Recent QCD results from ATLAS







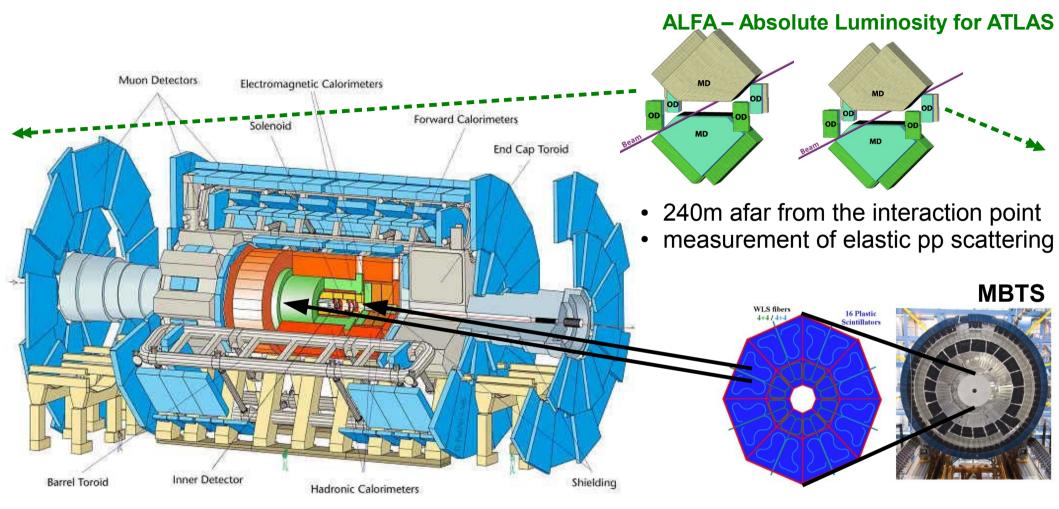
Tibor Ženiš Comenius University Bratislava

On behalf of the ATLAS collaboration

Overview

- Experiment ATLAS: Brief Description
- Samples of ATLAS QCD results
 - Measurements of underlying events
 - Total / elastic / inelastic cross-section
 - $\varphi(1020) \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ cross section
 - Jet vetoes and azimuthal decorrelations in dijet events
 - Jet production cross sections
 - Inclusive isolated prompt photon cross section
 - Isolated photon and jet production cross section
- Conclusion

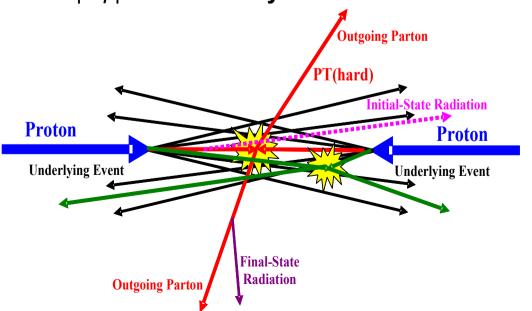
The ATLAS Detector

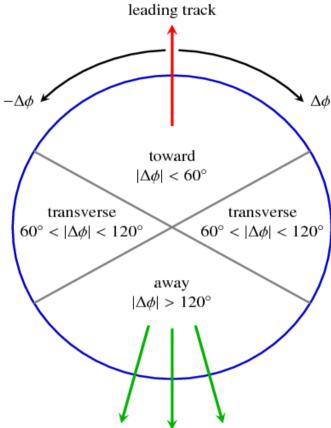


- The key component of the ATLAS for direct inelastic cross section measurement and as a trigger for inelastic processes is the Minimum Bias Trigger Scintillator (MBTS)
 - is located in front of the Endcap calorimeters
 - consists from two rings of 8 counters on each side of detector
 - covers pseudorapidity $|\eta| 2.09 2.82, 2.82 3.84$

Measurement of Underlying Events

- UE: soft processes accompanying hard partonparton interaction in proton-proton collisions
 - no way to unambiguously distinguish between signals from the hard process and from the UE
- η, φ plane divided into regions around leading object (the highest p_T object):
 - $|\Delta \varphi| < 60^{\circ}$ toward
 - $-60^{\circ} < |\Delta \varphi| < 120^{\circ} transverse$
 - event-by-event distinguishing to "trans-min" and "trans-max" sides
 - $|\Delta \varphi| > 120^{\circ} away$

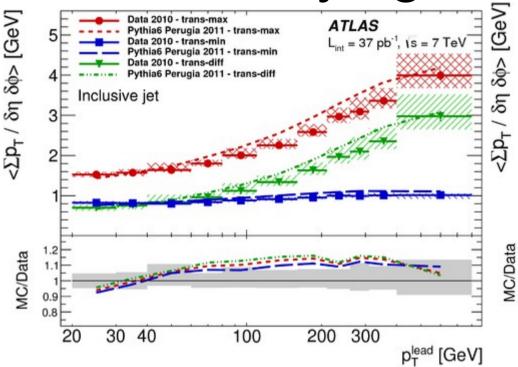


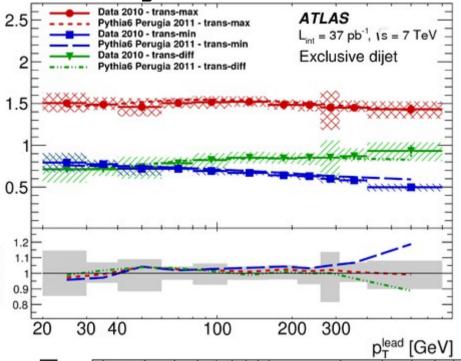


Observables:

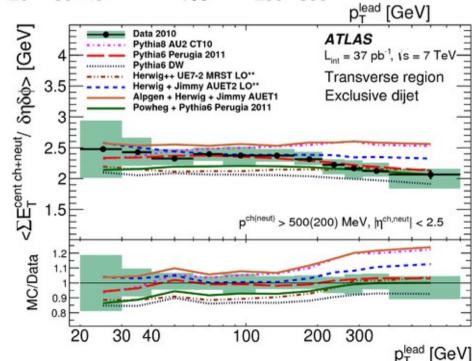
- charged particles multiplicity vs. p_T lead
- scalar p_T sum vs. p_T^{lead}
- $< p_T > vs. p_T^{lead}$
- $< p_T > vs. N_{ch}$
- $\Delta \varphi$ distribution of multiplicity
- $\Delta \varphi$ distribution of $p_{\rm T}$ sum

Underlying event in jet events



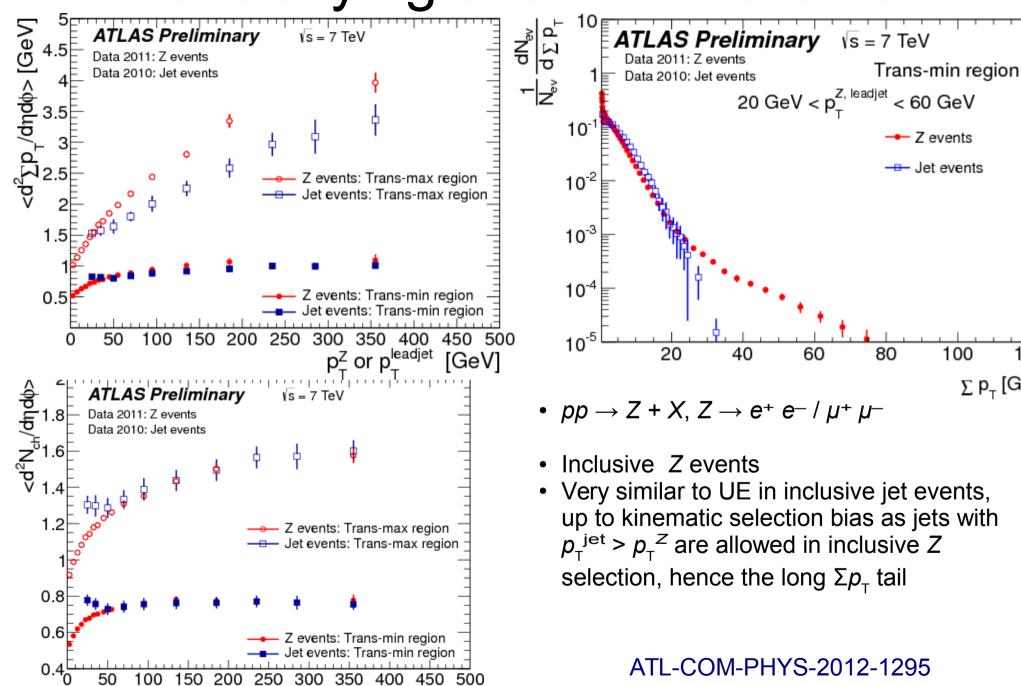


- Measurement of distributions sensitive to the underlaying event in QCD jet events
 - for inclusive jet (N >= 1) and exclusive dijet (N = 2) events
- 7 TeV data, 37 pb⁻¹
- The MC models reproduce most of the features of the underlying events
 - Need for further model tuning



Eur.Phys.J. C74 (2014) 2965, arXiv:1406.0392

Underlying event in Z events



PANIC 2014 - Recent QCD results from ATLAS

August 28, 2014

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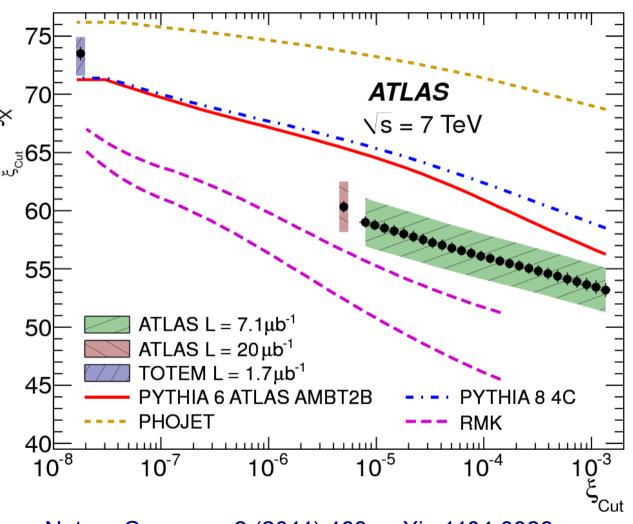
 $\sum p_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ [GeV]

Inelastic cross section using minimum bias events

- \sqrt{s} = 7 TeV March 2010 data 1.2e6 ev., 20.3 ± 0.7 µb⁻¹
- Acceptance region (MBTS)

$$-\xi = M_{\rm X}^2/s > 5 \times 10^{-6}$$

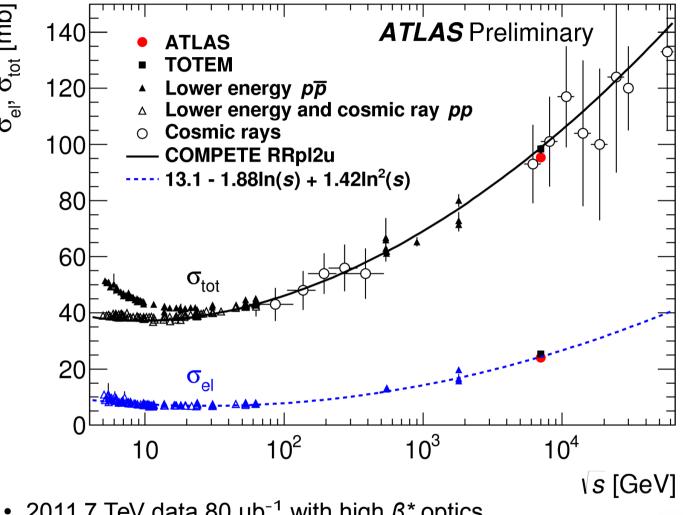
- $M_X > 15.7 \text{ GeV}$
- $\sigma_{\text{inel}}(\xi > 5 \times 10^{-6}) = 60.3 \pm 0.05(\text{stat}) \pm 0.5(\text{syst}) \pm 2.1(\text{lumi}) \text{ mb}$
- Differential cross-section for gap size Δη
- \sqrt{s} = 7 TeV March 2010 data 7.1 ± 0.2 µb⁻¹
- Acceptance region
 - $|\eta| < 4.9, \Delta \eta < 8$
 - $-\log_{10}\xi_{\text{Cut}} = -0.45 \,\Delta\eta_{\text{Cut}} 1.52$
- The results from both studies are consistent



Nature Commun. 2 (2011) 463, arXiv:1104.0326

Eur. Phys. J. C72 (2012) 1926, arXiv:1201.2808

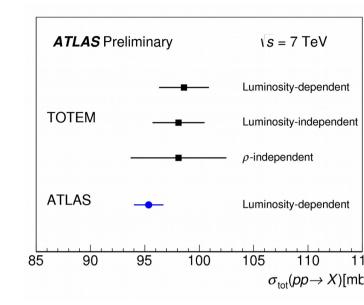
Total, elastic cross-sections with ALFA

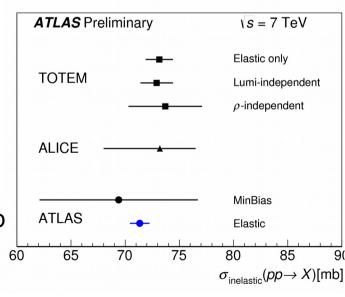


• 2011 7 TeV data 80 μ b⁻¹ with high β * optics

• $\sigma_{\text{tot}}(pp \to X) = 95.35 \pm 0.38 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 1.25 \text{ (exp.)} \pm 0.37 \text{ (extr.)} \text{ mb}$

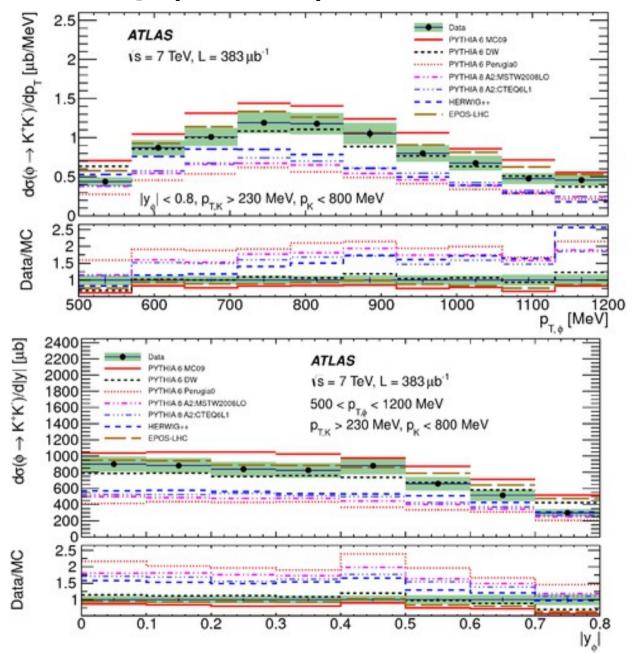
The total cross section determined using the optical theorem





arXiv:1408.5778

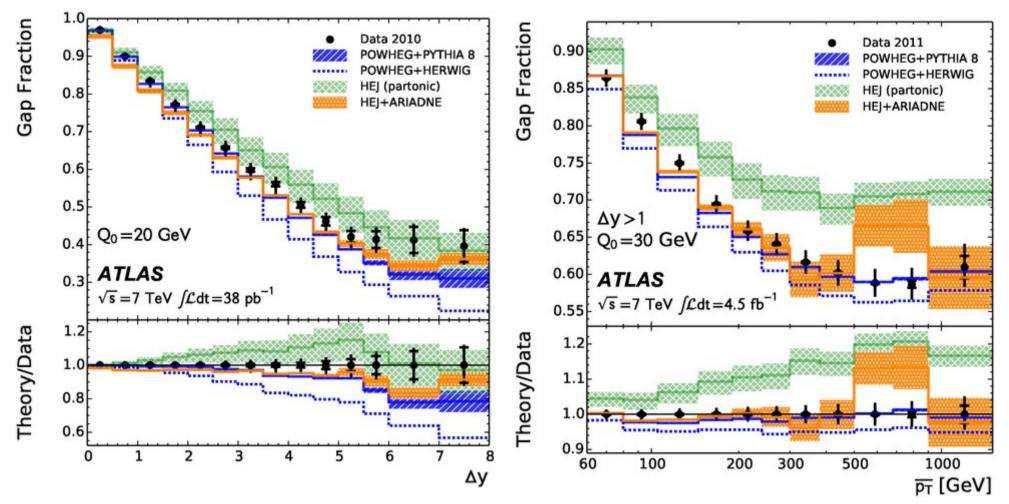
$\varphi(1020) \rightarrow K^{\dagger} K^{\overline{}}$ cross section



- Measurements of the φ(1020)-meson probe strangeness production at a soft scale
 Q = 1 GeV, which is sensitive to s-quark and low-x gluon densities
- Production of $\varphi(1020)$ mesons is also sensitive to fragmentation details
- The $\varphi(1020)$ measurements can constrain phenomenological soft hadroproduction models

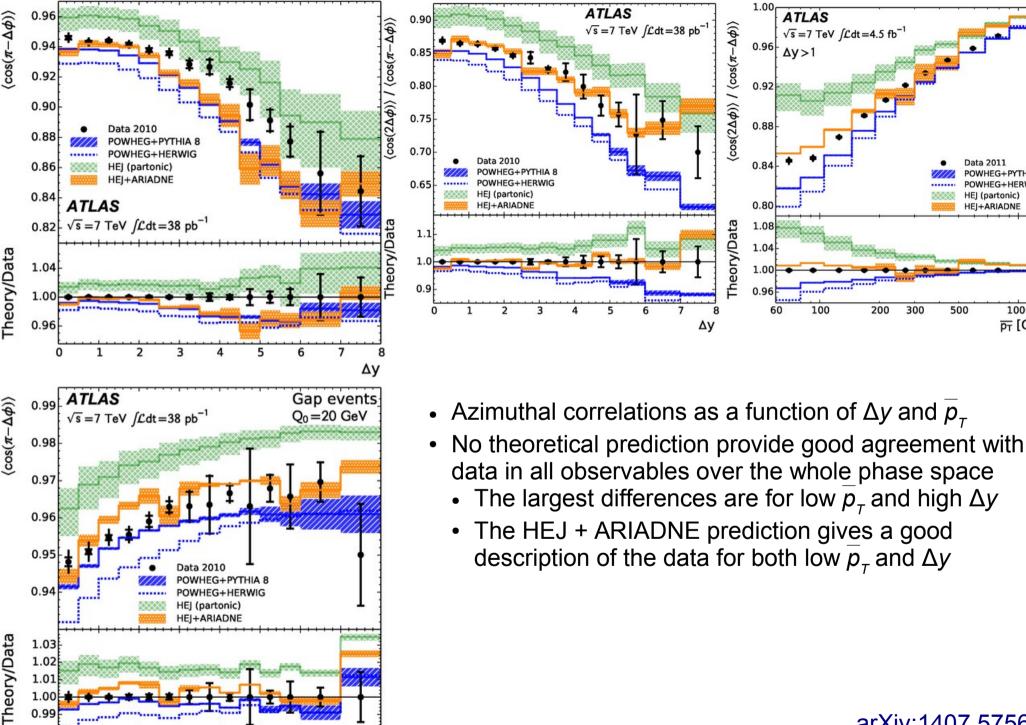
Eur. Phys. J. C (2014) 74:2895, arXiv:1402.6162

Jet vetoes and azimuthal decorrelations in dijet events



- Testing of perturbative QCD theoretical predictions in extreme regions of phase space
- In situations of large rapidity separation of jets or when a veto of additional jet activity is applied, higher order corrections become increasing important
- The plateau at high $\overline{p}_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ is qualitatively reproduced by theoretical predictions
- None of the theoretical models predicts the plateau at high Δy

arXiv:1407.5756



Data 2011

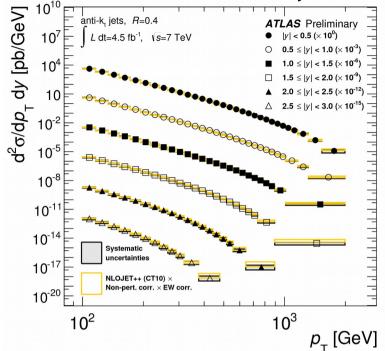
HEI+ARIADNE

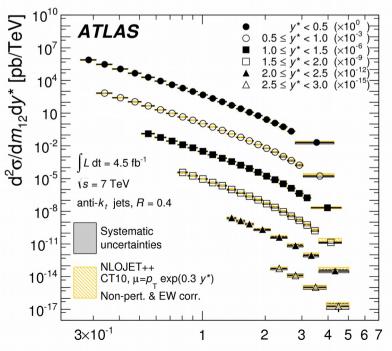
500

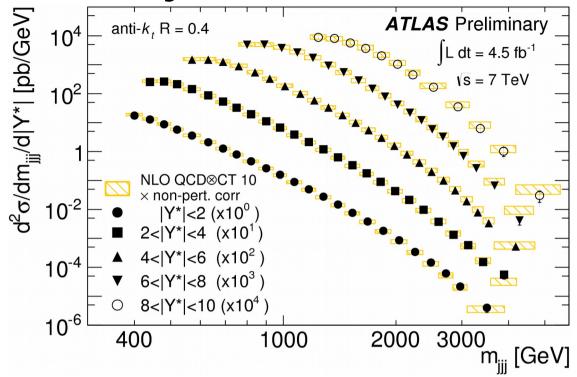
1000

页 [GeV]

Inclusive, di- and three-jet cross sections



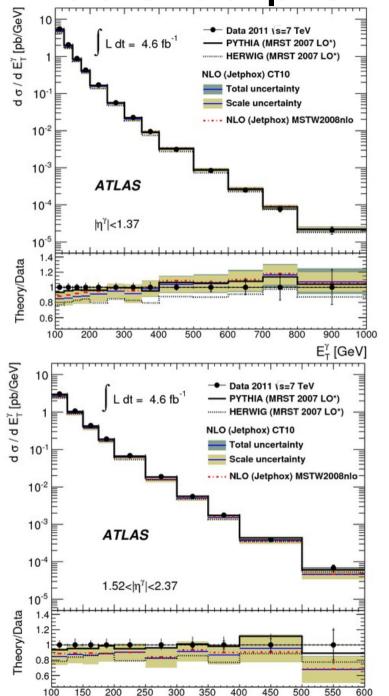


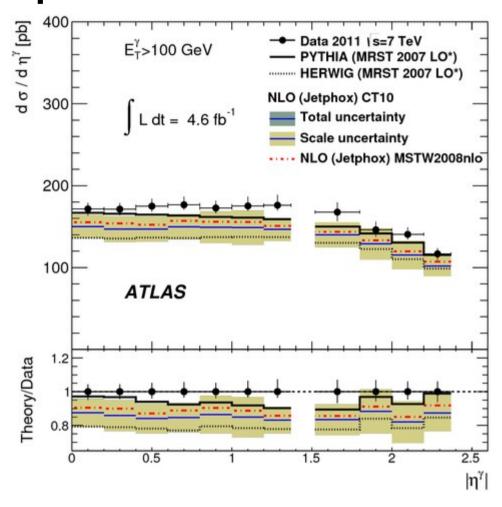


- 7 TeV ATLAS 2011 data, 4.5 fb-1
- The measurements are corrected for detector effects to the particle level
- Good agreement is observed for the NLOJet++ theoretical predictions when using the CT10, NNPDF2.1 and MSTW 2008 PDF sets for the theoretical predictions

JHEP05(2014)059, arXiv:1312.3524 ATLAS-CONF-2014-045

Isolated prompt photon cross section

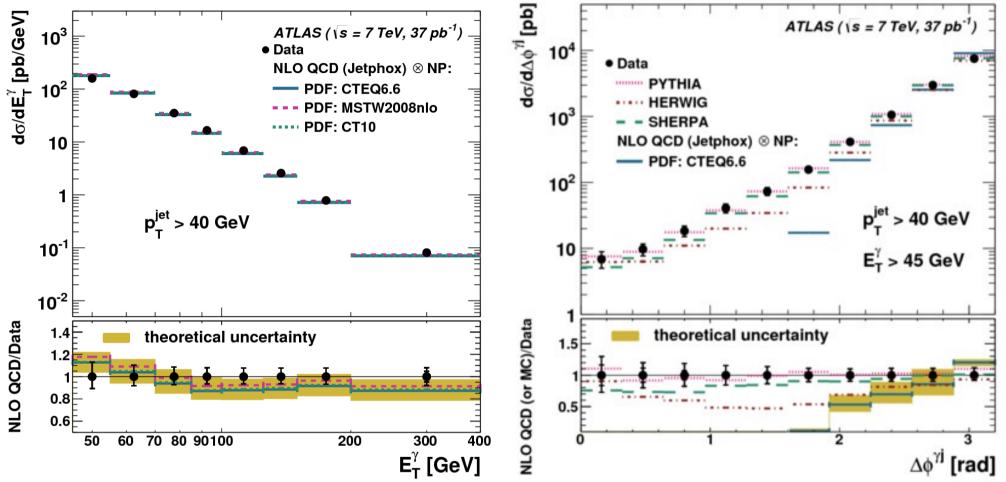




- The prompt photon production is sensitive to the gluon content of the proton $(qg \rightarrow q\gamma)$
- ATLAS data compared to LO parton-shower MC models and NLO perturbative QCD calculations

Phys. Rev. D 89, 052004 (2014), arXiv:1311.1440

Isolated photon and jet production



- The production of prompt photons in association with a jet in proton–proton collisions, pp $\to \gamma$ + jet + X, provides a testing ground for perturbative QCD in a cleaner environment than in jet production
- The NLO QCD calculations provide good description of the data, except of the azimuthal opening angle distribution of the cross-section

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Conclusion

- Various measurements sensitive to the soft and perturbative Standard model including total protonproton cross section, characteristics of the underlying events, isolated prompt photon, photon and jet production cross sections were presented and compared to the theoretical expectations.
- The results are used or have a potential to test and tune PDF, phenomenological model parameters
- More ATLAS QCD results are available here: https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ StandardModelPublicResults