

# CURRENT STATUS OF DUBNA-MINSK ACTIVITY ON THE CREATION OF SUPERCONDUCTING NIOBIUM CAVITIES

**N.S. Azaryan**<sup>1\*</sup>, M.A. Baturitsky<sup>2</sup>, Ju.A. Budagov<sup>1</sup>, D.L. Demin<sup>1</sup>, S.E. Demyanov<sup>3</sup>, V.V. Glagolev<sup>1</sup>, E.Yu. Kaniukov<sup>3</sup>, V.A. Karpovich<sup>2</sup>, S.V. Kolosov<sup>4</sup>, A.A. Kurayev<sup>4</sup>, N.V. Liubetsky<sup>2</sup>, S.I. Maximov<sup>2</sup>, V.S. Petrakovsky<sup>5</sup>, I.L. Pobol<sup>5</sup>, A.I. Pokrovsky<sup>5</sup>, A.O. Rak<sup>4</sup>, V.N. Rodionova<sup>2</sup>, G.D. Shirkov<sup>1</sup>, N.M. Shumeiko<sup>2</sup>, A.K. Sinitsyn<sup>4</sup>, S.V. Yurevich<sup>5</sup>, A.Yu. Zhuravsky<sup>5</sup>.

*1-JINR, Dubna, Russia; 2-BSU; 3-SSPA SPMRC NASB; 4-BSUIR; 5-PhTI NASB, Minsk, Belarus;*

*\* [azaryan@jinr.ru](mailto:azaryan@jinr.ru)*

In 2011 Dubna-Minsk collaboration started an activity on the development and manufacture the series of superconducting niobium cavities in the enterprises in Belarus.



Belarus State University of Informatics and Radioelectronics (BSUIR) – computer simulations



State Scientific and Production Amalgamation Scientific-Practical Materials Research Centre of NAS of Belarus (SSPA SPMRC NASB) – cryogenic support



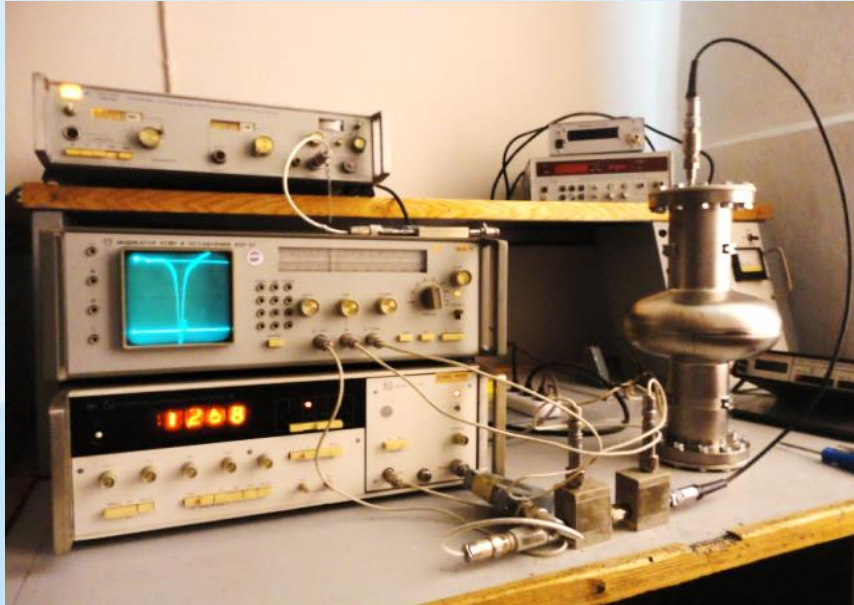
Research Institute for Nuclear Problems of Belarusian State University (INP BSU) – RF measurements



Physical-Technical Institute of National Academy of Sciences of Belarus (PhTI NASB) – cavity manufacturing (deep drawing, electron-beam welding, chemical treatment)



# Warm RF Measurements



Resonant frequency

$$f_0 = 1.273 \text{ GHz}$$

Quality factor

$$Q = 28193$$

$$SWR = 1.01$$

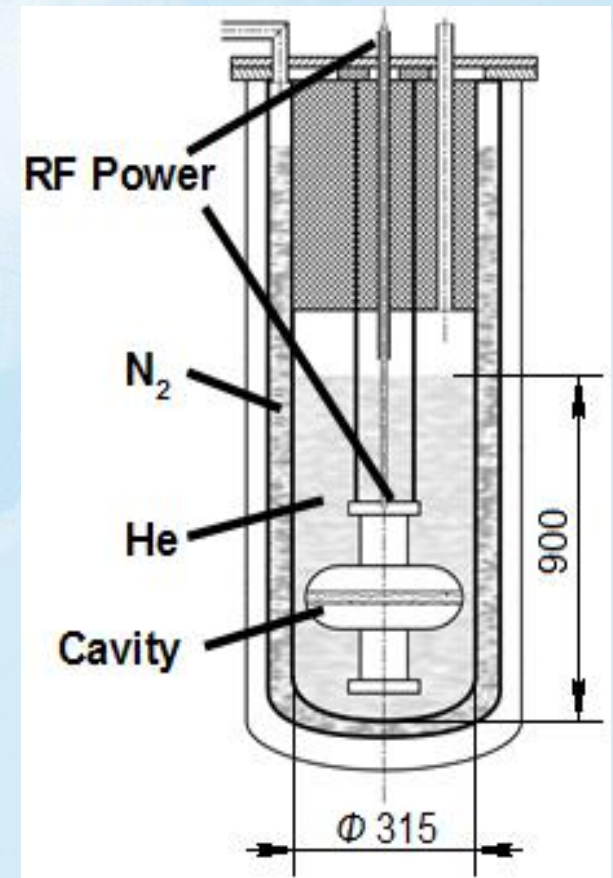


# Cryogenic RF Measurements



**Cryogenic setup** is manufactured and successfully tested at operation temperature of 4.2 K.

Parameter	Value
Operating temperature	4.2 K
Helium vessel volume	70 l
Nitrogen vessel volume	25 l
Helium evaporating rate	0.65 l/h
Nitrogen evaporating rate	1.25 l/h







Resonant frequency  
 $f_0 = 1.285 \text{ GHz}$   
Quality factor  
 $Q > 10^8$





# Choose of Nb-material

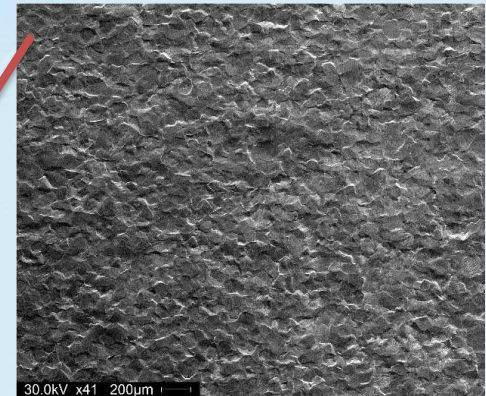
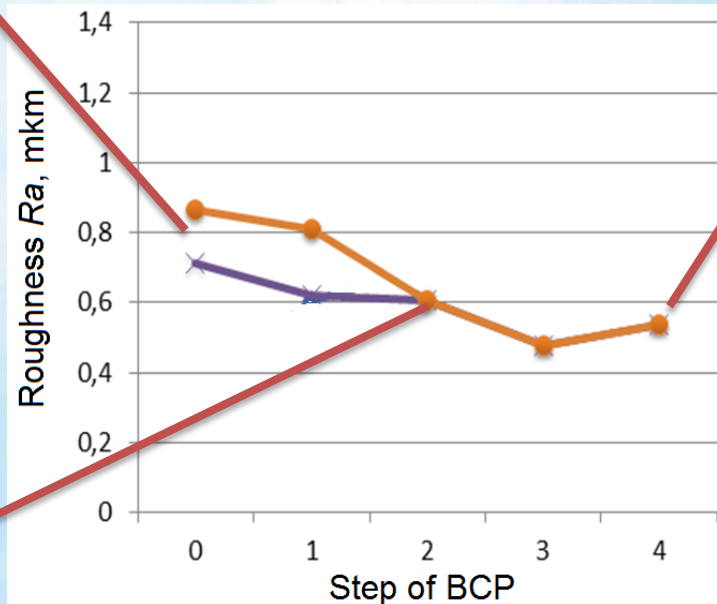
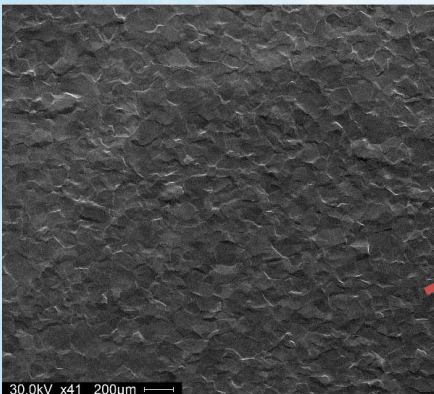
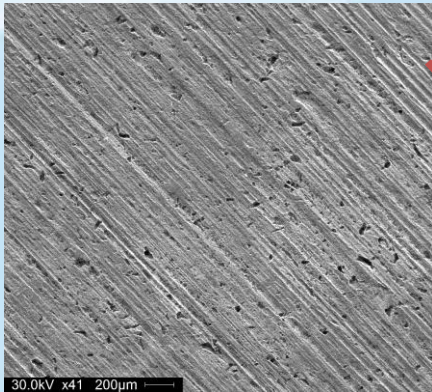
Nb-manufacturer	<i>RRR</i>
Russia	40
Kazakhstan	60
China	300-350



DESY

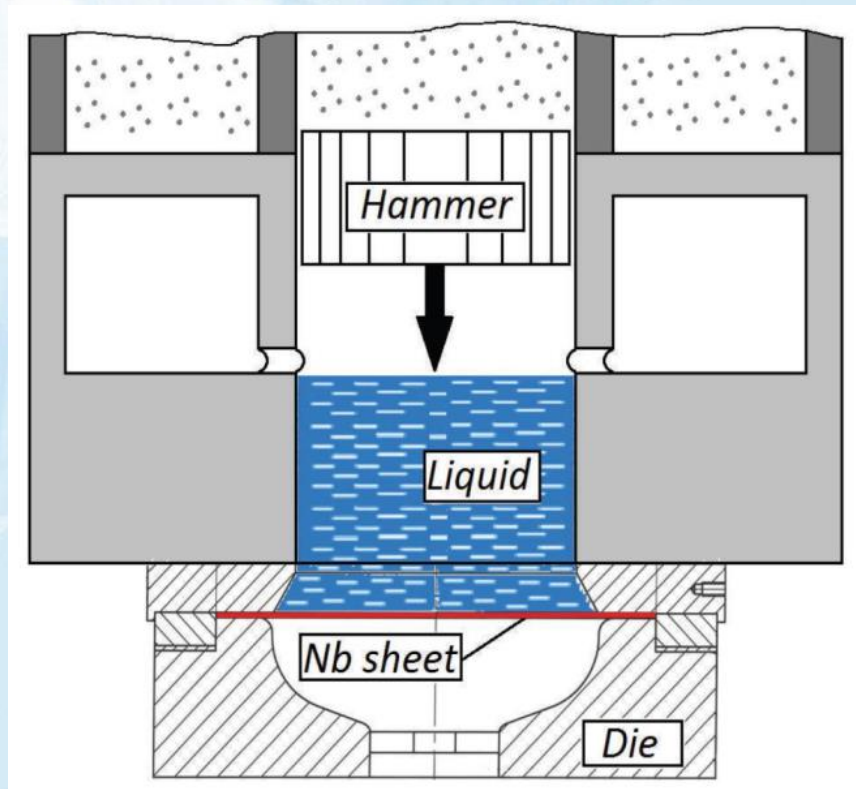


MINSK



# Hydraulic Deep-Drawing

**Deep Drawing** of half-cells is made by the hydraulic punch-free stamping method. This method allowed to avoid the possible damaging of the cavity shape. PhTI NAS of Belarus have equipment for this technology and reach experience in this deal.





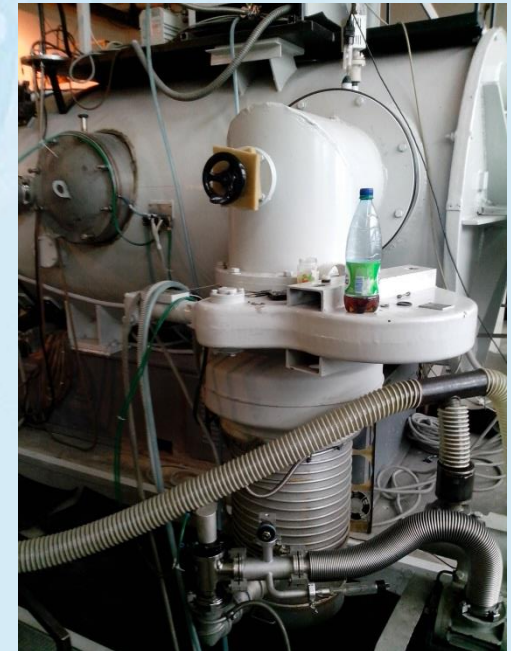
# Electron-Beam Welding



**Electron-Beam Welding** of half-cells will be made in PhTI NAS RB – is the leader in EBW technology in Republic of Belarus. They have a EBW-machine, developed infrastructure and reach experience in EBW technics.

Parameters of EBW setup in PhTI:

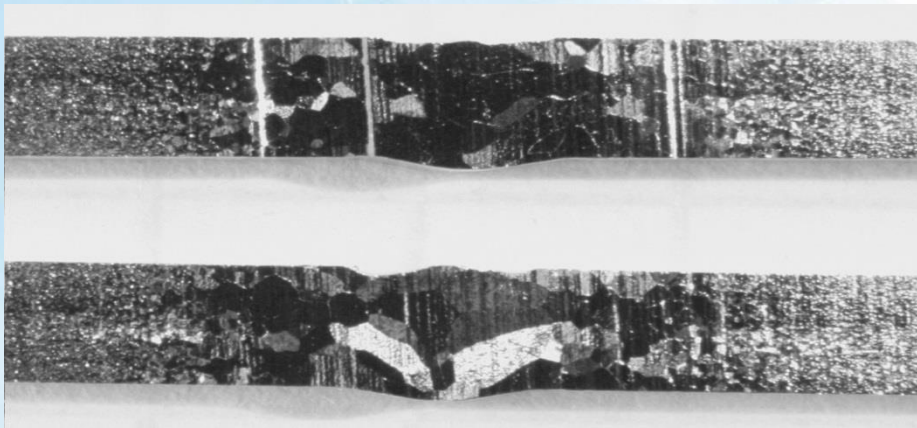
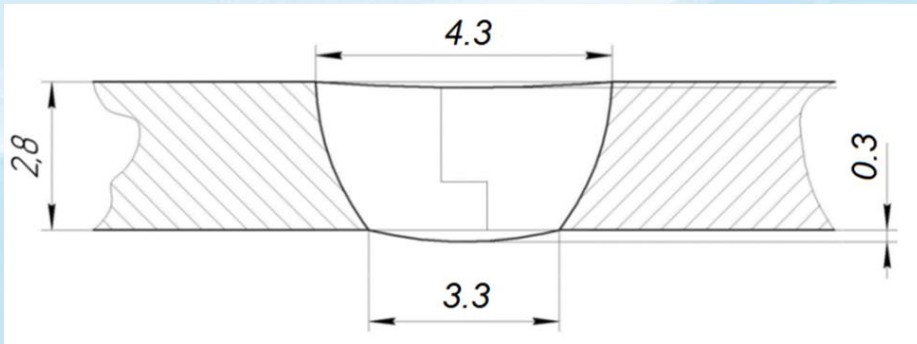
- vacuum chamber -  $\varnothing 1350 \times 2500$  mm;
- electron gun power - 15 kW;
- electron beam current - 250 mA;
- electrons energy - 60 keV.
- vacuum  $5 \cdot 10^{-3}$  Pa (now  $\sim 10^{-4}$  Pa)



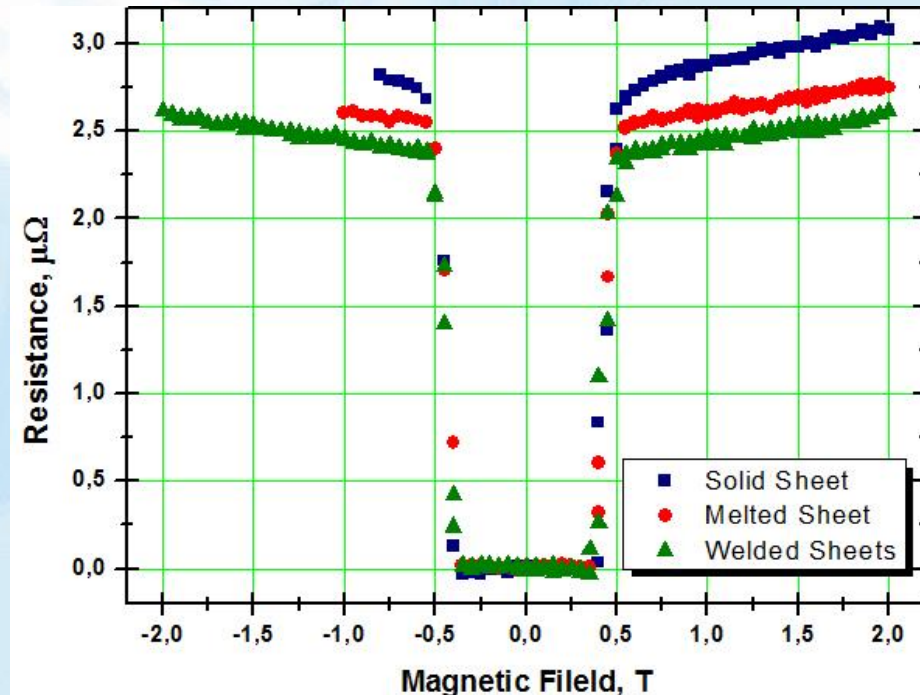
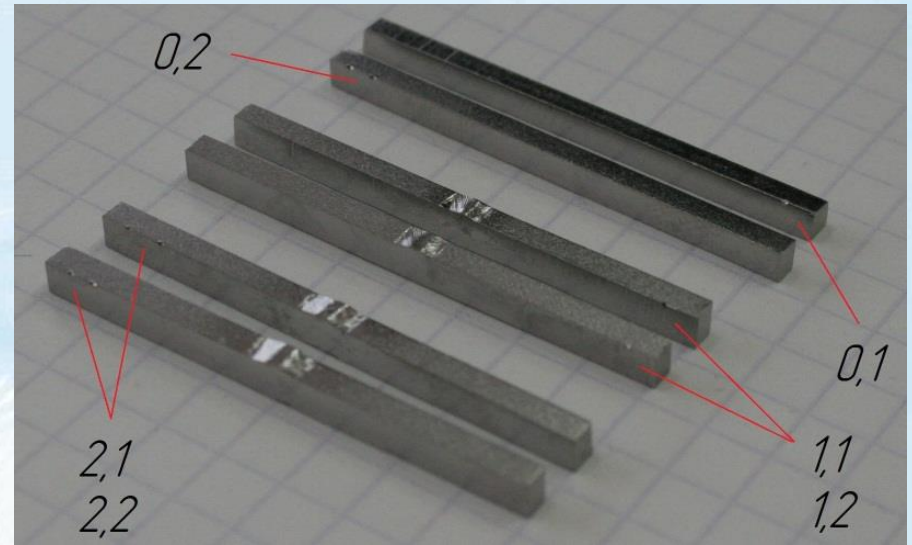


## EBW parameters:

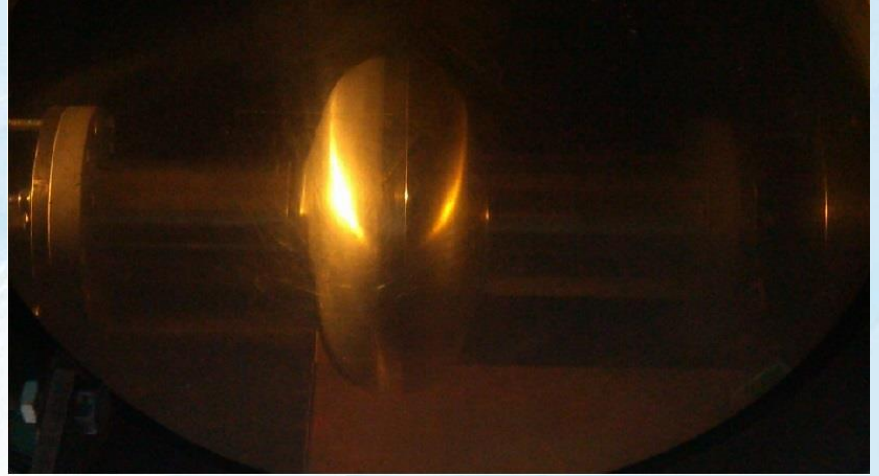
- Beam current – 53 mA
- Beam energy – 60 keV
- Welding velocity – 10 mm/s



$$R_1 = 0.91R_0 \text{ (9\% decrease)}$$
$$R_2 = 0.86R_0 \text{ (14\% decrease)}$$



# First our Complete Cavity made of Al





First production series of 1.3 GHz superconducting niobium single-cell cavities will be manufactured in Minsk by 2015. After the tests in Minsk and Dubna these cavities will be presented to international ILC community for the expertise.

## **ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

We would like to thank our colleagues from FNAL who have kindly supply our research with etalon single-cell niobium cavity and our colleagues from DESY as well who provide us with valuable information on the cavity production technology. We would like to thank personally Xenia and Waldemar Singer from DESY.

# **Thank You for Attention !**