

The Hunt for neutrinoless double beta decay with the NEXT experiment

David Lorca

On behalf of the @next Collaboration

Outlook



- *$\beta\beta 0\nu$ experiment requirements*
- *The NEXT Concept*
- *NEXT-DEMO: R&D and Results*
- *NEXT-100*

$\beta\beta 0\nu$ experiment requirements

Expected Decay Rate

$$(T_{1/2}^{0\nu})^{-1} = G^{0\nu}(Q, Z) |M^{0\nu}|^2 m_{\beta\beta}^2$$

Experimental Sensitivity

$$T_{1/2} \propto a \cdot \epsilon \cdot \sqrt{\frac{M \cdot t}{\Delta E \cdot B}}$$

Main Experimental Requirements

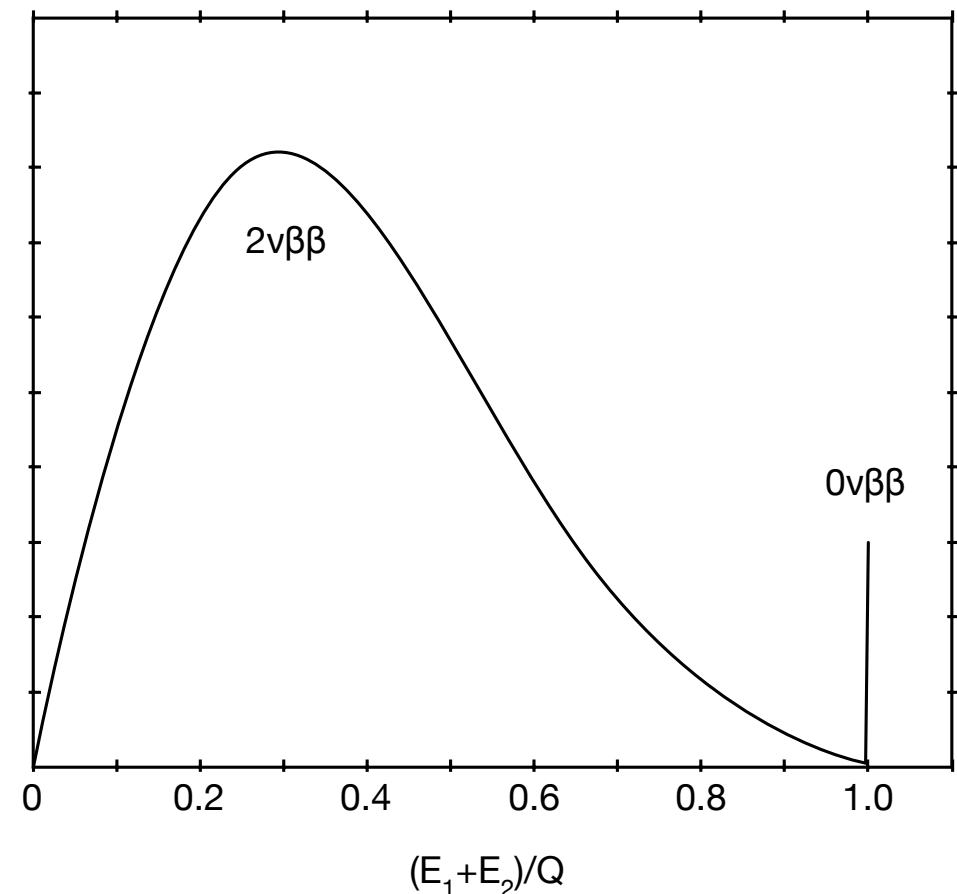
- ◆ *Energy Resolution*
- ◆ *Control of Backgrounds*
- ◆ *Scalability (Mass vs Cost)*

$\beta\beta 0\nu$ experiment requirements

$$T_{1/2} \propto a \cdot \epsilon \cdot \sqrt{\frac{M \cdot t}{\Delta E \cdot B}}$$

◆ *Energy Resolution*

selection of the appropriate technology to resolve $\beta\beta 0\nu$ events from the continuous $\beta\beta 2\nu$ mode and radioactive backgrounds



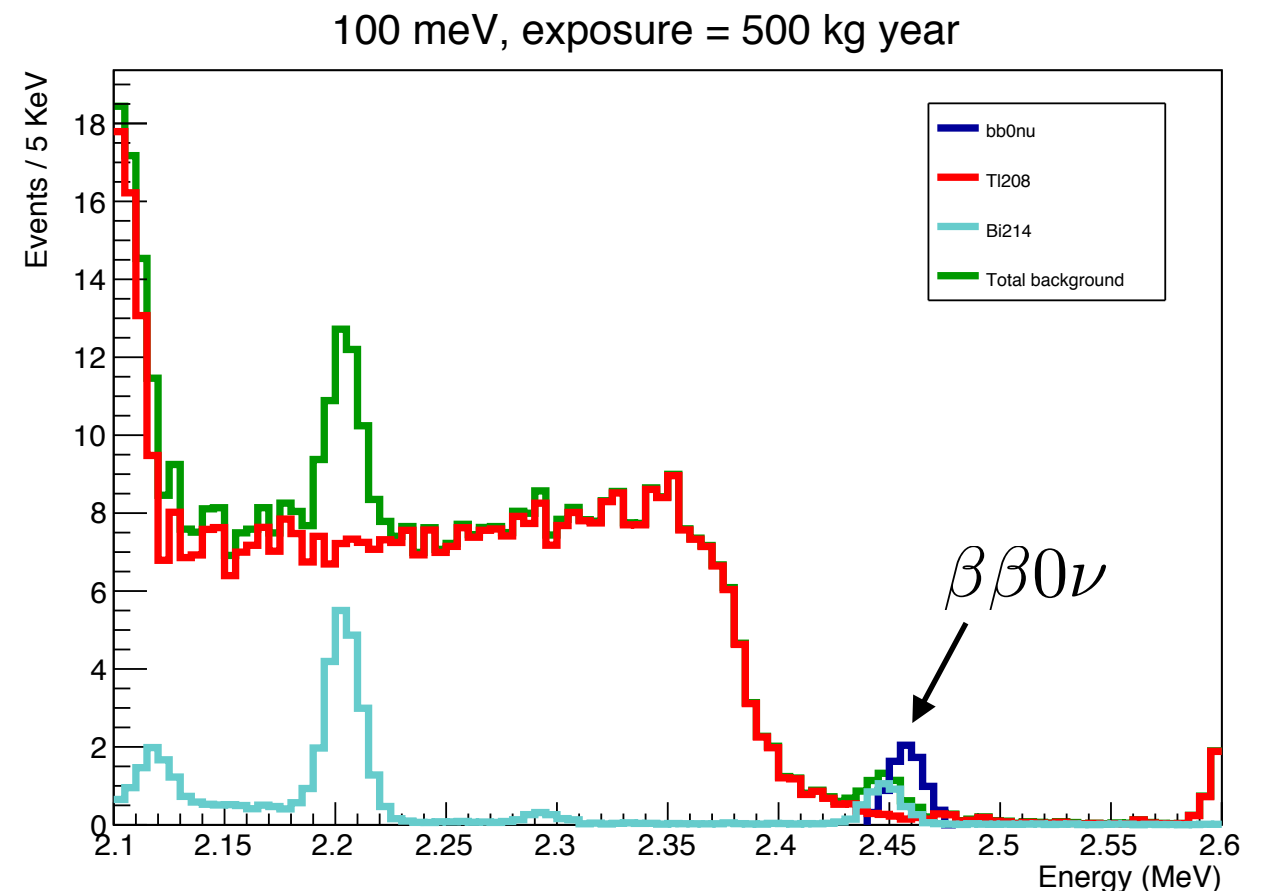
Neutrinoless double beta decay spectrum

$\beta\beta 0\nu$ experiment requirements

$$T_{1/2} \propto a \cdot \epsilon \cdot \sqrt{\frac{M \cdot t}{\Delta E \cdot B}}$$

◆ *Control of Backgrounds* (combined with ER)

*Main background is natural
radioactivity of detector
components and surroundings*

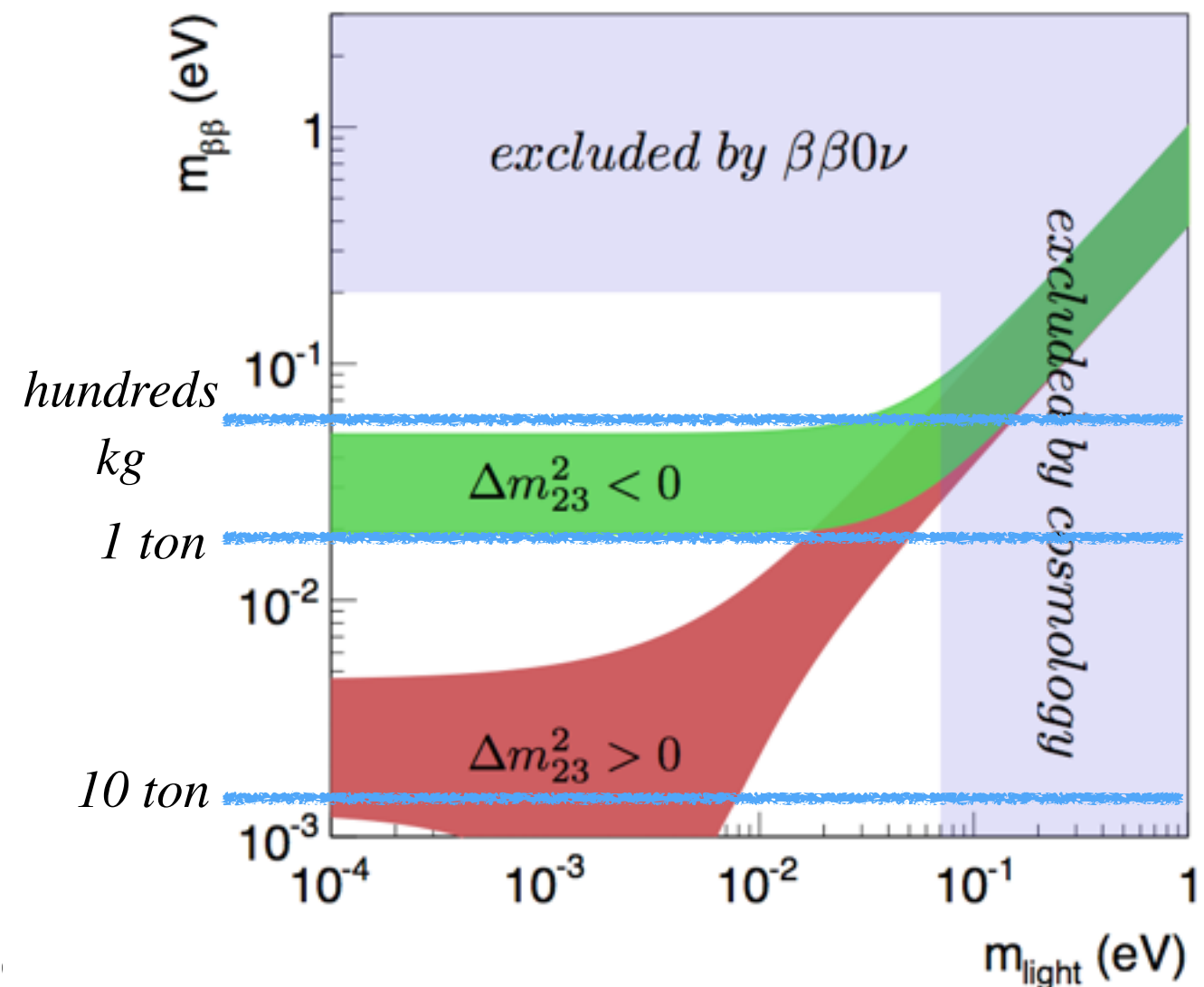


$\beta\beta 0\nu$ experiment requirements

$$T_{1/2} \propto a \cdot \epsilon \cdot \sqrt{\frac{M \cdot t}{\Delta E \cdot B}}$$

◆ *Scalability* (Mass vs Cost)

New results have pushed down the $m_{\beta\beta}$ upper limit, creating the necessity to increase the detector mass up to the ton scale (for now)



The NEXT Concept

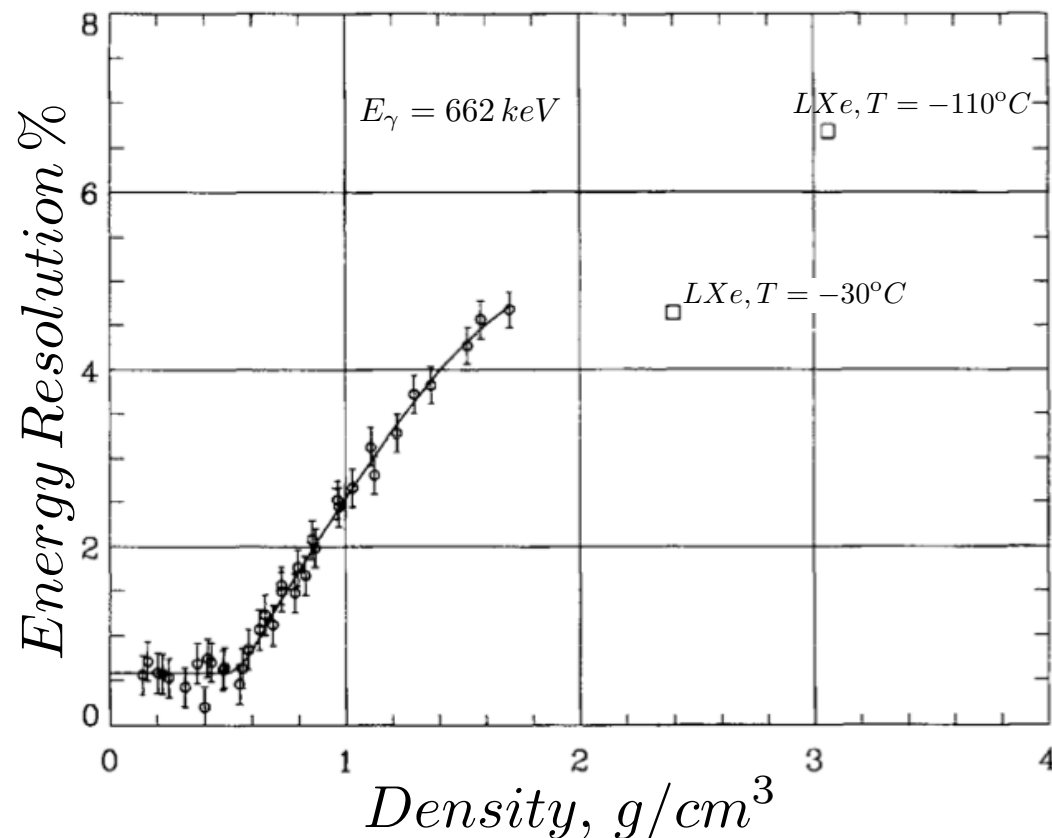


***NEXT**, a high pressure gaseous
Xenon TPC with EL amplification*

The NEXT Concept

*NEXT, a high pressure **gaseous**
Xenon TPC with **EL amplification***

Energy Resolution :



*HPXe TPC combined with EL
amplification provides excellent
energy resolution*

HPXe : Fano Factor = 0.15 ± 0.02

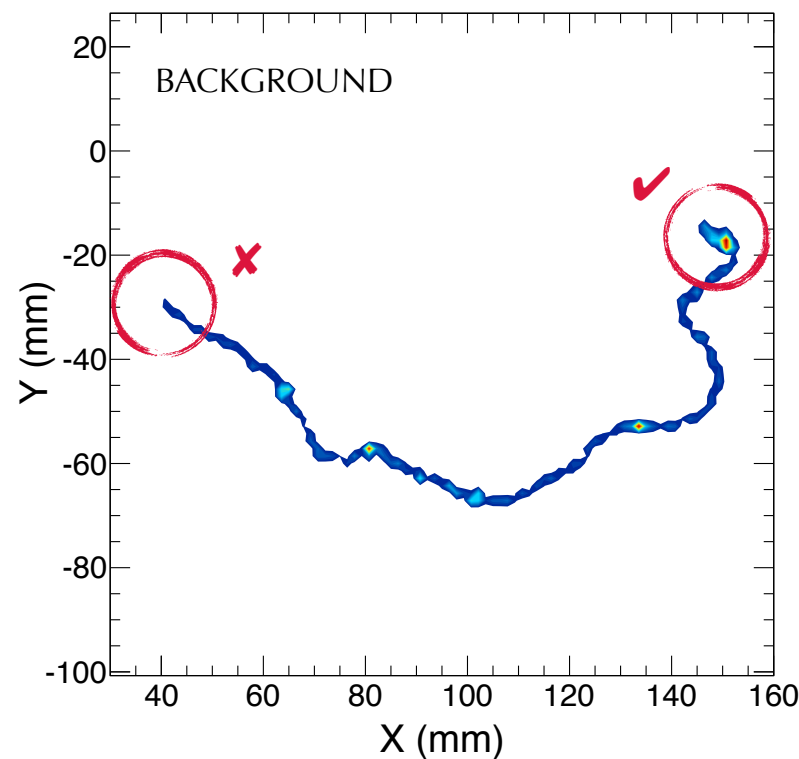
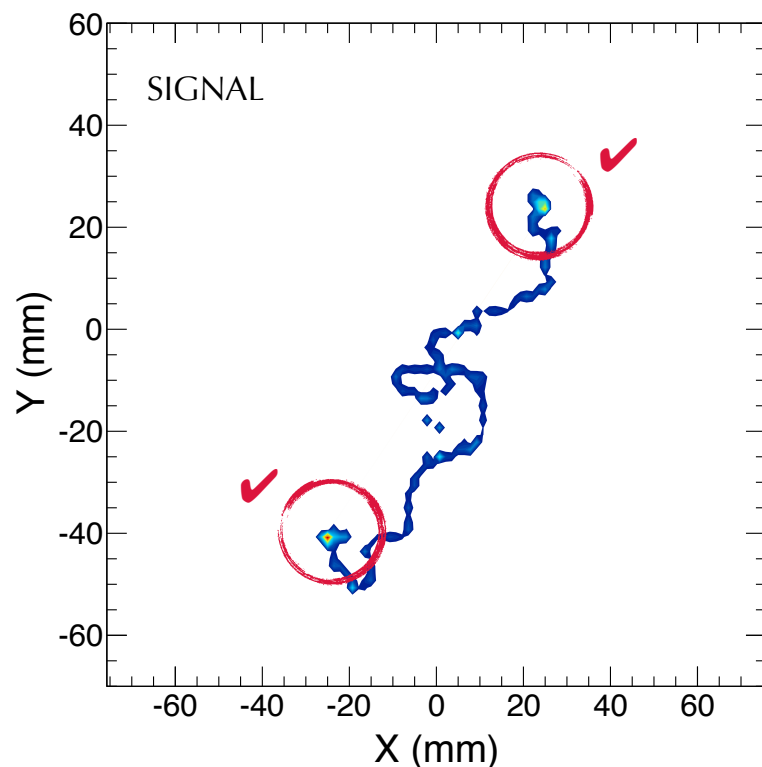
$\Delta E < 1 \%$ FWHM at 2458 keV ($Q_{\beta\beta}$)

The NEXT Concept

*NEXT, a high pressure **gaseous**
Xenon TPC with EL amplification*

Control of Background:

HPXe provides topological reconstruction of the events



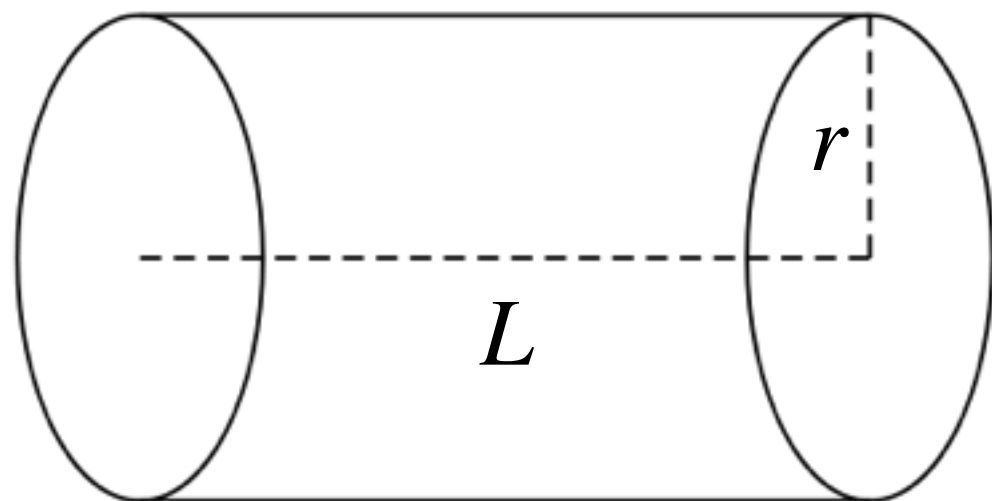
- ***Signal:** a twisted track, 10 cm long, with two energy blobs at the end.*
- ***Background:** single electrons, 85% of the time accompanied by an X-ray.*

The NEXT Concept

*NEXT, a high pressure **gaseous**
Xenon TPC with EL amplification*

***Scalability**
(Mass vs Cost)*

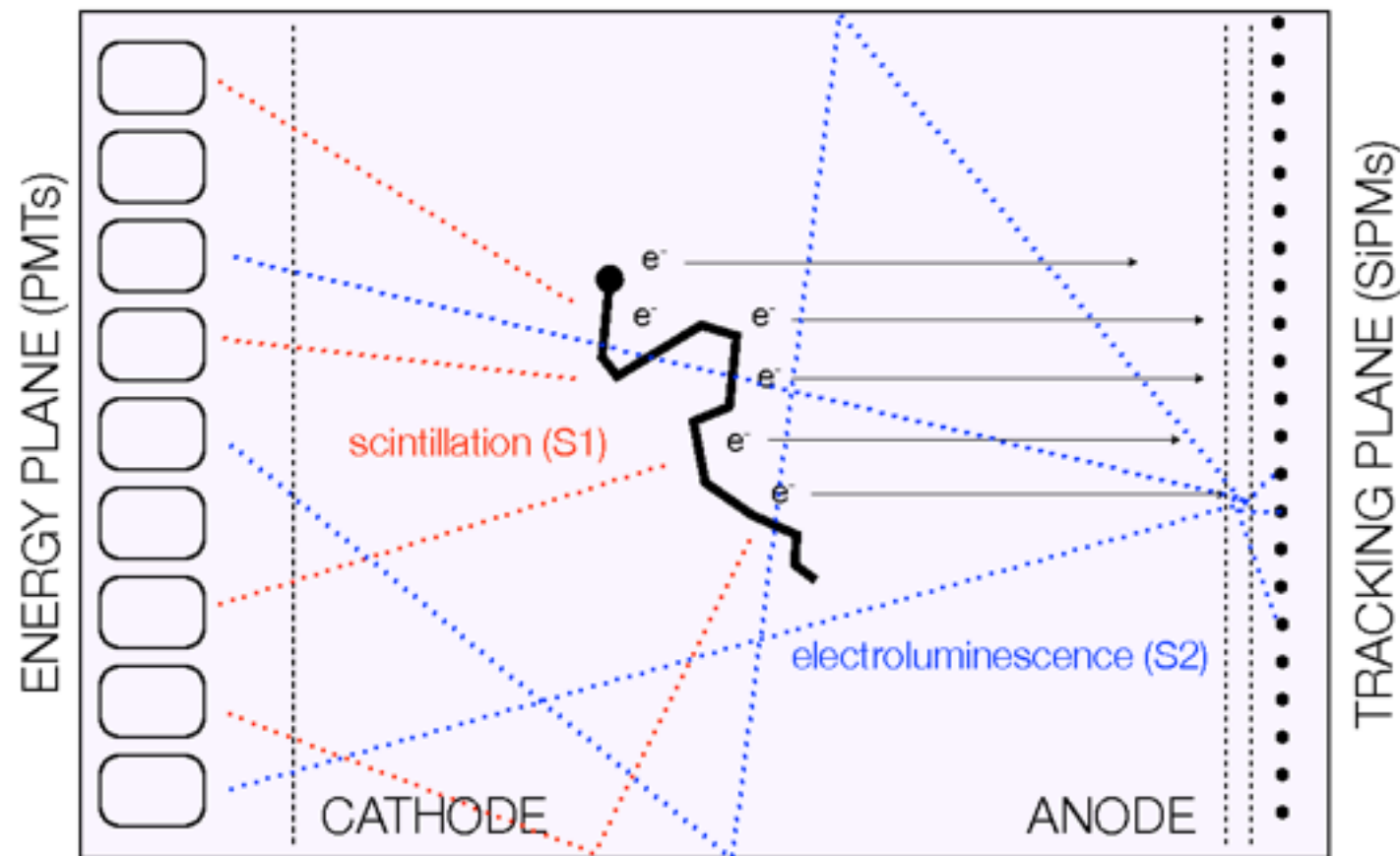
*Xenon is the cheapest and easiest to
enrich of all $\beta\beta$ isotopes.*



*Doubling **r & L**  **S/N x2***

- ***Source:** increases by a factor 8*
- ***Background:** increases by a factor 4*

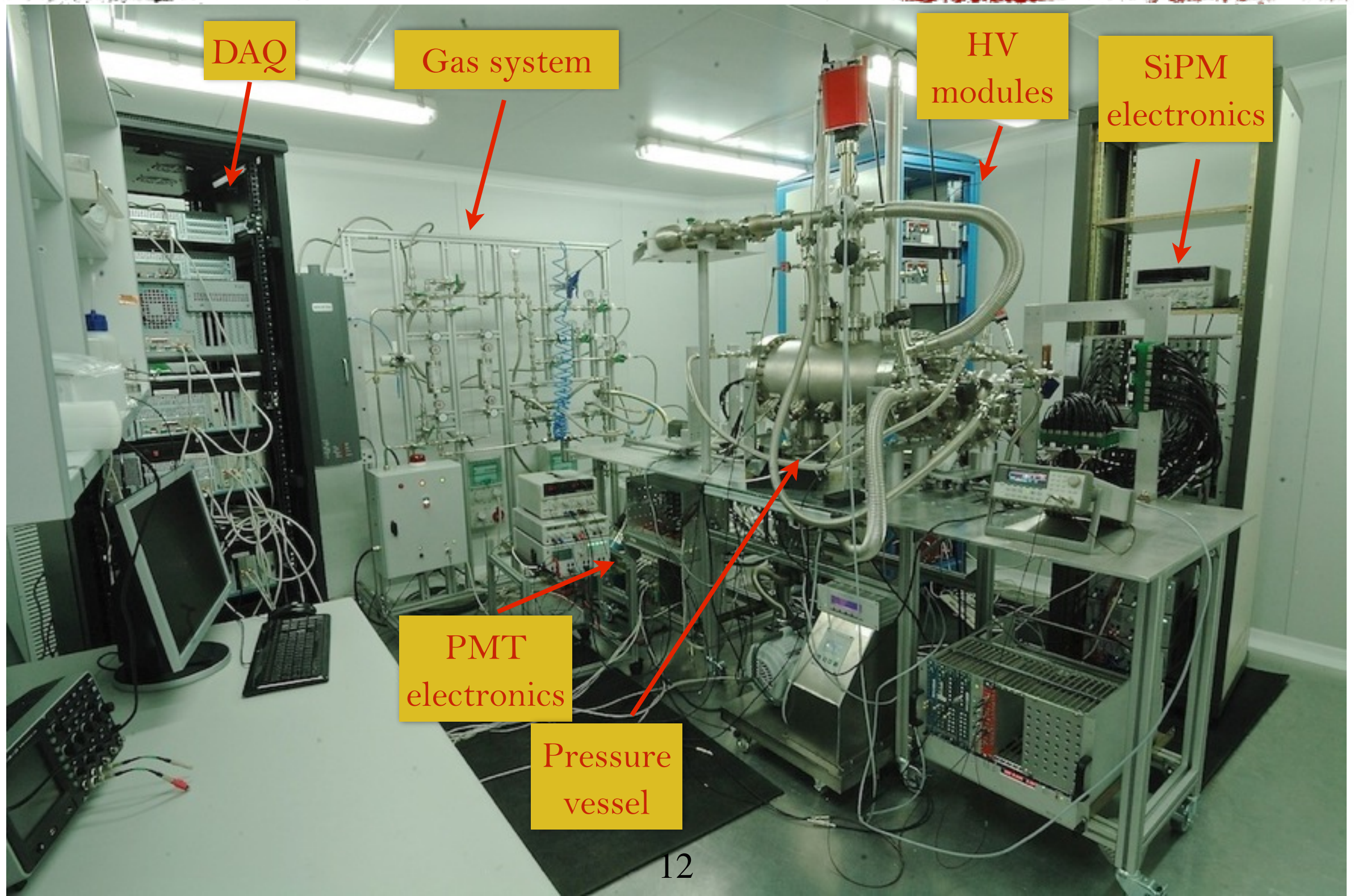
Detection Process



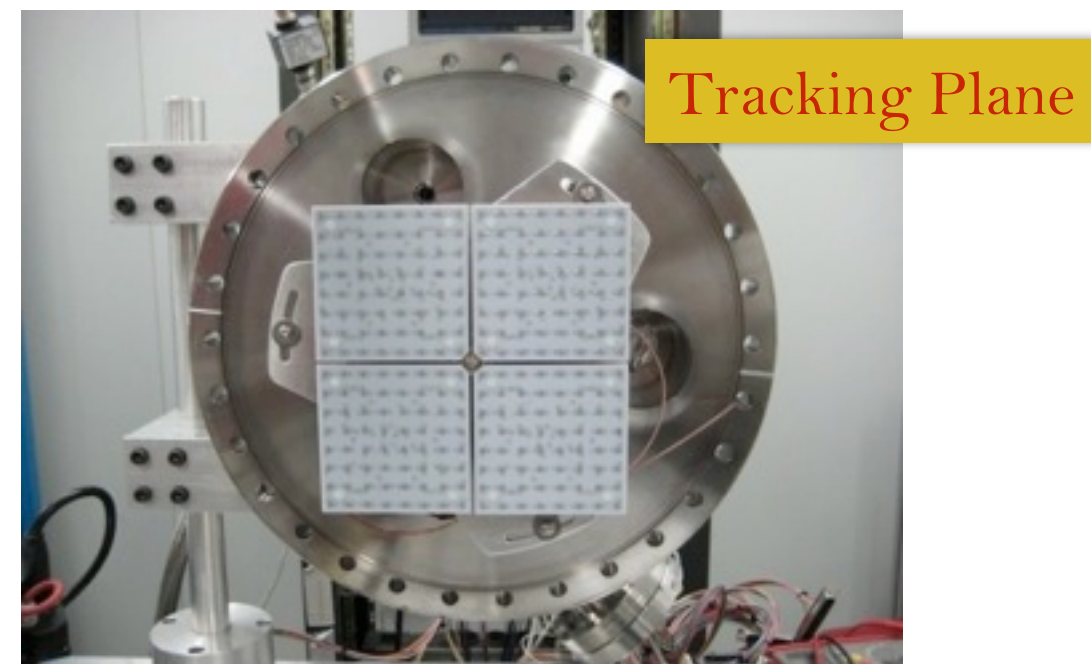
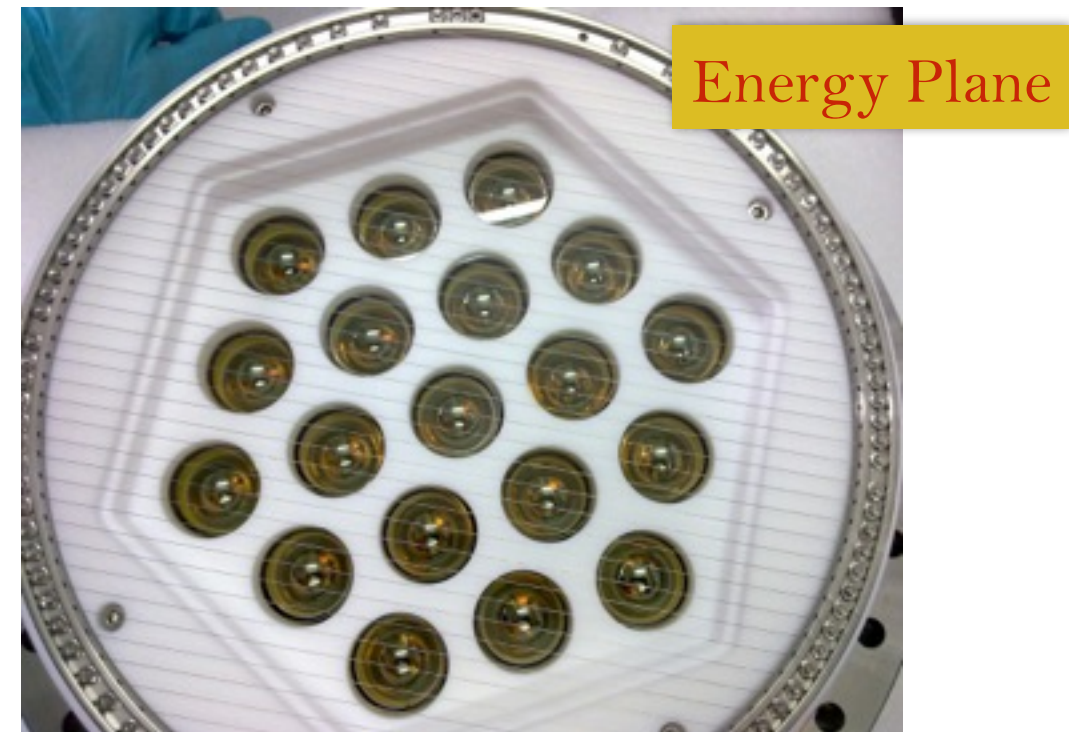
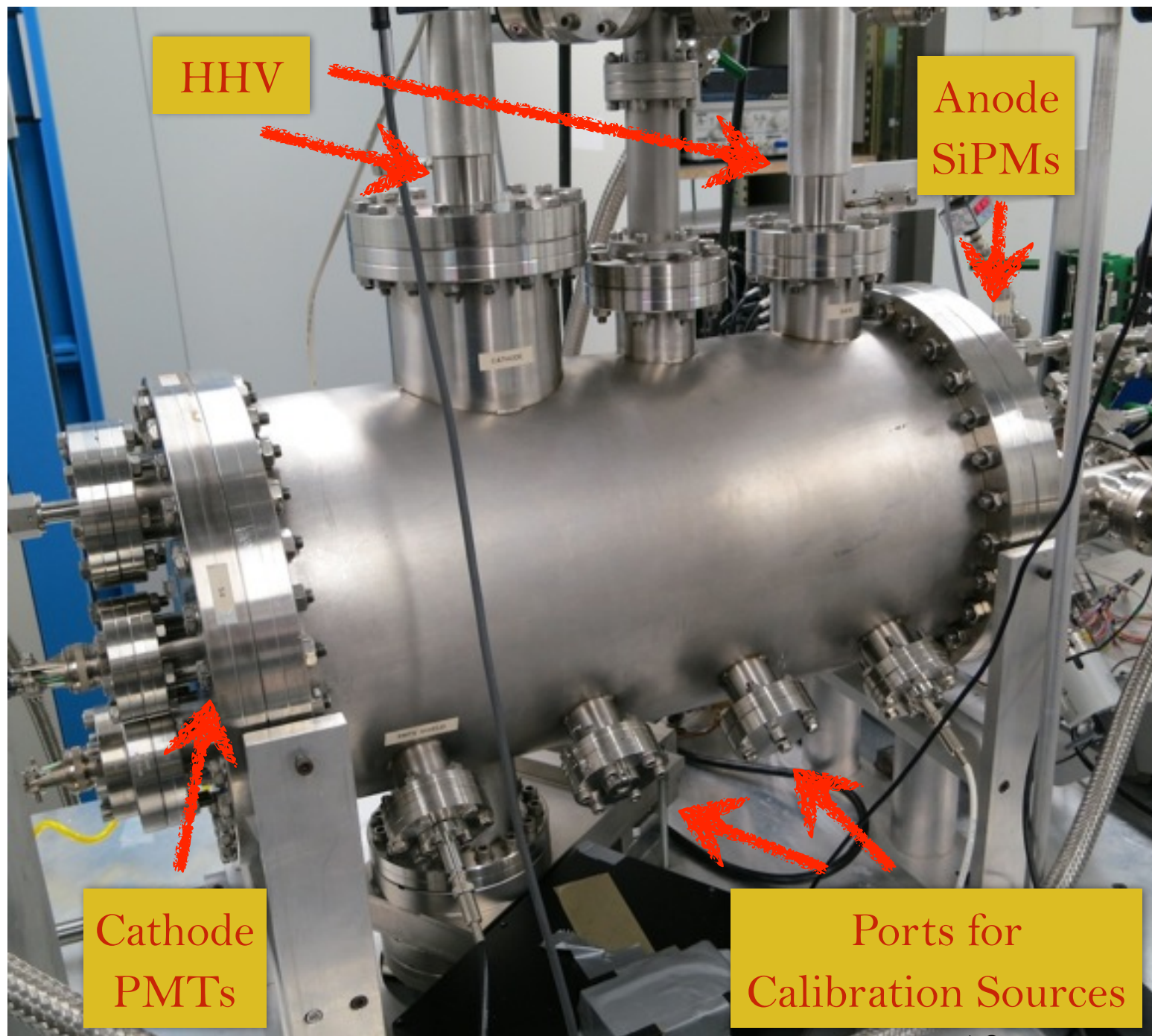
EL amplification provides lineal gain, exploiting the excellent Fano factor in gas

- *Charged particles propagate through Xenon ionizing and exciting its atoms.*
- *Calorimetry provided by a plane of PMTs located behind a transparent cathode (*energy plane*), with t_0 .*
- *Event topology reconstructed by a plane of SiPMs (*tracking plane*).*

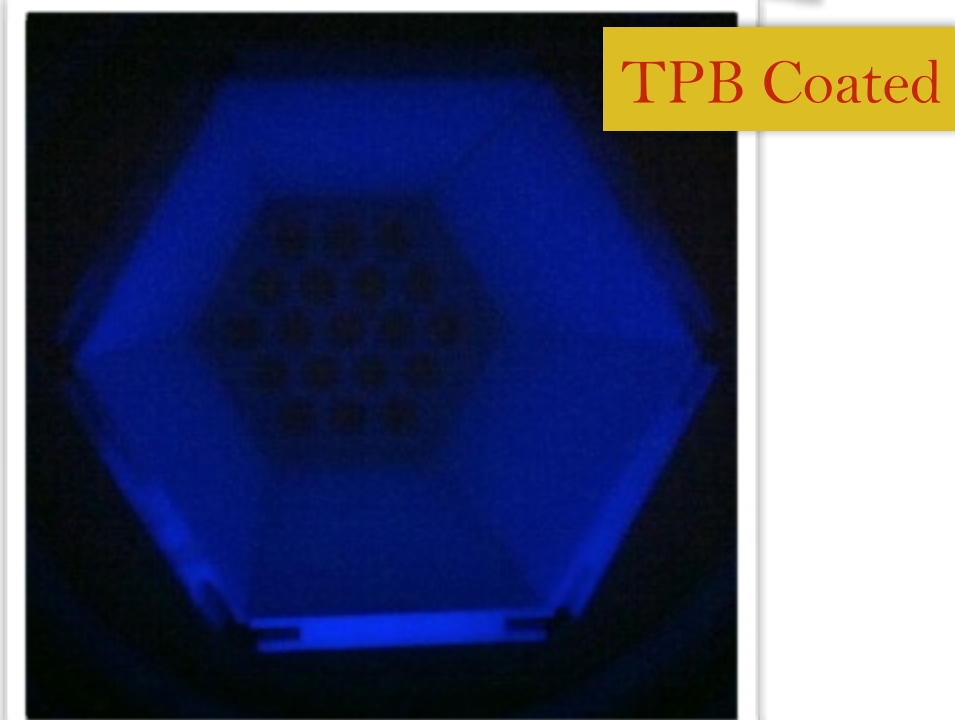
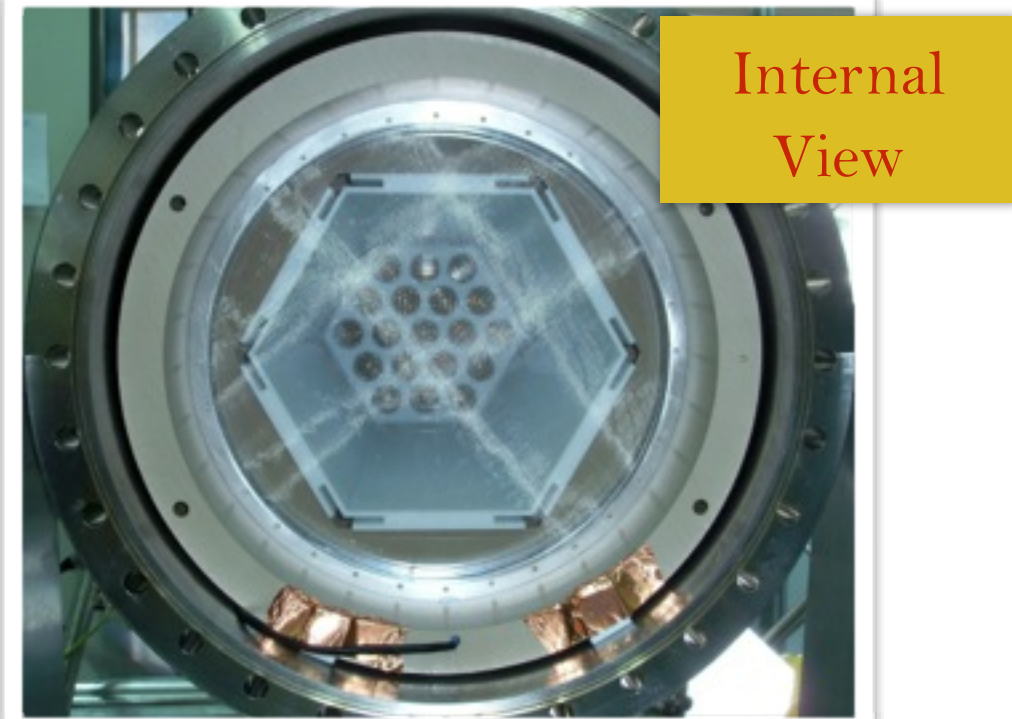
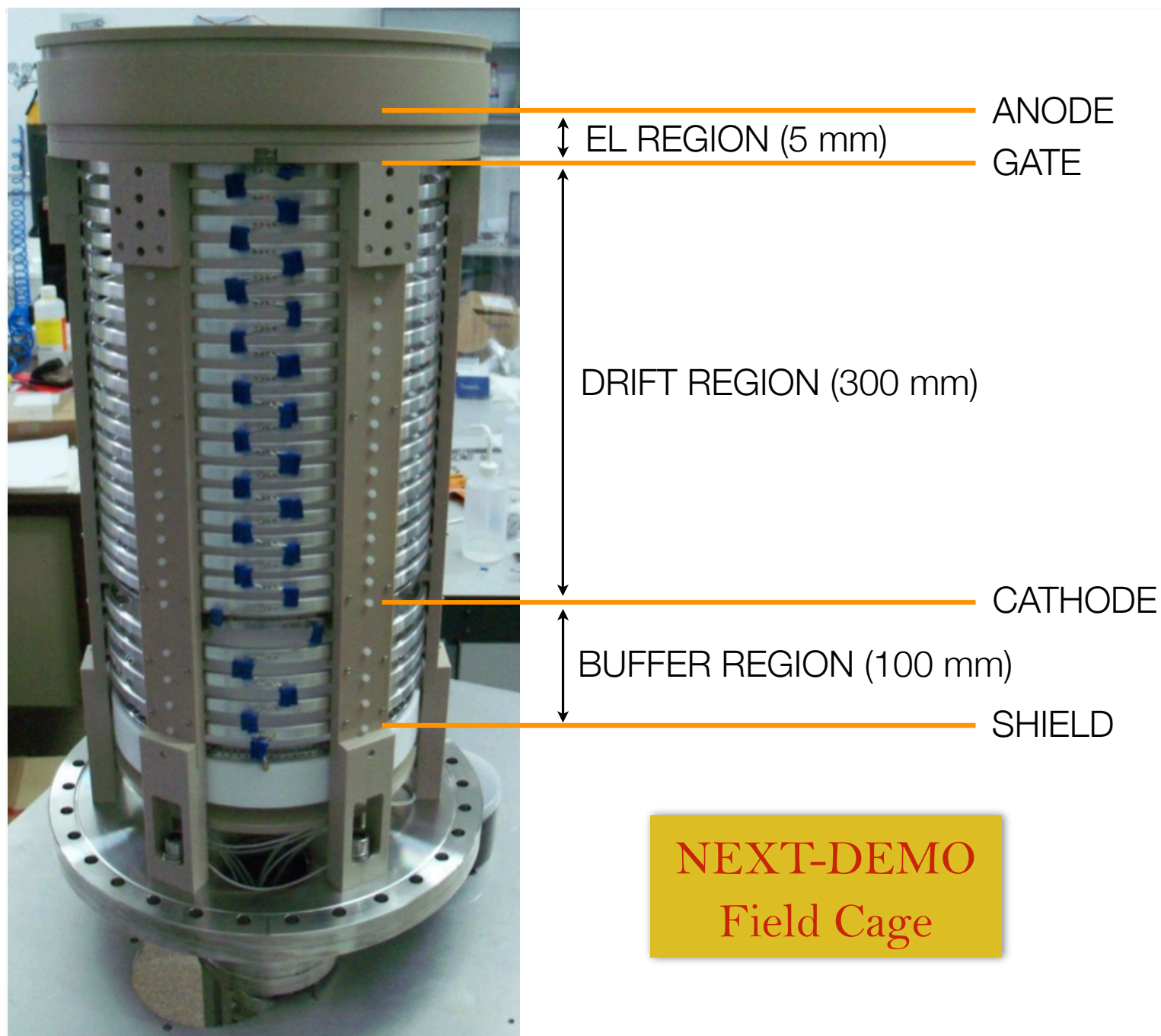
NEXT-DEMO at IFIC



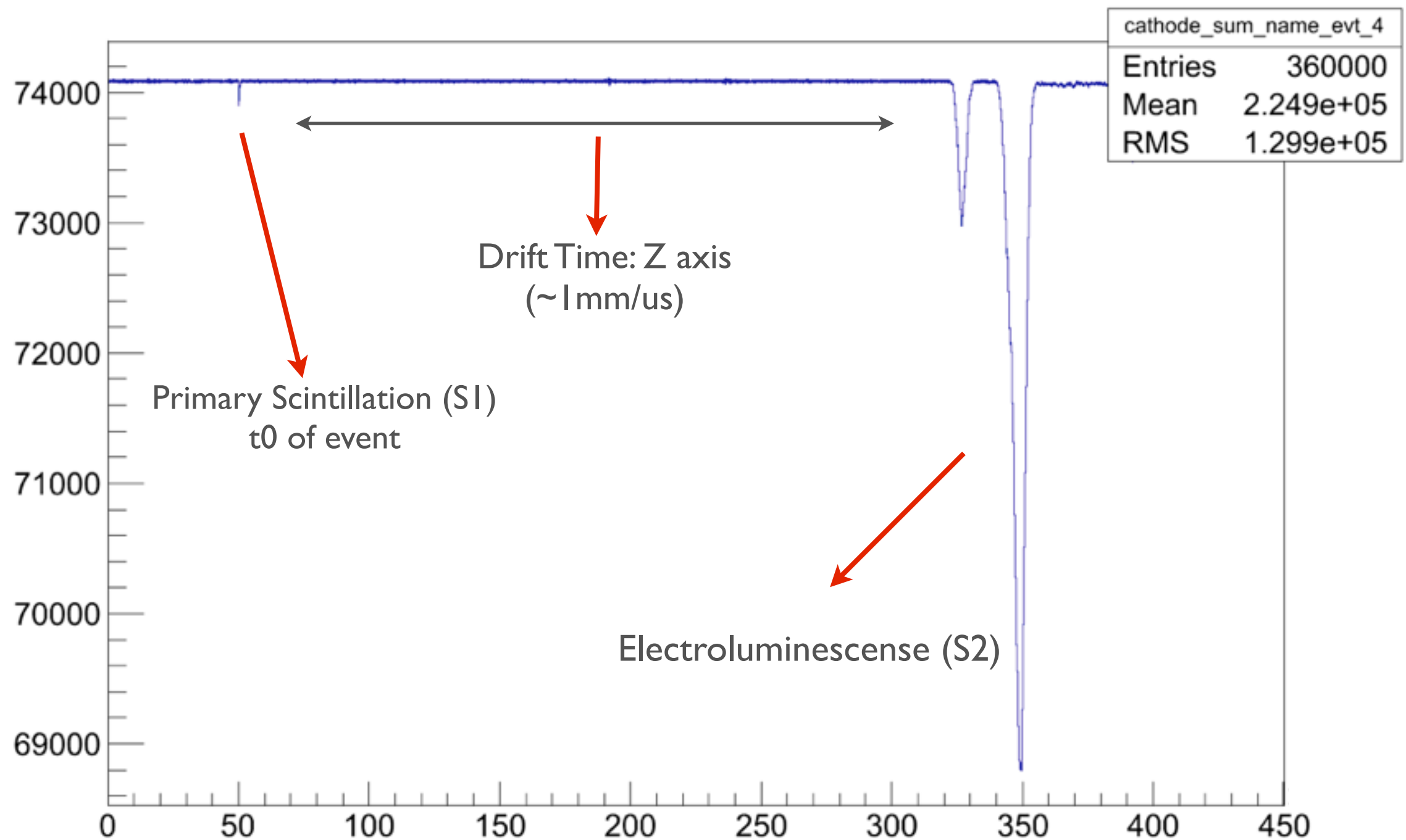
Pressure Vessel and Detection Planes



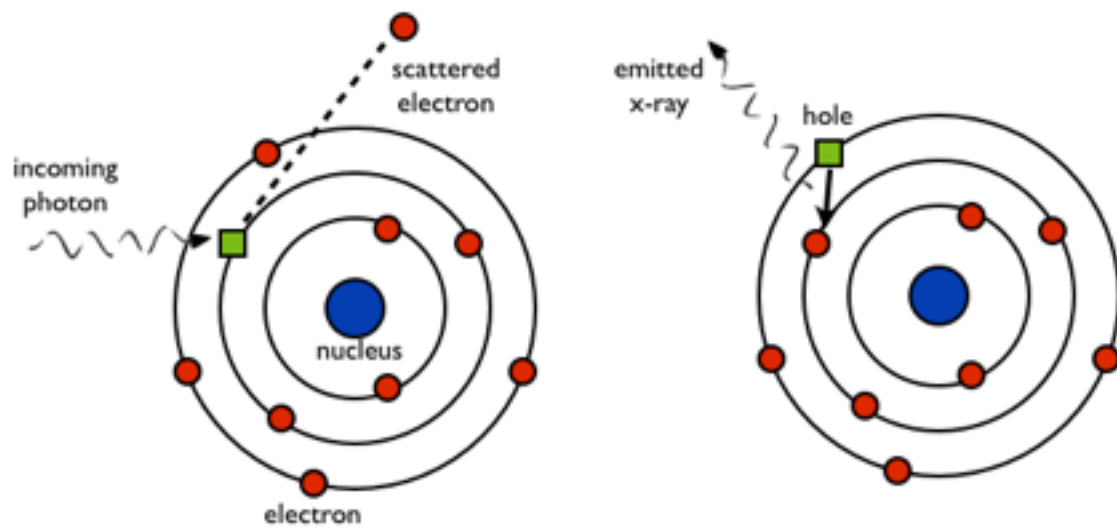
Field Cage and Light Tube



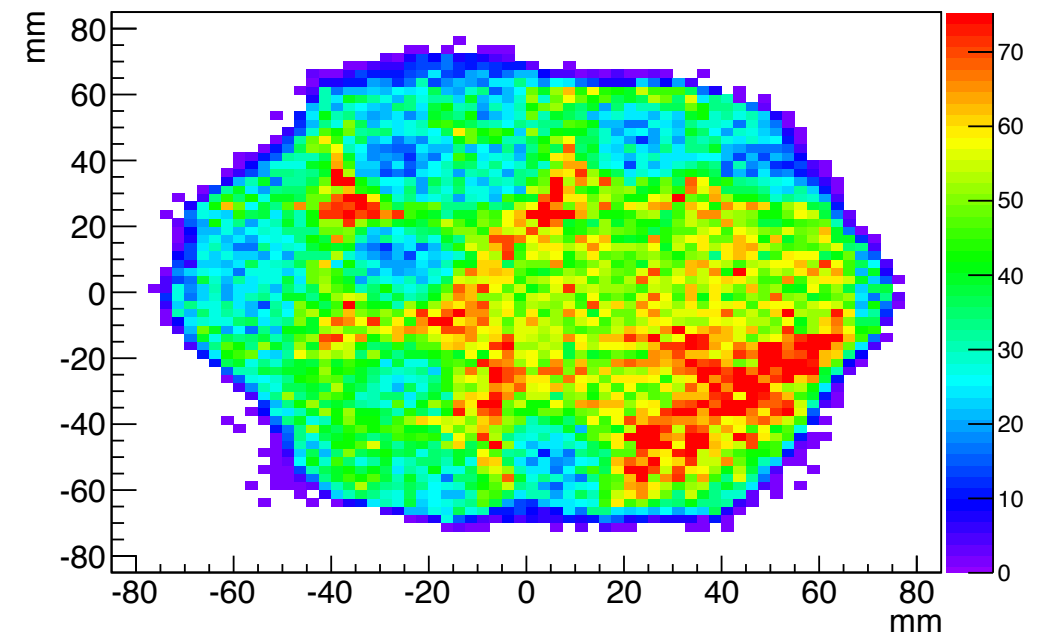
Signals in NEXT-DEMO



NEXT-DEMO **NEW** Results



X-ray production



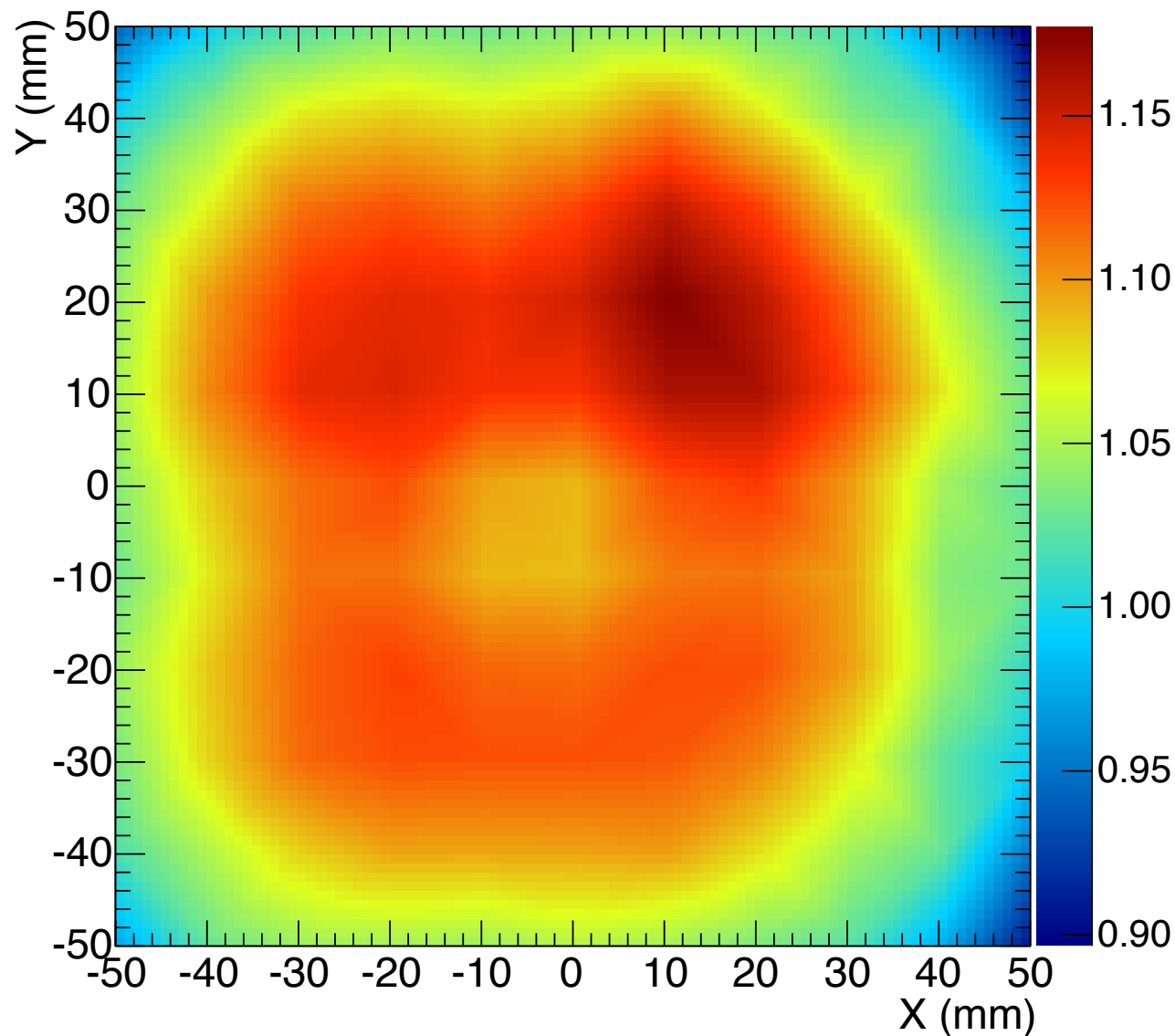
X-ray 2D distribution

X-ray energy deposition (~ 30 keV) **used for calibration**

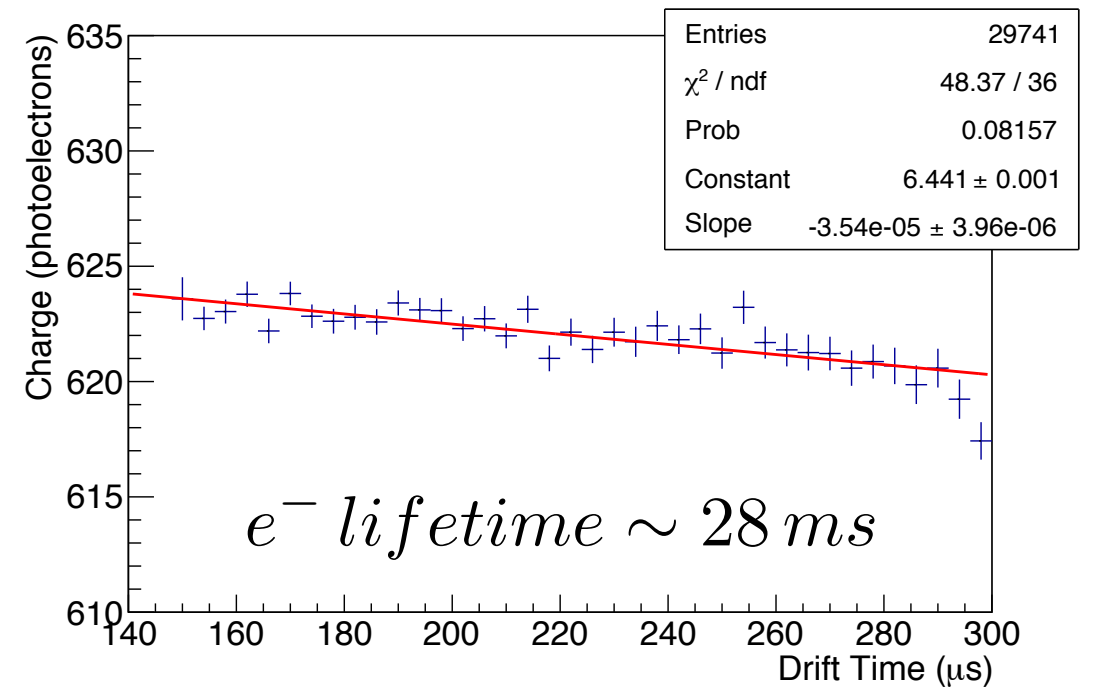
Distributed all over the volume

Point-like events, Range ~ 0.6 mm (10 bar)

NEXT-DEMO **NEW** Results



*Two dimensional normalized
response to X-ray depositions*

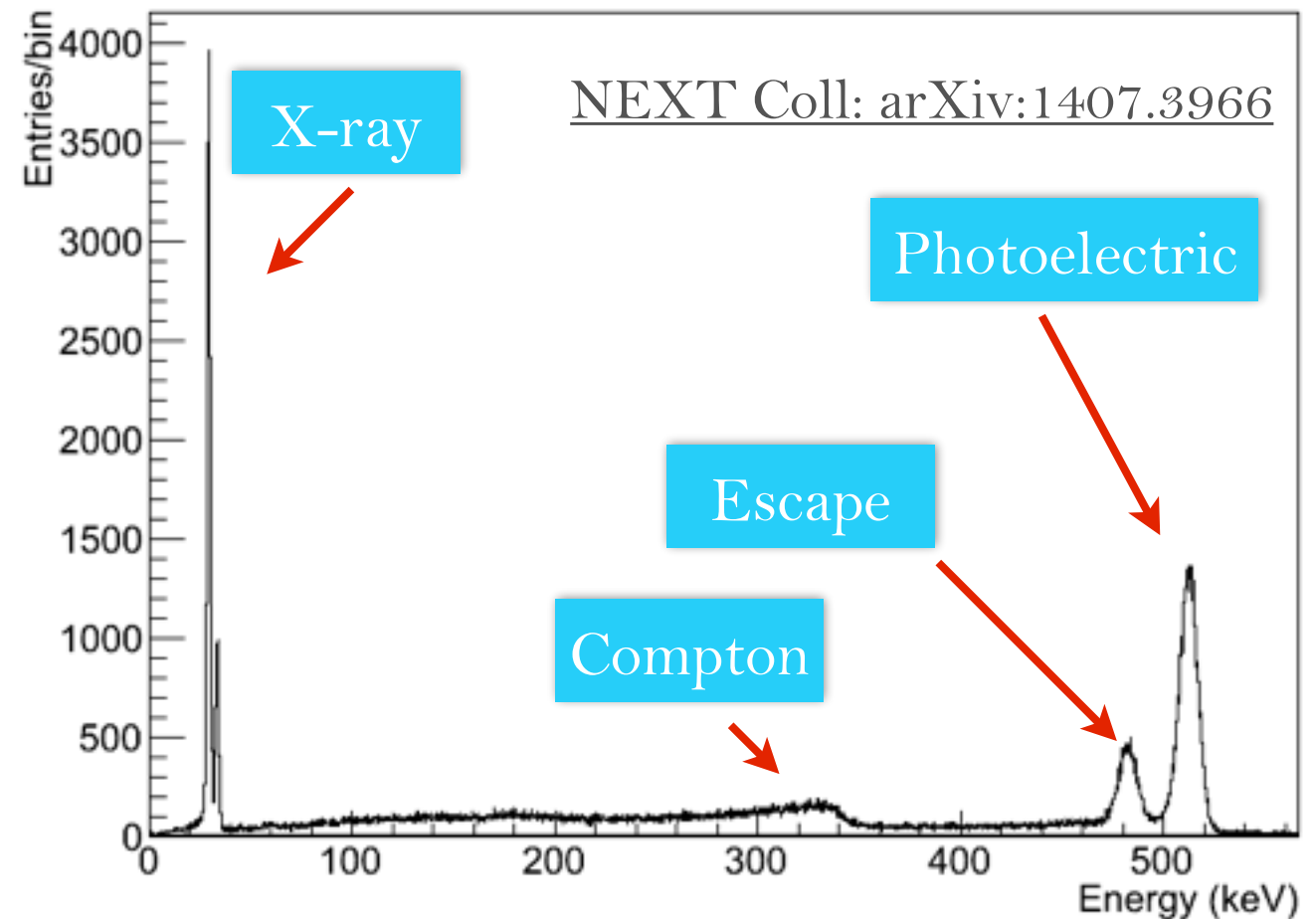


X-rays allow:

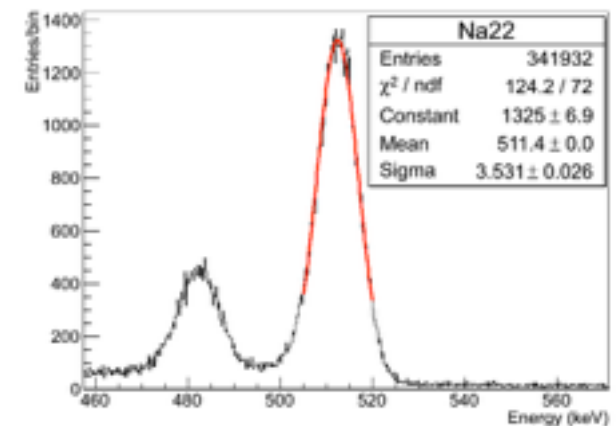
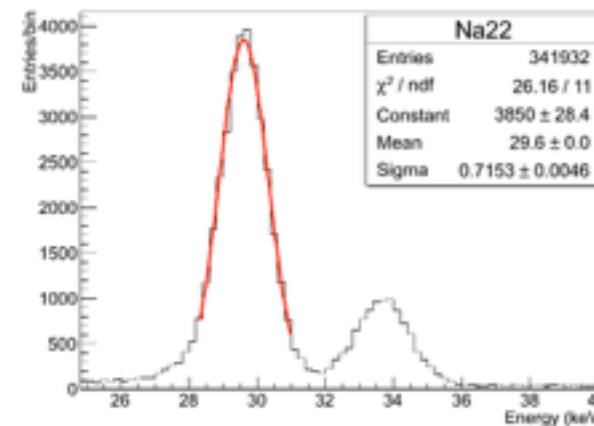
- ◆ Spatial calibration of the light tube.
- ◆ Electrons attachment correction.
- ◆ Temporal fluctuations correction in the EL generation.

NEXT-DEMO **NEW** Results

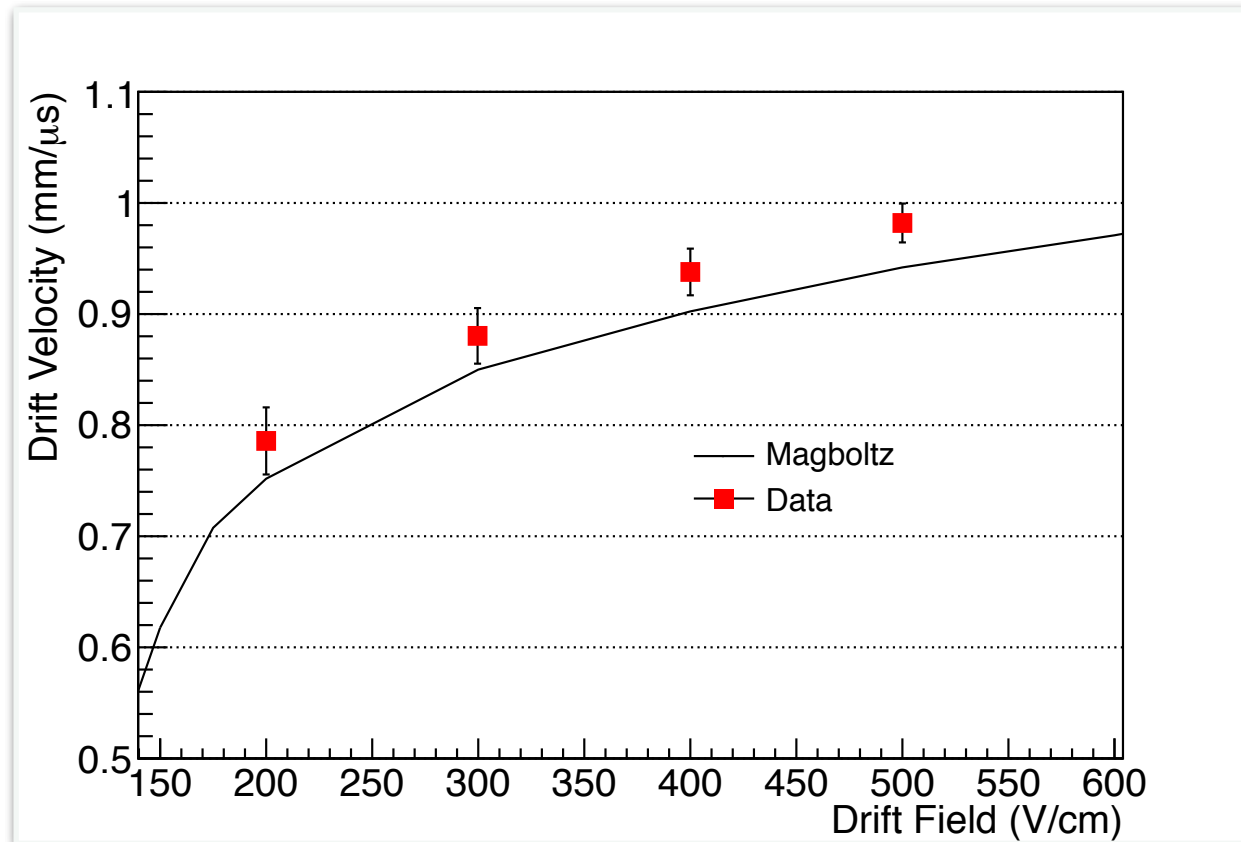
- 1.62 % FWHM energy resolution for 511 keV and 5.69% for 30 keV over a fiducial volume of 60x60x300 mm
- Extrapolate to 0.73% and 0.62% FWHM to the Q_{bb} value



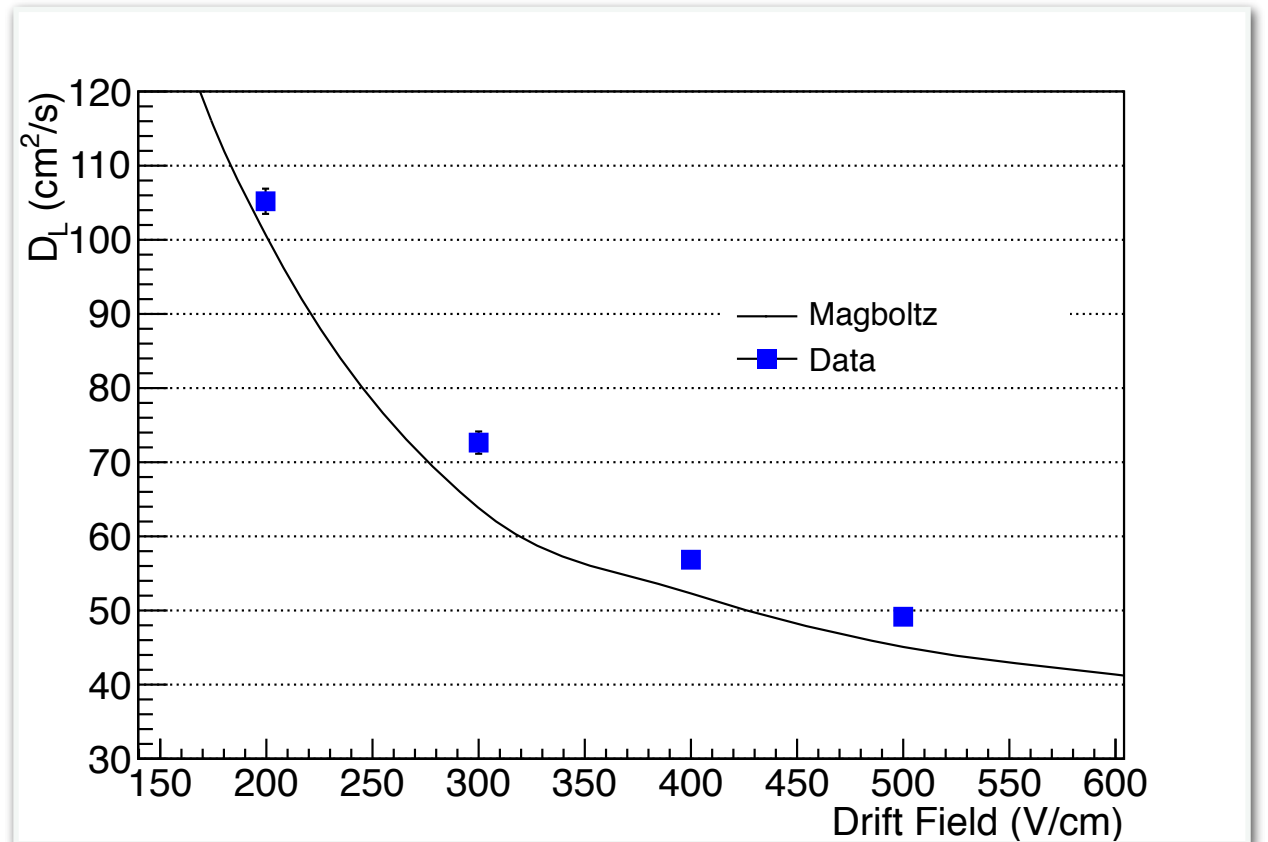
Corrected Na-22 spectrum



NEXT-DEMO **NEW** Results



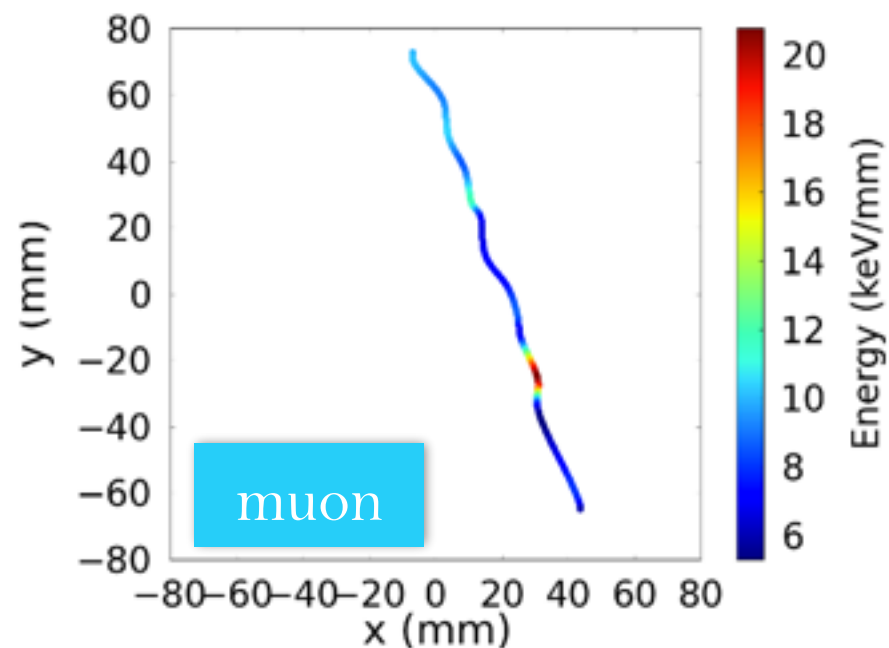
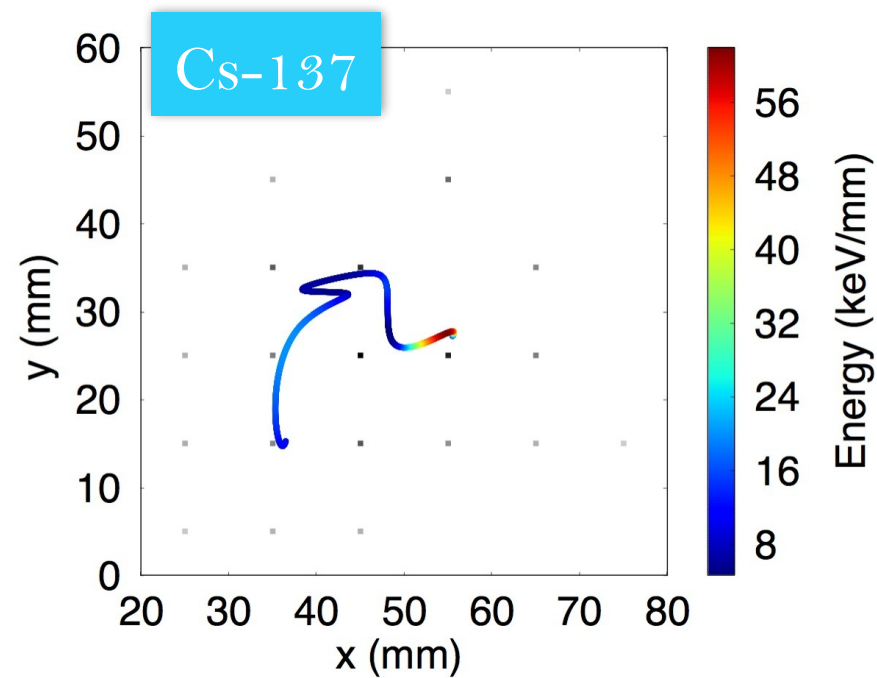
Drift Velocity as a function of drift field



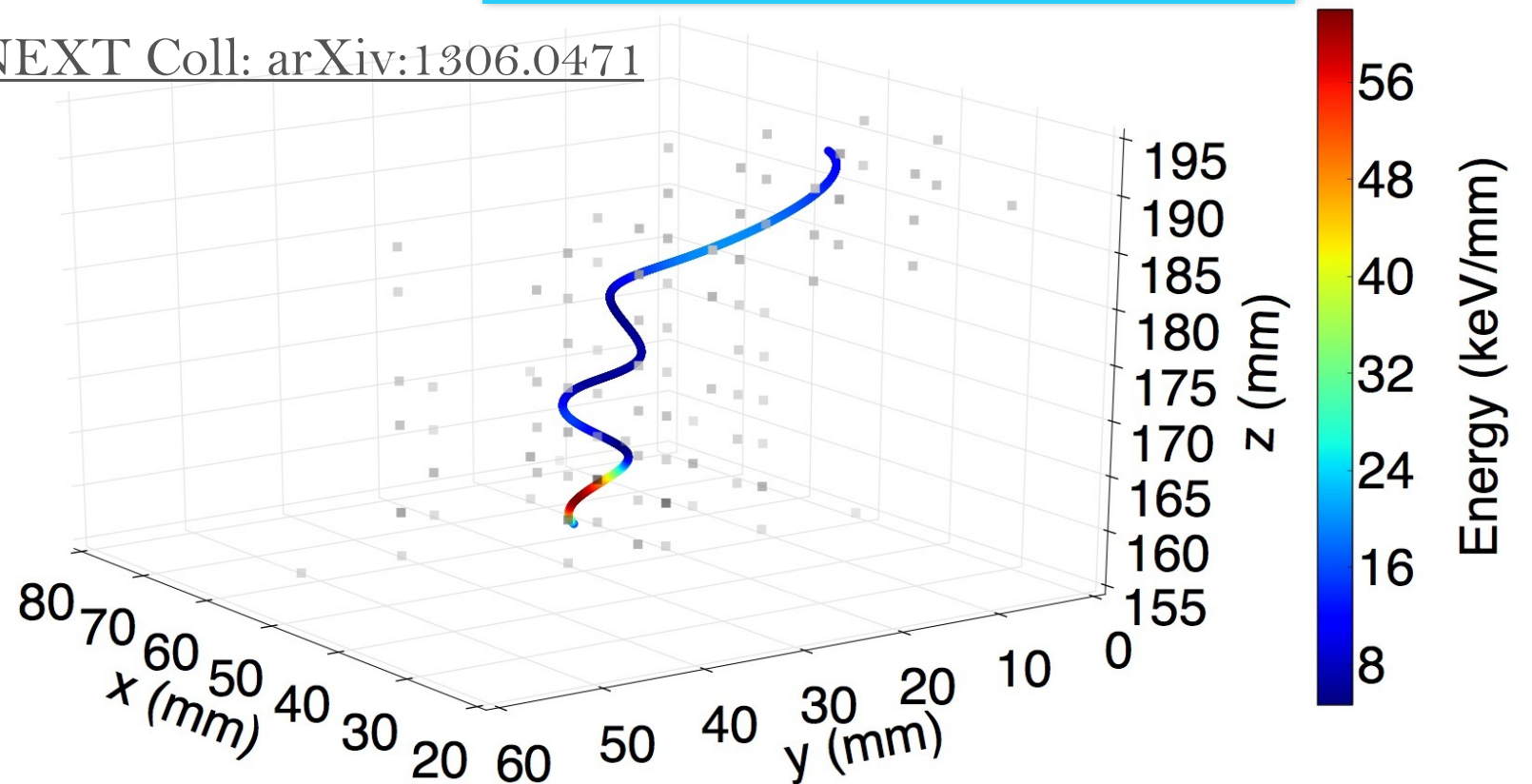
Longitudinal diffusion coefficient vs drift field

Point-like depositions allow the measurement of high pressure xenon properties such a drift velocities and longitudinal diffusion

NEXT-DEMO Results



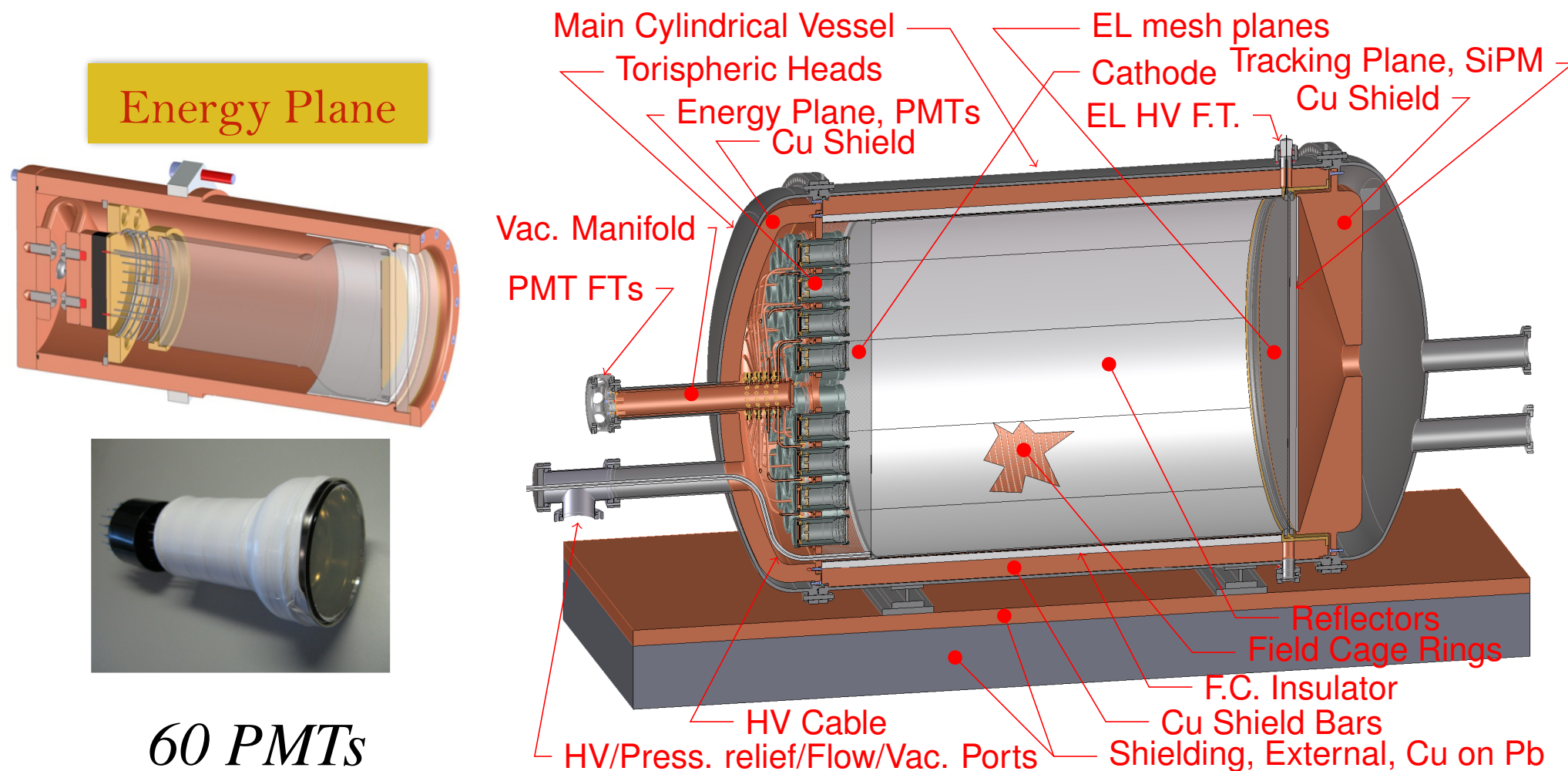
NEXT Coll: [arXiv:1306.0471](https://arxiv.org/abs/1306.0471)



- *Tracking reconstruction of events*
- *Higher energy deposition at electron track end-point*

NEXT-100

HPXe TPC containing 100 kg of Xenon at 15 bar



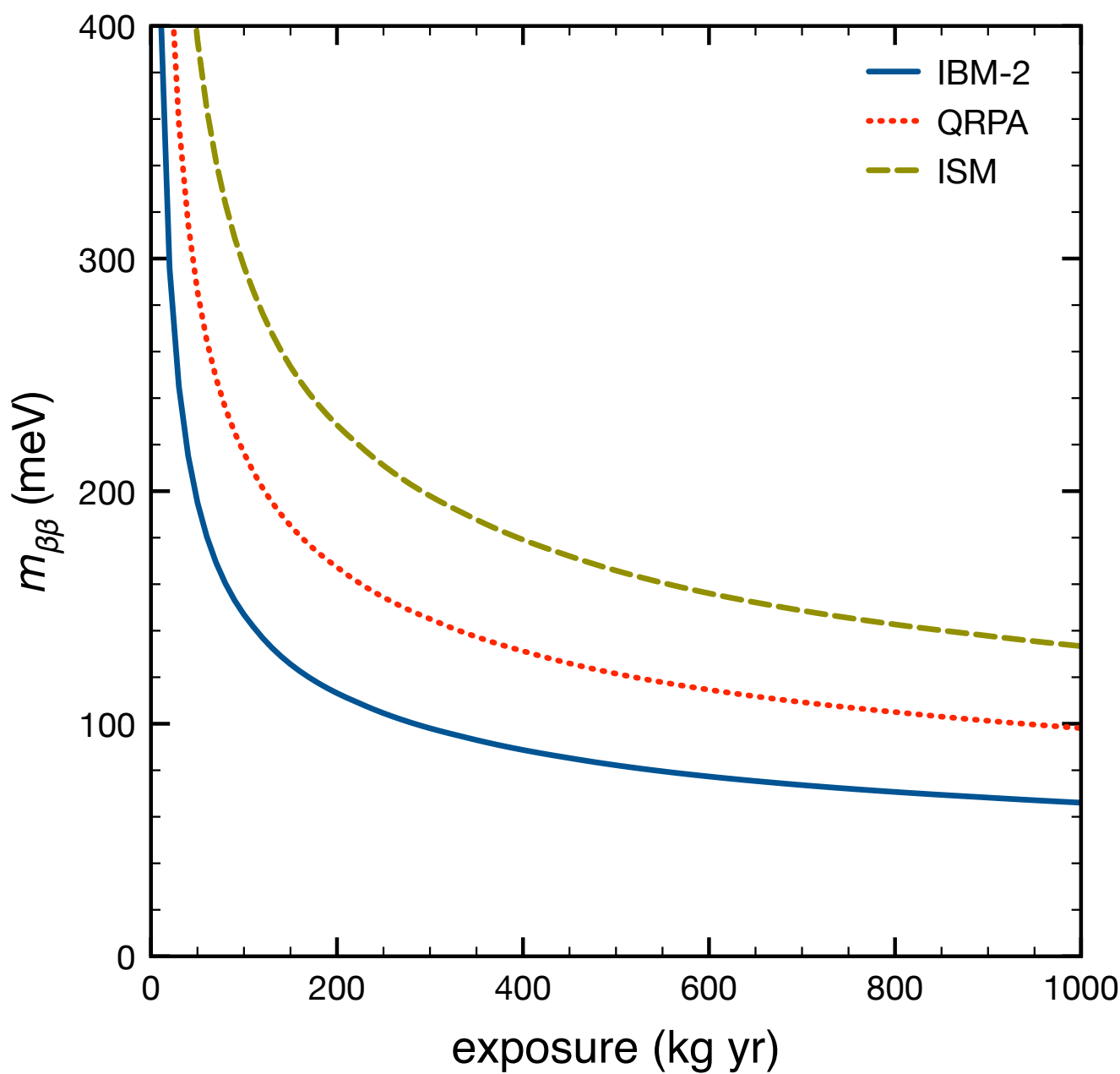
Technical Design Report (TDR)

NEXT Coll: arXiv:1202.0721

Radiopurity Control

NEXT Coll: arXiv:1211.3961

NEXT-100



	$\beta\beta0\nu$	<i>Tl-208</i>	<i>Bi-214</i>
Fiducial E>2MeV	67.86%	0.25%	0.01%
ROI	95.52%	8.99%	64.66%
1 track	74.60%	1.86%	12.54%
2 blobs	73.76%	9.60%	9.89%

<i>Rejection</i>	$\sim 10^{-7}$
<i>Total Background</i>	$5 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ ckkY}$

$m_{\beta\beta} \sim 100 \text{ meV}$

NEXT-100



Platform for NEXT-100 at LSC



Castle and seismic structure Video

*Status: Seismic platform, lead castle, gas system, emergency recovery system and vessel **completed**.*

Schedule:

- **2015:** *underground operations start with non-enriched Xenon*
- **2016-2020:** *physics with enriched Xenon (100 kg in stock)*

SUMMARY

- *The NEXT concept satisfies the main requirements of a neutrinoless double beta decay experiment.*
- *NEXT-DEMO has demonstrated the main issues of such technology.*
- *NEXT-100 plans to explore sensitivities below 100 meV of neutrino mass.*
- *Possibility to scale up.*

The NEXT Collaboration



IFIC (Valencia) • U. Santiago de Compostela • U. Polit cnica Valencia
• U. Zaragoza • U. A. Madrid • U. Girona



U. A. Nari o



LBNL • Texas A&M • Iowa State U.



U. Coimbra • U. Aveiro



JINR



Neutrinoless Experiment with a Xenon TPC