

## Studies of light mesons at COMPASS

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COMPASS is a fixed-target experiment at the CERN SPS aimed to study the structure and dynamics of hadrons. Data with negative (mostly  $\pi^-$ ) hadron beams of 190 GeV/c has been taken to study in particular light mesons. Their spectrum is investigated in diffractive dissociation reactions with final-states containing  $\pi$  and  $\eta$ . At four-momentum transfers to the target between 0.1 and 1.0 GeV<sup>2</sup>/c<sup>2</sup> the properties of known resonances are studied, and new, possibly exotic, states are searched. Novel analysis techniques have been developed to also probe the sub-systems of the final-states.

The structure of light mesons is studied in photo-production reactions induced by a pion beam scattering off solid targets. The radiative widths of the  $a_2$  (1320) and, for the first time, that of the  $\pi_2$  (1670) have been extracted from COMPASS data. In addition these reactions can be used to measure the polarizability of the  $\pi$ , and compare this to predictions of chiral perturbation theory.

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