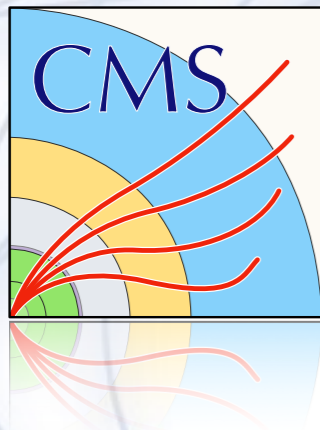


# Search for $t\bar{t}$ resonances in CMS

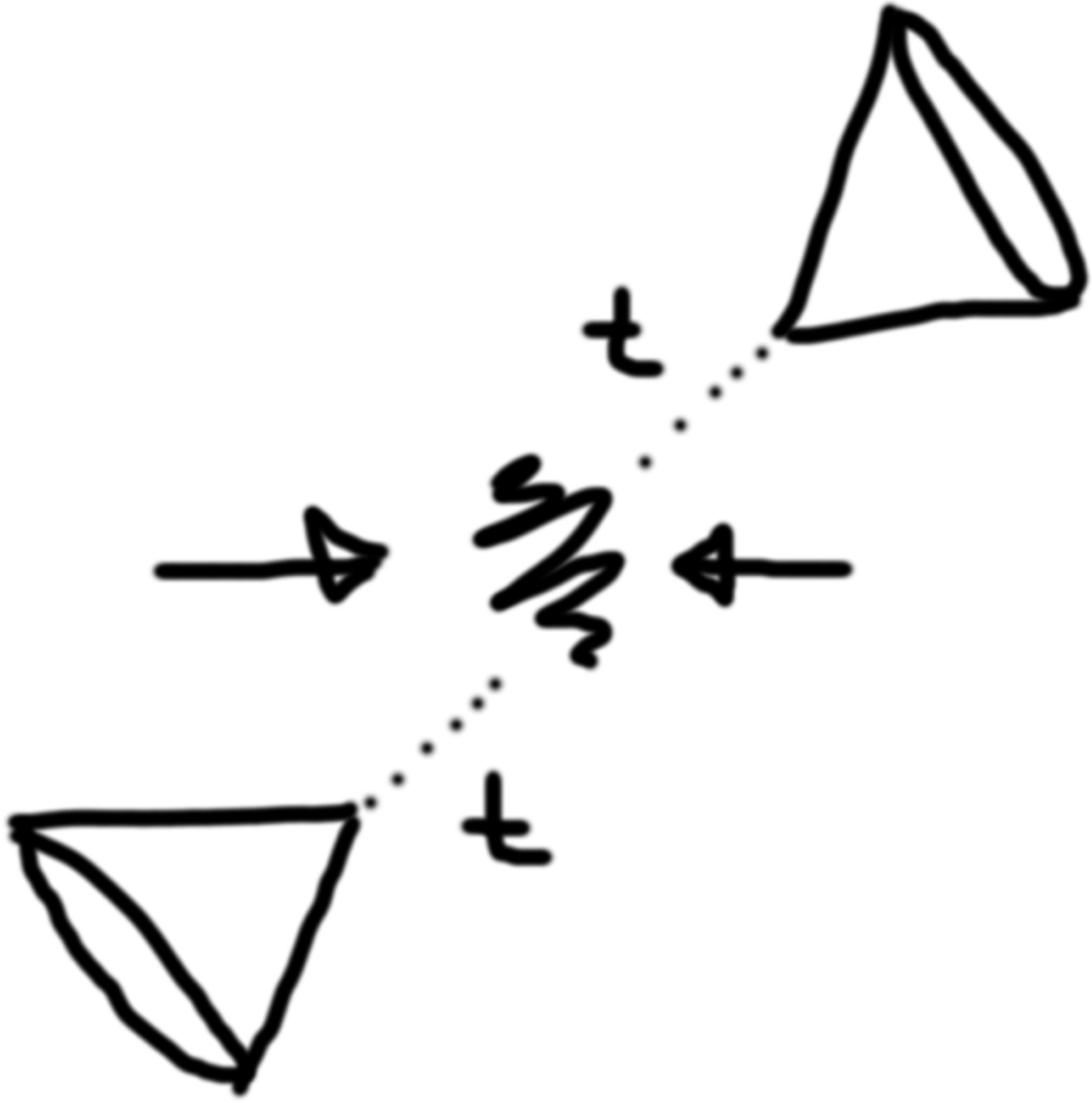
Emanuele Usai

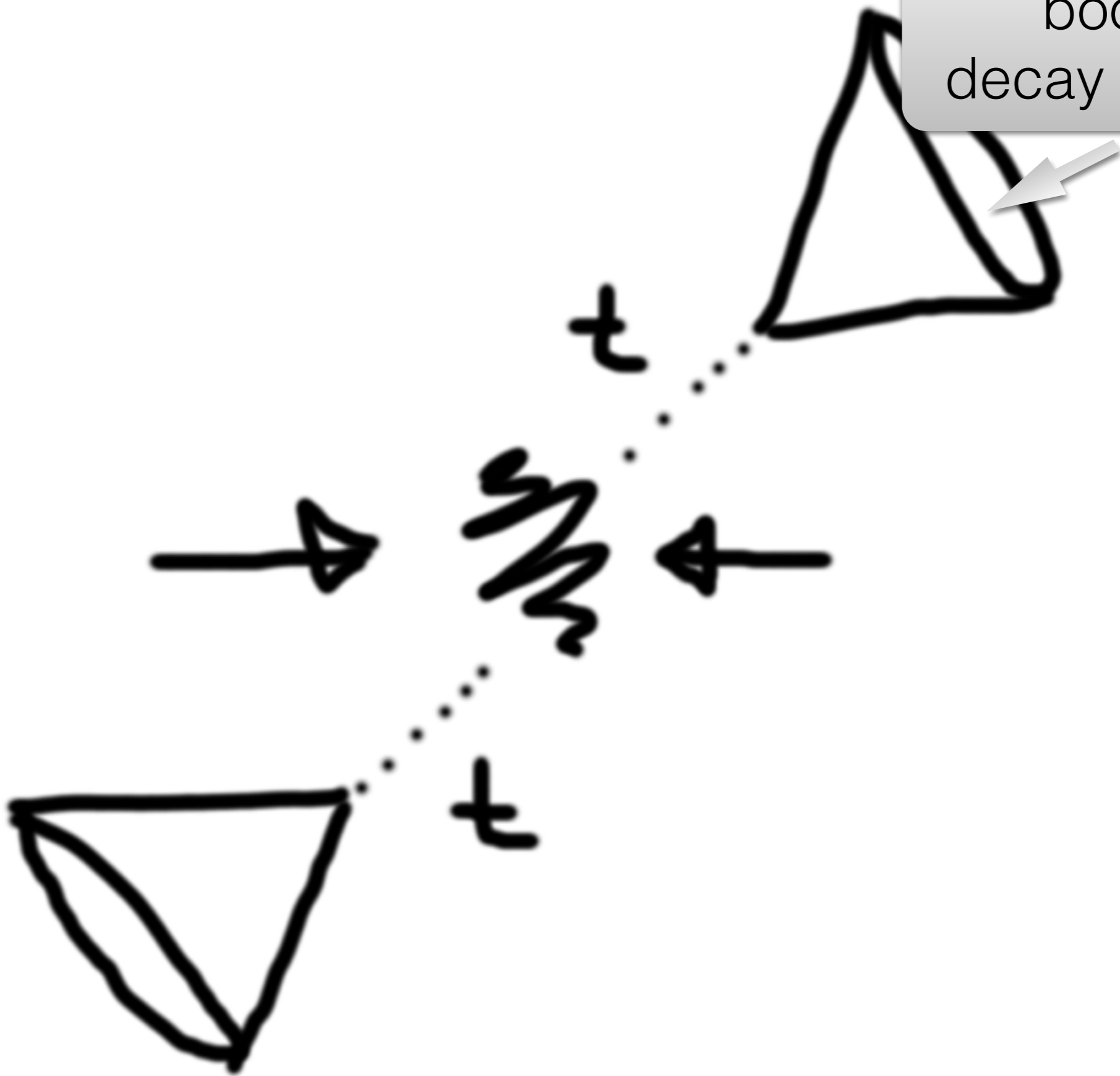


Universität Hamburg

8th Helmholtz Alliance Workshop on “Physics at the Terascale”

2 December 2014

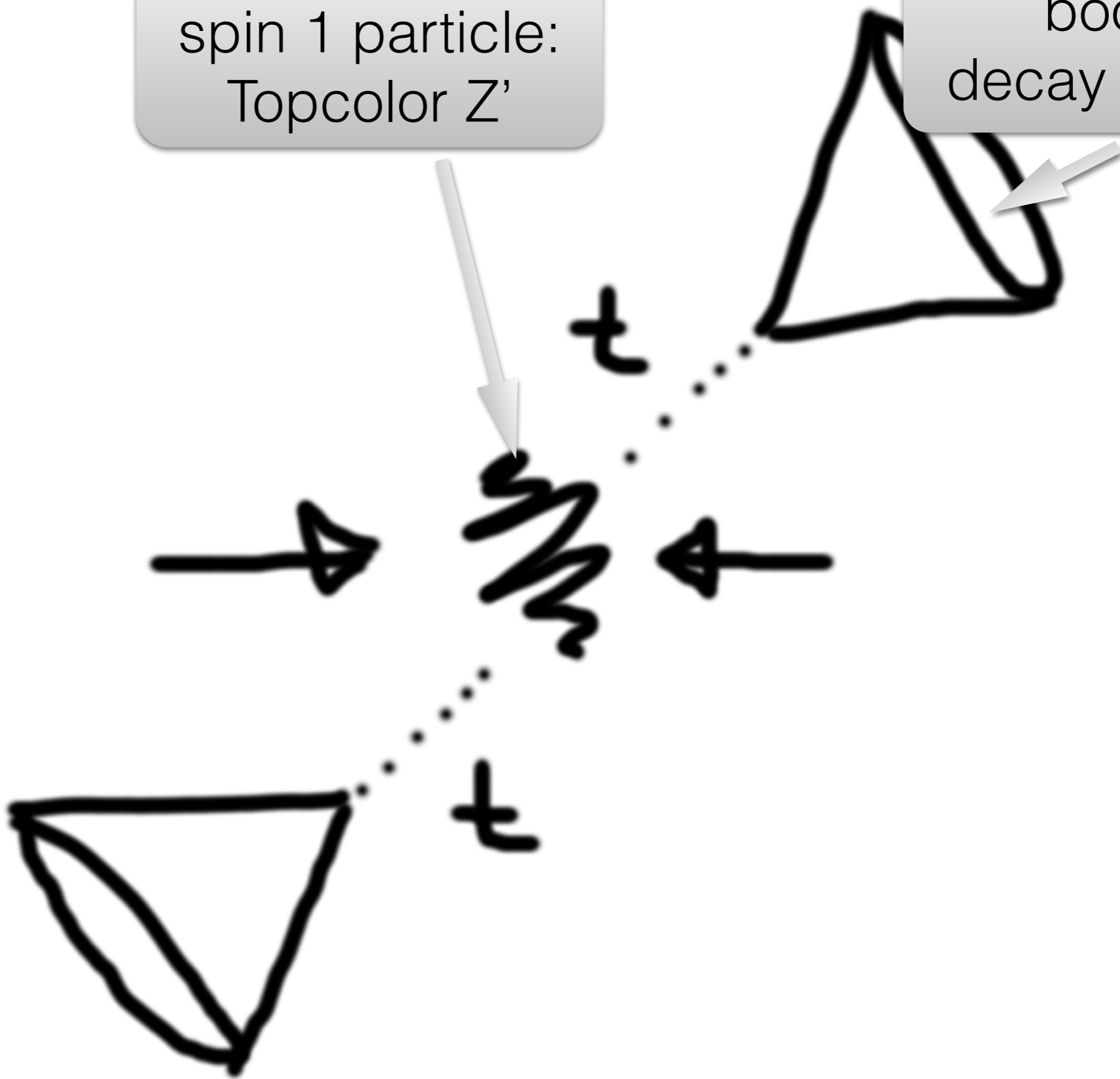




high-momentum,  
boosted  
decay products

benchmark for  
spin 1 particle:  
Topcolor  $Z'$

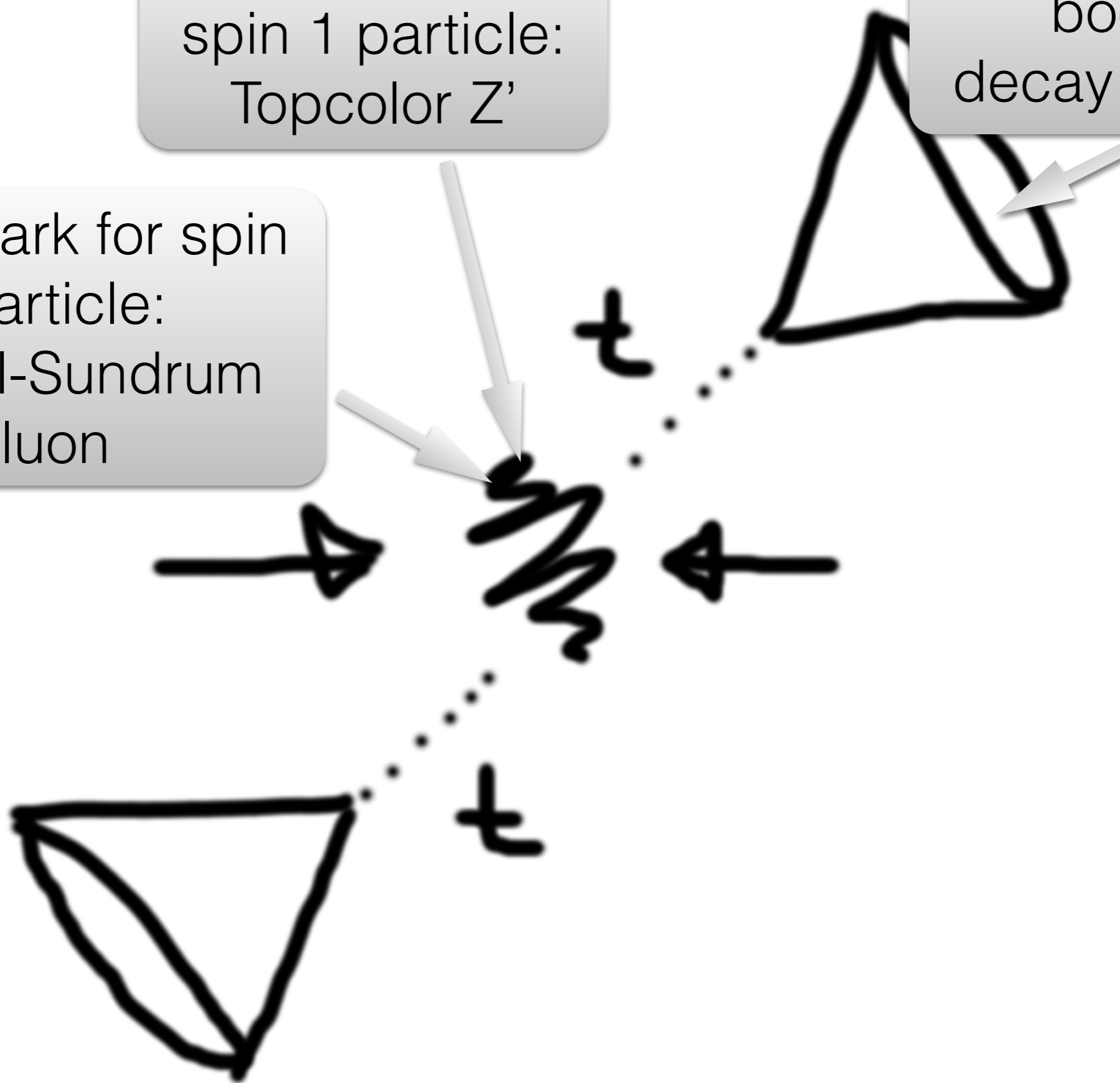
high-momentum,  
boosted  
decay products



benchmark for  
spin 1 particle:  
Topcolor  $Z'$

high-momentum,  
boosted  
decay products

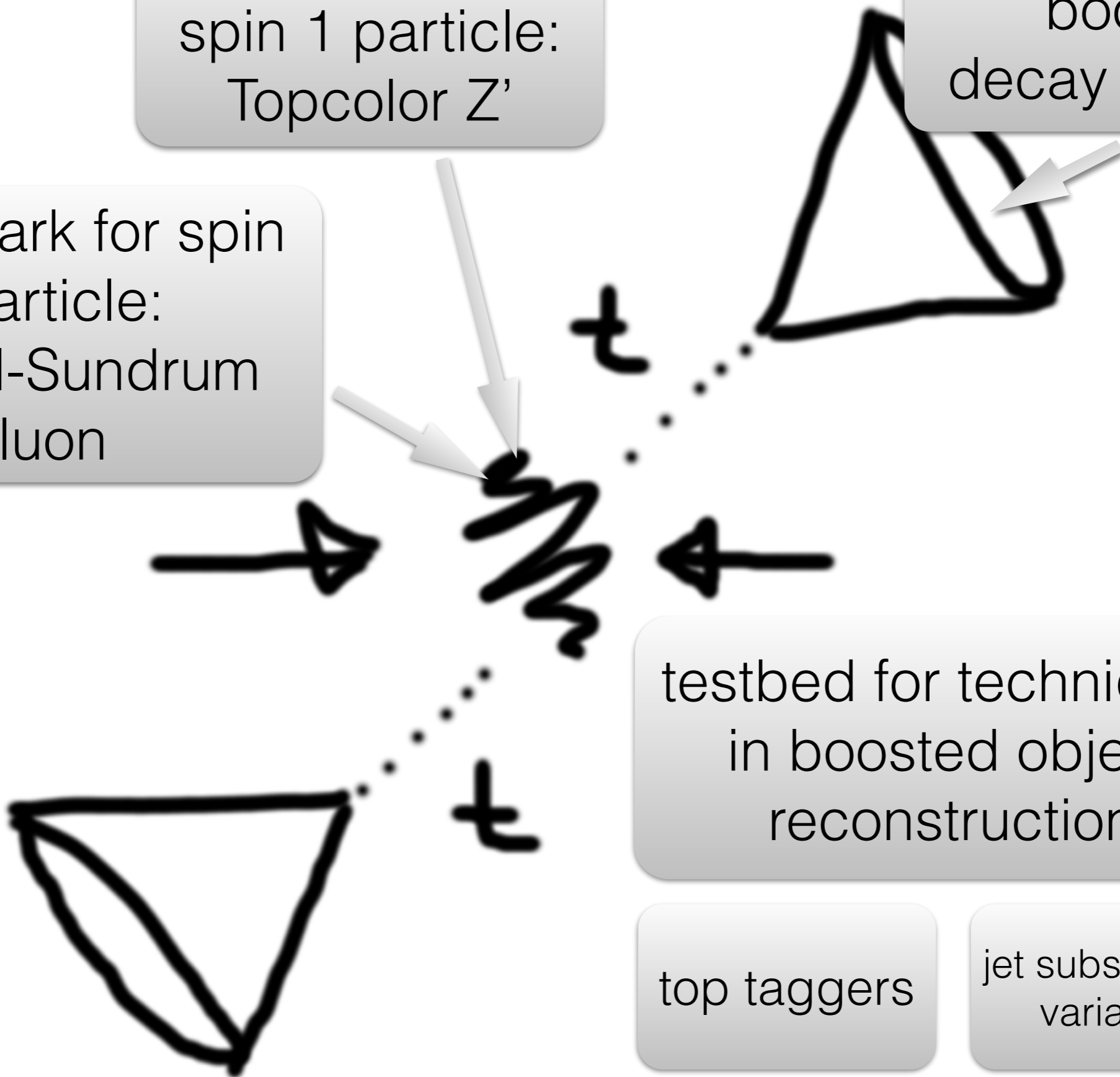
benchmark for spin  
2 particle:  
Randall-Sundrum  
gluon



benchmark for  
spin 1 particle:  
Topcolor  $Z'$

high-momentum,  
boosted  
decay products

benchmark for spin  
2 particle:  
Randall-Sundrum  
gluon



- current status
- improvements to the  
all hadronic analysis

# current status

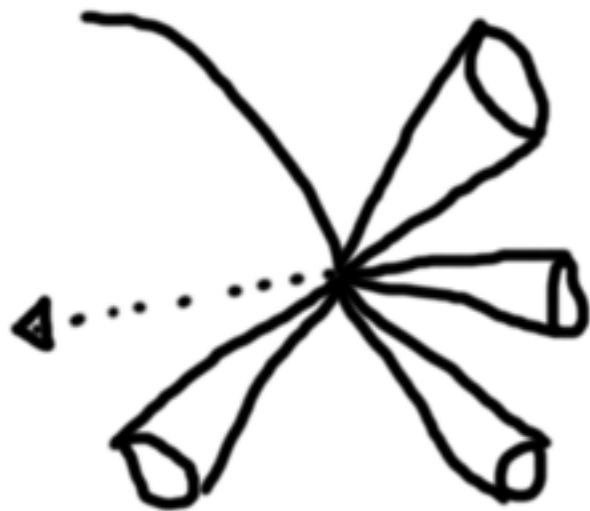
(arXiv:1309.2030)



# strategy

semileptonic  
“resolved”

ideal for low mass  
resonances



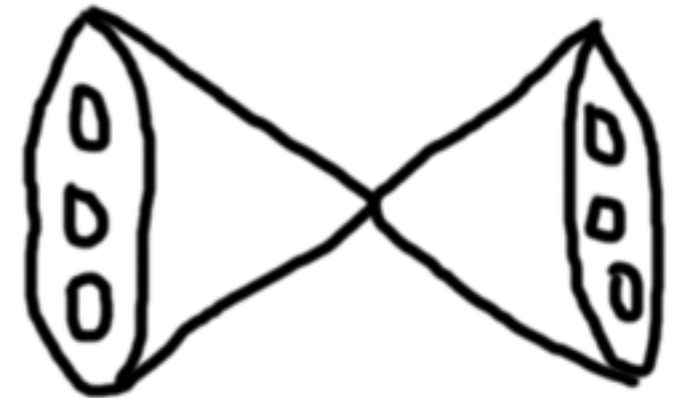
semileptonic  
“boosted”

ideal for high  
mass resonances

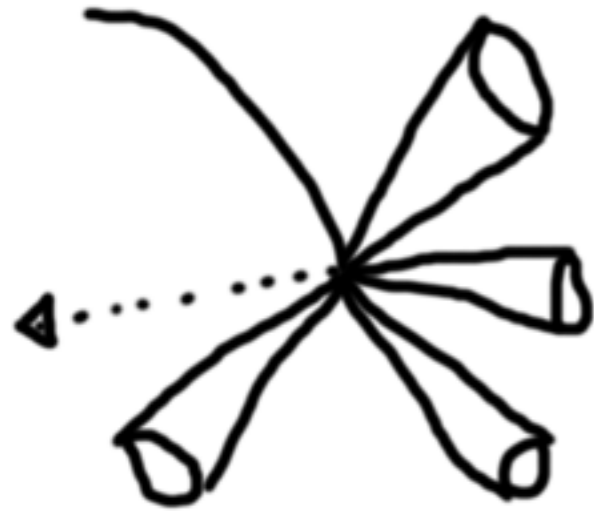


boosted  
all hadronic

challenging final  
state



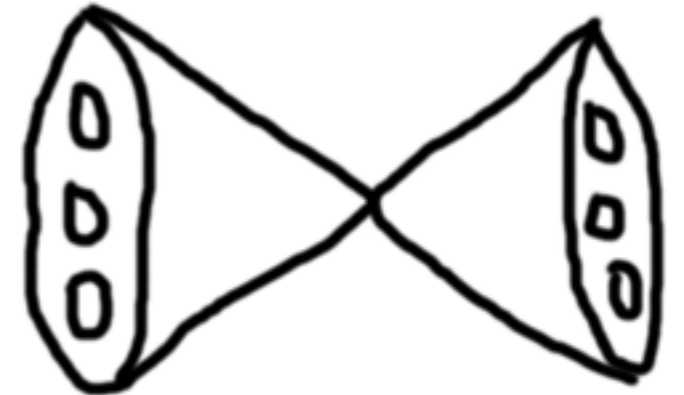
# selection



- isolated  $\mu$  or  $e$  ( $p_T > 26, 30$  GeV)
- 4 jets,  $p_T > 70, 50, 30, 30$  GeV
- MET  $> 20$  GeV
- N(btag)=1 or  $>1$

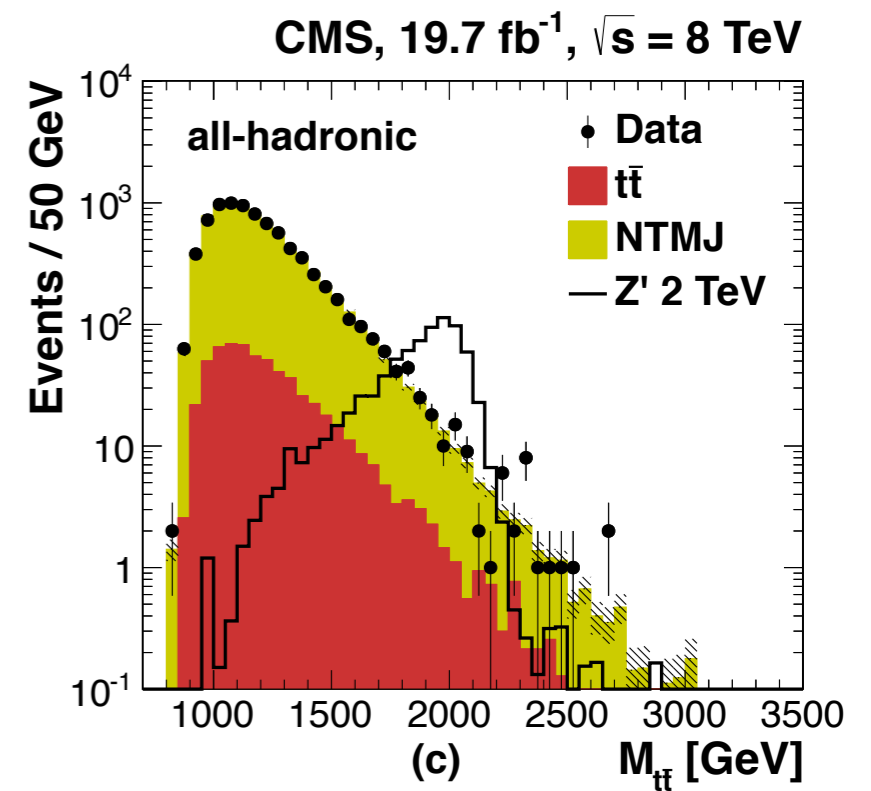
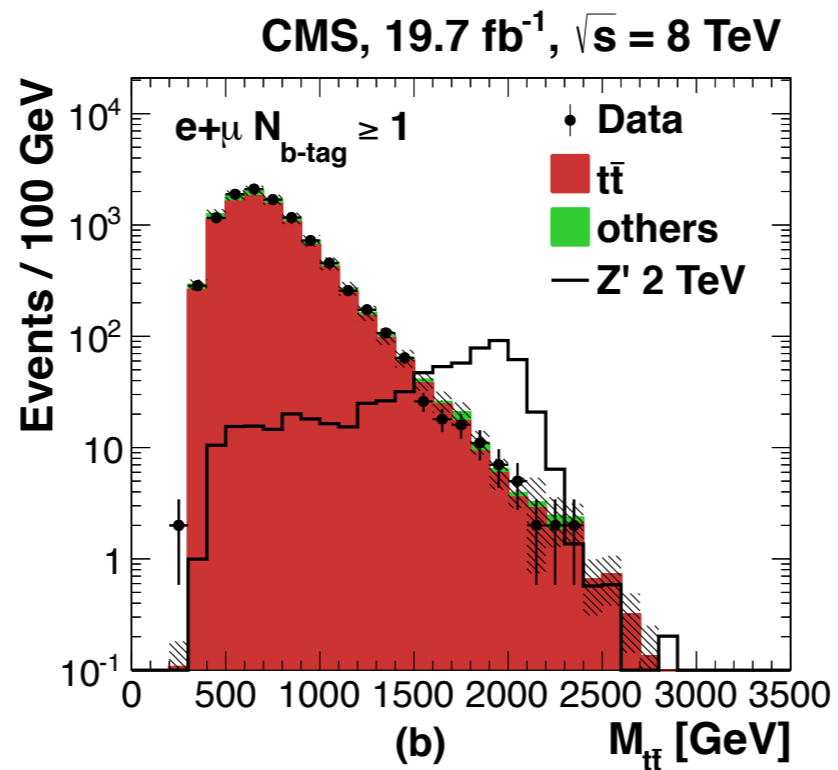
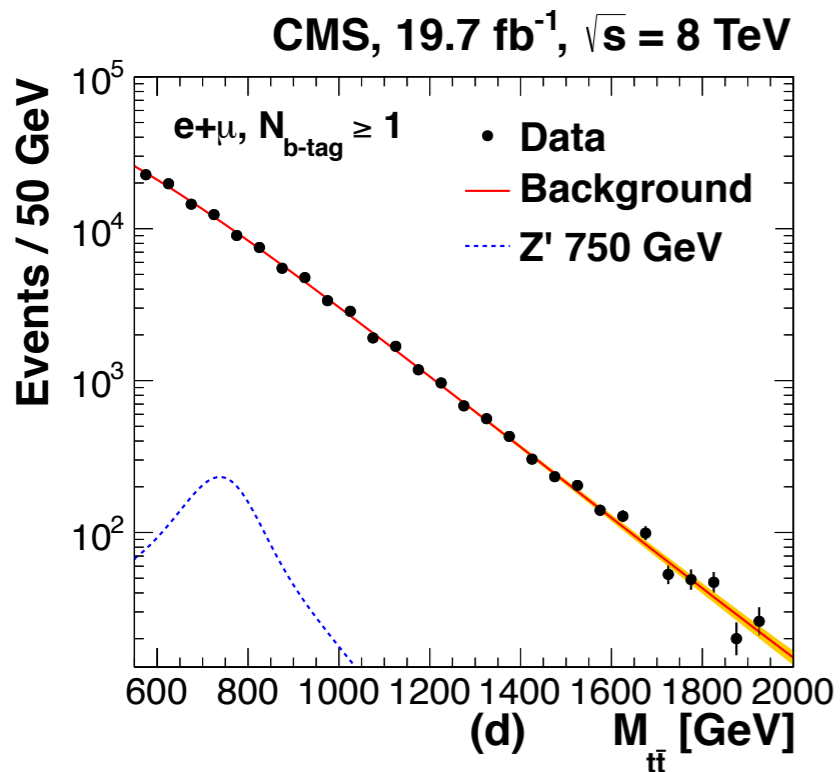
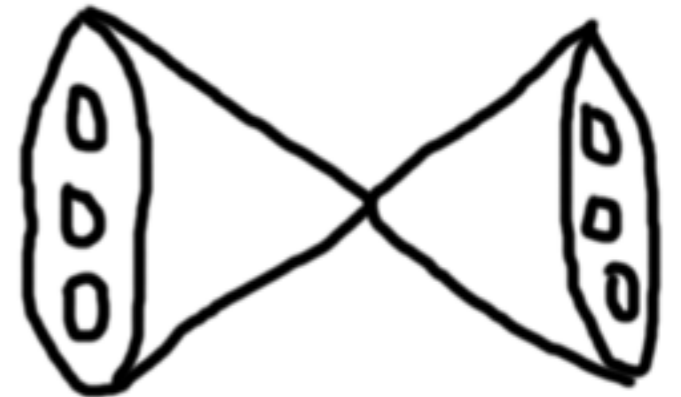
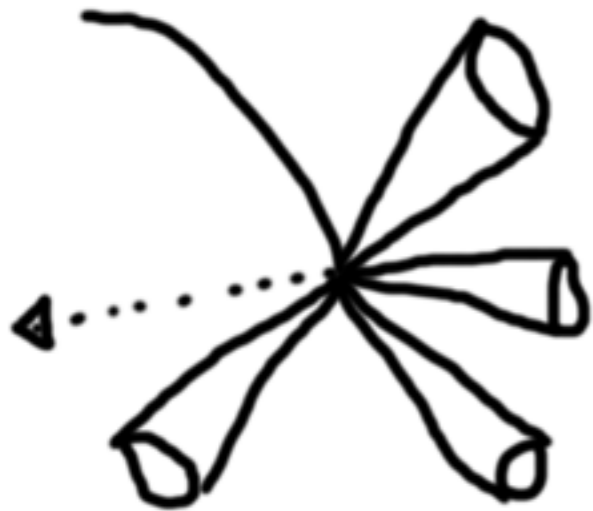


- non isolated  $\mu$  or  $e$  ( $p_T > 45, 35$  GeV)
- 2 jets,  $p_T > 150, 50$  GeV
- MET  $> 50$  GeV  
MET+pT(lepton)  $> 150$  GeV
- N(btag)=0 or  $>0$



- 2 R=0.8 jets,  $p_T > 400$  GeV
- 2 x CMSTopTag
- $|\Delta\phi| > \pi/2, |\Delta y| < 1$

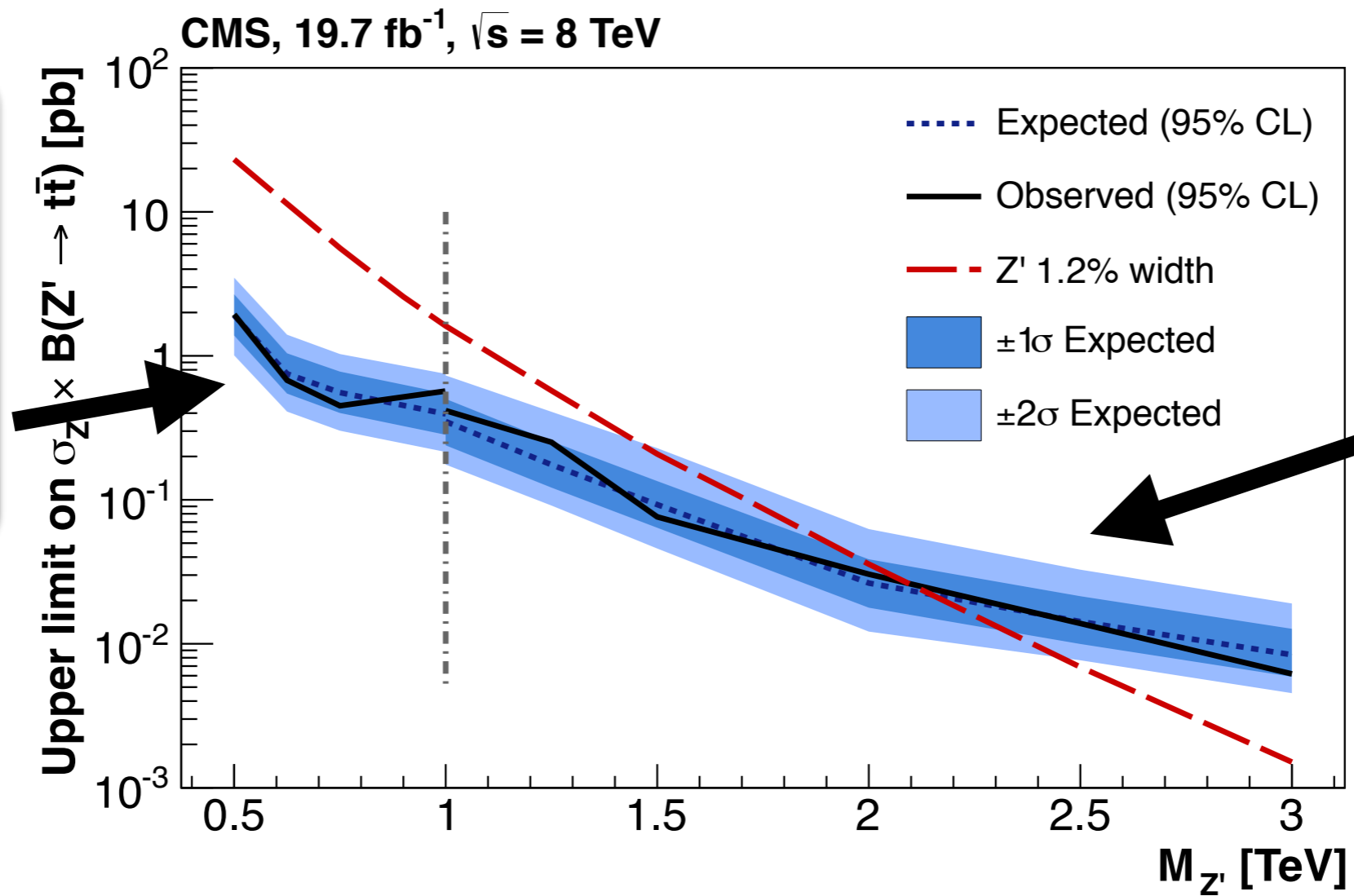
# results



(arXiv:1309.2030)

# results

resolved analysis



boosted analysis

semileptonic  
+  
all hadronic

Model	Observed Limit	Expected Limit
$Z', \Gamma_{Z'} / M_{Z'} = 1.2\%$	2.1 TeV	2.1 TeV
$Z', \Gamma_{Z'} / M_{Z'} = 10\%$	2.7 TeV	2.6 TeV
RS KK gluon	2.5 TeV	2.4 TeV

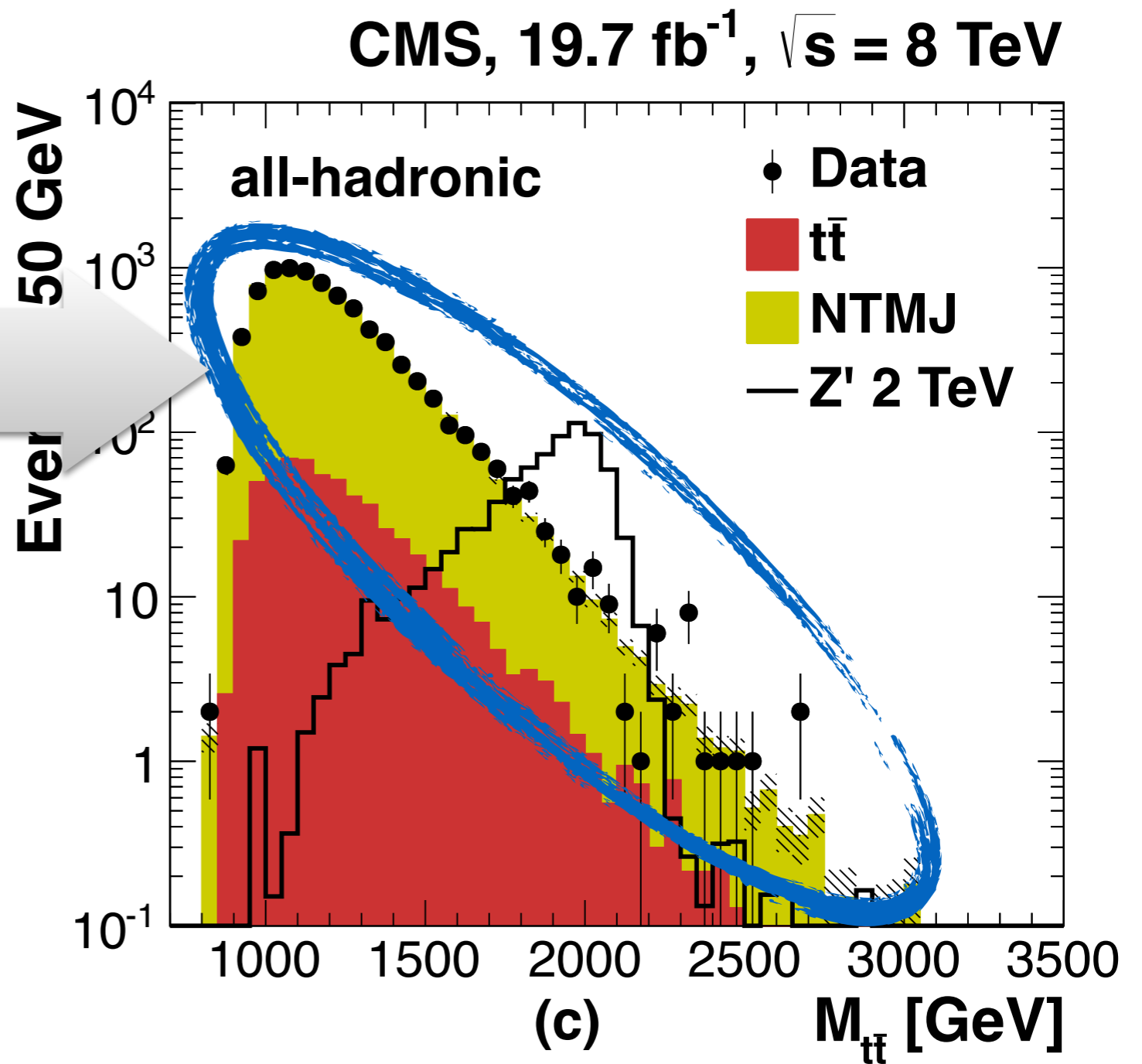
(arXiv:1309.2030)<sup>12</sup>

improvements to  
the all hadronic  
analysis

# the problem

analysis spoilt  
by multijet  
background

this is reducible  
background

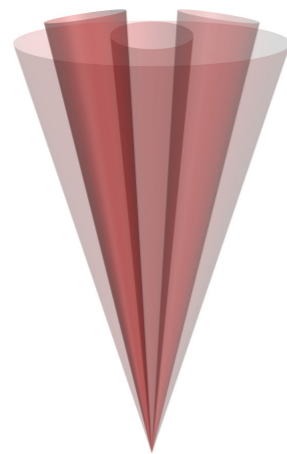


# top tagging

## CMS Top Tagger

(Kaplan et al., arXiv:0806.0848)

CA Jet,  $R = \sqrt{\Delta\phi^2 + \Delta\eta^2} = 0.8$



$p_T \gtrsim 400$  GeV

- ▶ Covers very boosted region
- ▶ Uses adjacency and  $p_T$  fraction filtering to find up to 4 subjets

## HEP Top Tagger

(Plehn et al., arXiv:1006.2833)

CA Jet,  $R = \sqrt{\Delta\phi^2 + \Delta\eta^2} = 1.5$



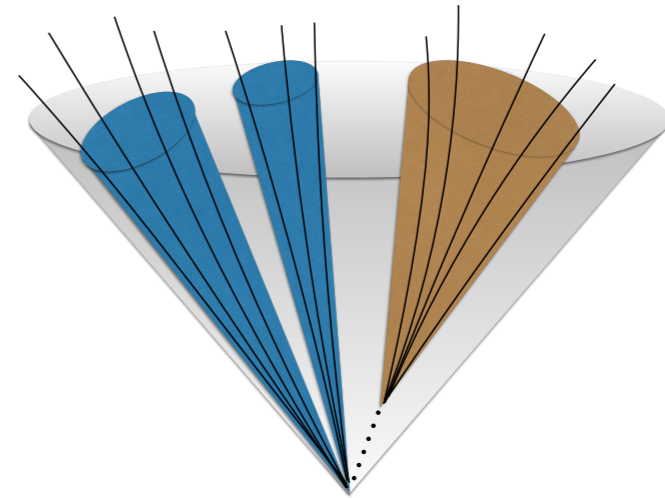
$p_T \gtrsim 200$  GeV

- ▶ Covers transition region from moderate to large boosts
- ▶ Uses mass drop and filtering to find 3 subjets, apply  $m_W$  cuts
- ▶ recently commissioned in CMS

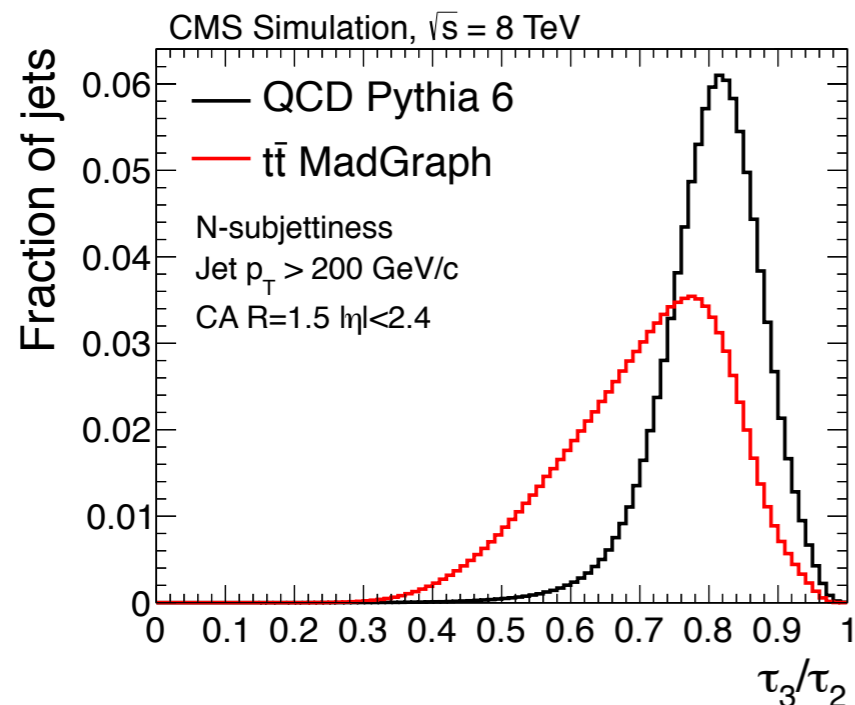
# Further jet substructure techniques

## Subjet b-tagging

- ▶ based on Combined Secondary Vertex (CSV): secondary vertex + single track information.
- ▶ CSV b-tagger applied to subjets



## N-subjettiness $\tau_N$

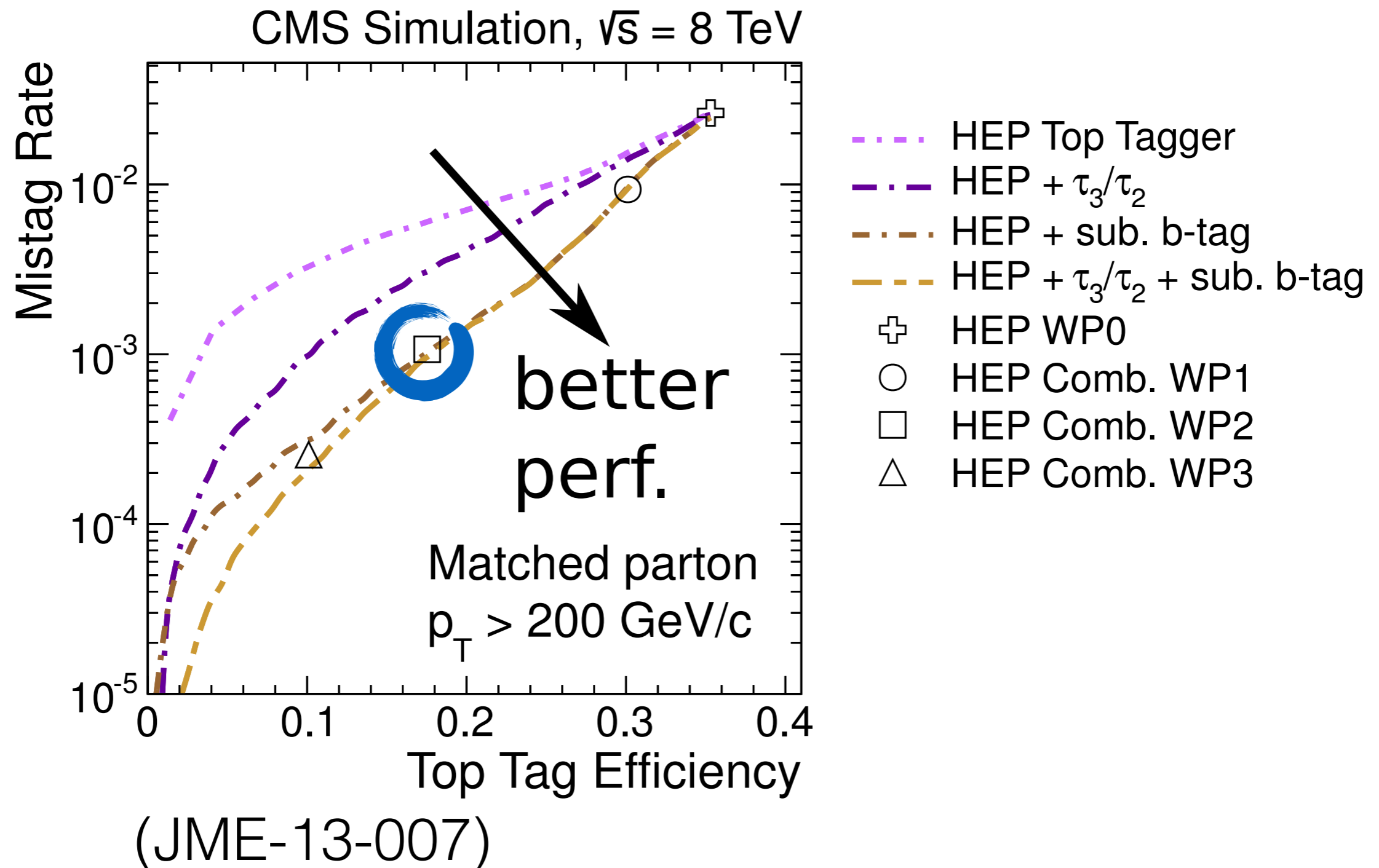


- ▶ measures how many subjets a jet has
- ▶  $\tau_N \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow$  likely to have N subjets
- ▶  $\tau_3/\tau_2$  interesting for top jets

(JME-13-007)



# performance

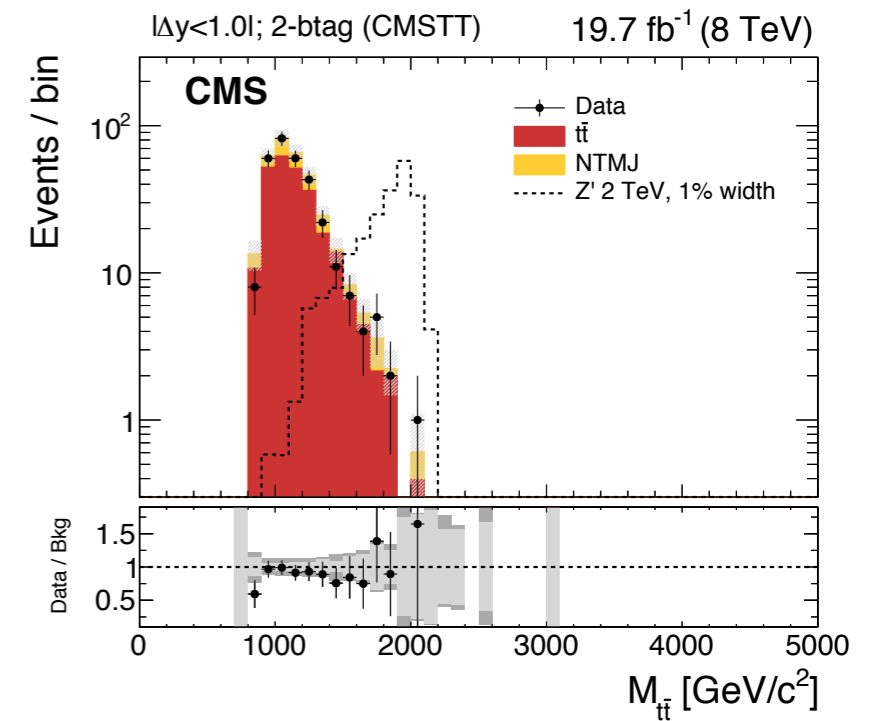
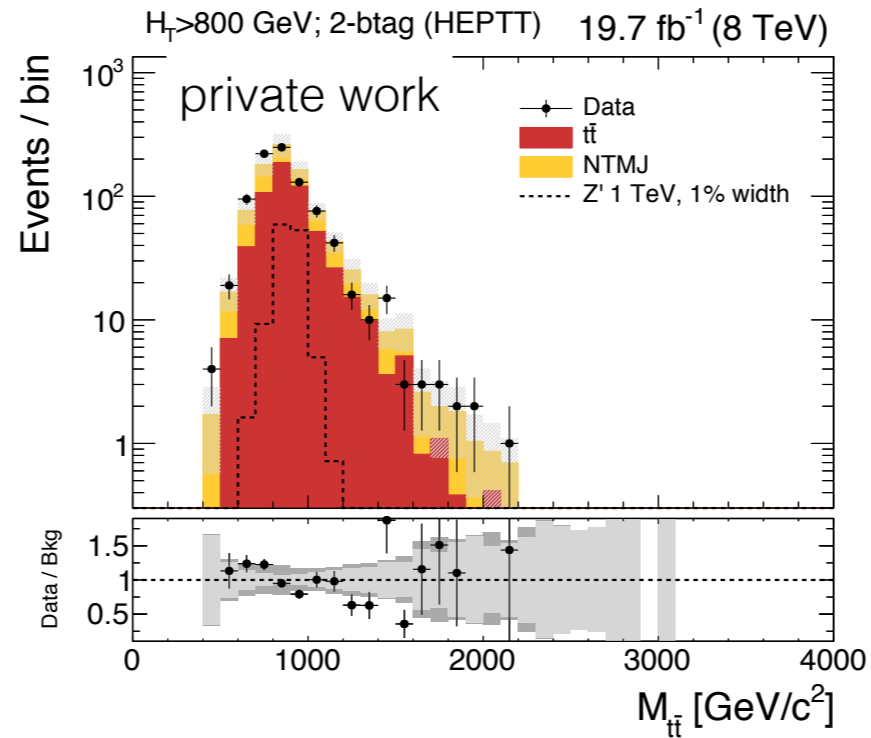
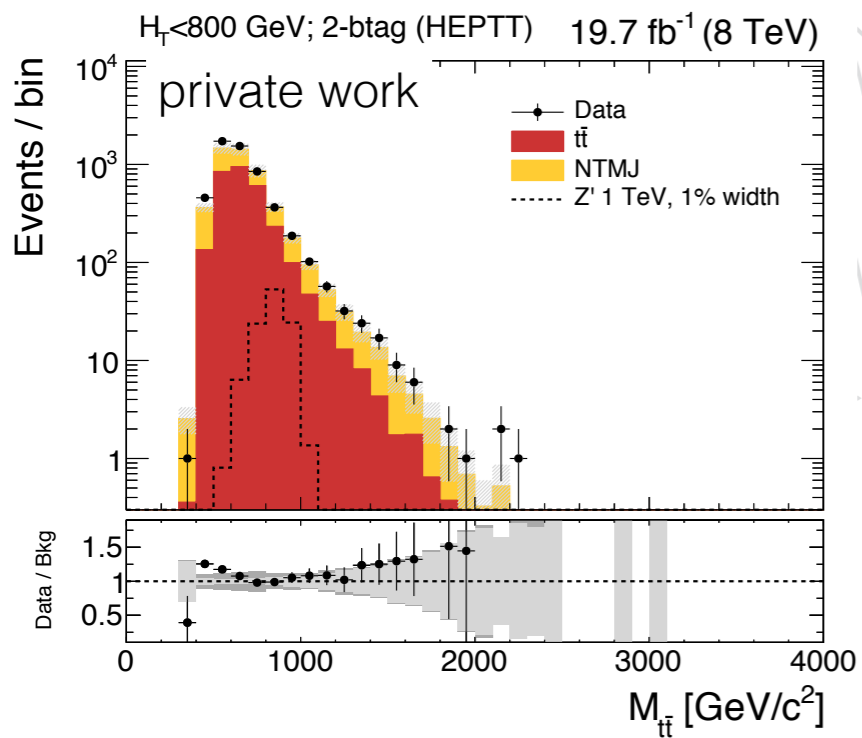


# results

2 b tag, HEP Tagger  
HT < 800 GeV

2 b tag, HEP Tagger  
HT > 800 GeV

2 b tag, CMS Tagger  
N-subjettiness cut

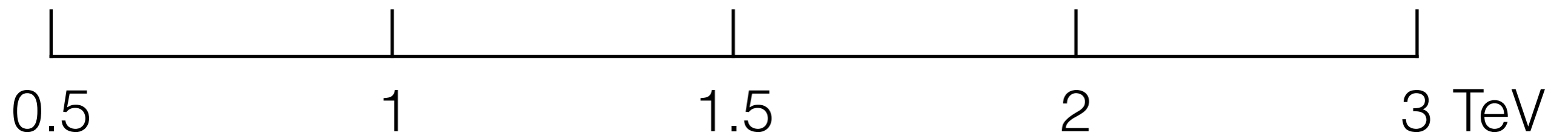


private work

CMS Tagger

HEP Tagger - HT > 800 GeV

HEP Tagger - HT < 800 GeV



# outlook

- recovered sensitivity
- leptonic analysis also improved
- final results to be published soon

# challenges ahead

- new top taggers and jet substructure techniques
- how to trigger low-HT hadronic events?
- understand large-radius jet behavior at 13 TeV

