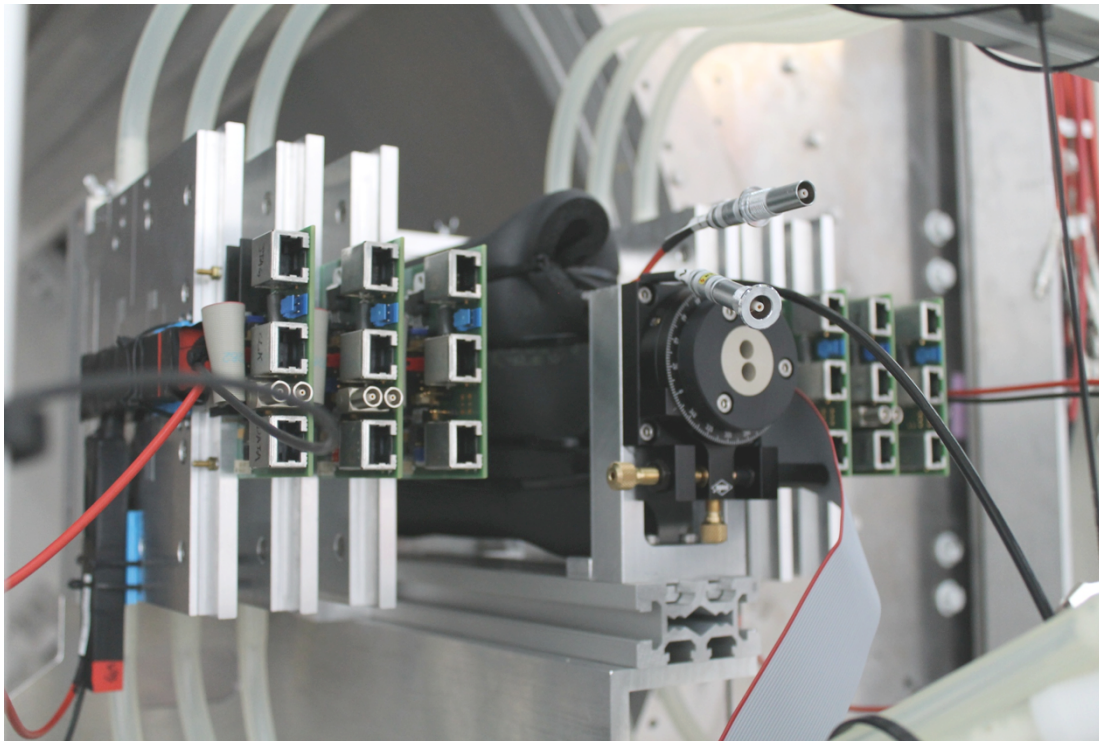


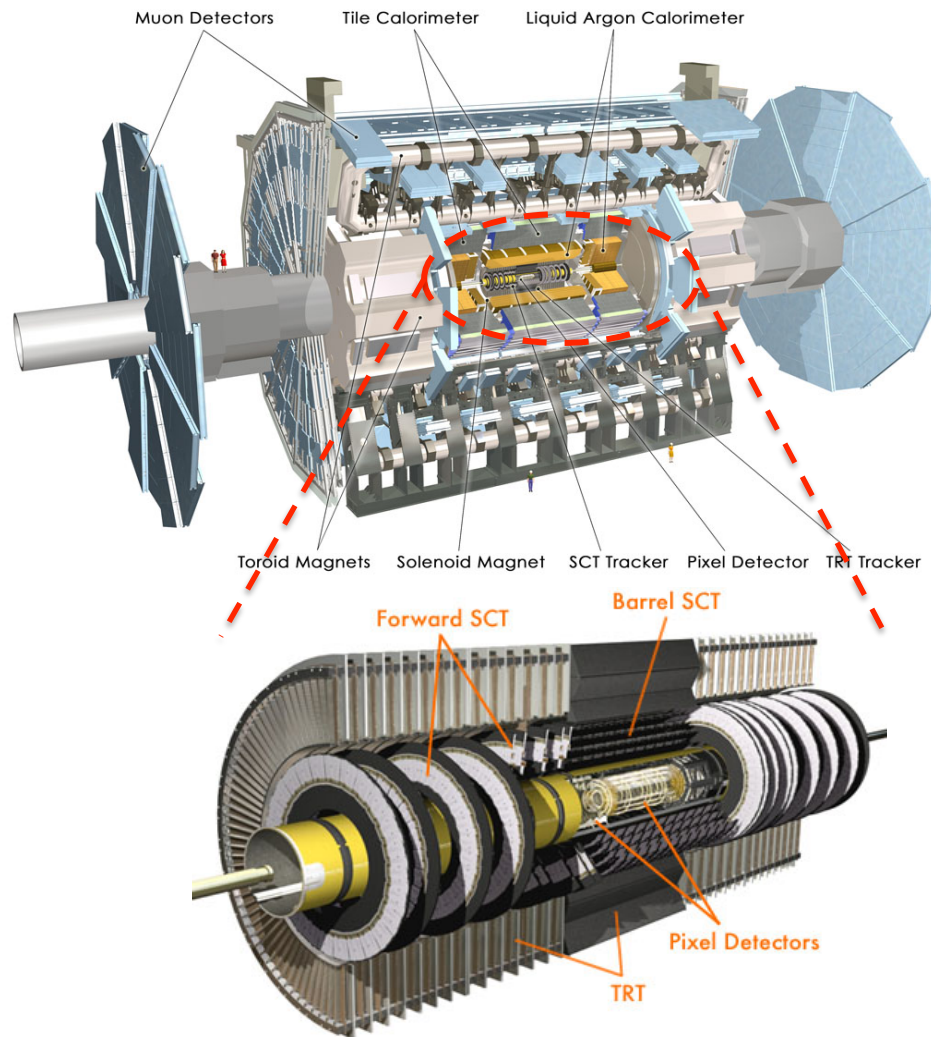
Lorentz Angle Measurement

On Future ATLAS Silicon Strip Sensors



Eda Yildirim, DESY
Student Seminar
June 20, 2013

The ATLAS Detector



➤ ATLAS is one of the two general purpose detectors at the Larger Hadron Collider (LHC)

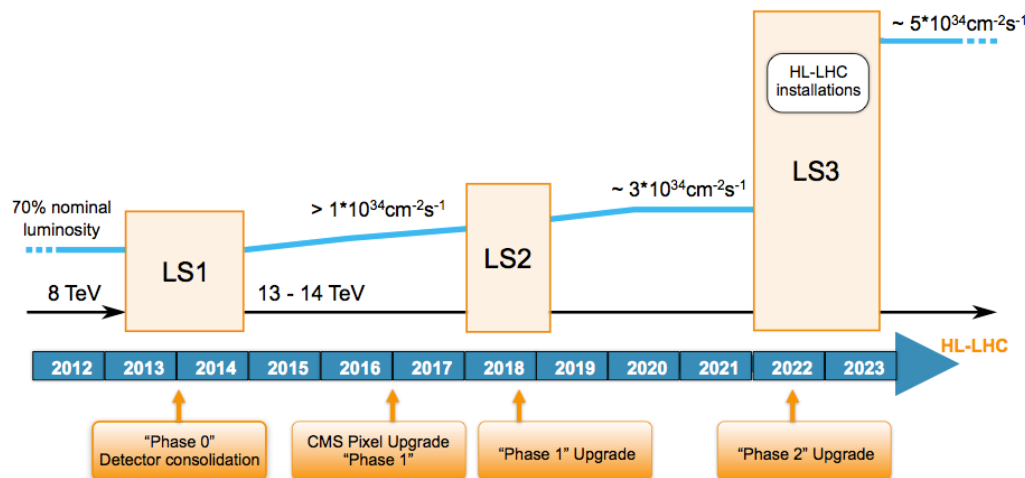
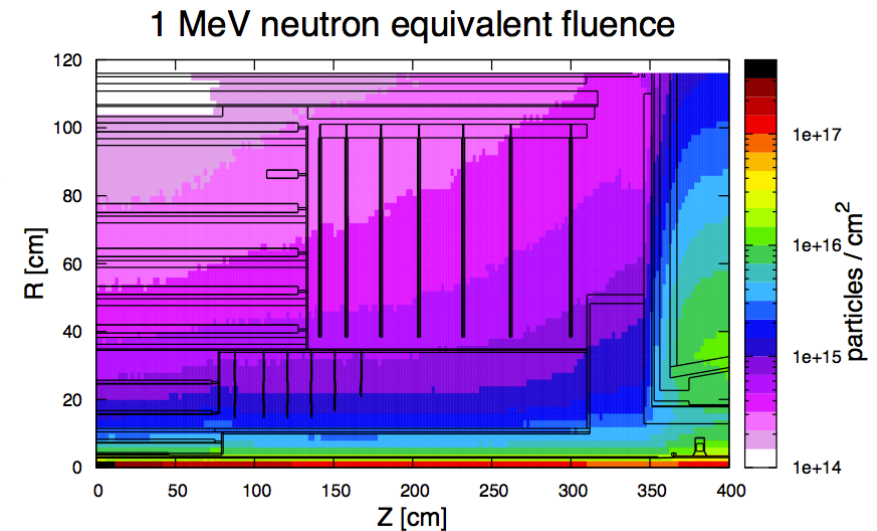
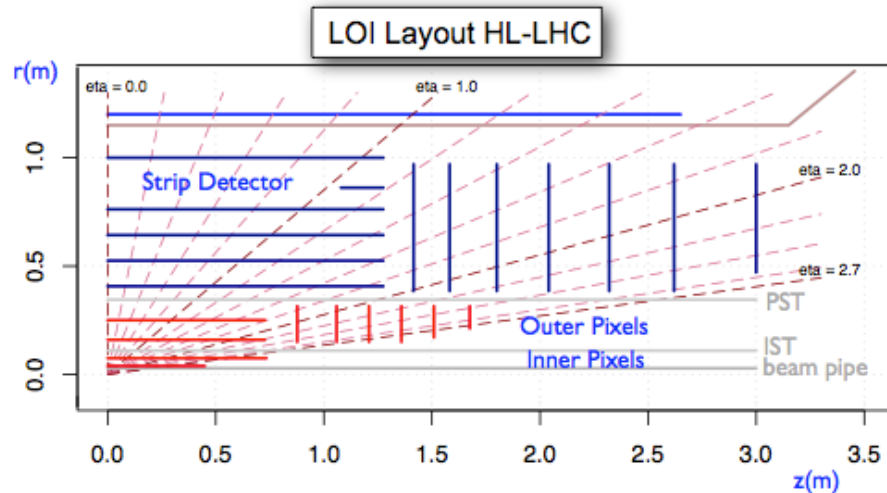
➤ Inner detector

- used to track charged particles and find their momentum
- consists of silicon (pixel and strip) detectors and drift-tube tracker (with transition radiation)
- closest to the collision region
- experience the highest radiation levels

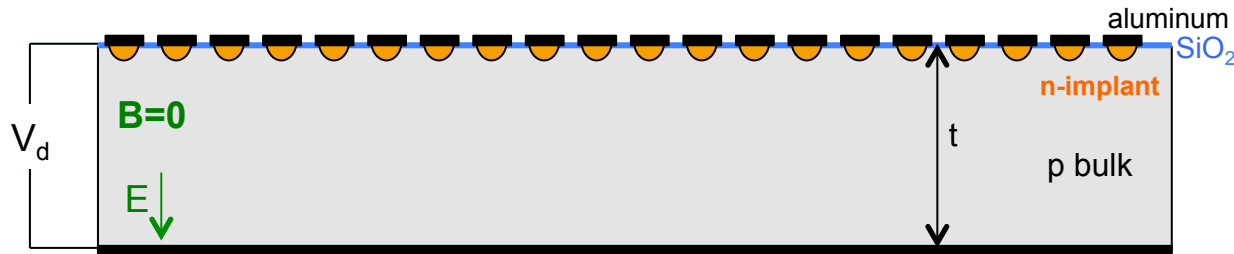
High Luminosity LHC

> In ~10 years from now, it is planned to upgrade LHC to High Luminosity LHC [1]

- Inner detector will be replaced with silicon pixel and silicon microstrip system
- LHC luminosity will be increased to $5 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ which will lead to increased radiation damage in the inner detector



Silicon Microstrip Sensors



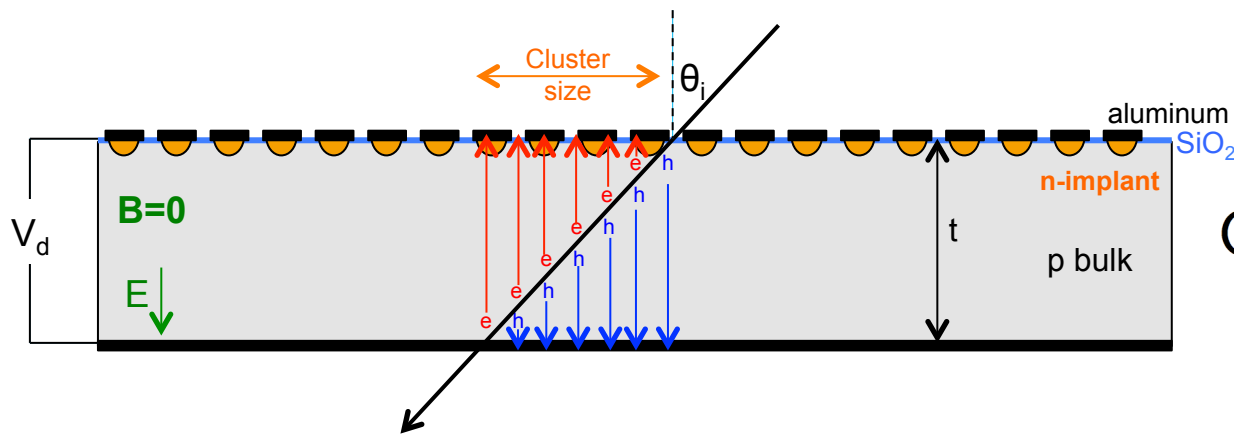
V_d : depletion voltage
E : Electric field
t : thickness

ATLAS12 miniature test sensors



Type	n in p
Collects	electrons
Thickness	320 um
Depletion Voltage	-170 V
Bias Voltage	-500 V
Outer dimension	10x10 mm
Active area	~ 8x8 mm
Number of channels	104
Pitch size	74.5 um

Silicon Microstrip Sensors



$$\text{Cluster Size} \approx t \cdot \tan\theta_i$$

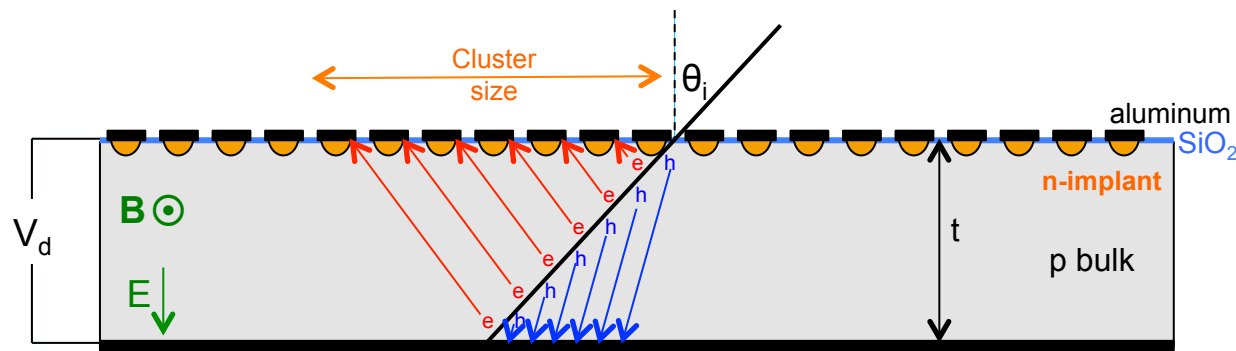
ATLAS12 miniature test sensors



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Number of channels	104
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Lorentz Angle



$$\tan \theta_L = \mu_H B = r_H \mu_d B \quad [2]$$

Hall mobility

Hall factor

Drift mobility

$$\mu_d = \frac{v_s / E_c}{[1 + (E / E_c)^\beta]^{1/\beta}}$$

	Electrons	Holes
$v_s (cm s^{-1})$	$1.53 \times 10^9 \times T^{-0.87}$	$1.62 \times 10^8 \times T^{-0.52}$
$E_c (V cm^{-1})$	$1.01 \times T^{1.55}$	$1.24 \times T^{1.68}$
β	$2.57 \times 10^{-2} \times T^{0.66}$	$0.46 \times T^{0.17}$
r_H	$1.13 + 0.0008(T - 273)$	$0.72 - 0.0005(T - 273)$

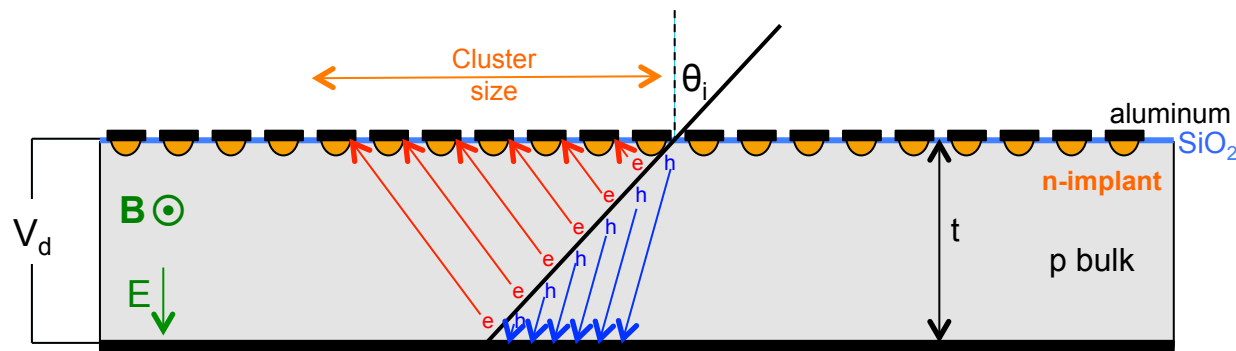
where v_s is drift velocity, E is electric field and T is the absolute temperature.

> Lorentz Angle needs to be taken into account in order to reconstruct track information correctly

> Lorentz angle estimated for ATLAS12 silicon microstrip sensor ($B = 1T$, $T = -25^\circ C$)

▪ $\theta_L \sim 3.80$ degrees

Lorentz Angle in Irradiated Silicon Sensor



$$\tan \theta_L = \mu_H B = r_H \mu_d B \quad [2]$$

Hall mobility

Hall factor

Drift mobility

$$\mu_d = \frac{v_s / E_c}{[1 + (E / E_c)^\beta]^{1/\beta}}$$

> Drift velocity and depletion voltage will change with irradiation

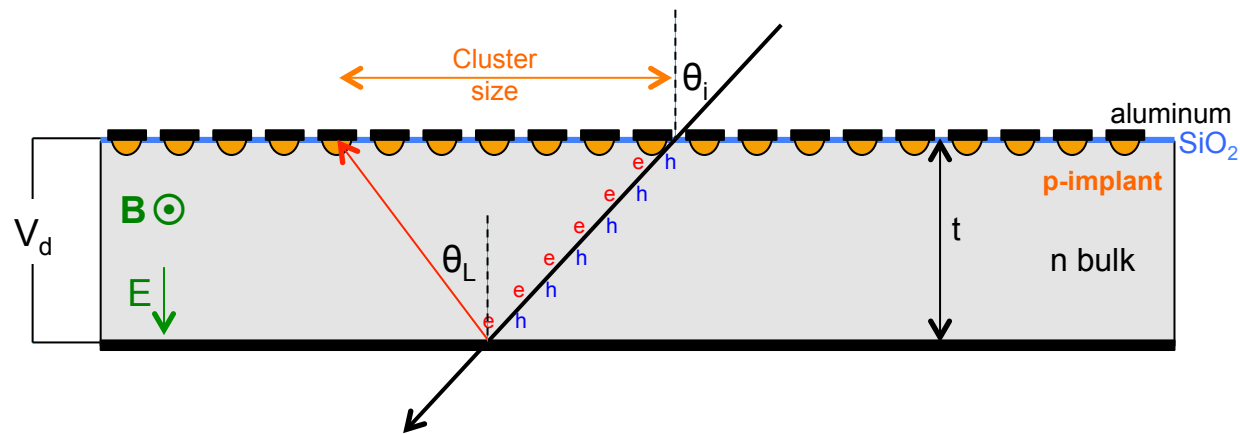
> The effect of radiation damage on Lorentz angle is not well understood

	Electrons	Holes
$v_s (cm s^{-1})$	$1.53 \times 10^9 \times T^{-0.87}$	$1.62 \times 10^8 \times T^{-0.52}$
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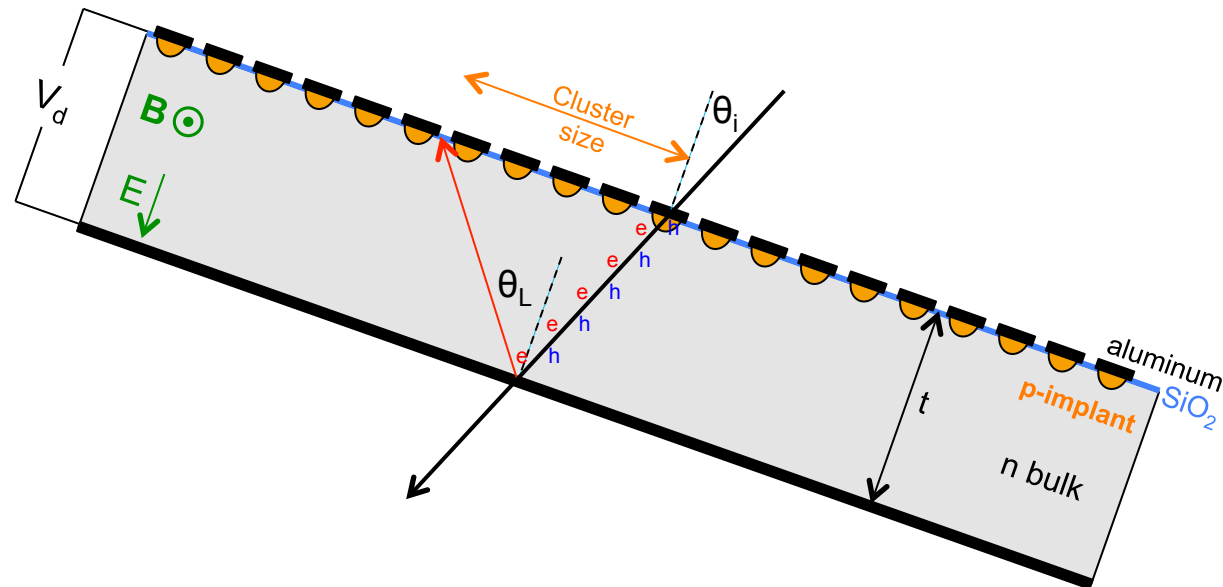
where v_s is drift velocity, E is electric field and T is the absolute temperature.



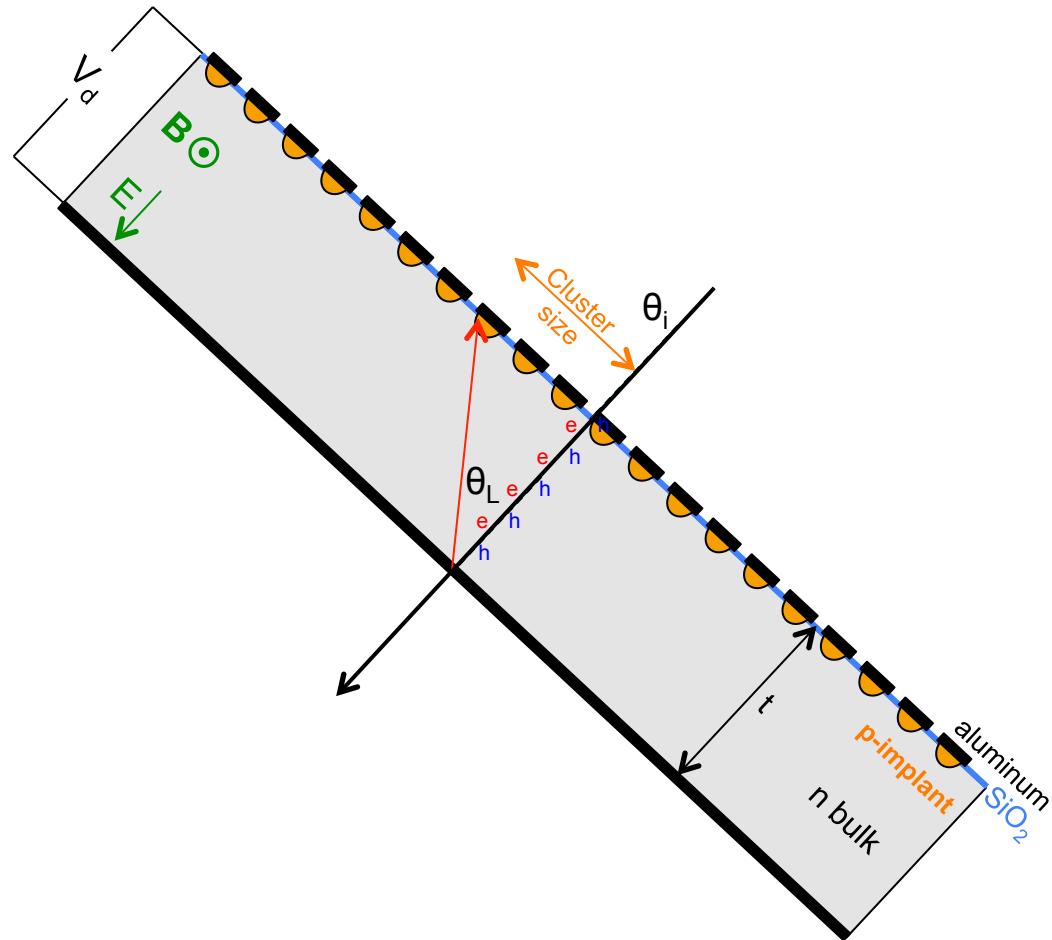
Lorentz Angle Measurement



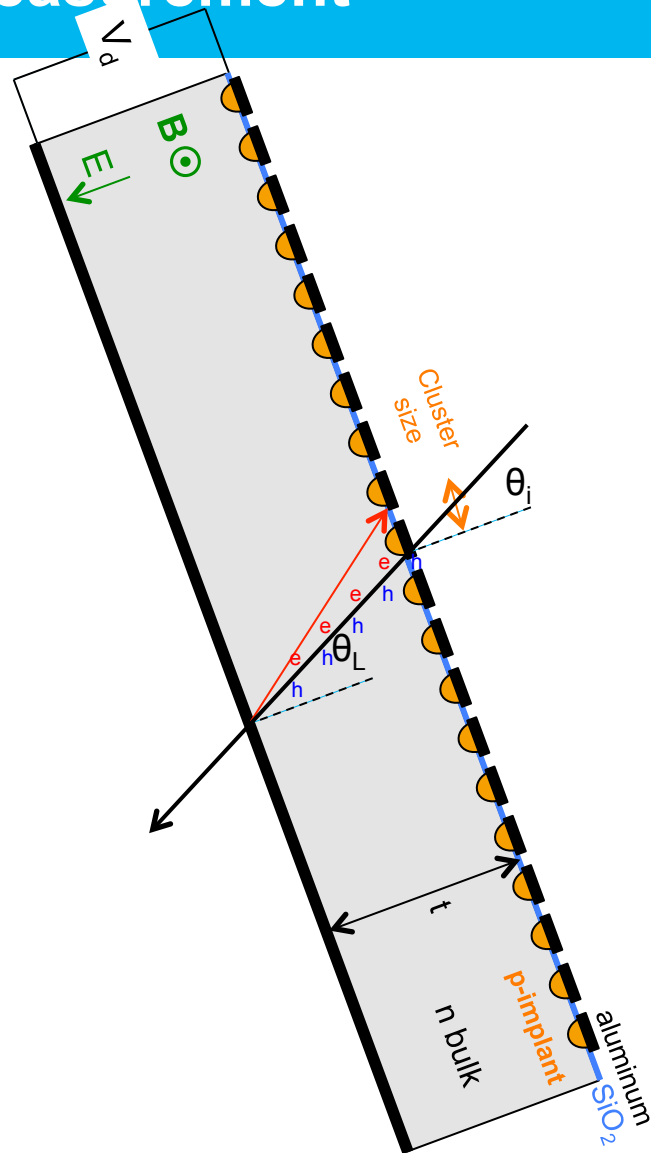
Lorentz Angle Measurement



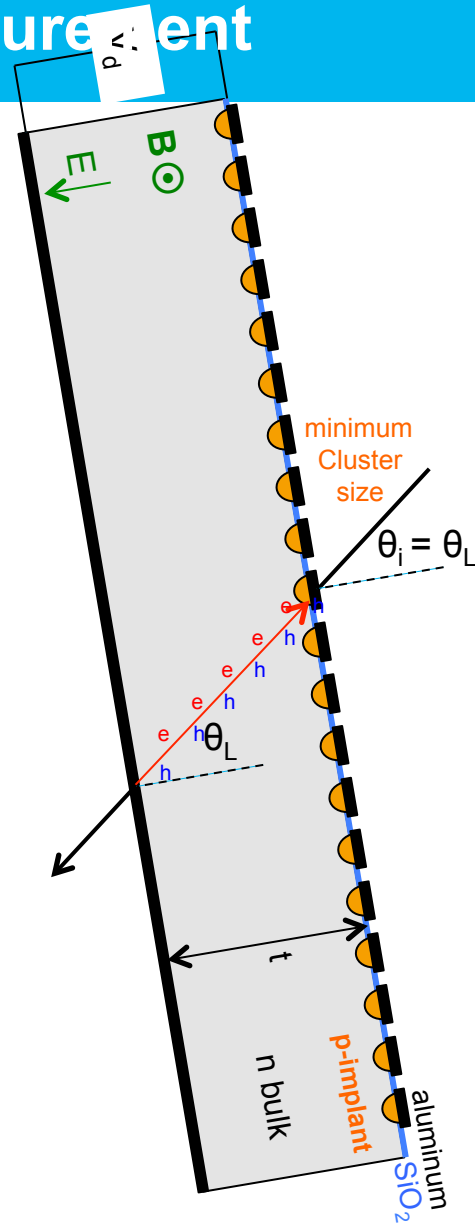
Lorentz Angle Measurement



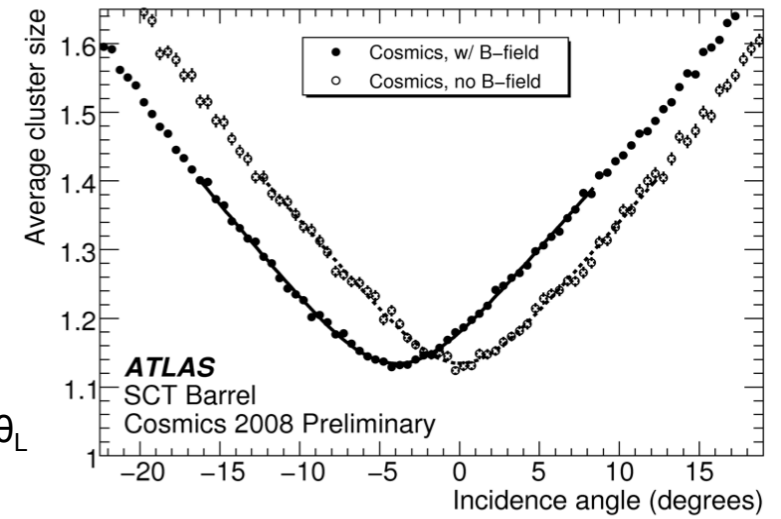
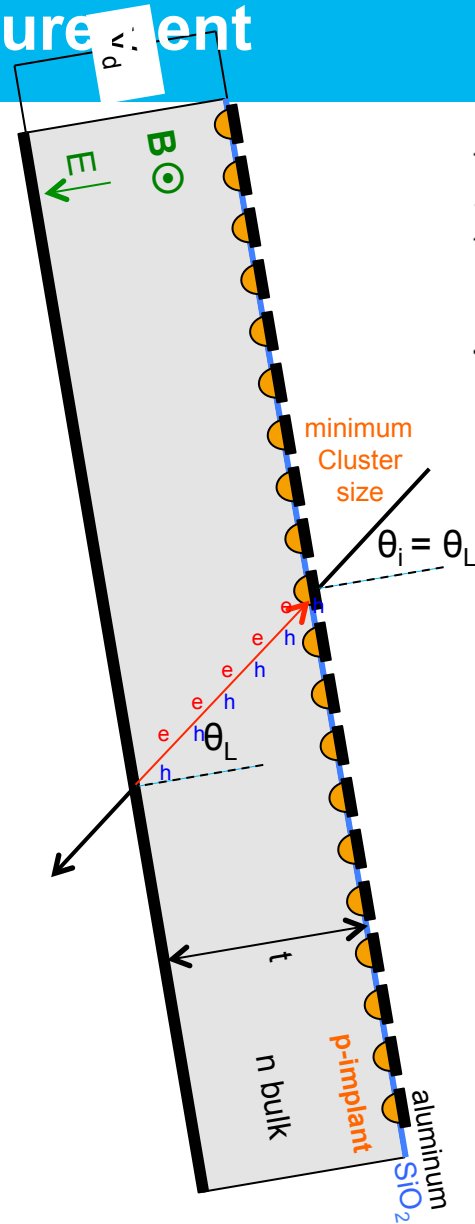
Lorentz Angle Measurement



Lorentz Angle Measurement



Lorentz Angle Measurement

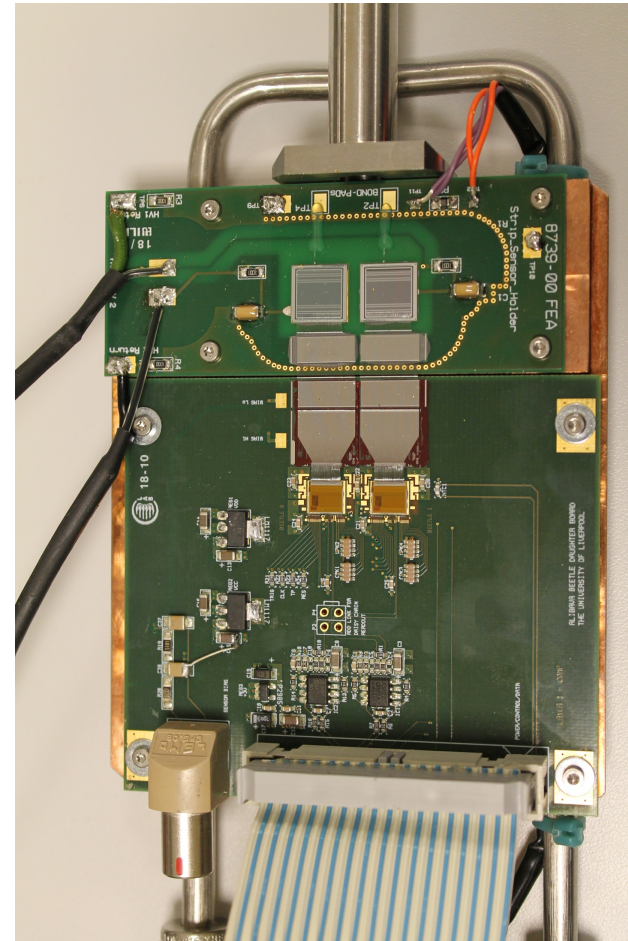
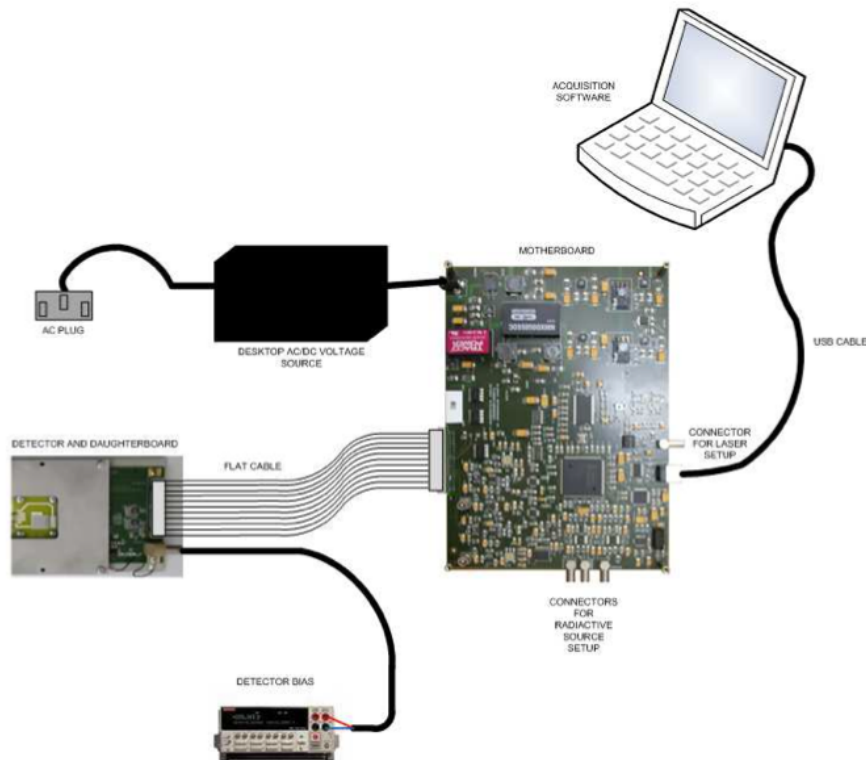


Lorentz angle measurement on
ATLAS
SemiConductor Tracker (SCT)

Setup: Device Under Test (DUT)

➤ Readout System: Alibava

- 2 Beetle chips, 256 channels
- Clock rate: 40 MHz
- Output: Analogue



Alibava
Daughter Board

Setup: Device Under Test (DUT)

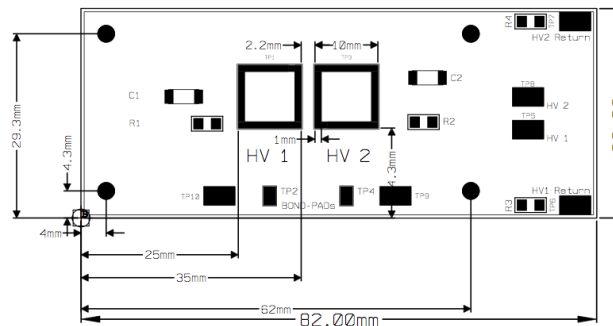
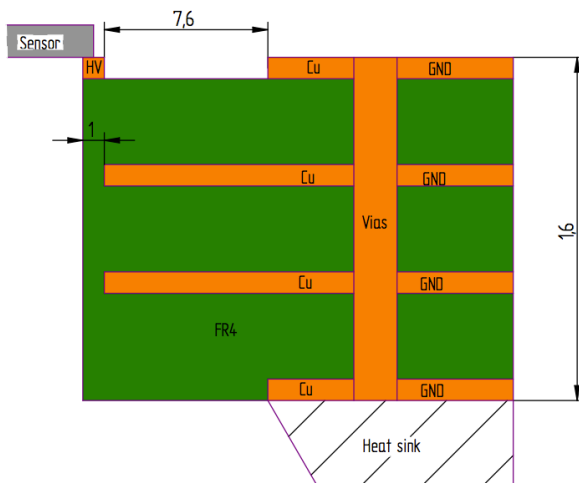
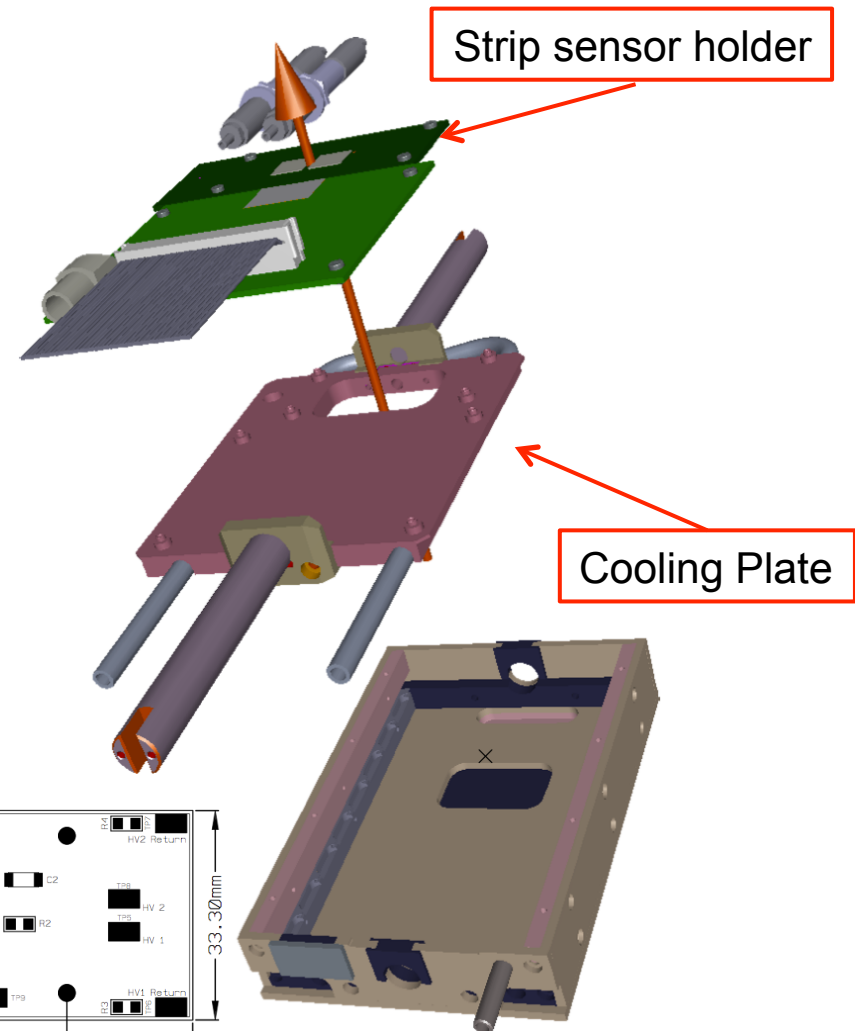
> Cooling:

We will use irradiated sensors

- To avoid leakage current
- To prevent annealing
- Cooling down to - 25 degrees using silicone oil

> Strip sensor holder

- Needs good thermal conductivity



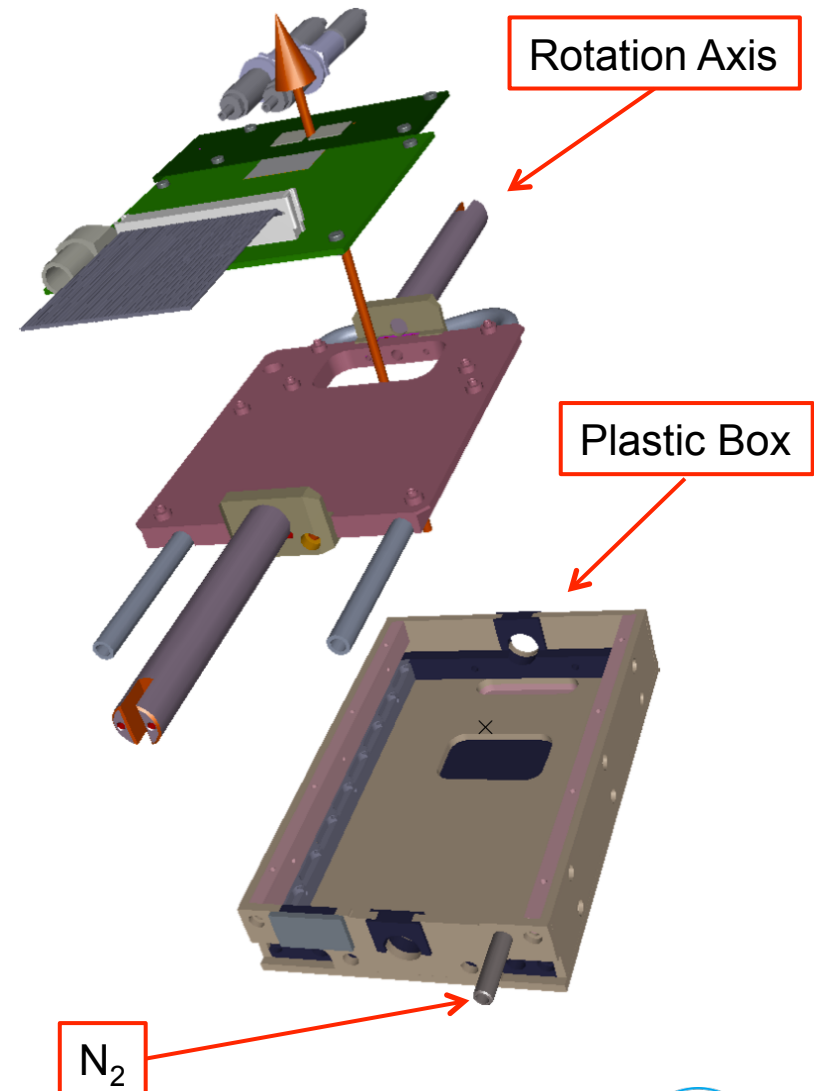
Setup: Device Under Test (DUT)

> Box:

To avoid humidity

- Flush inside with N_2
- Cover with styrofoam

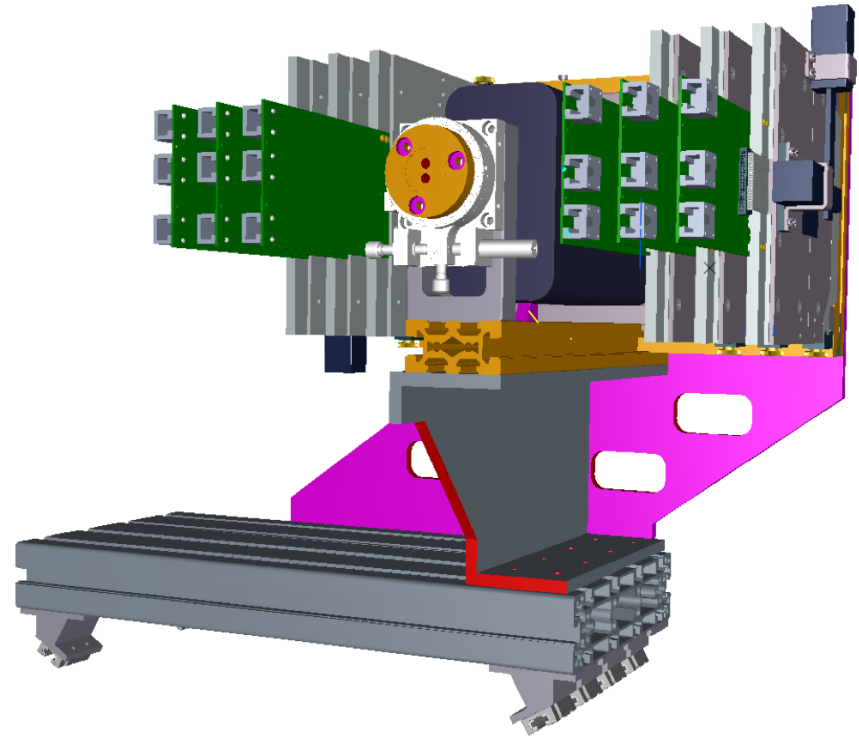
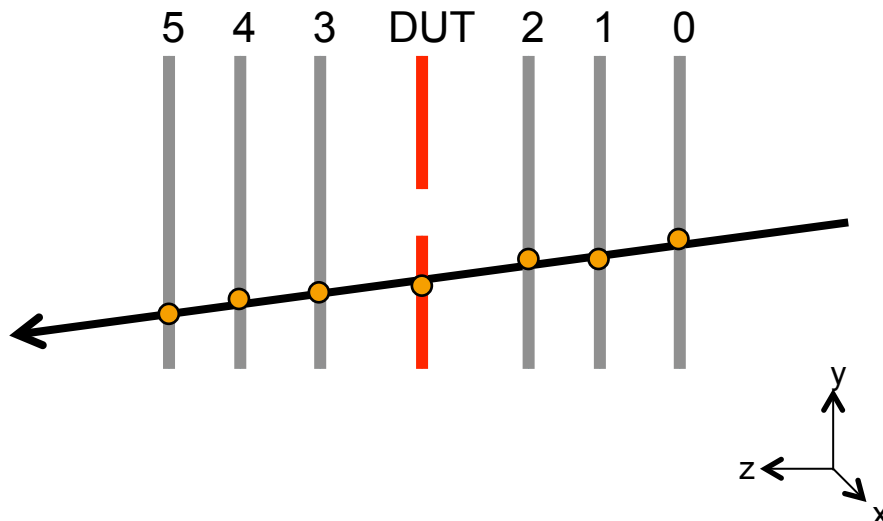
Should be rotatable



Setup: EUDET Beam Telescope

> EUDET Telescope:

- Consists of 6 pixel sensors
- Pointing resolution $\sim 2 \mu\text{m}$ without any DUT
- In our case without DUT intrinsic resolution $\sim 4 \mu\text{m}$

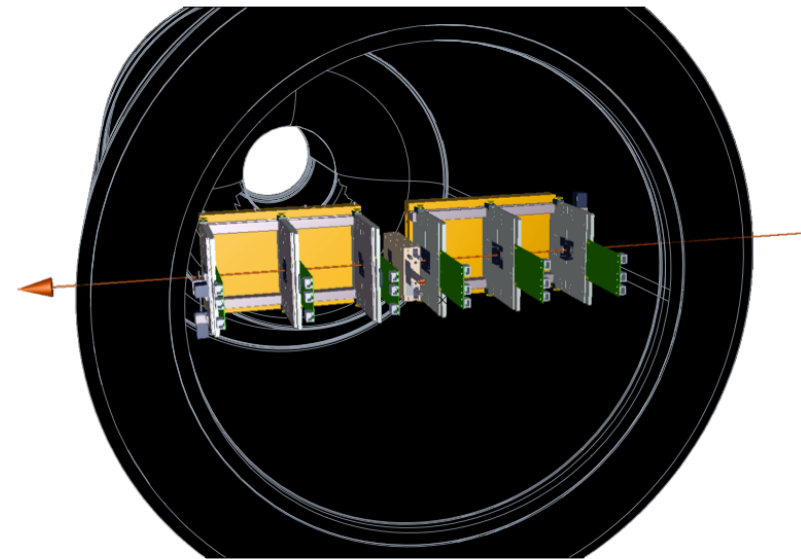
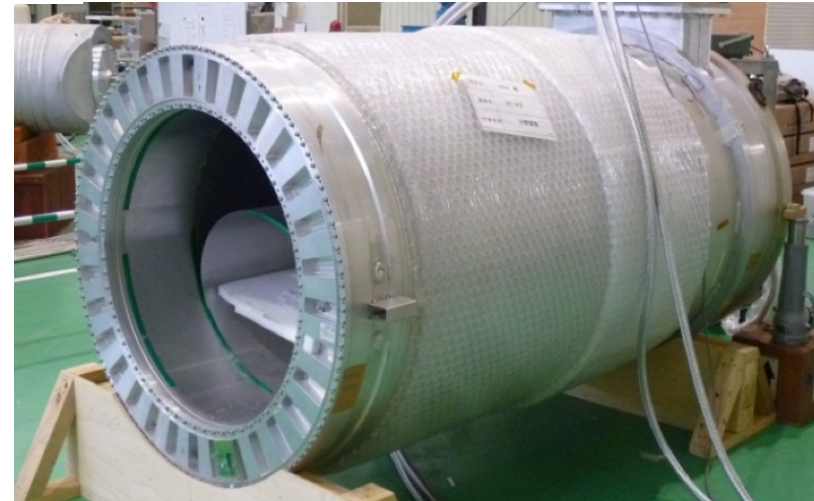
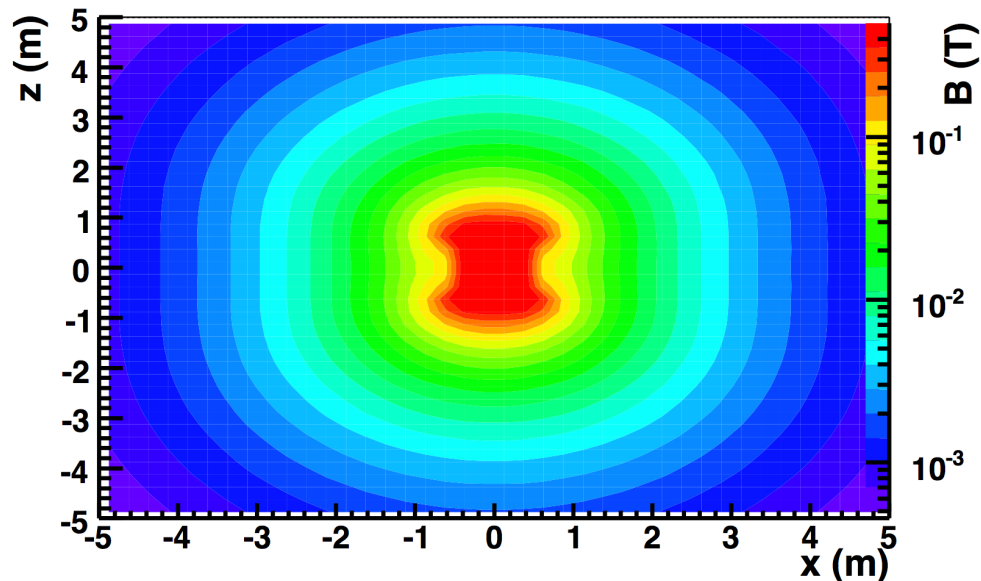


Setup: The Magnet

> PCMAG:

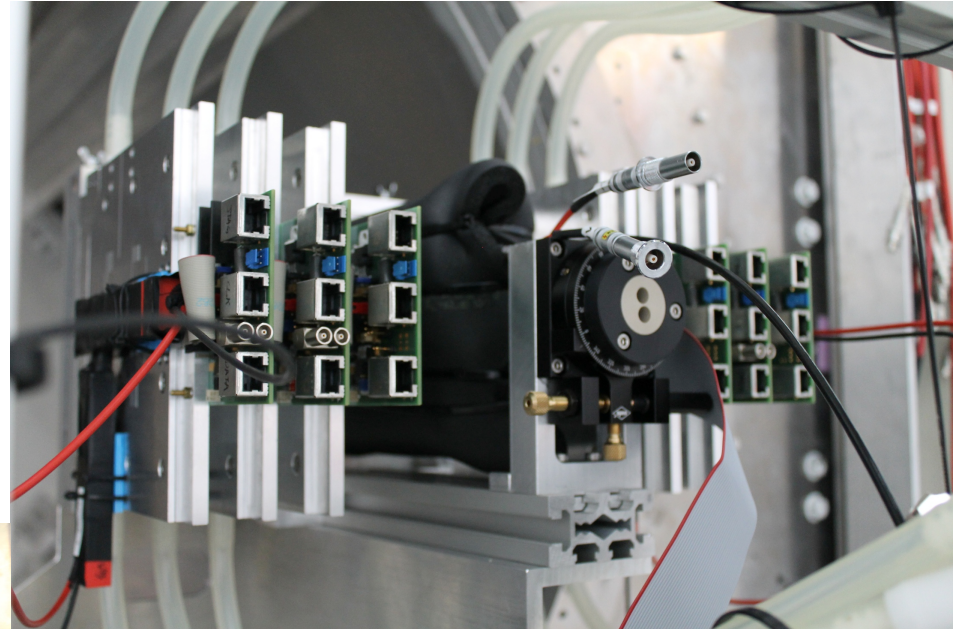
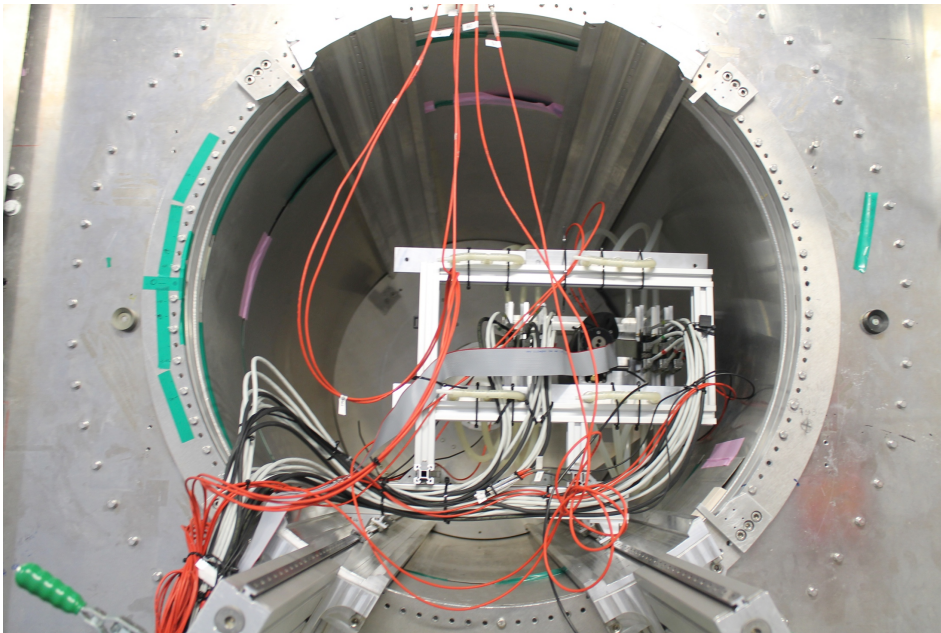
- B field up to 1Tesla
- Measurement will be done in various magnetic fields
0.25T, 0.50T, 0.75T, 1.00T
- Extrapolate results to 2T

Magnetic field in ATLAS Inner detector



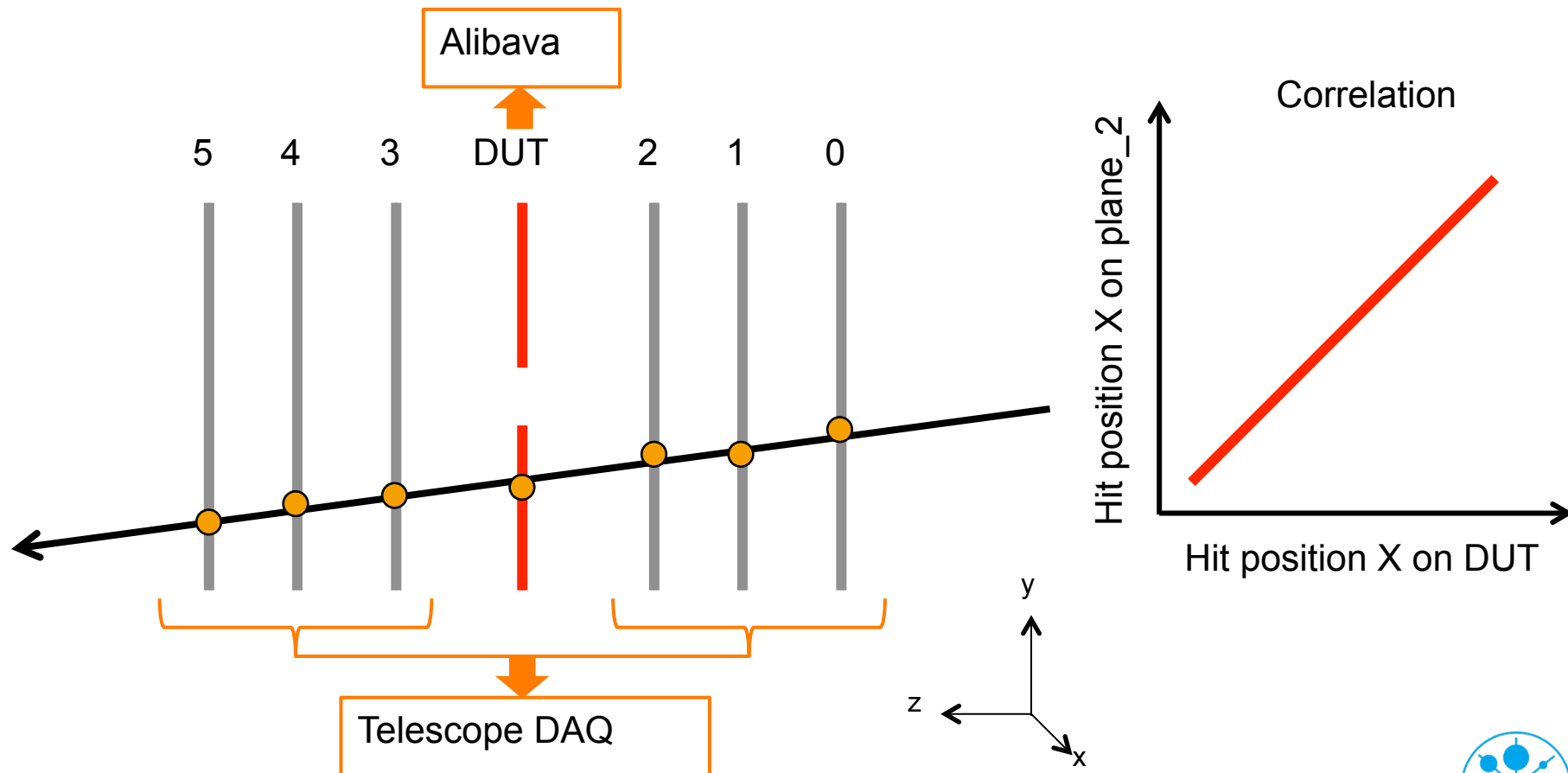
Setup

- Beam
- Magnetic field
- Track of particle
- Device Under Test (DUT)



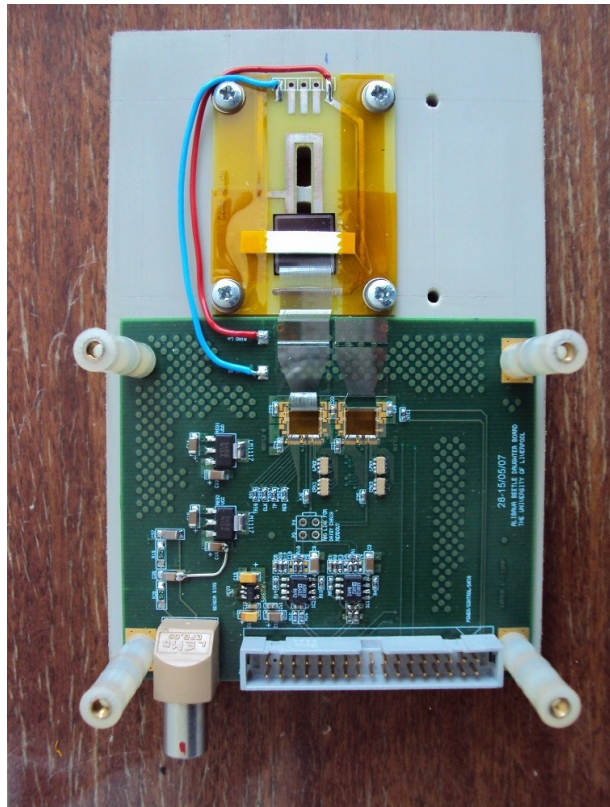
Measurements

- > DUT will be read by Alibava
- > Telescope planes will be read by Telescope DAQ
- > One needs to check synchronization between Alibava data and telescope data

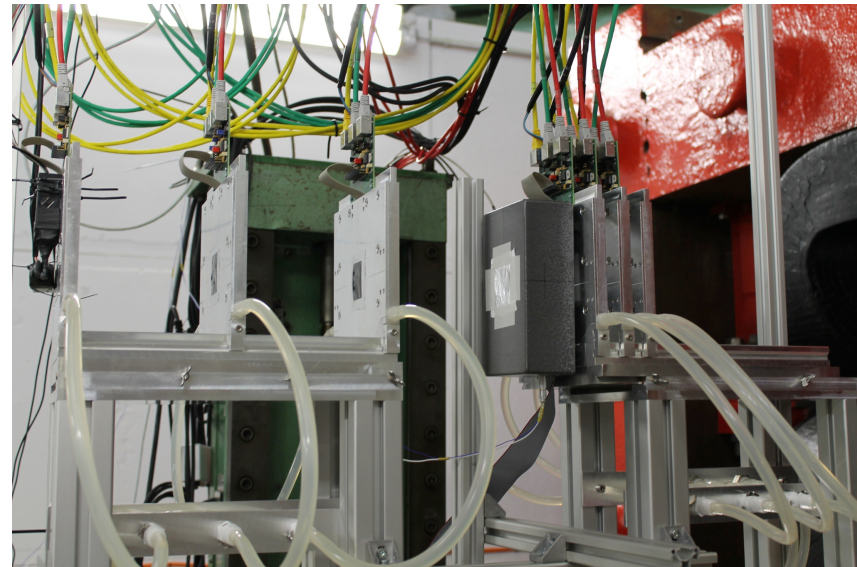


Synchronization Check

- > Synchronization was checked in May 2012
- > Setup of Charles University (Prague) was used with Alibava readout system.



- > First test beam setup



- > No B field!

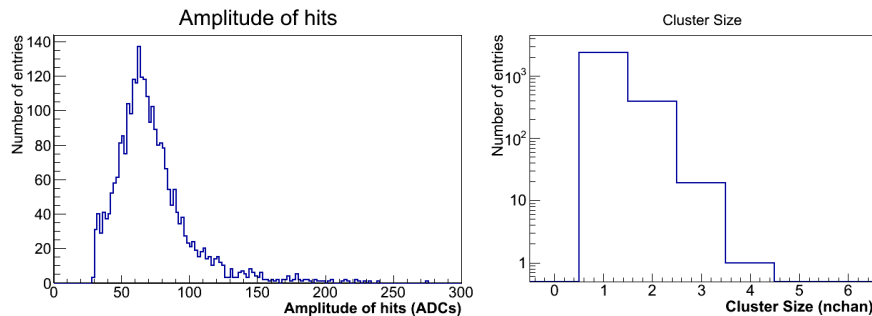
Prague Sensor:

Type	n in p
Thickness	300 μm
Depletion Voltage	80 V
Bias Voltage	100 V
Number of channels	131
Pitch size	80 μm

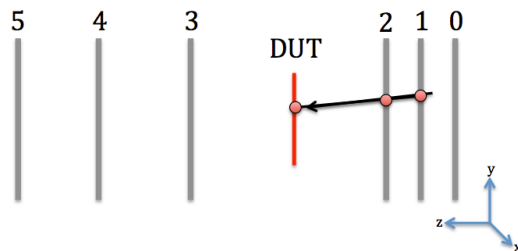
Synchronization Check

> Hits on DUT

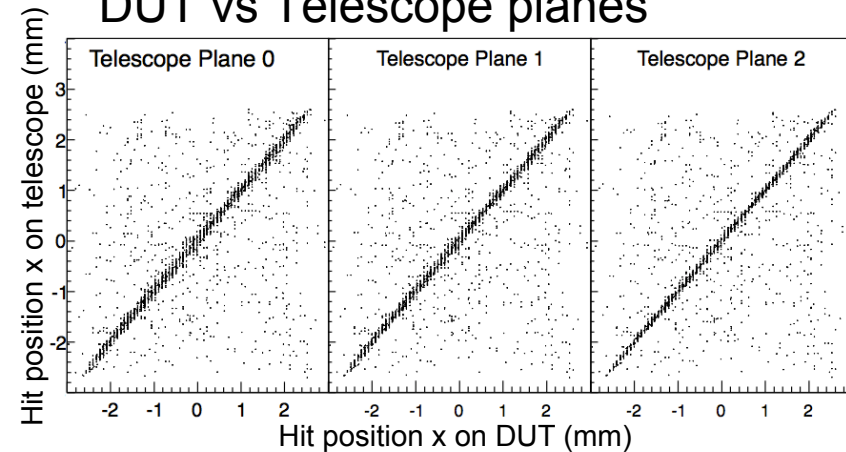
Average cluster size = 1.16



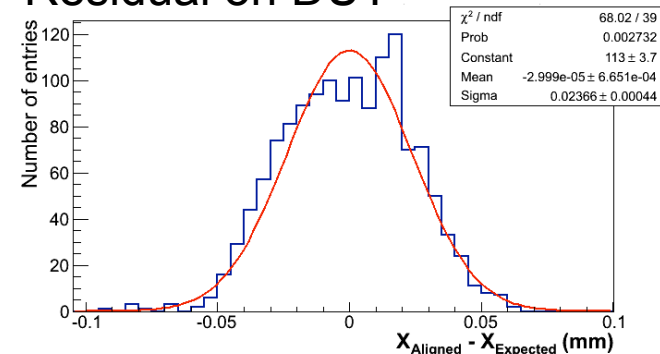
> Tracks on DUT found by using only two telescope sensors (will be improved)



> Correlation plot: DUT vs Telescope planes



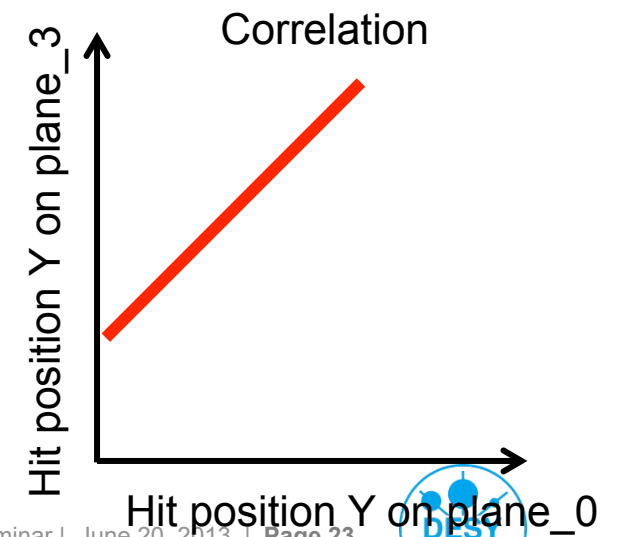
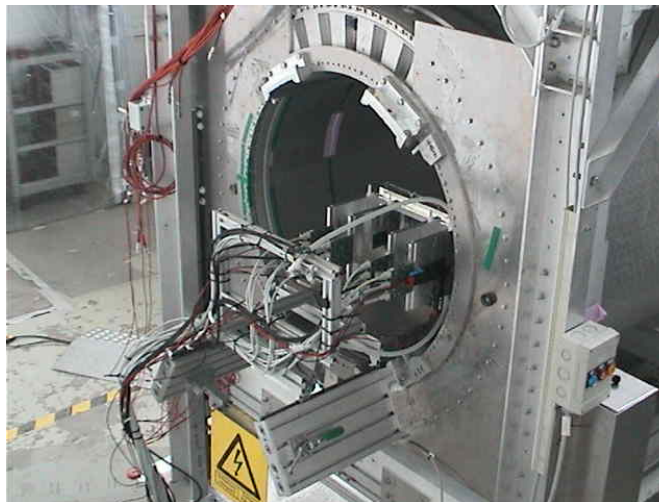
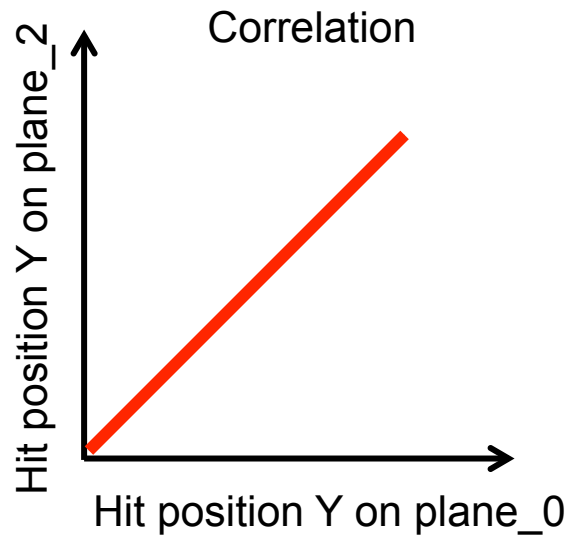
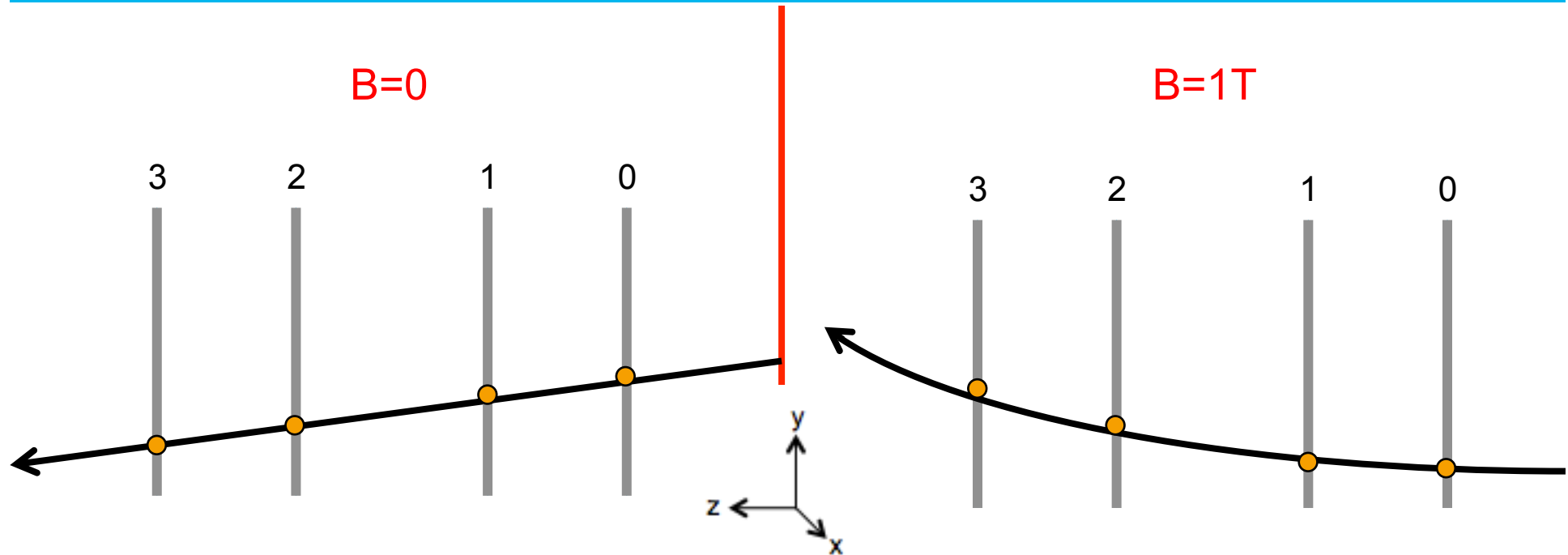
> Residual on DUT



- Resolution on DUT = 23.7 μm
- Average incident angle = 6.05 degrees

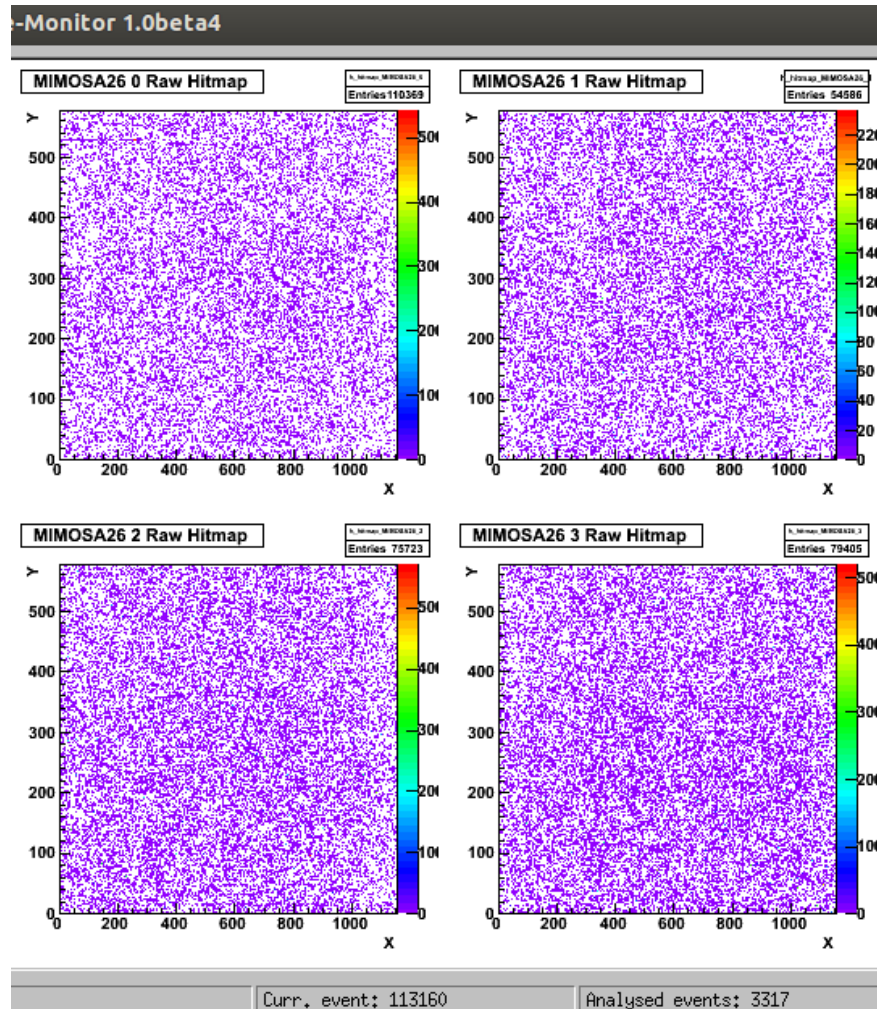


Telescope in Magnetic Field

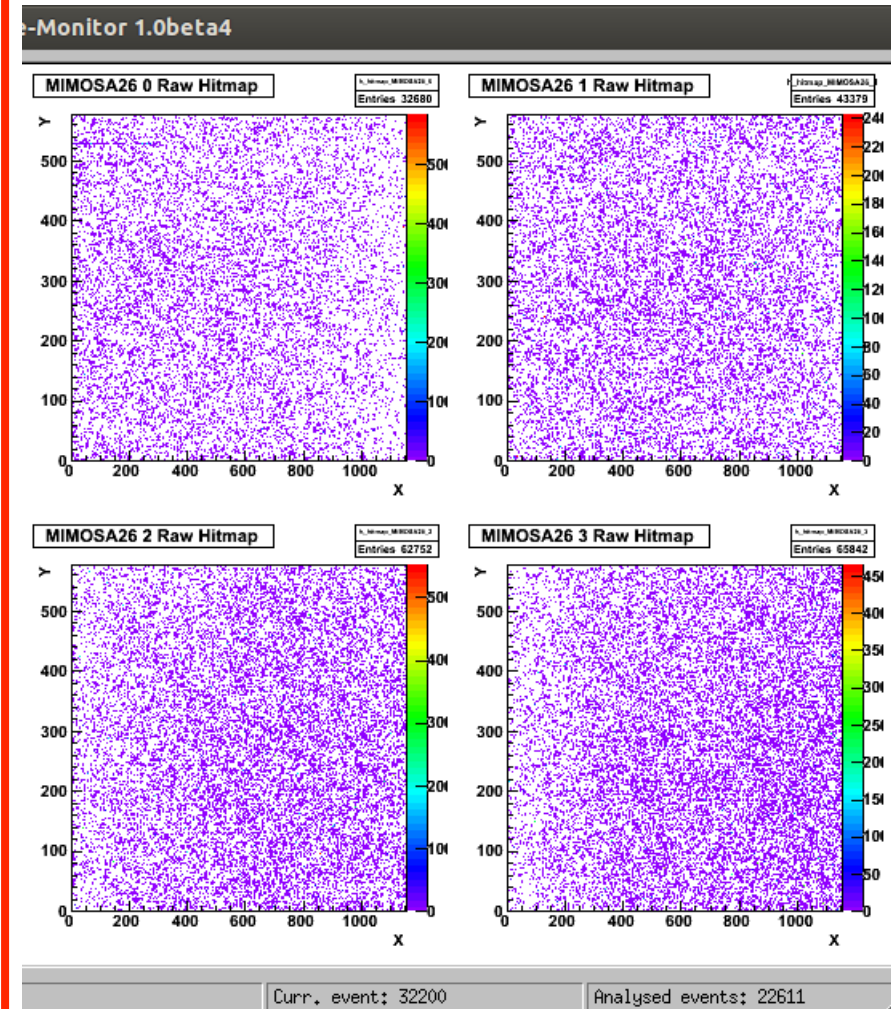


Telescope in Magnetic Field: Hit Maps

$E = 4\text{ GeV}$, $B = 0$

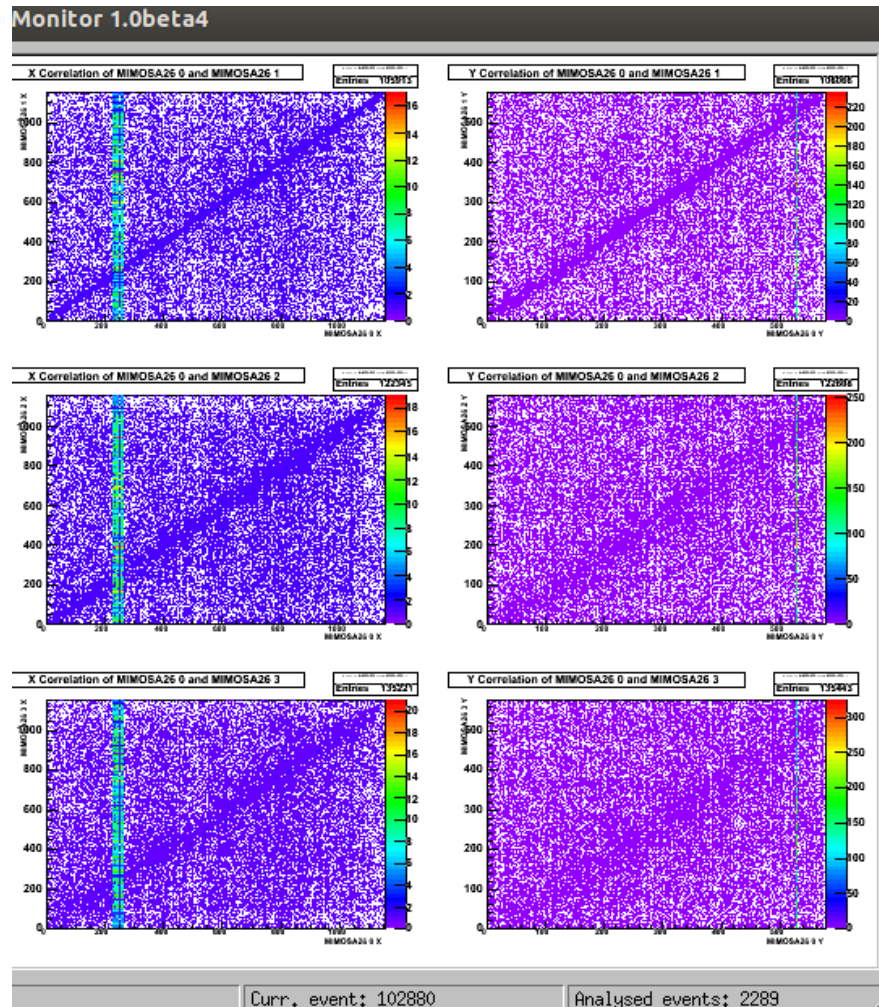


$E = 4\text{ GeV}$, $B = 1\text{ T}$

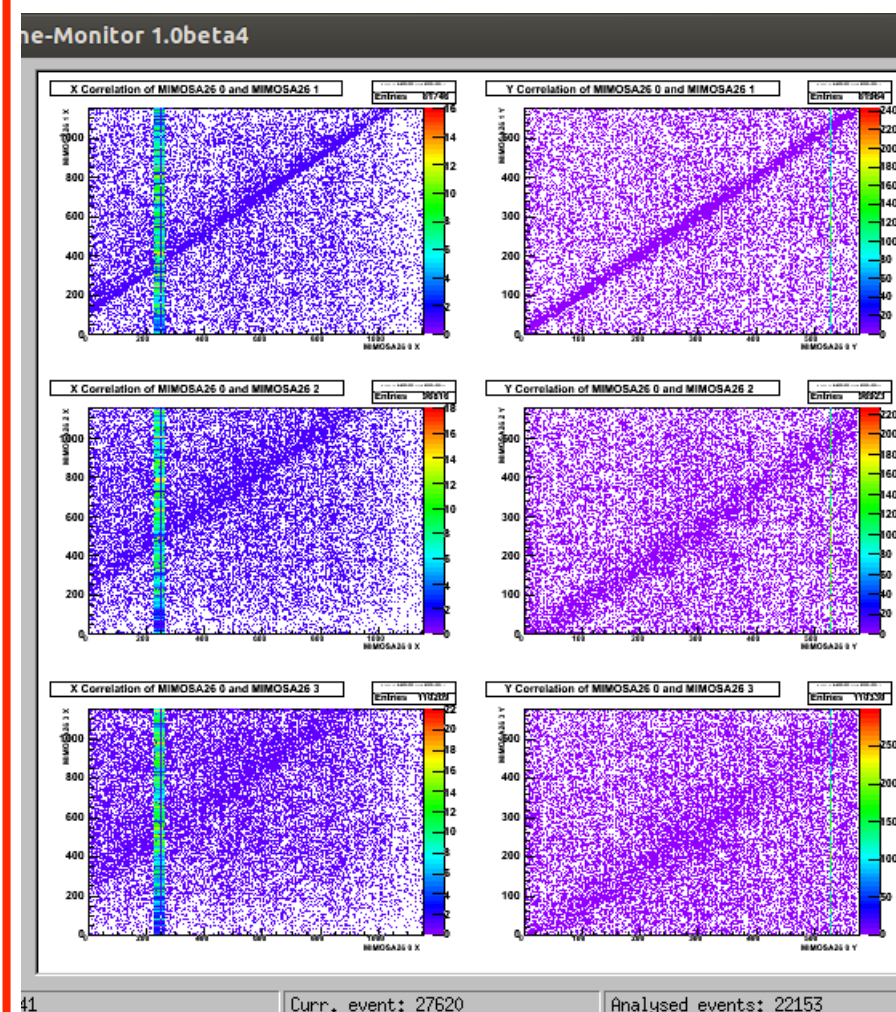


Telescope in Magnetic Field: Correlation Plots

$E = 4\text{ GeV}$, $B = 0$

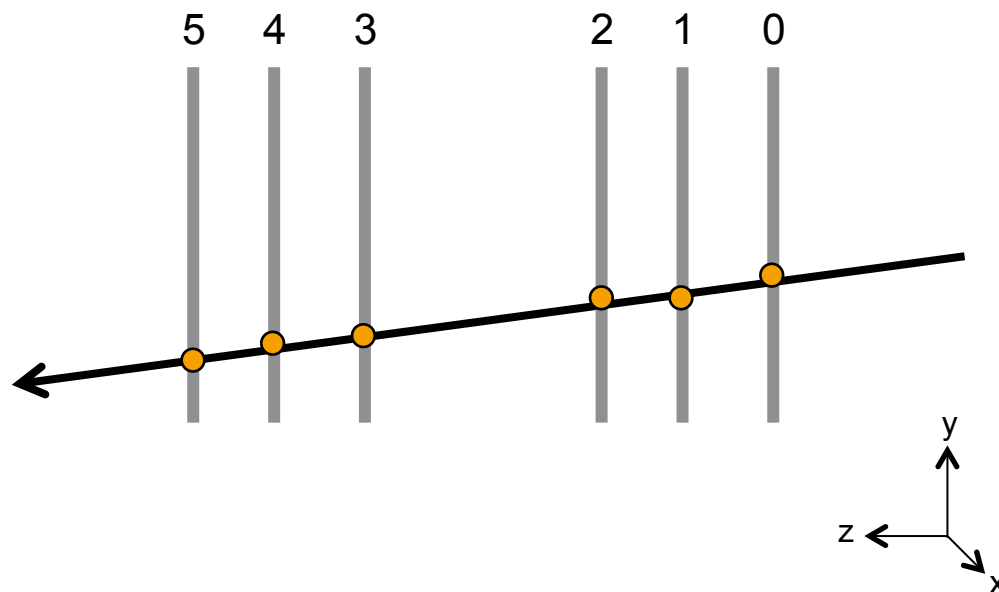


$E = 4\text{ GeV}$, $B = 1\text{ T}$



Telescope in PCMAG

- > Because of the cooling pumps, the magnet vibrates. One needs to check if this vibration affects resolution of the telescope
- > We took data with/without vibration and compared the alignment and resolutions on each sensor.



Telescope in PCMAG

- > Because of the cooling pumps, the magnet vibrates. One needs to check if this vibration affects resolution of the telescope
- > We took data with/without vibration and compared the alignment and resolutions on each sensor.

		run357 (vibration on)		run360 (vibration off)	
Plane	Axis	Resolution (um)	ResErr (um)	Resolution (um)	ResErr (um)
0	X	3.49	0.02	3.55	0.02
0	Y	3.50	0.02	3.54	0.02
1	X	2.91	0.01	2.92	0.01
1	Y	2.97	0.01	2.93	0.01
2	X	3.69	0.02	3.77	0.02
2	Y	3.64	0.02	3.79	0.02
3	X	3.78	0.02	3.95	0.02
3	Y	3.78	0.02	3.95	0.02
4	X	2.93	0.01	2.96	0.01
4	Y	2.95	0.01	3.00	0.01
5	X	3.59	0.02	3.74	0.02
5	Y	3.62	0.02	3.73	0.02



Summary & Future Plans

- > Setup is ready
- > We confirmed that
 - Alibava and telescope DAQ can be synchronized
 - Vibration of the magnet do not affect our measurement
 - Everything works with magnetic field
- > We are ready to measure Lorentz angle!

August Test Beam:

- > We will have the latest ATLAS strip test sensors
- > Lorentz angle measurement with non-irradiated sensors

Future Test Beams

- > Irradiated sensor with B field
 - Various radiation doses
up to $2 \times 10^{15} \text{ n}_{\text{eq}}/\text{cm}^2$
 - Various magnetic fields
0.25T, 0.50T, 0.75T, 1.00T



Thanks!

- > Tony Affolder (University of Liverpool)
- > Henry Arpe (FEA)
- > Jose Bernabeu (Alibava Systems)
- > Martin Bessner
- > Früd Braren
- > Cecile Deterre
- > Ralf Diener (FLC)
- > Zdenek Dolezal (Charles University)
- > Doris Eckstein (CMS)
- > Thomas Eichhorn (CMS)
- > Joachim Erfle (University of Hamburg)
- > Marco Filipuzzi
- > Nils Flaschel
- > Peter Goettlicher (FEB)
- > Ingrid Gregor
- > Dieter Habercorn
- > Phillip Hamnett
- > Ricardo Marco Hernandez (Alibava Systems)
- > Tomas Jindra (Charles University)
- > Alexandra Junkes (University of Hamburg)
- > Peter Kodys (Charles University)
- > Ulrich Koetz
- > Torsten Kuelper
- > Carlos Lacasta (Alibava Systems)
- > Denys Lontkovskyi (ZEUS)
- > Inna Makarenko (ZEUS)
- > Carsten Muhl (CMS)
- > Walter Ockenfels (University of Bonn)
- > Ulrich Parfezall (University of Freiburg)
- > Hanno Perrey (CMS)
- > Richard Peschke
- > Volker Prah (FLC)
- > Igor Rubinsky
- > Ralph Schaefer
- > Hale Sert (FLC)
- > Simon Spannagel (CMS)
- > Marcel Stanitzki
- > Kerstin Tackmann
- > Ilya Tsurin (University of Liverpool)
- > Jens Weingarten (University of Goettingen)
- > Manfred Zimmer (FEA)



Thank You !

Backup

Magnetic Field

