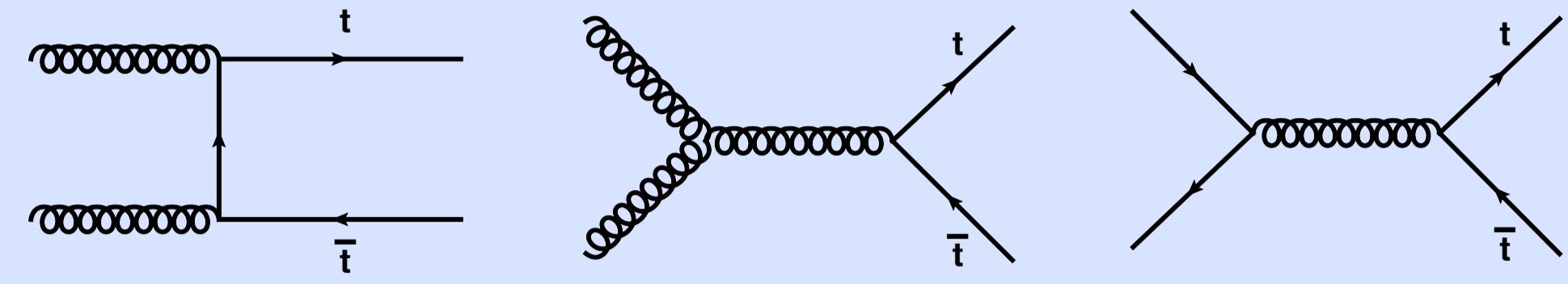


# Probing QCD with Top-Quark Pairs at CMS

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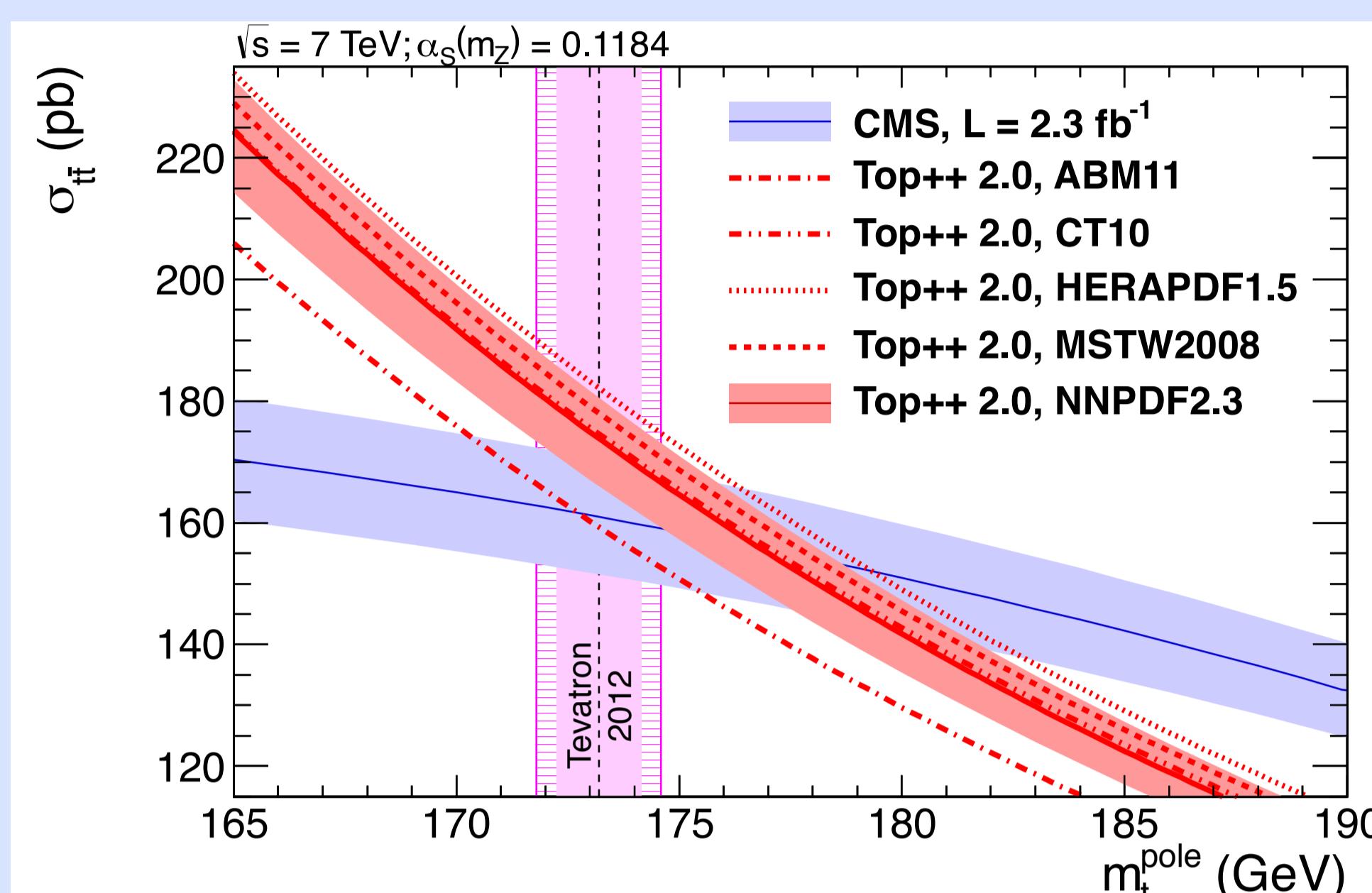
**Top-quark pairs at the LHC are produced predominantly in gluon-gluon fusion.  
The cross section  $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$  depends on the value of  $m_t$ ,  $\alpha_s$ , and the gluon distribution,  $g(x)$ .**



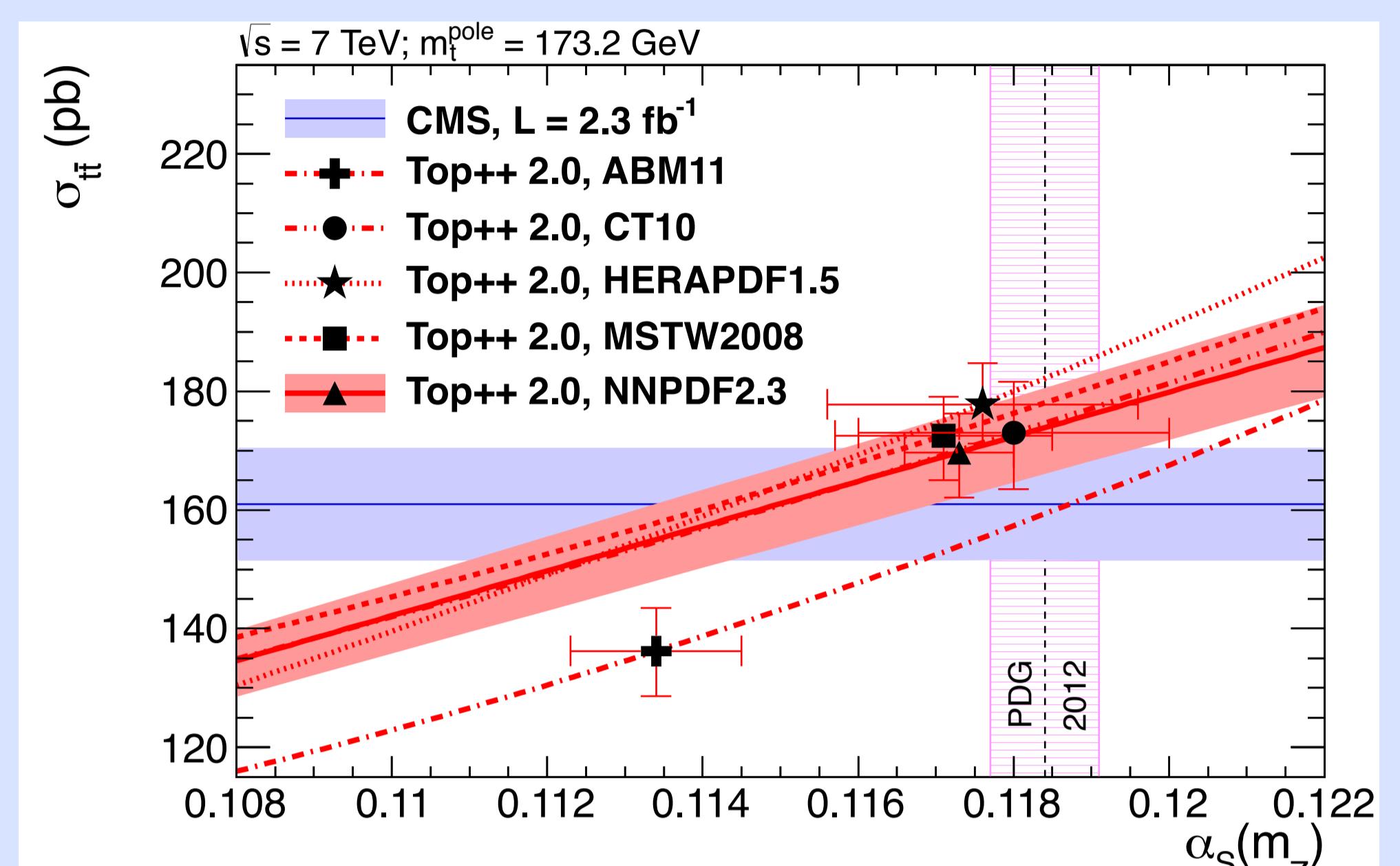
CMS Collaboration,  
Phys. Lett. B728 (2013) 496:

The inclusive cross section for top-pair production as measured by the CMS experiment at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV is compared to the QCD prediction at NNLO using five PDF sets. The pole mass of the top quark,  $m_t$ , or the strong coupling constant,  $\alpha_s$ , are extracted.

Top-pair cross-section as a function of  $m_t$



Top-pair cross-section as a function of  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$



Both  $m_t$  and  $\alpha_s$  alter the prediction for the top-pair production cross section. For the determination of  $\alpha_s$ ,  $m_t$  is fixed to the Tevatron average and for the extraction of  $m_t$ ,  $\alpha_s$  is fixed to the world average. For each PDF set, the most probable values of  $m_t$  or  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$  are obtained.

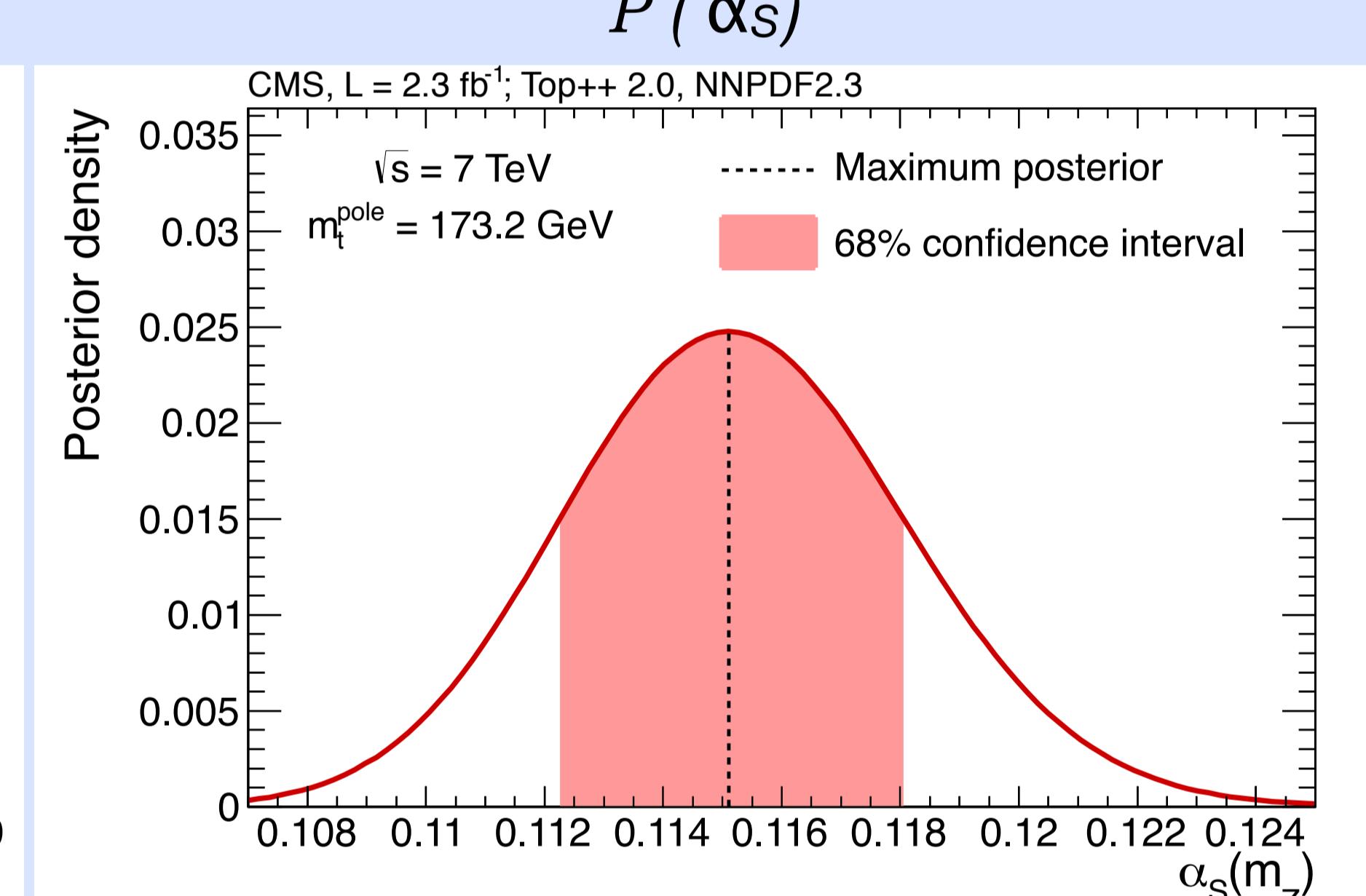
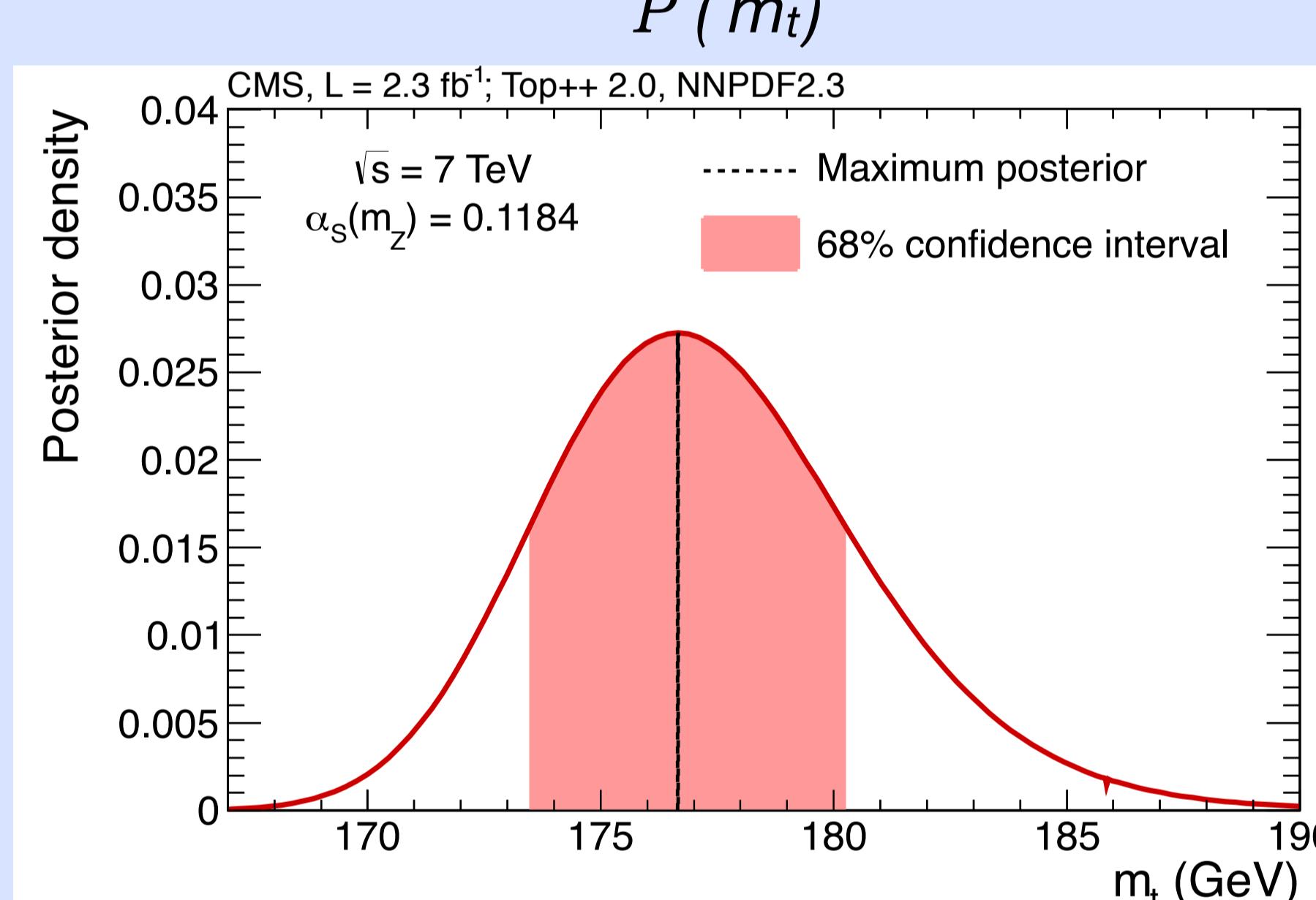
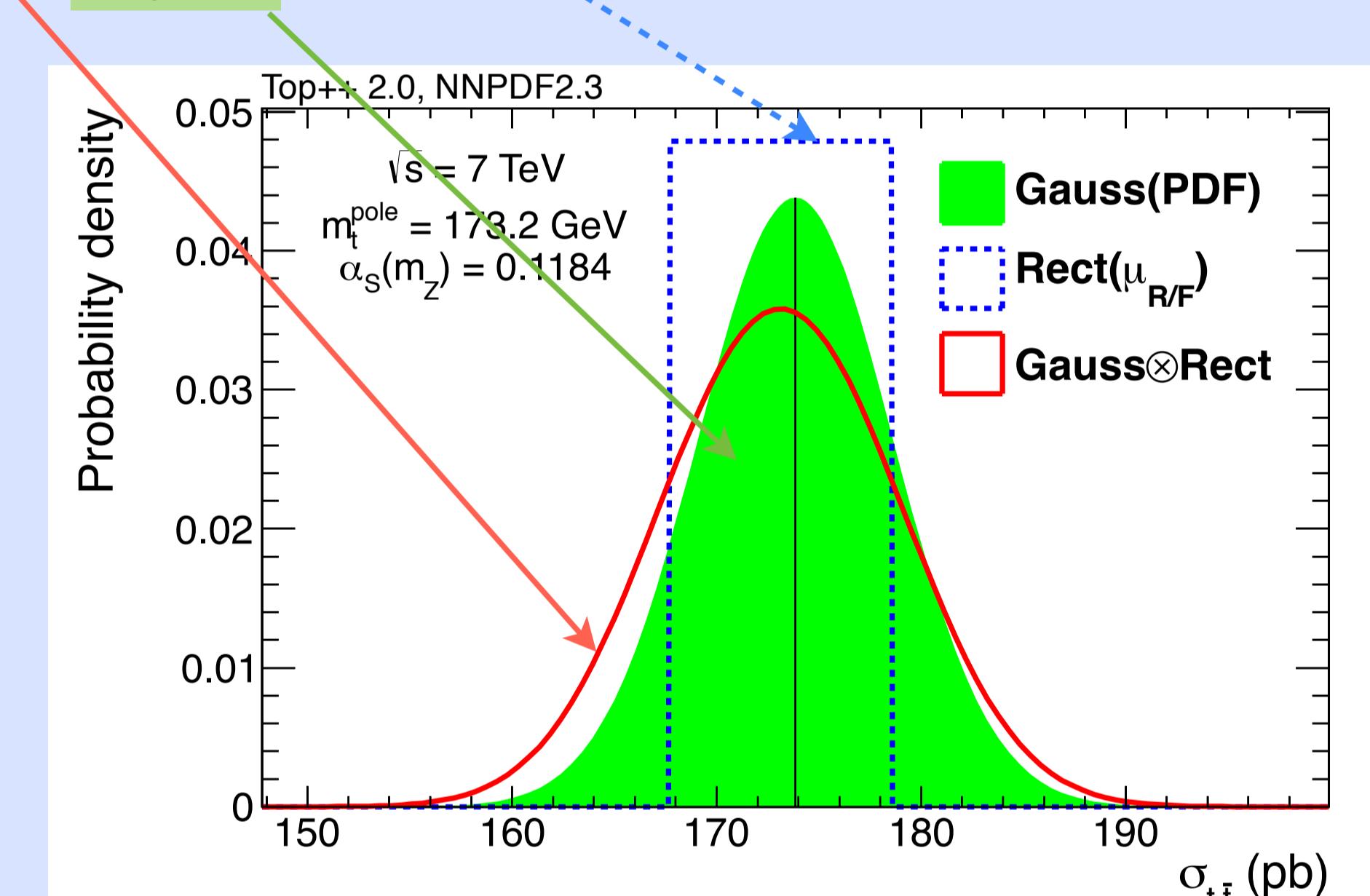
**Probabilistic approach: maximum of marginalized posterior  $P(x) = \int f_{exp}(\sigma_{t\bar{t}}|x) f_{th}(\sigma_{t\bar{t}}|x) d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ ,  $x = m_t$  or  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$**

Probability function for predicted cross section

$$f_{th}(\sigma_{t\bar{t}}) = \mathcal{G}(\delta_{PDF}) \otimes \text{rect}(\sigma_{t\bar{t}}|\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(l)}, \sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(h)}) = \frac{1}{2(\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(h)} - \sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(l)})} \left( \text{erf} \left[ \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(h)} - \sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{\sqrt{2} \delta_{PDF}} \right] - \text{erf} \left[ \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(l)} - \sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{\sqrt{2} \delta_{PDF}} \right] \right)$$

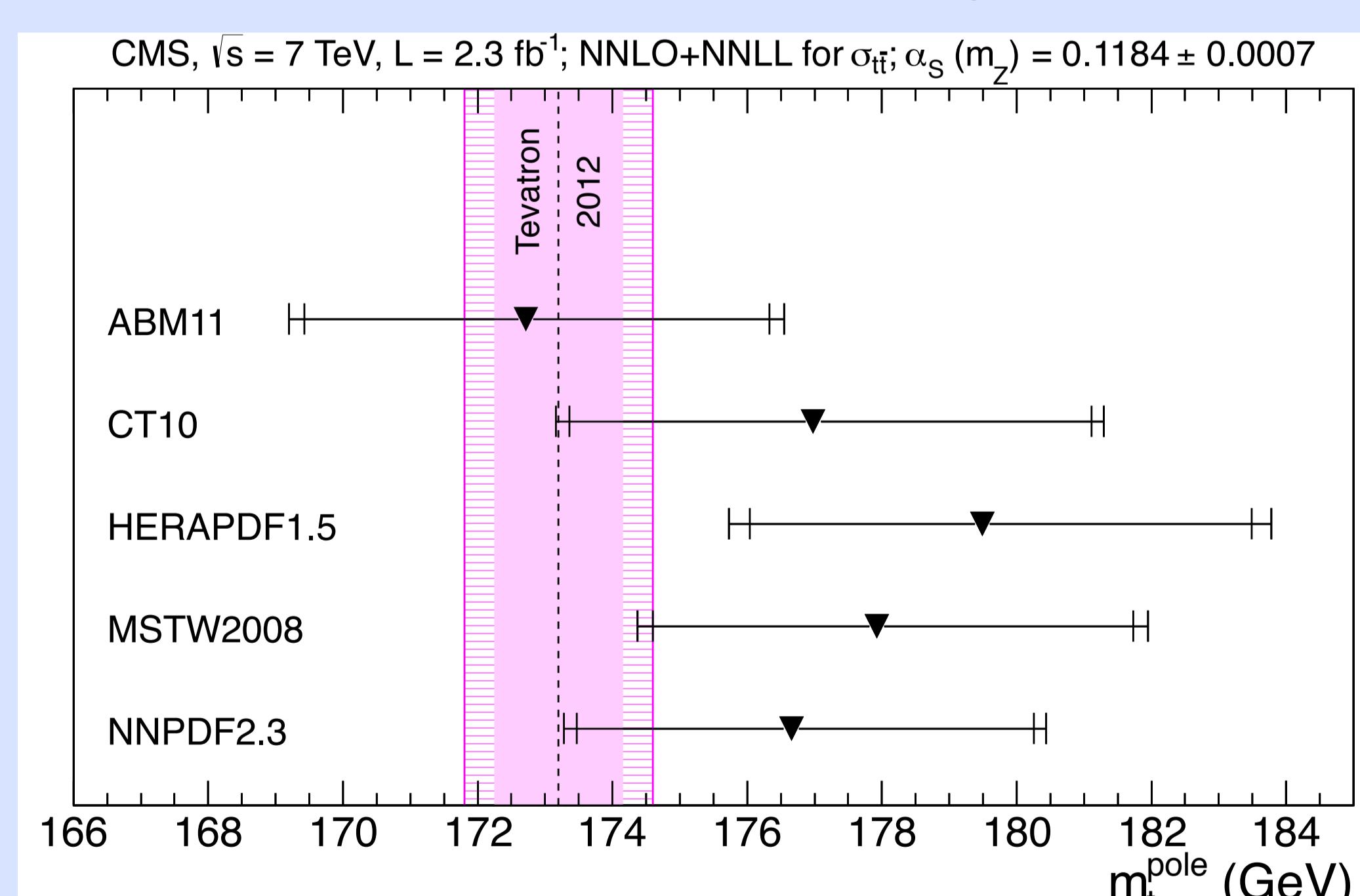
Measured cross section represented by Gaussian probability function  $f_{exp}(\sigma_{t\bar{t}})$

Most probable  $m_t$  or  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$  are obtained from maximum of marginalized posterior:

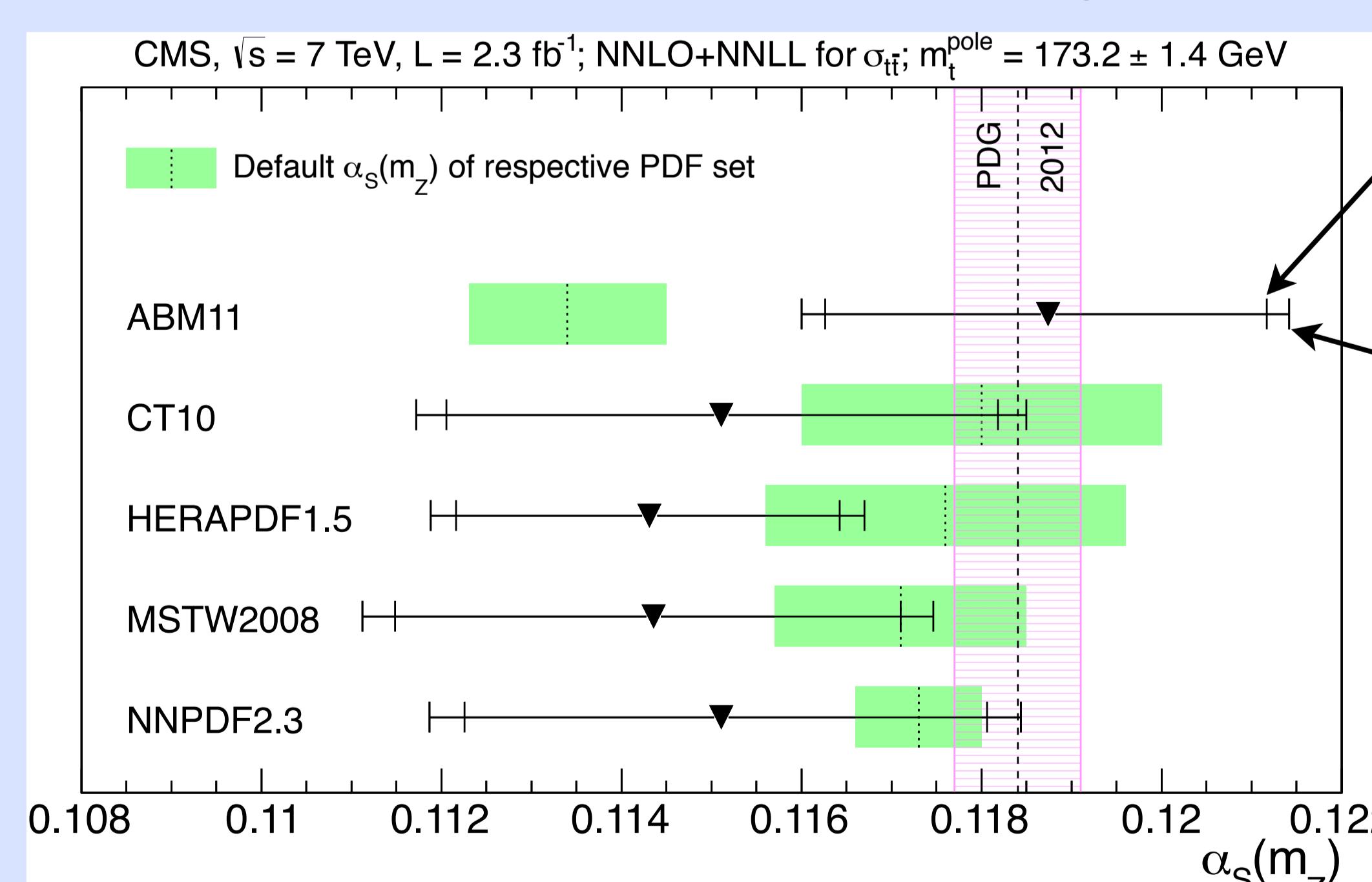


For each PDF set, the most probable values of  $m_t$  and  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$  are obtained.

Values of  $m_t$  obtained by confronting  $\sigma_{exp,t\bar{t}}$  with  $\sigma_{th,t\bar{t}}$



Values of  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$  obtained by confronting  $\sigma_{exp,t\bar{t}}$  with  $\sigma_{th,t\bar{t}}$



inner error bars:  
uncertainty on  $\sigma_{exp,t\bar{t}}$ ,  $E_{beam}^{LHC}$ ,  
PDF and scale variation in  $\sigma_{th,t\bar{t}}$

outer error bars: uncertainty on  $m_t$  and  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$  (world average)

Results agree with world average

Consistent for different PDFs

Theory uncertainty (scales) ~1%

Using NNPDF2.3: pole mass of the top quark  $m_t = 176.7^{+3.8}_{-3.4}$  GeV, strong coupling constant  $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.1151^{+0.0033}_{-0.0032}$