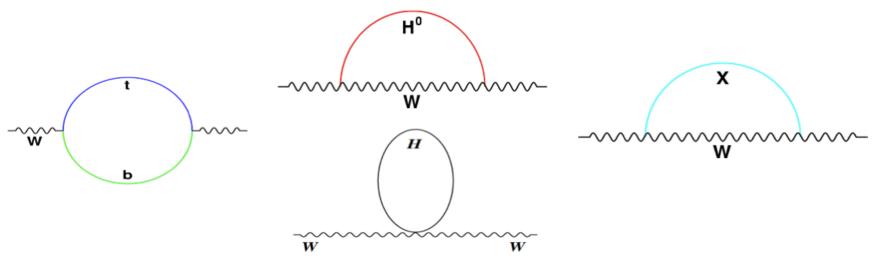
Experimental Electroweak Results

Zhijun Liang (University of Oxford) Marc-André Pleier (Brookhaven National Laboratory)

Outline

- Precision electroweak measurements
 - W mass measurement
 - Weinberg angle measurement
- Diboson measurements
 - Triple Gauge boson Couplings
- New frontiers in electroweak physics at the LHC
 - Quartic Gauge boson Couplings
 - VBF/VBS signatures

W mass measurement: motivation



- Radiative corrections due to Higgs loops, heavy quark and exotica.
 - W mass and top mass constrain the mass of the Higgs boson, and possibly new particles beyond the standard model.
- Current top mass uncertainty is 0.5%
 - -> equivalent to 5 MeV on ΔM_W
- Precision of W mass measurement is still much larger than 5MeV

W mass measurement techniques

L dt ~ 2.2 fb-1

Simulation

Data

90

100

 $m_{\tau}(\mu\nu)$ (GeV)

- Extract the W mass from fit to:
 m_T, p_T and E^T_{miss}
- Reach 15MeV precision by combining CDF and D0 results.

CDF: PRL 108, 151803 (2012) D0: Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 151804

muon

M_w = (80379 ± 16_{stat}) MeV

 χ^2 /dof = 58 / 48

80

70

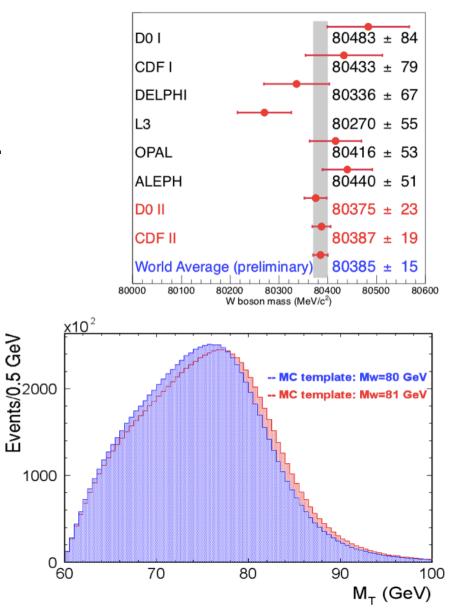
CDF II

events / 0.5 GeV 00051

10000

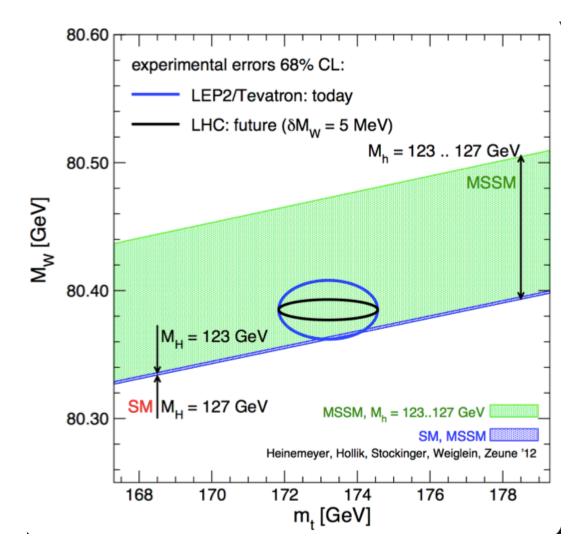
5000

80



W mass measurement: interpretation

Disentangle if "observed" Higgs boson is SM or SUSY-like



[hep-ph/0604147] [hep-ph/0412214]

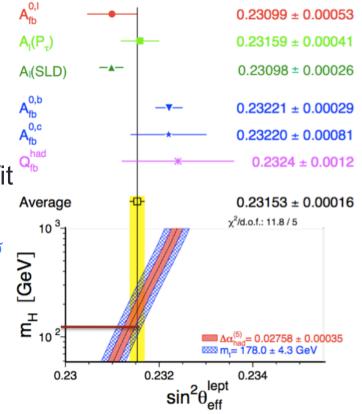
Weinberg angle measurement

• Reminder of Weinberg angle definition:

$$\sin^2(\theta_W) = 1 - \frac{m_W^2}{m_Z^2}$$

Experimental observable: Backward –forward asymmetry in Z

- Precise Weinberg angle measurement constrains the mass of the Higgs boson.
- The largest deviation between the best EWK fit vs. data
 - Tension between LEP and SLD results: ~ 3σ



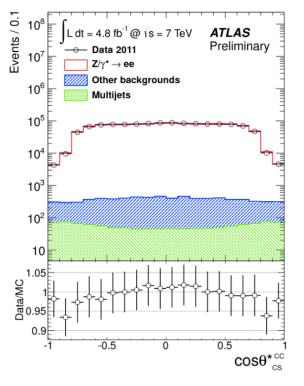
ATLAS SM workshop

Backward-forward asymmetry in Z

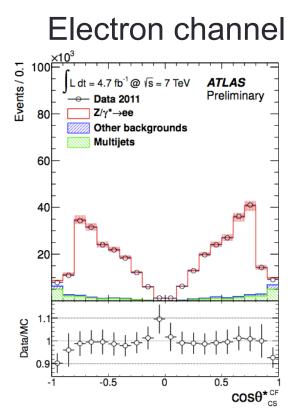
Central-forward

ATLAS-CONF-2013-043 Central-Central

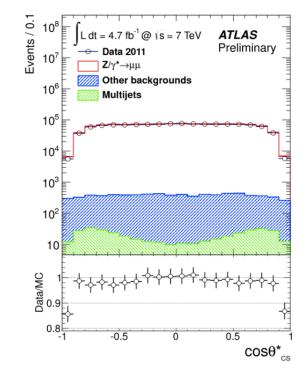
Electron channel



- Central lepton : |η|<2.5
- forward e: 2.5<|η|<4.9



 Central-Central Muon channel



- $A_{FB} = \frac{N_F N_B}{N_F + N_B}$
- $\cos(\theta)>0 \rightarrow Forward (N_F)$ $\cos(\theta)<0 \rightarrow Backward (N_B)$
- Asymmetry is more visible in central-forward channel
- less dilution due to unknown incoming quark direction

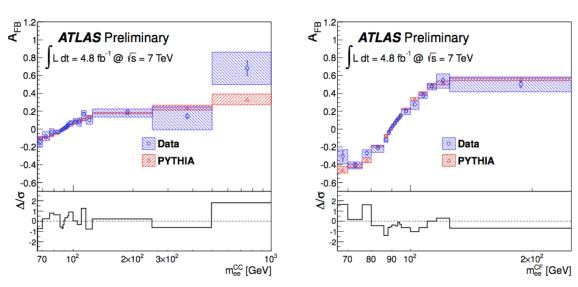
Unfolded the AFB Spectra

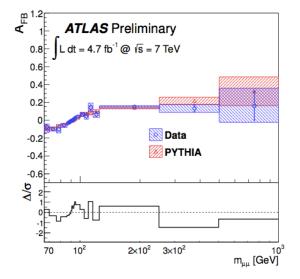
Central-Central

Electron channel

Central-forward
 Electron channel

 Central-Central Muon channel

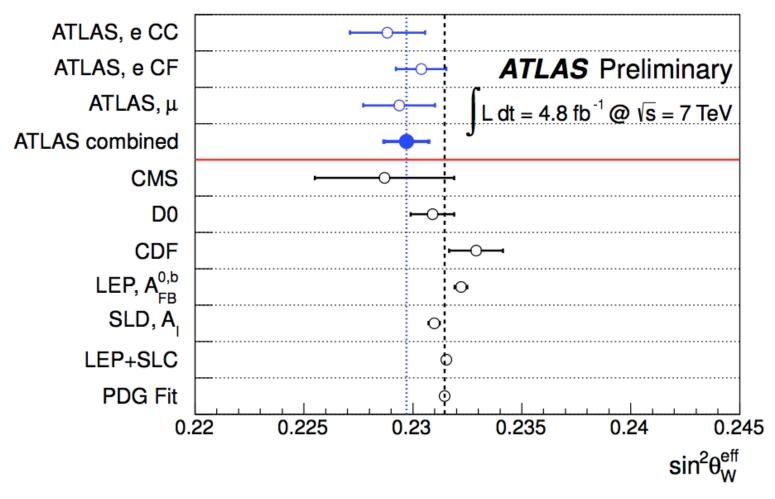




- Unfolded to born level.
 - Compared to LO Pythia prediction
- Correcting for mass bin migration effect.
 - big impact from mass-bin- migration in low mass region
- Not included correction from dilution

ATLAS-CONF-2013-043

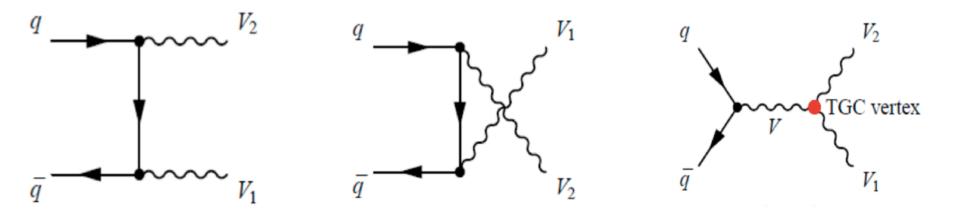
ATLAS Results and World Averages



ATLAS-CONF-2013-043

Diboson physics

- Diboson production cross-section measurements
 - Test of SM electroweak theory and perturbative QCD at TeV scale
 - Irreducible SM background to Higgs (WW, ZZ, Zγ)
 - Sensitivity to new particles decaying to dibosons (Technicolor, Little Higgs, SUSY, etc...)
- Anomalous Triple Gauge Couplings (aTGCs)
 - Vector boson self-couplings fundamental prediction of the Electroweak Sector of SM
 - aTGC modify total cross sections and kinematics
 - neutral TGC not allowed in the SM (ZZZ, ZZγ) at tree level



Triple Gauge Couplings

- The s-channel diagrams contain the triple gauge coupling vertex
 - New physics may modify these couplings. Coup <u>Coup</u>
 <u>Coup</u>
- aTGCs modify the event kinematics

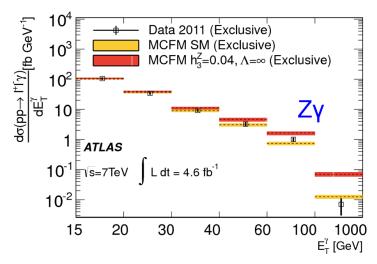
$$lpha(\hat{s}) = rac{lpha_0}{(1+\hat{s}/\Lambda^2)^n}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \hline \text{Coupling} & \text{Parameters} & \text{VV channel} \\ \hline WW\gamma & \Delta\kappa_{\gamma}, \lambda_{\gamma} & WW, W\gamma \\ WWZ & \Delta g_{1}^{Z}, \Delta\kappa_{Z}, \lambda_{Z} & WW, WZ \\ Z\gamma\gamma & h_{3}^{\gamma}, h_{4}^{\gamma} & Z\gamma \\ Z\gammaZ & h_{3}^{Z}, h_{4}^{Z} & Z\gamma \\ ZZ\gamma & f_{4}^{\gamma}, f_{5}^{\gamma} & ZZ \\ ZZZ & f_{4}^{Z}, f_{5}^{Z} & ZZ \end{array}$$

- To avoid unitarity violation, an effective cutoff scale Λ is introduce
 - aTGCs are set with and without form factor
 - Unitarization treatments break model independence
- The meaning of aTGCs

- One example is W-W-γ coupling
- aTGCs study in W-W-γ is equivalent to
 - W's magnetic dipole moment measurement
 - W 's electric quadrupole moment measurement

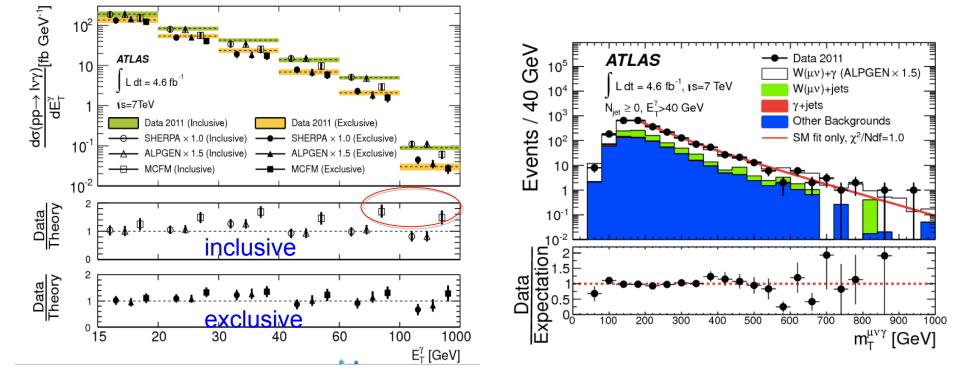
$$\mu_W = \frac{e}{2M_W} (1 + \kappa_\gamma + \lambda_\gamma)$$
$$Q_W^e = -\frac{e}{M_W^2} (\kappa_\gamma - \lambda_\gamma)$$



Wγ (Ιvγ) @ 7TeV

Wy/Zy Paper (7TeV)

- First Wγ differential measurement.
- First narrow resonance search using Wγ final state in all HEP experiments
- Photon p_T shape is well described by Sherpa/Alpgen (LO multi-leg generator)
- Photon p_T distribution measurement compared to MCFM NLO predictions
 - Discrepancy in high pT for inclusive measurement (without jet veto)
 - Agreement is improved for exclusive measurement (with jet veto)
 - Need NNLO calculations



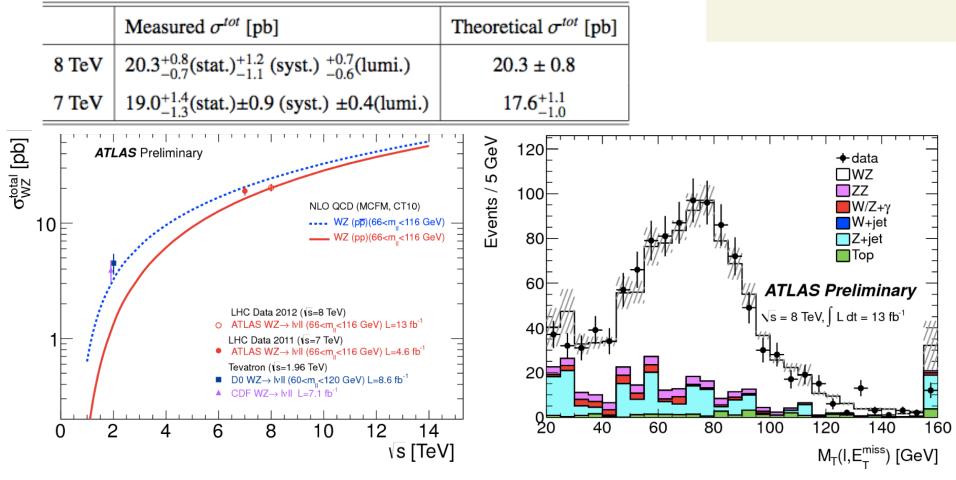
Phys. Rev. D 87, 112003 (2013)

• Moriond CONF note with 13fb⁻¹

- First 8TeV WZ measurement from LHC experiments
 - in excellent agreement with theory

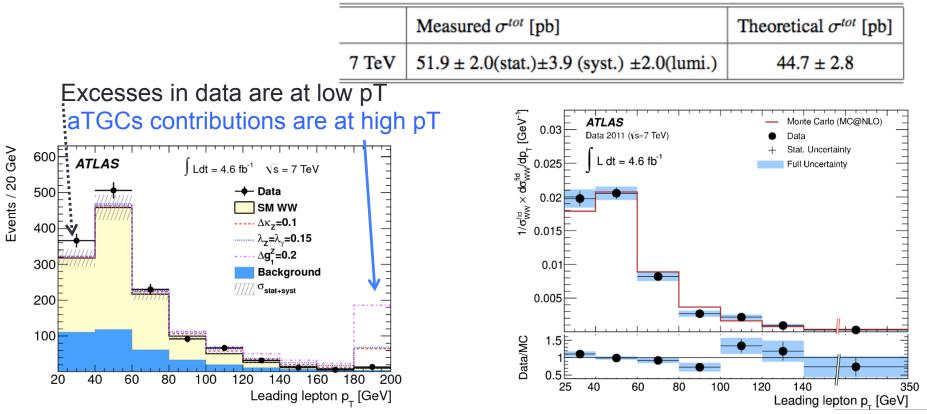
ATLAS-CONF-2013-021

- Selection highlights
- □ 3 high pT leptons
 - □pT>15GeV
- □ Tight Z mass window



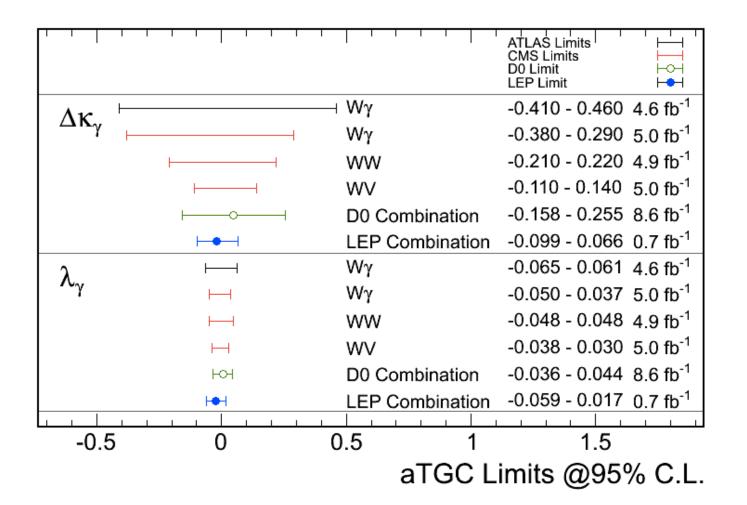
WW @ 7TeV Phys. Rev. D 87, 112001 (2013)

- Selection highlights
- Require exactly two isolated leptons
- Veto events with hard jets (reject top BG)
- large E_T^{Miss}
- First differential measurement of lepton p_T spectrum.
- Relative large uncertainty from jet veto
 - ~6% uncertainty due to jet veto in acceptance
 - will explore the measurement without jet veto cut in the future



Charged aTGC results

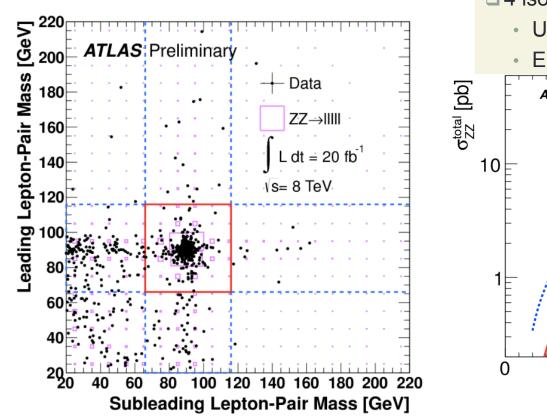
- aTGC results summary
 - from Wγ,WZ,WW and WV

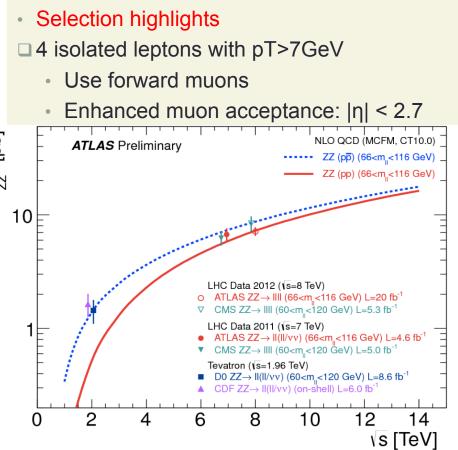


ATLAS-CONF-2013-020

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- Moriond CONF note with full 8TeV dataset
- 8TeV 20fb⁻¹ results improved accuracy compared to 7TeV
- Good agreement with SM expectation





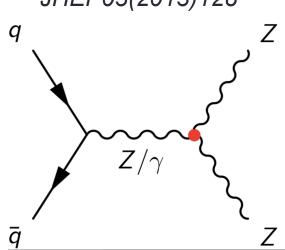
ZZ aTGCs

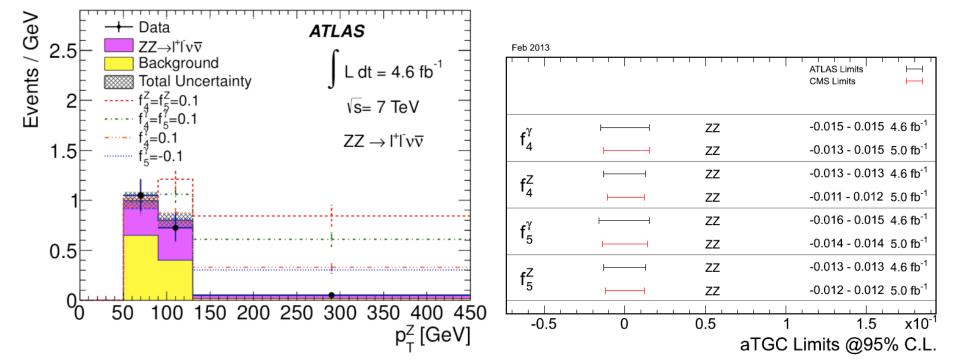
JHEP03(2013)128

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 \Box Z-Z-γ and Z-Z-Z coupling is forbidden in SM @ tree level. >Use p_T(Z) spectrum to study aTGCs

- ≻7TeV ZZ->4I and ZZ>2I2v events are used to probe aTGCs
- Limits surpassing Tevatron and LEP!

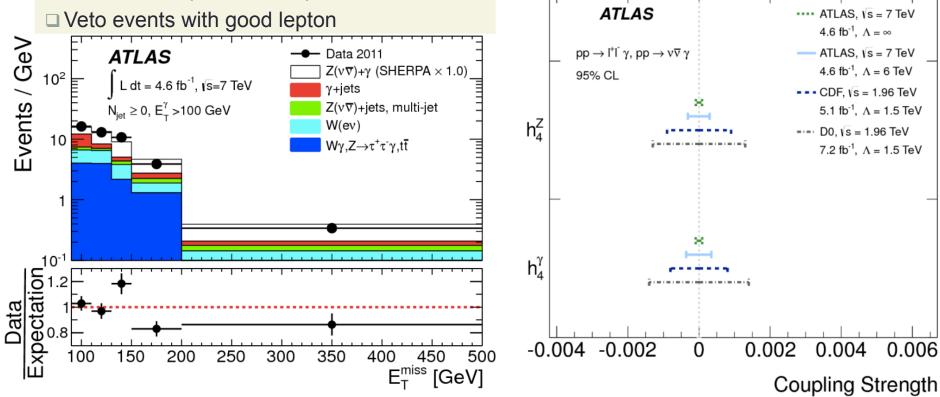




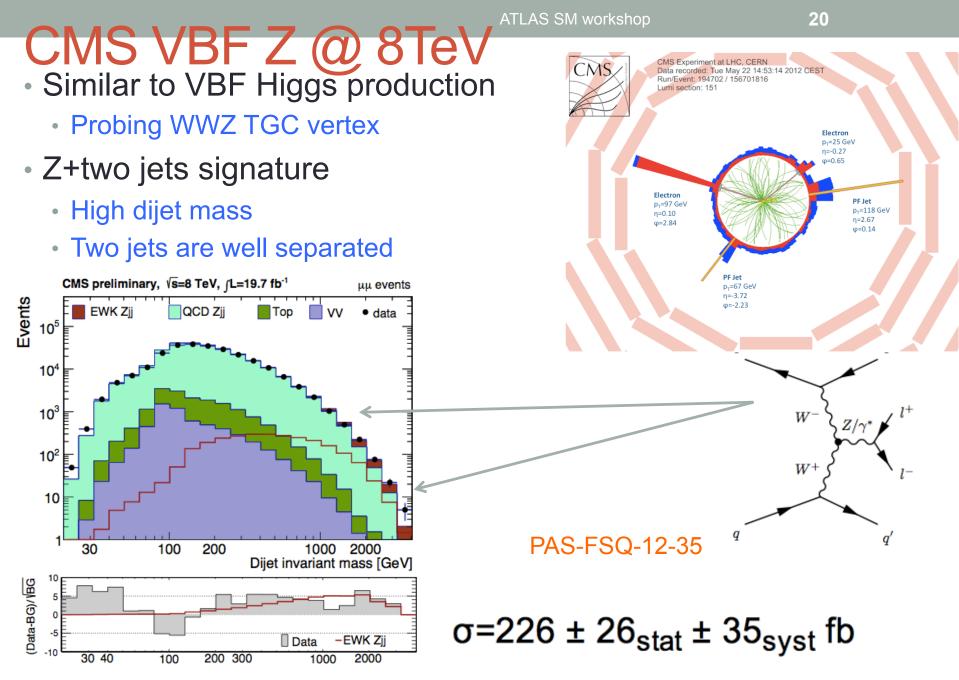
Zγ (vvγ) @ 7TeV

- measurement with neutrino decay channel in LHC (vvγ)
 - Sensitive to Z-Z-γ and Z-γ-γ aTGC.
 - Improve aTGC limit by combing vvy with $l^+l^-\gamma$
 - Limits surpassing Tevatron and LEP!
 - Selection highlights
 - □ E_T^{Miss}>90GeV
 - One isolated photon with pT>100GeV

Phys. Rev. D 87, 112003 (2013)



New frontiers in electroweak physics at the LHC

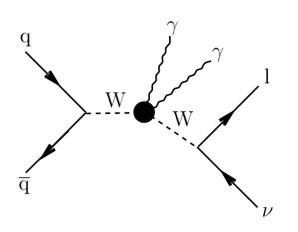


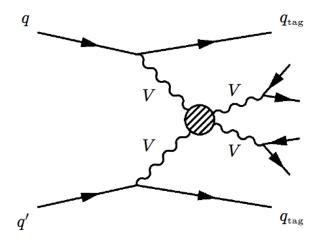
Statistically limited measurement consistent with SM expectations

Quartic Gauge Boson Couplings

Reminder of Quartic Gauge Boson Couplings (QGCs)

- SM model predicts gauge boson self coupling
 - Four gauge boson vertex:
 - WWYY , WWZY , WWWW, WWZZ, ZZZZ ...

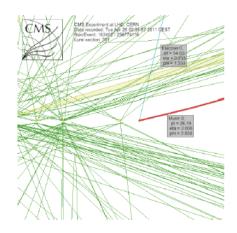


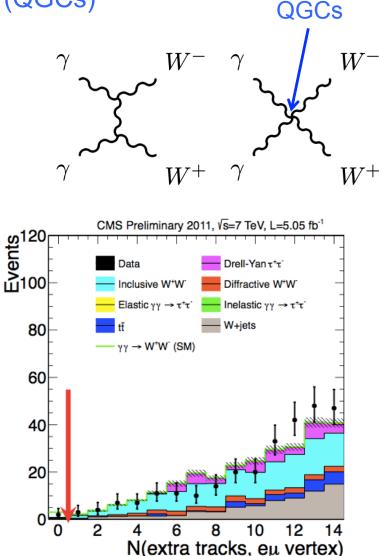


- Exclusive yy->WW
 - Mainly probing WWyy vertex
- Triboson Vyy, WWW, WWy …
 - Sensitive to WWyy , WWZy , WWWW
- Vector boson scattering WW->WW, WZ->WZ, ZZ->ZZ...
 - Sensitive to WWW, WWZZ , ZZZZ vertex

CMS yy > W⁺W⁻ 7TeV result

- Aim to probe WWyy quartic gauge coupling (QGCs)
- •Event selection:
- high pT isolated oppositely charged µe
- no other tracks from primary vertex
- Mass of di-lepton >20GeV
- pT of di-lepton >30GeV
- 2 events observed
- expected signal: 2.2 ± 0.5
- expected bg: 0.84 ± 0.13

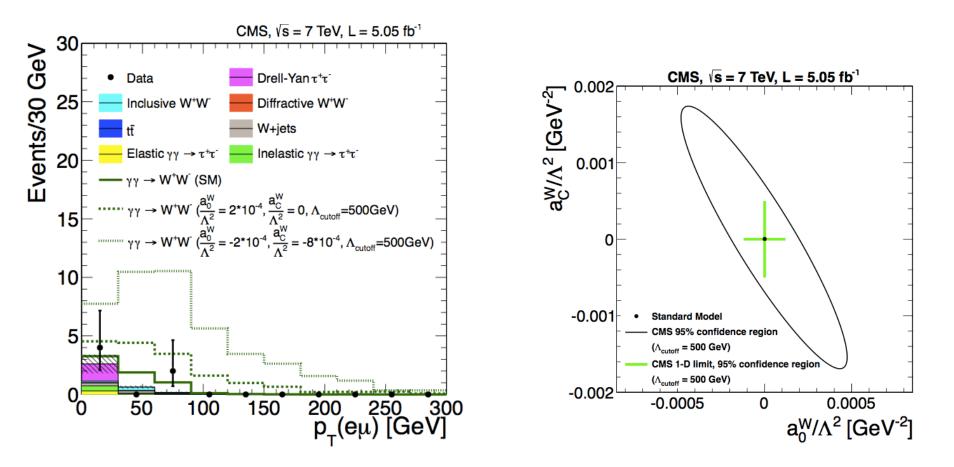




CMS PAS FSQ-12-010

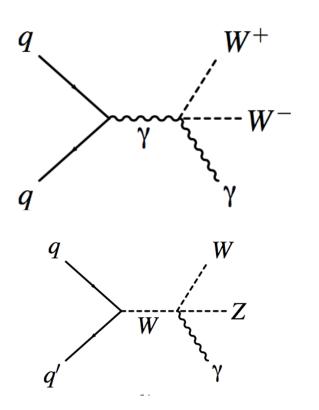
CMS yy > W+W- 7TeV result

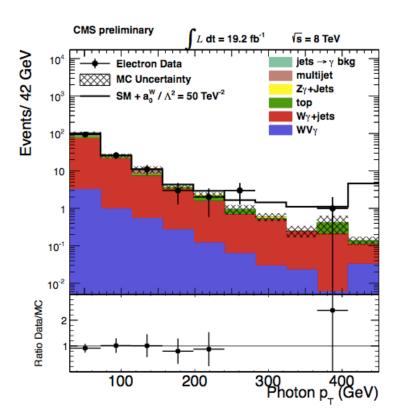
- Not enough data for a significant xsec measurement
 - Set limits on anomalous WWγγ quartic gauge coupling (aQGCs): look in tail of pT(eµ) > 100 GeV
 - Improved aQGC limit from LEP by two orders of magnitude!



CMS WWy @ 8TeV

- Aim to probe WWyy and WWZy aQGCs
- Not enough data and too much background for a measurement
 - Set upper limit on cross section $\sigma(WV\gamma) < 241$ fb @ 95% C.L.
- No excess in data
 - Set limits on anoumalous WWyy and WWZy quartic gauge coupling

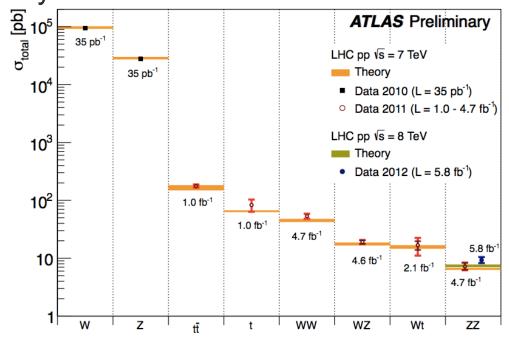




CMS-PAS-SMP-13-009

Summary

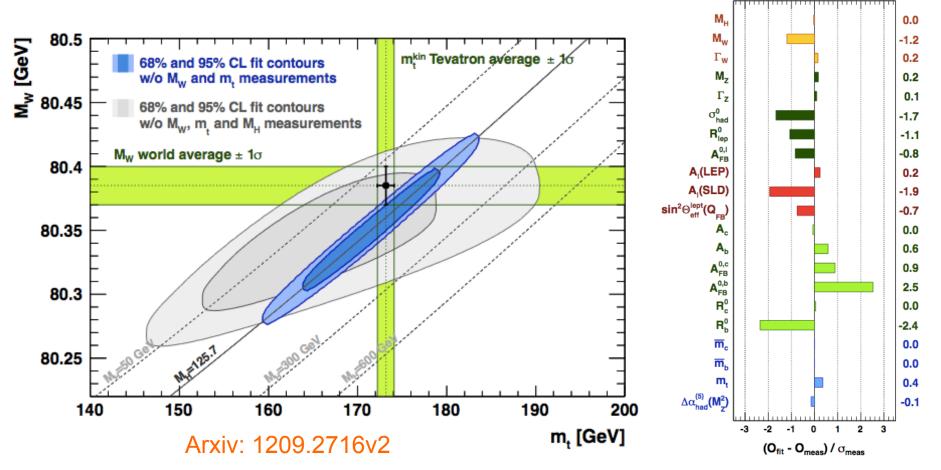
- LHC physics program provides
 - Precision tests of the Standard Model at TeV scale!
 - Stable ground for new physics searches!
- Triple Gauge Couplings have been measured in all the channels
 - no deviations from SM were observed
- Start looking at quartic gauge couplings
- More 8TeV results will come very soon



backup

A Grand Success of Electroweak Theory

- Grey area: EWK fit excluding direct measurements of M_W , M_H and M_{top} .
- Green area: direct measurements of M_W and M_{top}.
- Blue area: EWK fit excluding measurements of M_W and M_{top} , including M_H
- Excellent agreement with theory

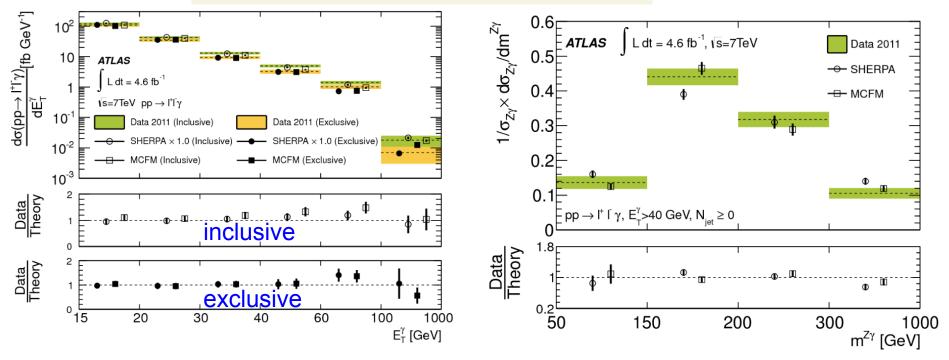


Zγ (I⁺I⁻γ) @ 7TeV

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Phys. Rev. D 87, 112003 (2013)

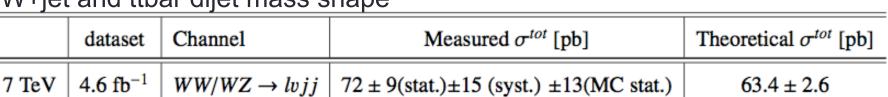
- First Zγ differential measurement:
 - Photon pT , jet multiplicity and Zγ mass spectrum
- Photon p_T measurements
 - fair agreement with Sherpa and MCFM NLO predictions.
 - Selection highlight
 - □ 2 high pT lepton with pT>25GeV
 - One isolated photon with pT>15GeV

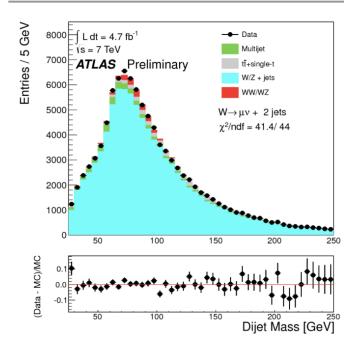


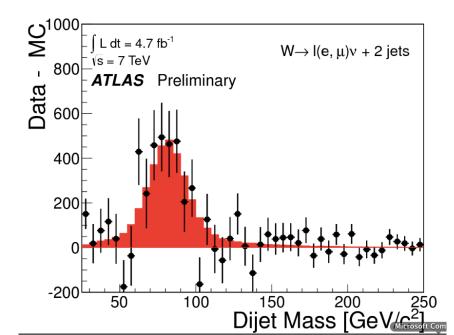
WW/WZ -> lvjj @7TeV

- Main backgrounds
 - W/Z + jets and ttbar
- Main systematics

- Selection highlights
- One high pT lepton
- \Box large E_T^{Miss}
- Exactly two jets
- Jet energy scale and resolution uncertainty
- W+jet and ttbar dijet mass shape







Latest 8TeV Moriond CONF note results and 7TeV results from ZZ paper

