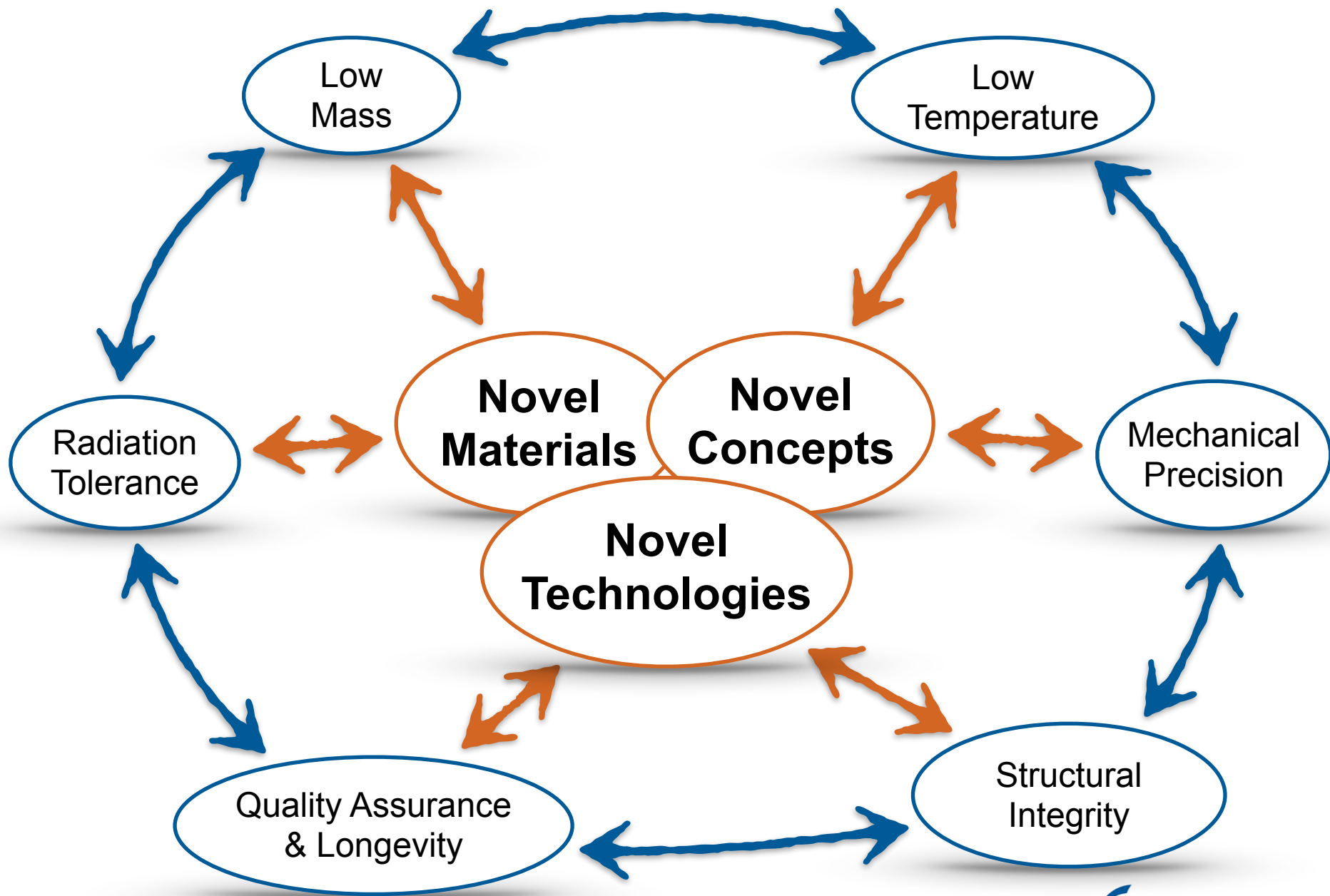
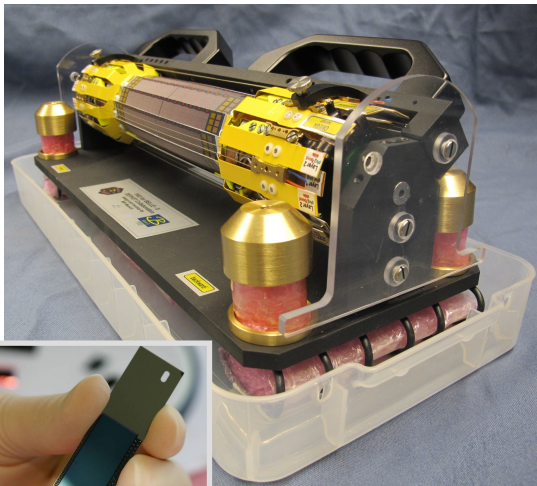


Future Detectors - The Engineering Challenges



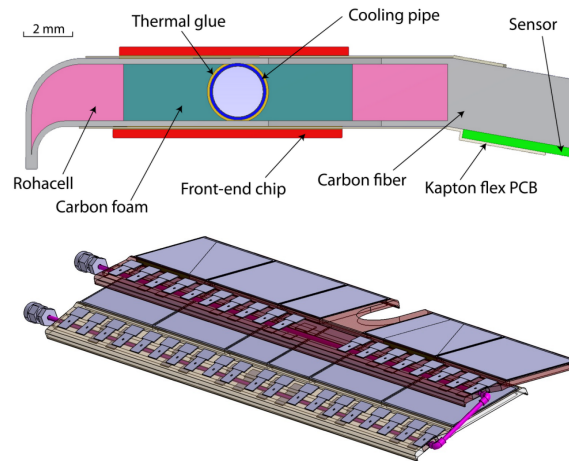
Low Mass System Designs

- essential for reconstruction performance
- future detectors demand lightweight or even ultra lightweight support structures
 - including cooling and cabling



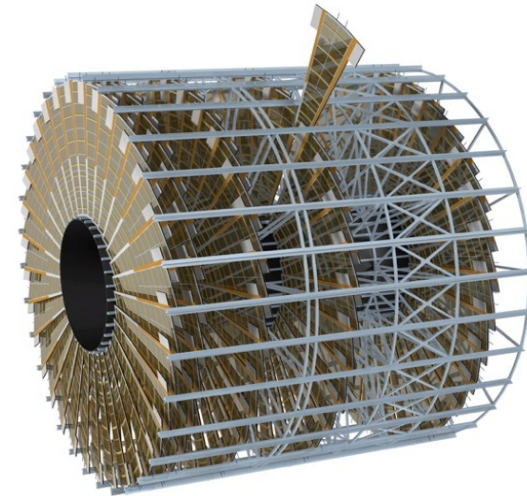
Belle II Vertex Detector

- 2 layers
- 10 cm length
- 2.8/4.4 cm diameter
- 0.21% X_0 for inner layer



Panda MVD Barrel

- 4 layers
- 31 cm length
- 27 cm diameter
- < 10% X_0 for most parts of the acceptance

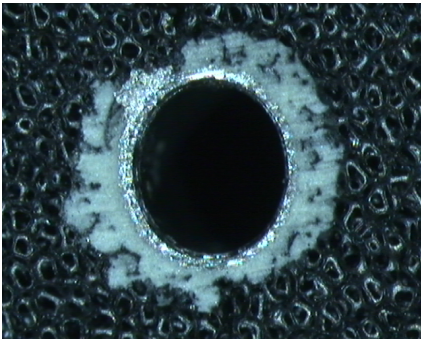


ATLAS Strip Tracker Endcap

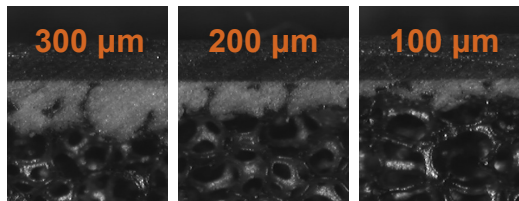
- 35 m² of silicon
- 1.7 m length
- 2 m diameter
- 180 kg mass

Low Temperature Operation

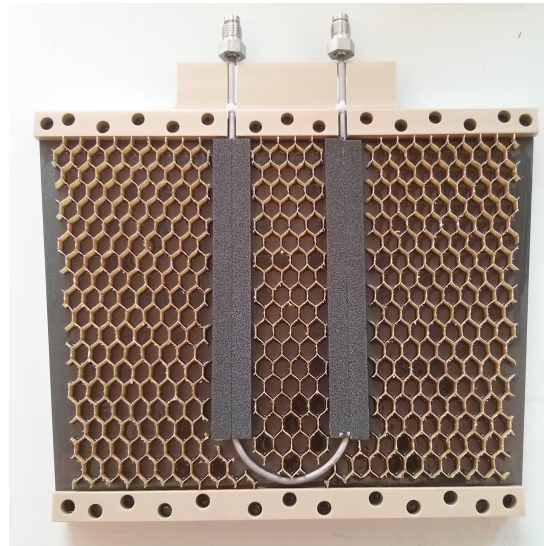
- higher granularity detectors and more functionality in front-end
 - ➔ higher front-end power to be cooled away
- radiation levels at e.g. HL-LHC require operation at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 - ➔ minimise leakage currents and noise
 - ➔ avoid thermal runaway
- novel materials and technologies can combine demands of a low mass system design with thermal management needs



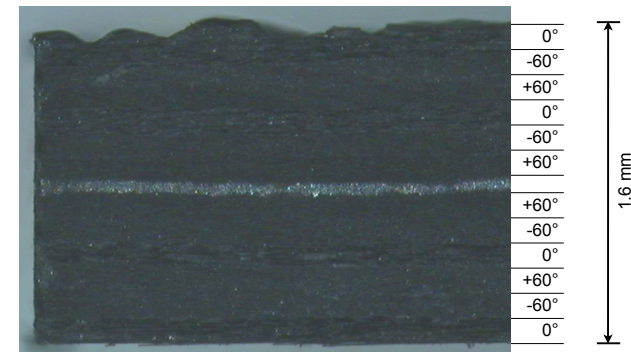
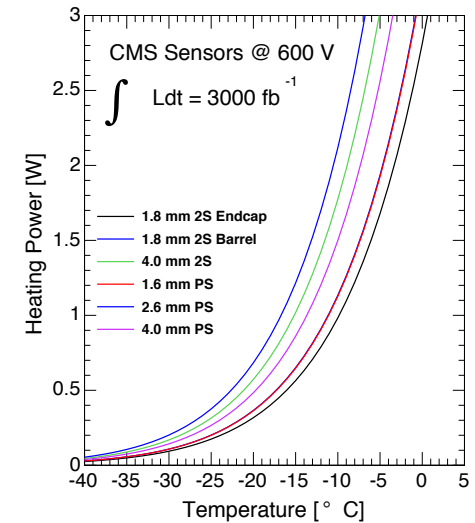
Ti-Pipe embedded in C-Foam



C-Foam glueing test
to optimize amount of glue



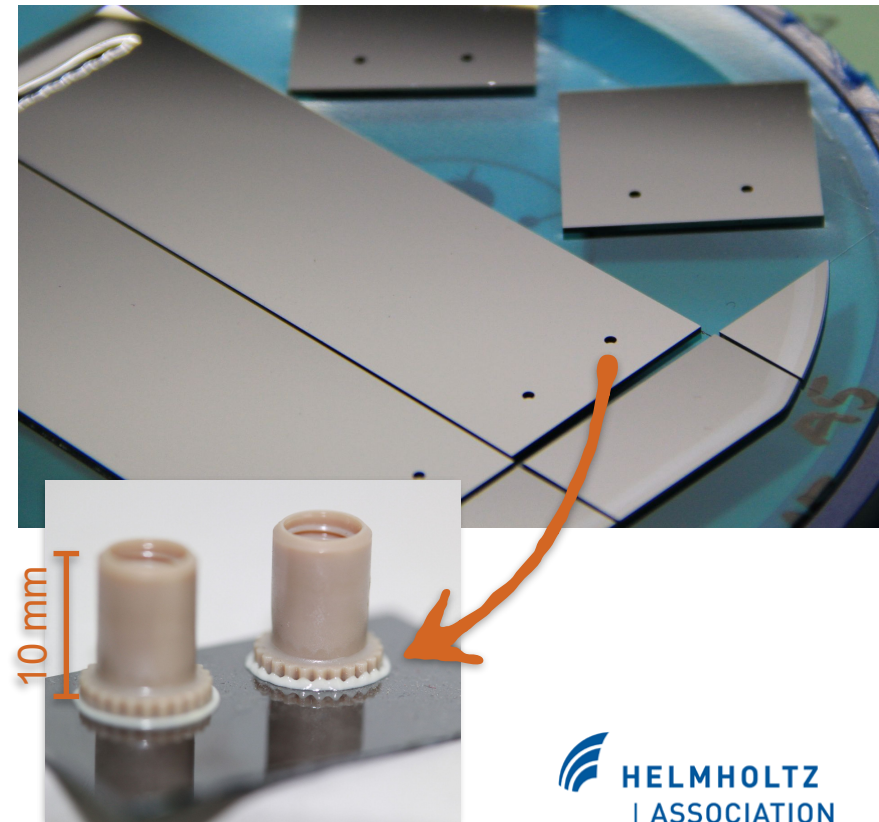
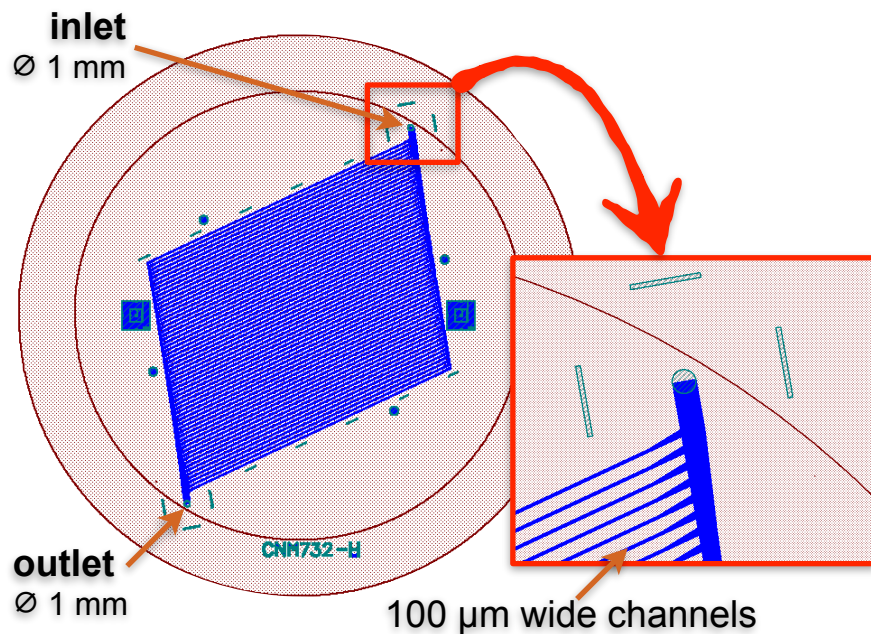
ATLAS Endcap Petal Prototype



Graphite foil laminated into CFRP
combines structural with thermal
management material

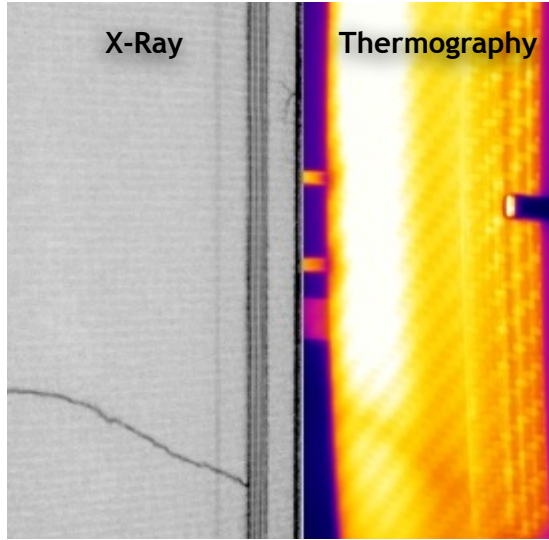
Novel Cooling Concepts

- state-of-the-art cooling systems for detectors rely on heat conduction
- micro-fabricated cooling channels embedded in thin silicon substrates
 - bring coolant to where the heat is actually generated
 - no CTE mis-match between sensitive element and cooling
 - no stress on sensor and no deformation
 - ideal for both X-Ray imagers and HEP
 - Helmholtz-Cube could be test bench

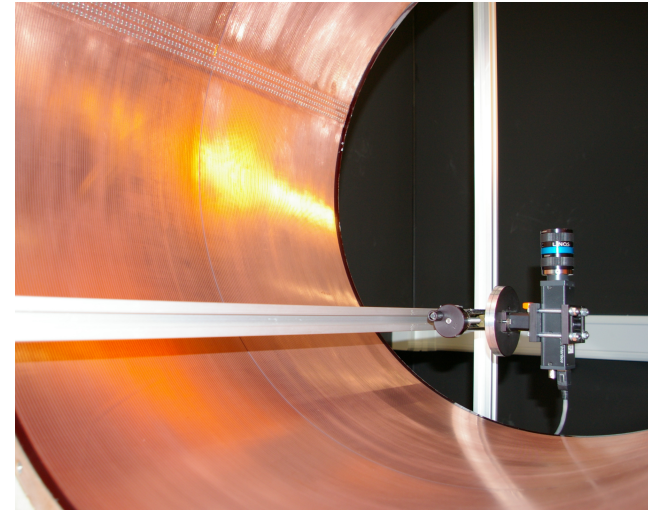


Longevity Engineering

- inner tracking detectors in HEP experiments are typically inaccessible for repair
- a lifetime of ten or more years has to be taken into account
 - already in the design phase and
 - ensured during large scale productions
- engineering design has to guarantee
 - quality of detector components → yield and longevity
 - tolerance to expected radiation levels (e.g. glues)
 - structural integrity (e.g. for up to 100 thermal cycles)



Panda MVD Strip Barrel Stave



Optical Inspection of a
TPC Field Cage

