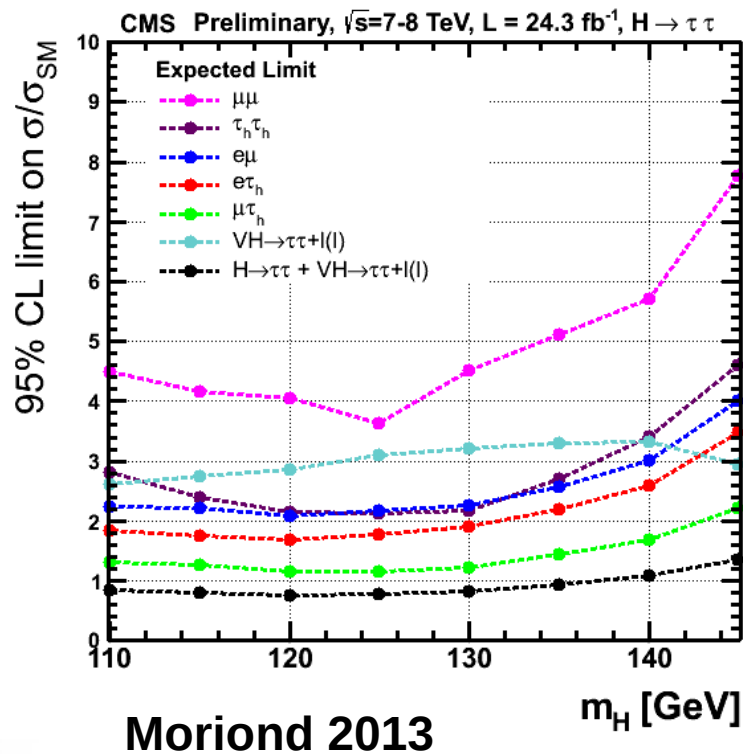
HIG-13-004

- **Combine all channels** and categories for statistical interpretation
- 95% C.L. Frequentist **Exclusion Limits** are set with the CLs method

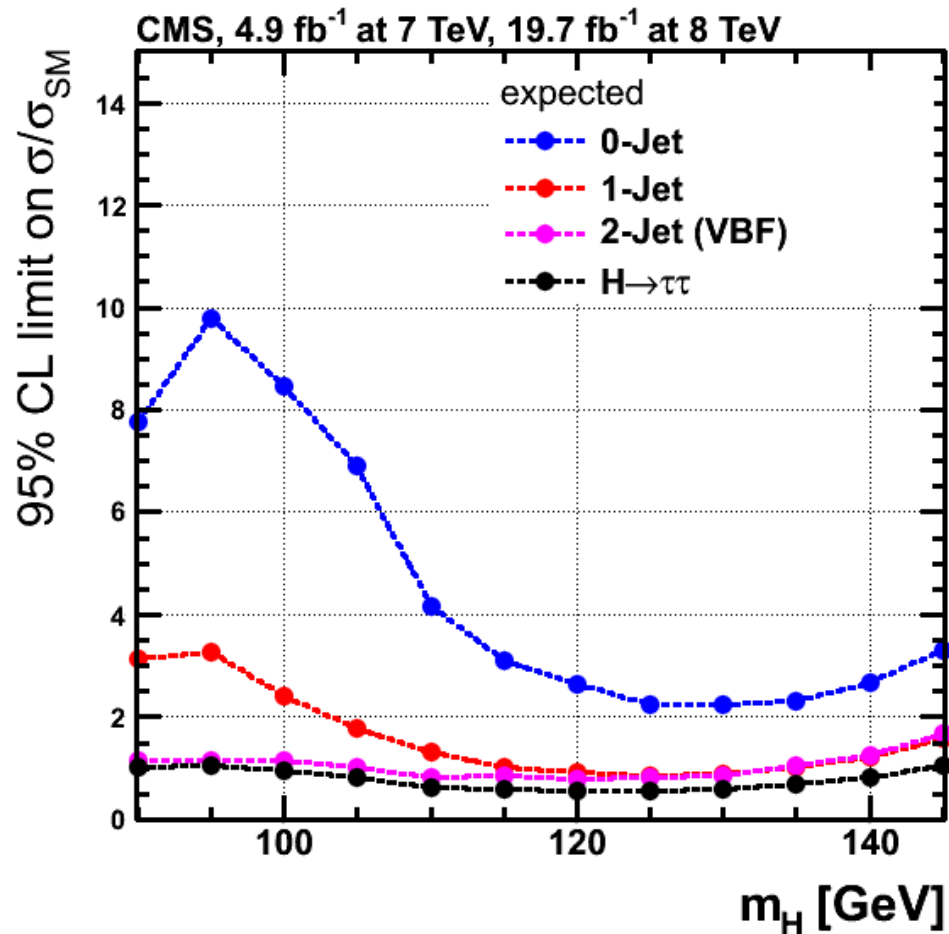


Only combination of channels is sensitive to SM Higgs

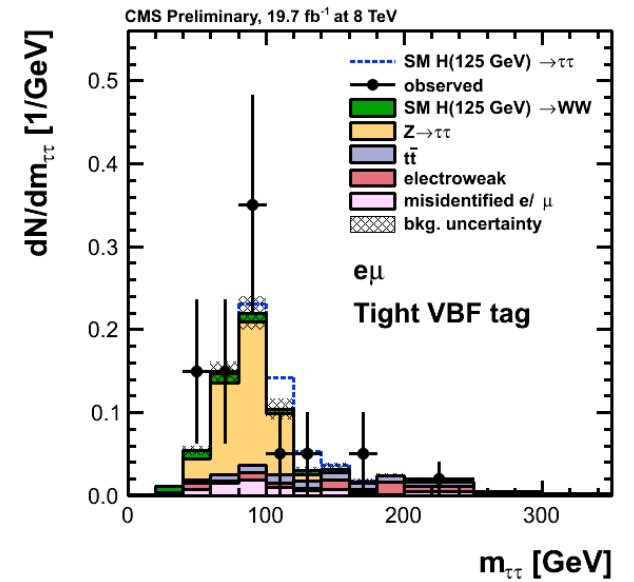
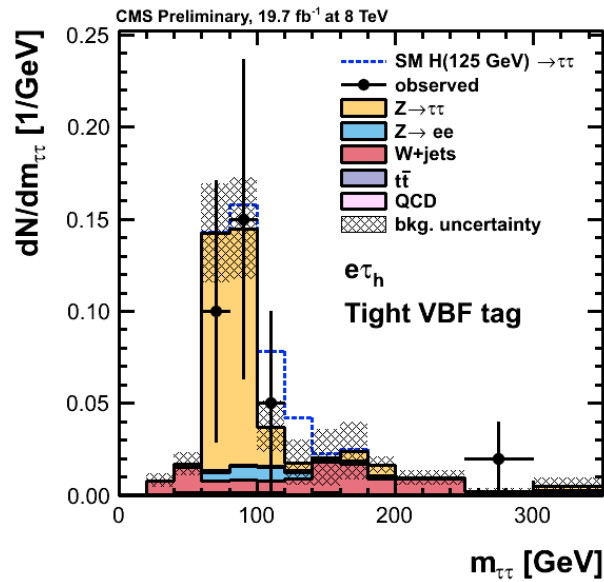
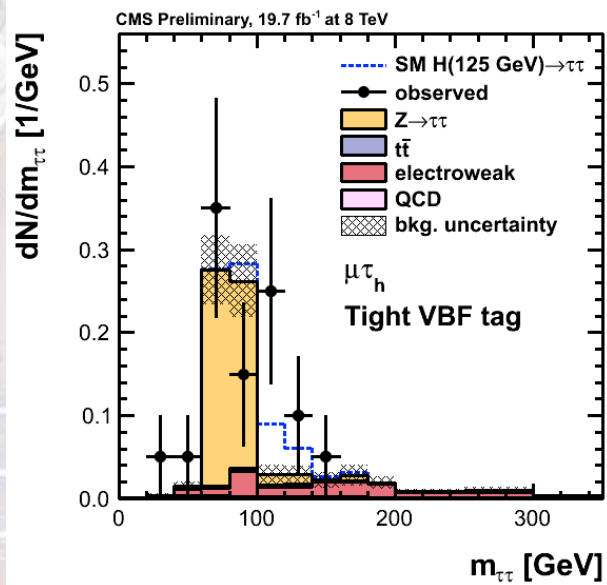
# Improvement in sensitivity



# Expected Limit By Category

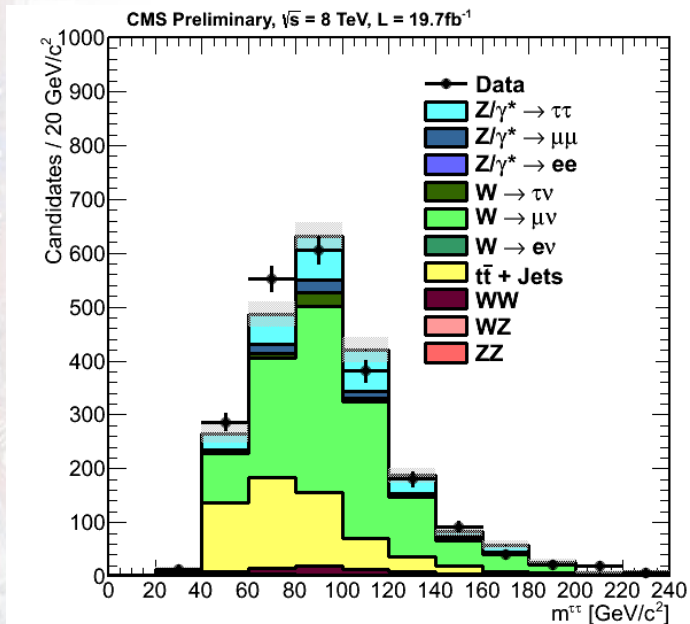


# Tight VBF Category

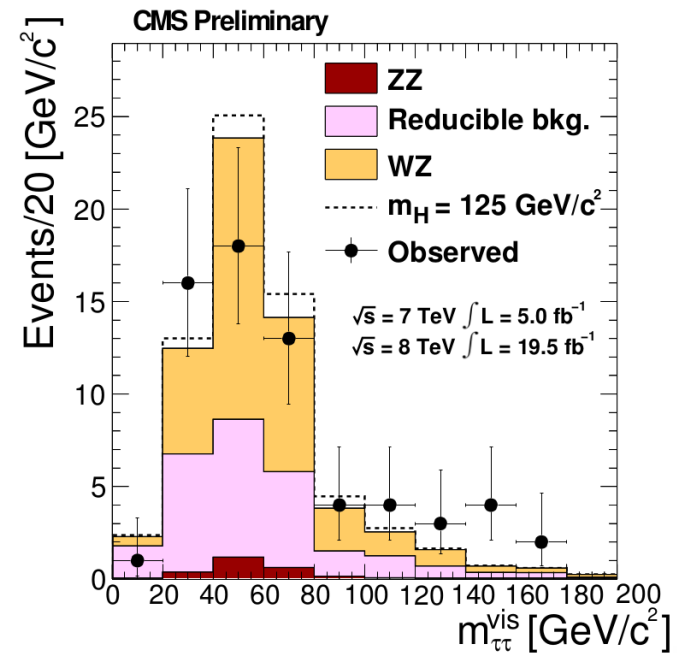


# Backgrounds in VH

- **Major Backgrounds** from:
  - Di-boson WZ/ZZ production (irreducible)
  - W + Jets, Z + Jets,  $t\bar{t}$  + Jets (reducible)



Reducible backgrounds in  $\mu\tau_h\tau_h$

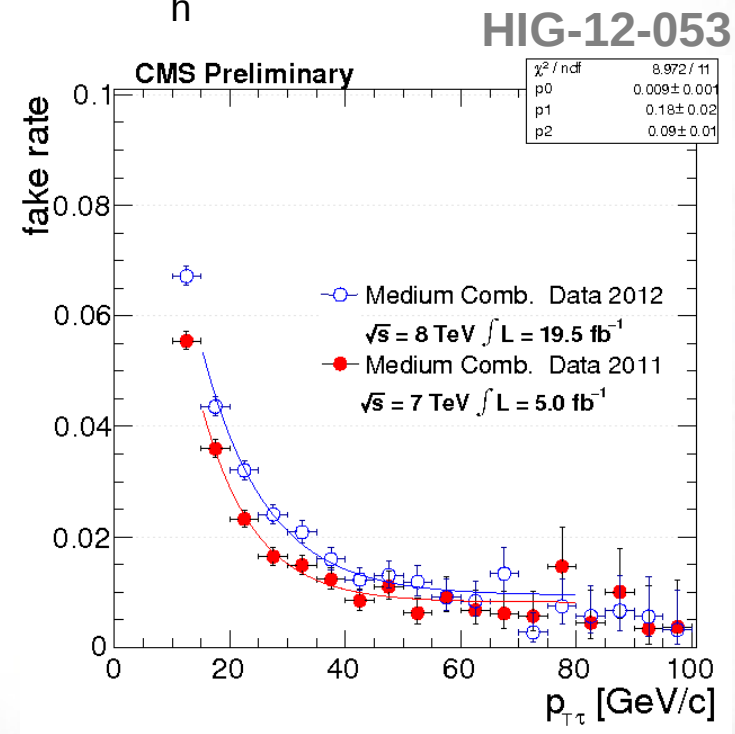
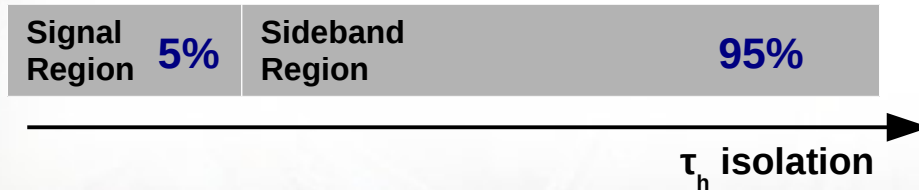


Mass plot in  $\mu\mu\tau_h/e\mu\tau_h$



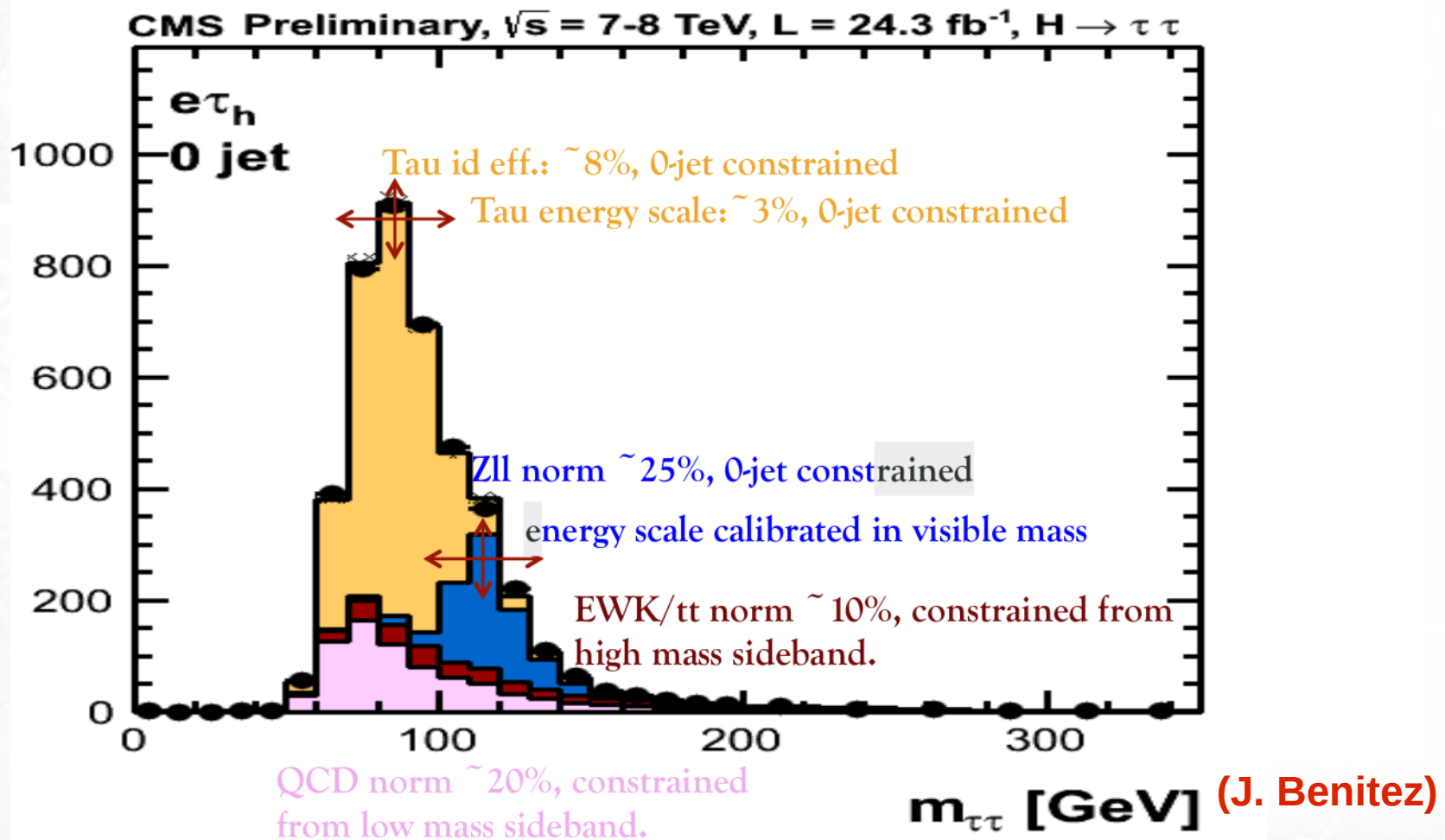
# Background Estimation in VH

- Reducible backgrounds are estimated with **Fake Rate Method**
- Invert the ID cut of the object which is misidentified (Sideband)
  - For example, isolation for jet  $\rightarrow \tau_h$  Fakes
- **Measure probability** for a jet to pass the ID cut ("Fake Rate")
- Scale events in the sideband region with the probability that they pass the ID

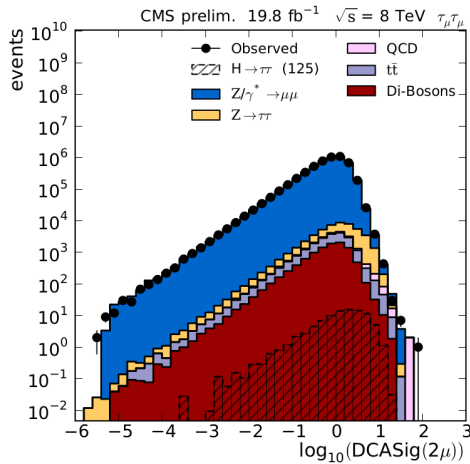


# Systematics

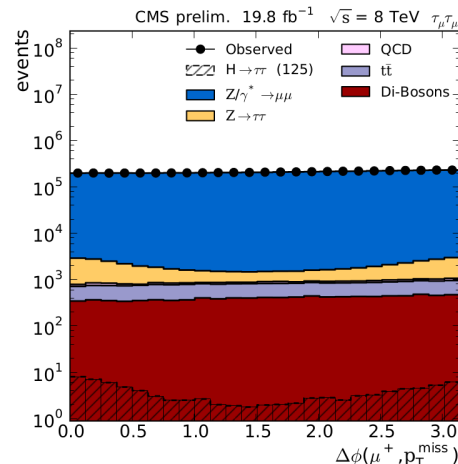
on one slide



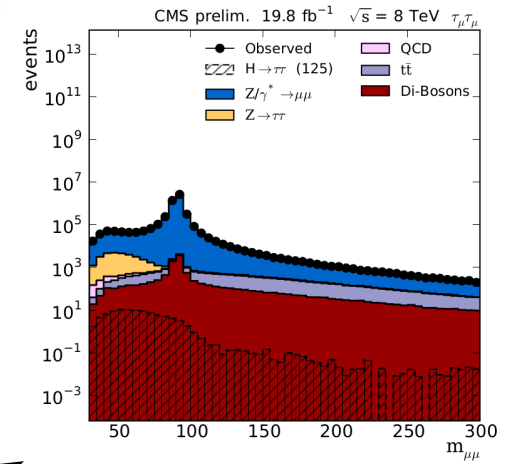
# BDT Input Variables



Distance of closest approach between muons



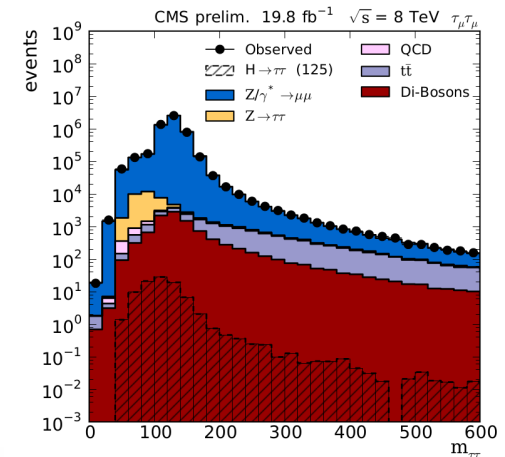
$\Delta\phi(E_{\text{miss}}^T, \mu^+)$



Dimuon mass

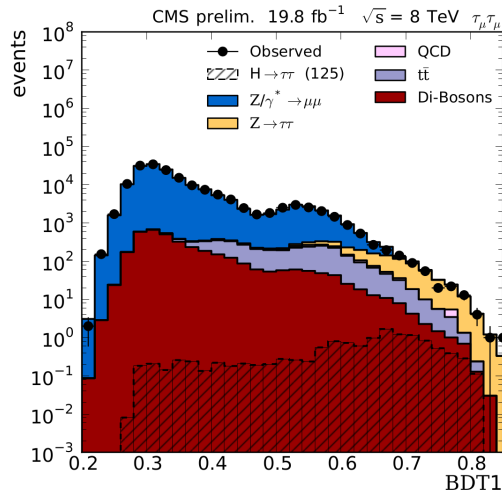
Against Z → μμ

Against Z → ττ



Reconstructed di-tau mass

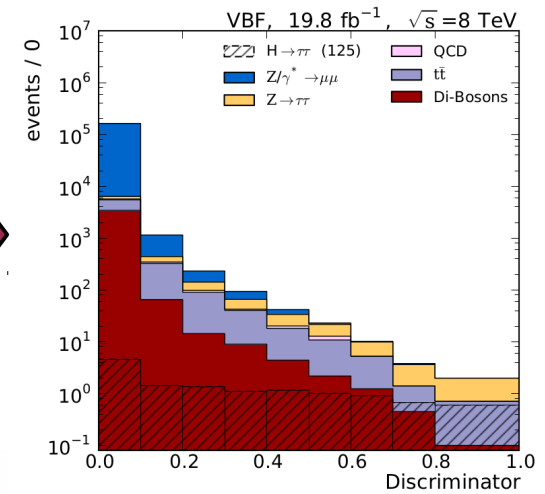
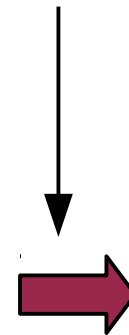
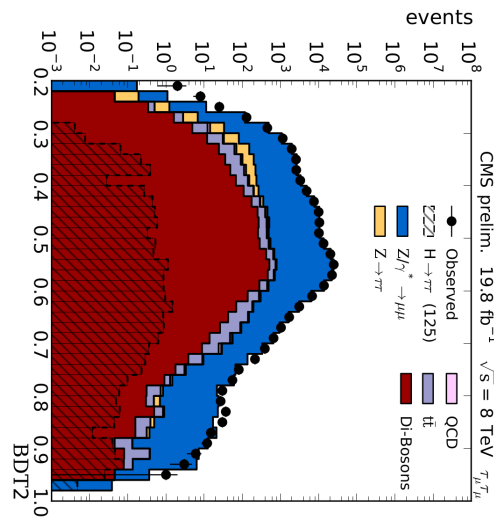
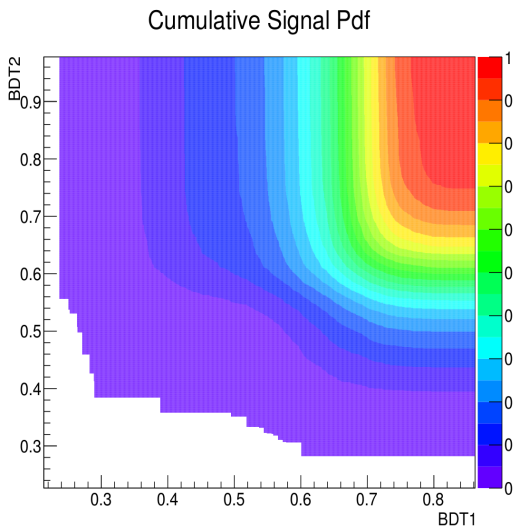
# Combination of BDTs



Create **2D PDF**  $f_{\text{cat}}^{\text{sig}}$  from BDT outputs of signal events

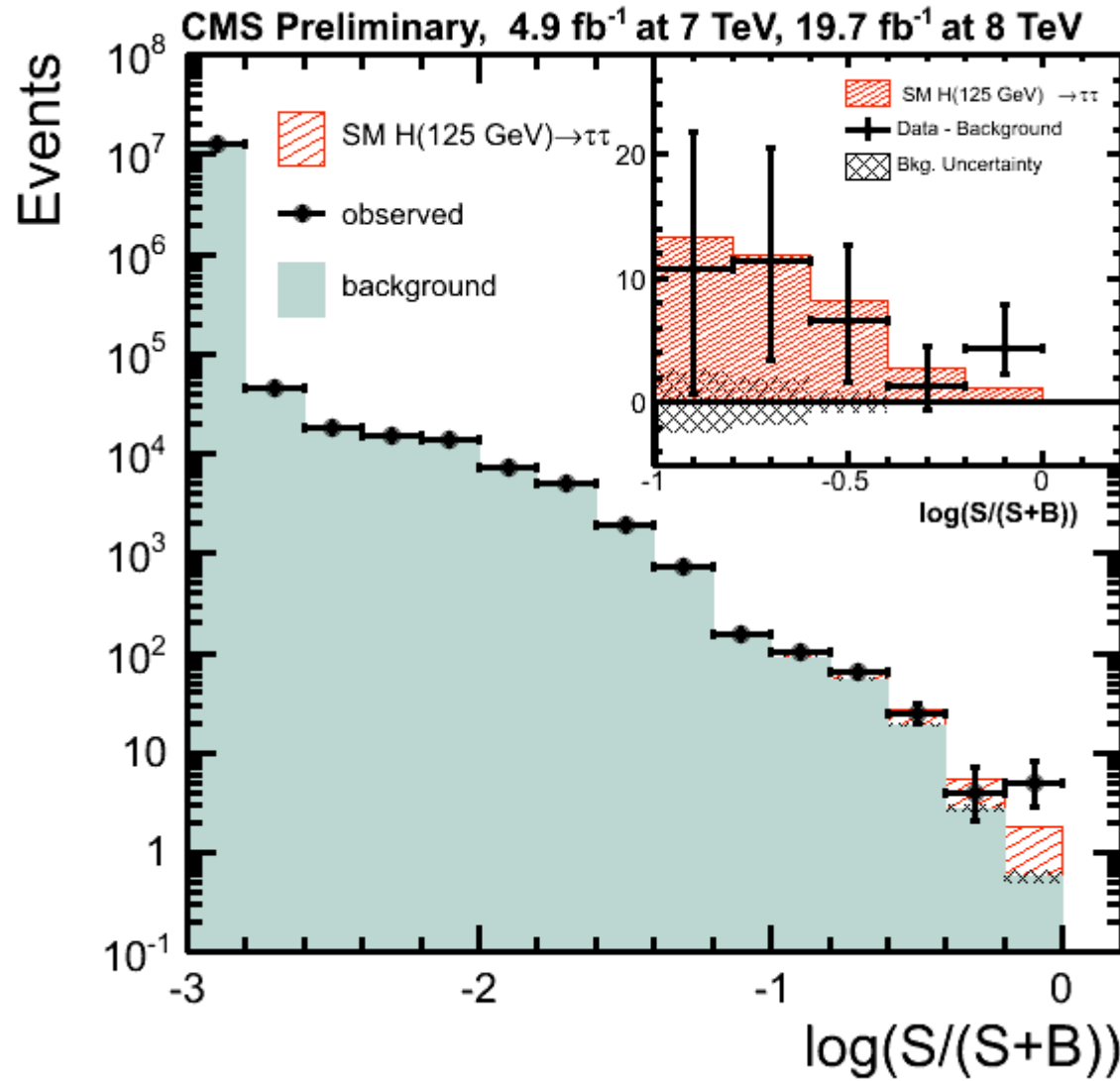
Final discriminator:

$$D_{\text{cat}} = \int_0^{\text{BDT}_1} \int_0^{\text{BDT}_2} f_{\text{cat}}^{\text{sig}}(\text{BDT}'_1, \text{BDT}'_2) d\text{BDT}'_1 d\text{BDT}'_2$$

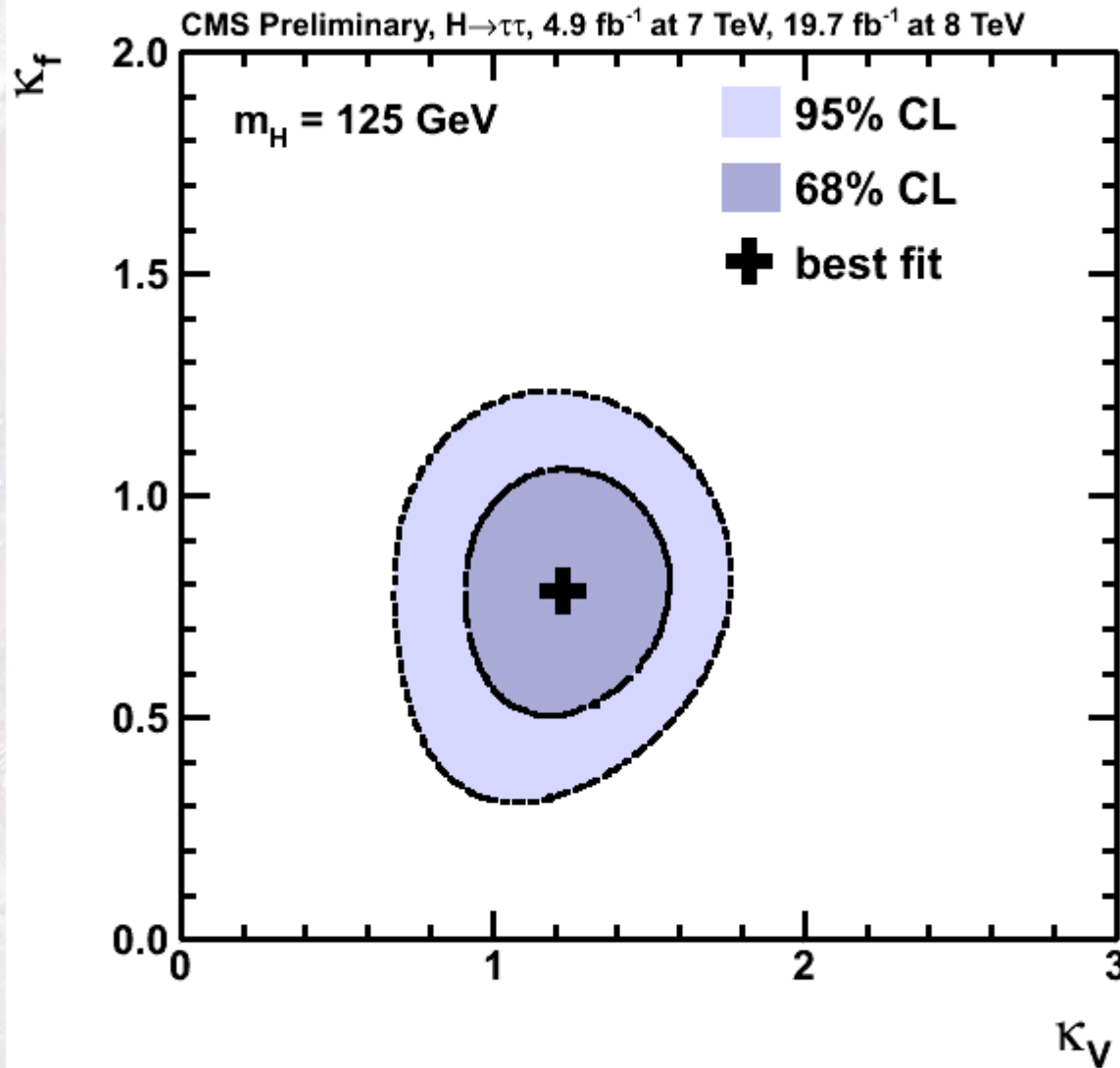


**Work in Progress**

# $S/(S+B)$ plot with all analysis bins



# cV-cF



$H \rightarrow WW$  treated as signal

Constraint in  $\kappa_V$  comes from  $e\mu$  VBF