

# DESY ATLAS Meeting

## Identification and Rejection of $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ Conversion Tracks in $\tau$ Candidates



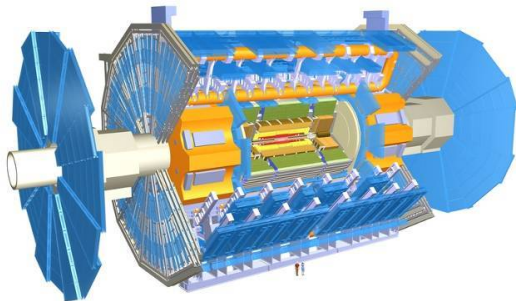
Philip Bechtle, David Côté  
**Michael Böhler**

May 22<sup>nd</sup> 2008



# Outline

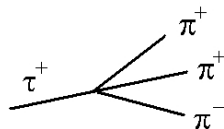
- 1 Short Reminder
- 2 Study on tertiary DPDs
  - TauDPDMaker & EV Tools
  - Photon Conversions
  - Tau Candidates
- 3 Summary and Outlook



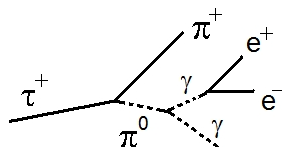
# Short Reminder: $\tau$ -Decay and $\pi^0$ -Decay

- $\tau$ -decay:

<b>leptonic</b>	<b>(35.2 %)</b>
<hr/>	
$\tau \rightarrow e + \nu_e + \nu_\tau$	
$\tau \rightarrow \mu + \nu_\mu + \nu_\tau$	
<hr/>	
<b>hadronic</b>	
<hr/>	
<b>1 Prong</b>	<b>(46.8 %)</b>
$\tau \rightarrow \pi^\pm + \nu_\tau$	
$\tau \rightarrow \pi^\pm + n \cdot \pi^0 + \nu_\tau$	
<hr/>	
<b>3 Prong</b>	<b>(13.9 %)</b>
$\tau \rightarrow \pi^\pm + \pi^\pm + \pi^\pm + \nu_\tau$	
$\tau \rightarrow \pi^\pm + \pi^\pm + \pi^\pm + n \cdot \pi^0 + \nu_\tau$	



$\tau$  decays into three charged  $\pi$ 's (3 Prong)



$\tau$  decays into one  $\pi^+$  (1 Prong) and one  $\pi^0$ , which decays into two  $\gamma$ 's, one of them makes a  $e^+e^-$  pair creation

- a  $\pi^0$  occurs in 40,58% of all  $\tau$ -decays
- $\tau$ -decay with photon conversion:
  - $\tau^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^+ \gamma \gamma \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^+ \gamma e^+ e^- \nu_\tau$

# Short Reminder: $\tau$ -Decay and $\pi^0$ -Decay

- $\tau$ -decay:

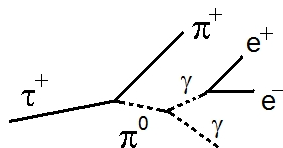
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- a  $\pi^0$  occurs in 40,58% of all  $\tau$ -decays
- $\tau$ -decay with photon conversion:
  - $\tau^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^+ \gamma \gamma \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^+ \gamma e^+ e^- \nu_\tau$

numerical example:

- process:  $Z \rightarrow \tau \tau$

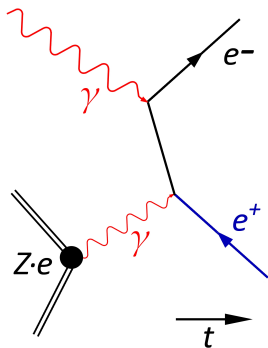
Events	100
$\tau$	200
$\pi^0$	353
$\gamma$ -conversions	185



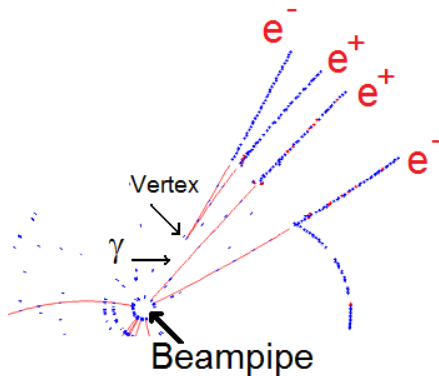
$\tau$  decays into one  $\pi^+$  (1 Prong) and one  $\pi^0$ , which decays into two  $\gamma$ 's, one of them makes a  $e^+e^-$  pair creation

# Photon conversion

- pair creation ( $e^+e^-$ -pair)
- high energetic photon
- interaction with detector material

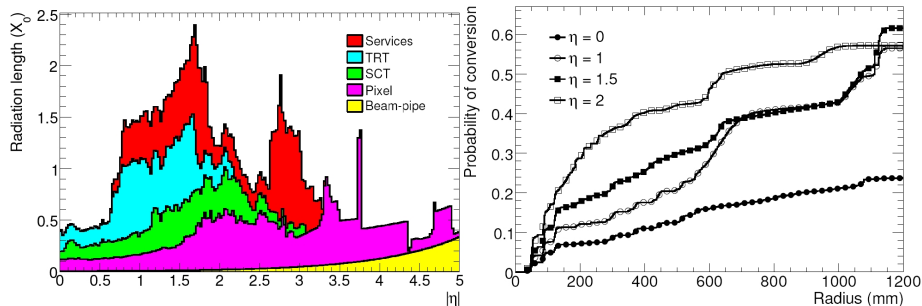


Feynman graph: pair creation via a photon-atom-interaction



example of tracks in the ATLAS detector

# Material in the ATLAS Detector



- probability of a photon converting is proportional to the amount of material
- overall 60 % of all photons will be converted before reaching the face of the calorimeter

# Study on tertiary DPDs

# Produced tertiary DPD with TauDPDMaker

**Process:**  $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

**Statistics:** 5000 Events

**Input:** ESD: valid1.005188.A3\_Ztautau\_filter.recon.e322\_s412\_r386

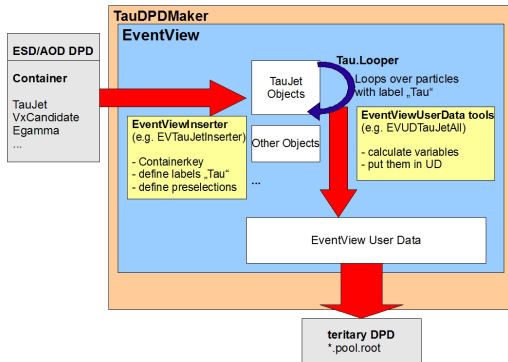
**Release:** 14.0.0.1

**Used Tools:**

- TauDPDMaker-00-02-08
- EventViewUserData-00-01-25
- EventViewInserter-00-01-08
- RootUtils-00-00-31

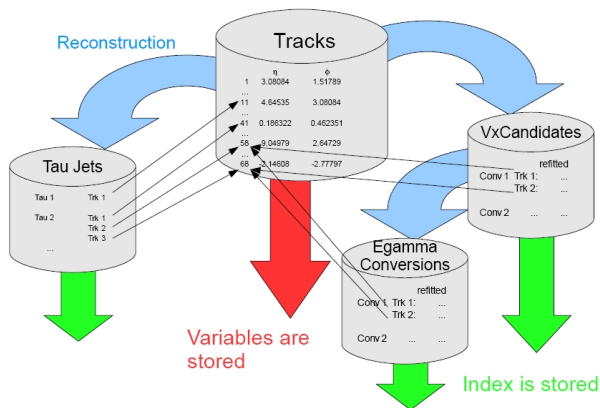
**needed EventView Tools:**

- EVUDTauJetAll
- EVUDVertex
- EVUDIndex
- EVUDTruthEgammaConv
- EVUDEgammaConv



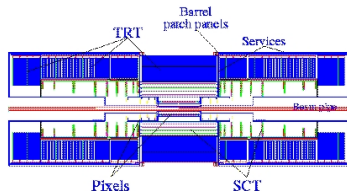


# Summary of the Index tool

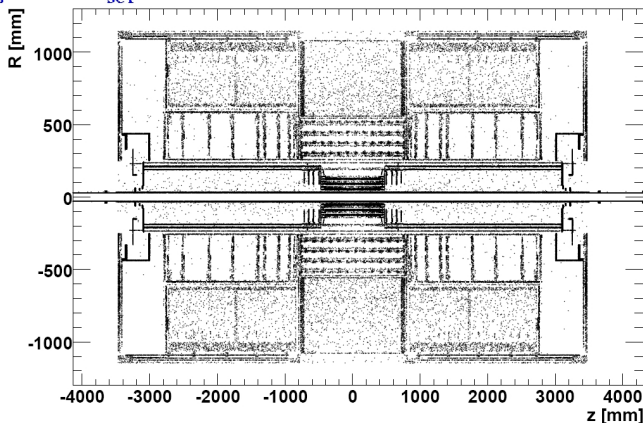


- detail informations stored once for all tracks
- other objects use these informations by the index
- smaller tertiary DPDs  $\rightarrow$  faster analysis
- rejection of photon conversion tracks in  $\tau$ -cone without  $\Delta R$  match

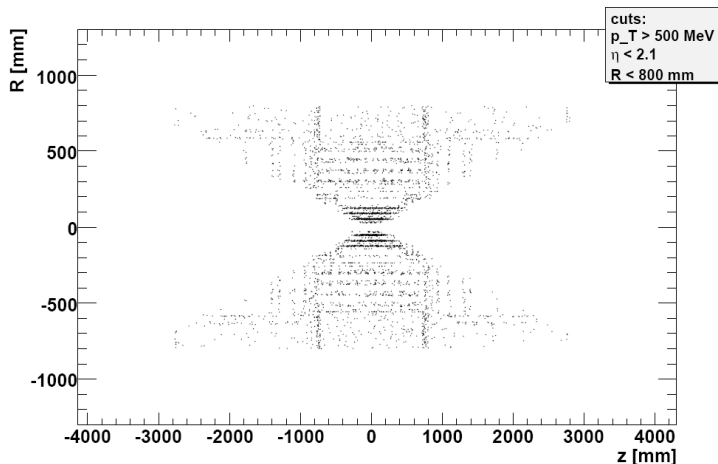
# Vertices of true Photon Conversions



- consider the detector geometry for the  $\gamma$ -conversion simulation
- each dot is a simulated (MC truth) vertex of a  $\gamma$ -conversion

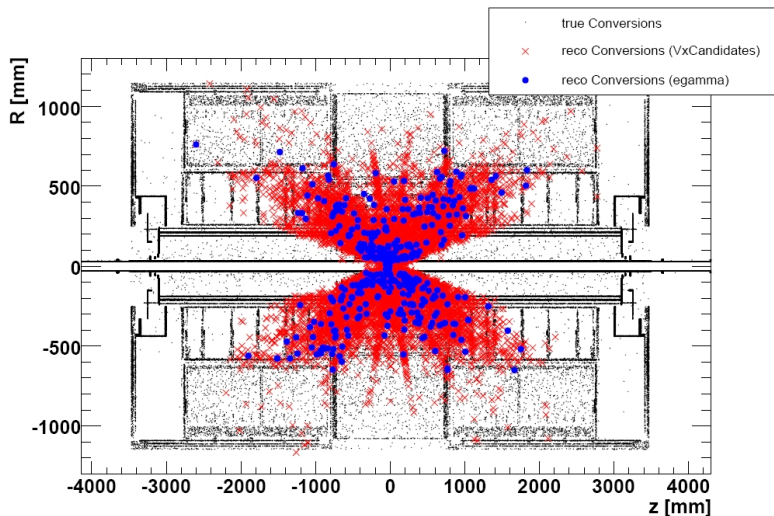


# Vertices of 'reconstructable' true Photon Conversions



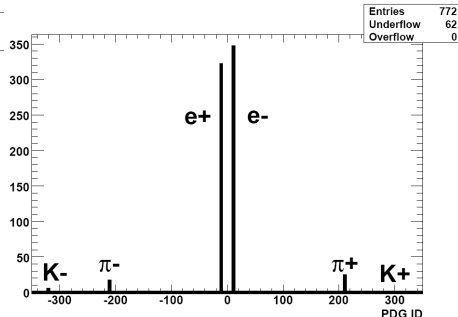
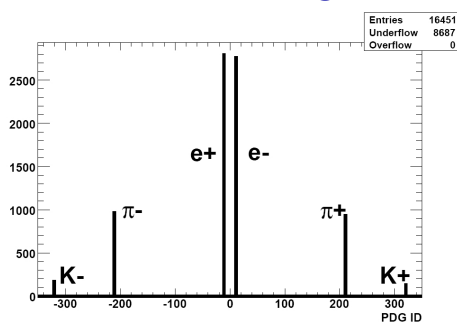
- tracks of  $\gamma$ -conversions can only be reconstructed in this region
- after all cuts 2.15% of  $\gamma$ -conversions are reconstructable
- BUT: comparable track selections on  $\tau$  tracks

# Vertices of Photon Conversions



- *VxCandidates* are the seeds for *Egamma* conversions

# VxCandidates and Egamma Conversions



## VxCandidates

- input: collection of tracks
- rejection of all Tracks from IP
- pos/ neg Track Pairs are built
- secondary vertex is refitted
- refitted track variables are stored

- VxCandidates have to be optimized for  $\tau$ -environment

## EGamma Conversions

- Seeds are VxCandidates
- search a calorimeter Cluster for each track with:
  - ▶  $\Delta\eta < 0.05$
  - ▶  $\Delta\phi < 0.10$
  - ▶  $\frac{E}{p} < 10$

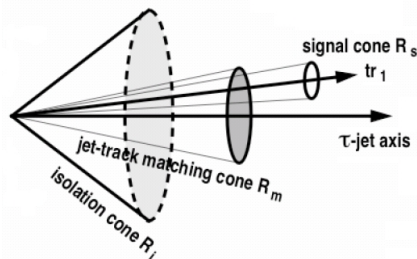
# Reconstruction of $\tau$ -Candidates

## TauRec algorithm

- Based on TopoClusters, every TopoJet found is considered a  $\tau$ -candidate
- tracks within a cone of  $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2} < 0.3$  to the TopoCenter are accepted
  - ▶ tracks of a  $\tau$ -candidate (cp.  $tr_1$ )
- analyse jets of  $\tau$ -candidates **before** likelihood cut

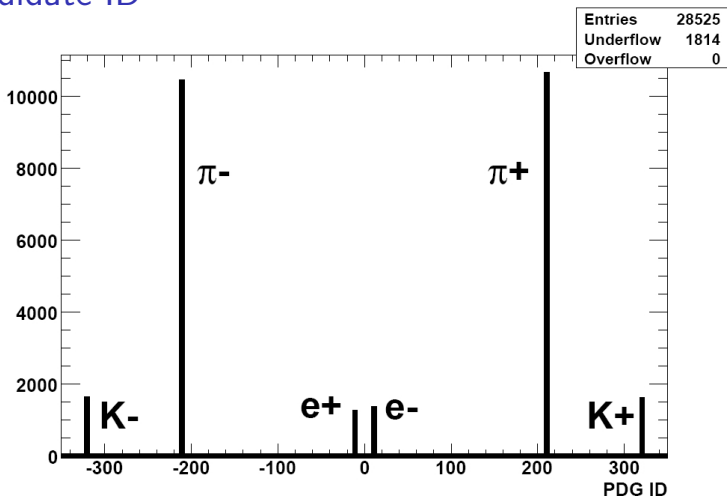
## Track Selection Criteria

- $\Delta R < 0.3$
- $p_T > 1.0$  GeV
- $d0 < 1.5$  mm
- $\frac{\chi^2}{ndf} < 3.5$
- $\#$  Si Hits (Pixel + SCT)  $\geq 6$
- $\#$  Pixel + B-Layer Hits  $\geq 1$



**Aim of this study:** Identify tracks from photon conversions which lie in the  $\Delta R$  cone of a  $\tau$ -candidate

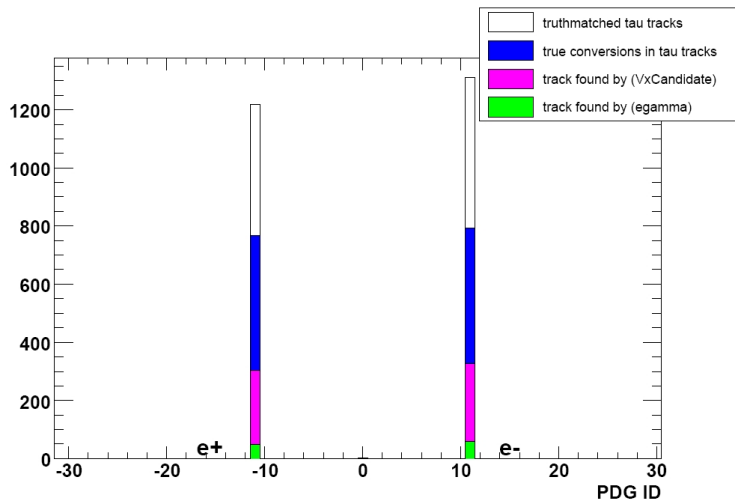
# $\tau$ -Candidate ID



$\pi^+\pi^-$	74 %
$e^+e^-$	9 %
$K^+K^-$	11 %
not matched	6%

- truthmatched track ID of  $\tau$ -jets
- after Quality Selection Cuts

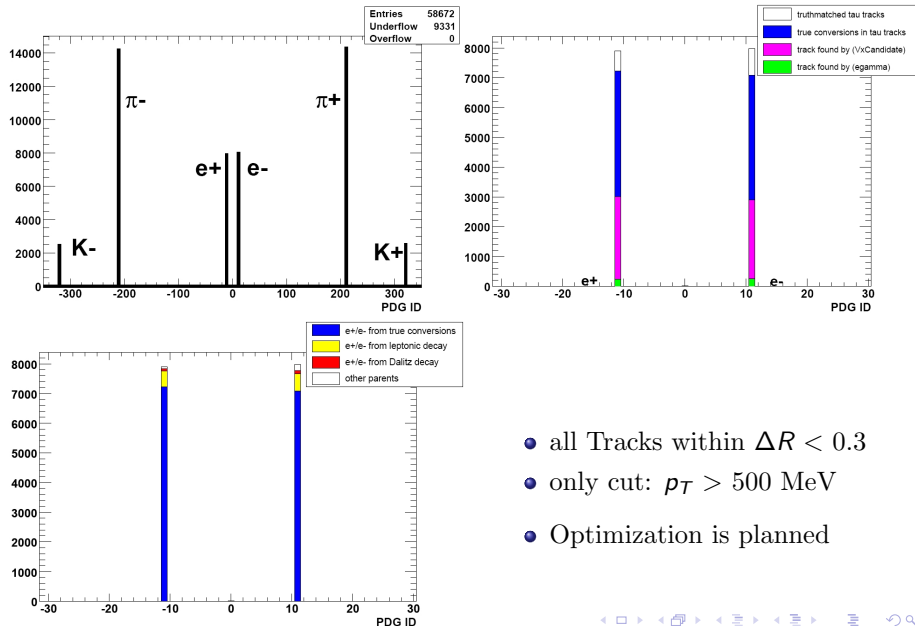
# Origin of the Electrons



- 61 % of the truthmatched  $e^+e^-$  come from a true  $\gamma$ -Conversion
- 40 % of these true  $\gamma$ -Conversion have been found by *ConversionFinder*

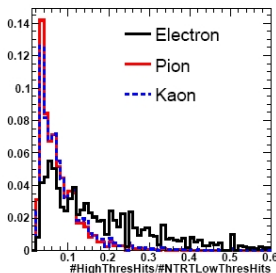
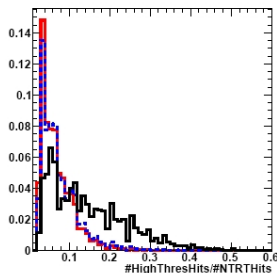
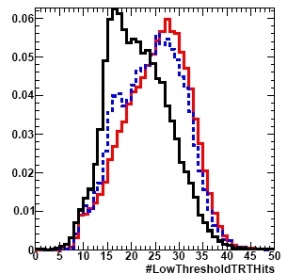
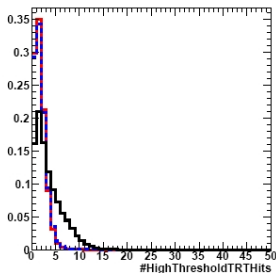
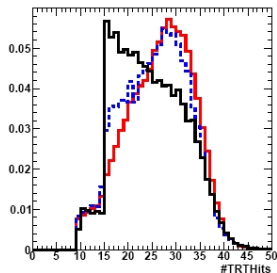


## Alternative: Loosen the $\tau$ Track Quality Cuts



- all Tracks within  $\Delta R < 0.3$
- only cut:  $p_T > 500$  MeV
- Optimization is planned

# TRT cuts for VxCandidates

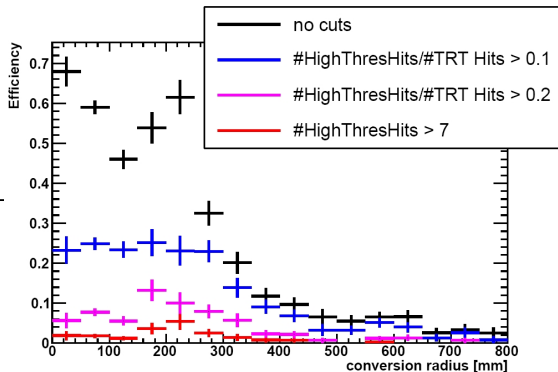
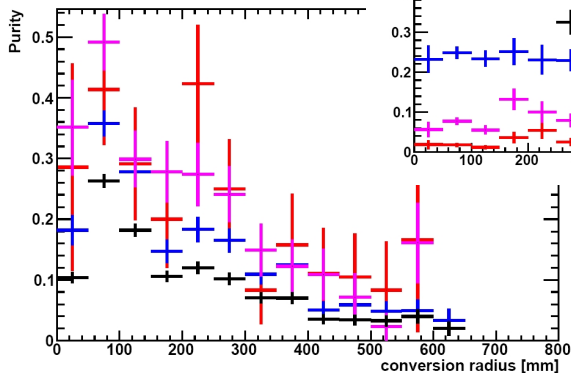


- Cleaning the VxCandidates by TRT cuts
- several cuts have been tested
- Optimization has to be done

# Efficiency and Purity VxCandidates

## Efficiency:

- higher with smaller R
- reduced by truthmatching



## Purity:

- even strong cuts do not lead to more than 50 % purity

→ Truthmatching

# Truthmatching

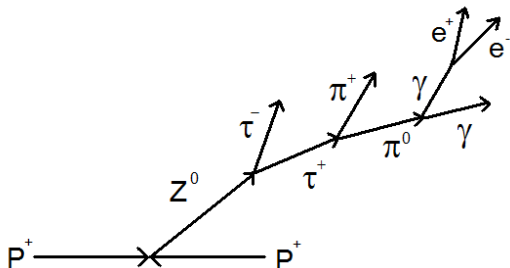
## Problems:

- only  $\approx 50\%$  of the *VxCandidate* tracks have been truthmatched
- this does not yield a good purity and efficiency
- purity and efficiency are strongly dependent on the truthmatching definition

## Truthmatching Criteria:

- $\Delta R < 0.1$
- $\frac{\Delta p_T}{p_T} < 10\%$
- same charge

for refitted tracks

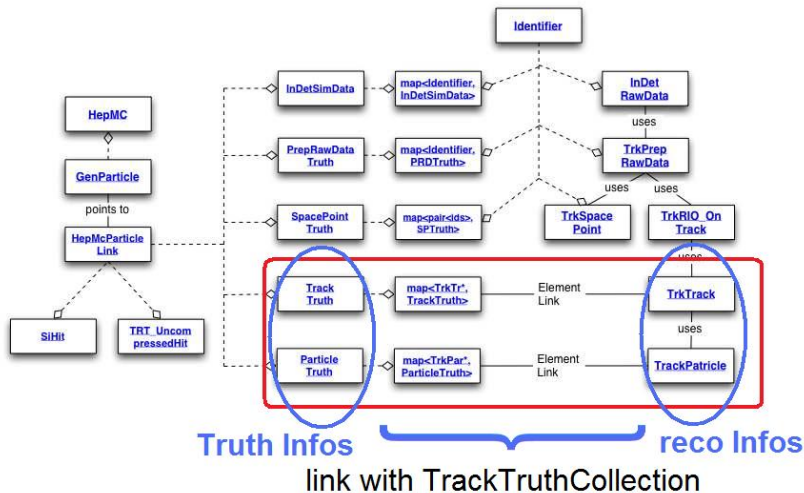


to solve this problem we will:

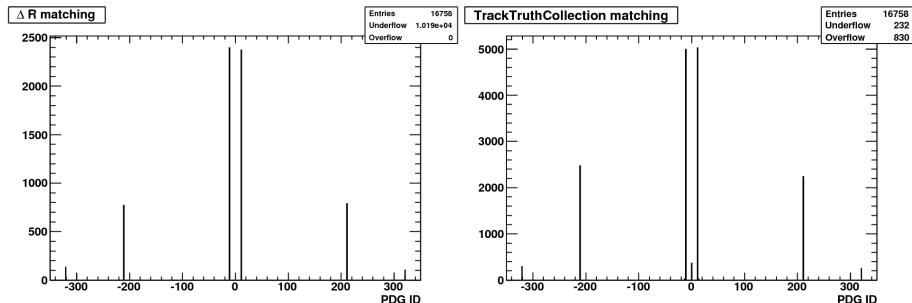
- use the so-called *TrackTruthCollection*, which directly associates a reco track to the corresponding truth track

# Mapping with *TruthTrackCollection*

- during the digitization process the truth association is created
- informations about number of shared hits between the track and the truth trajectory are used



# First Results with *TrackTruthCollection* Matching



## $\Delta R$ Matching

- underflow NOT to  $\pi^\pm$ ,  $K^\pm$ ,  $e^\pm$  and  $\mu^\pm$  matched tracks

- first results are very promising

- next step:** use this truthmatching definition for efficiency and purity

## *TrackTruthCollection* Matching

- 0 bin: NOT matched tracks
- under- and overflow p rest

# Summary and Outlook

## Summary:

- specific EV tools have been written and are ready for rel. 14
- first tertiary DPD is produced with about 5000 Events
- comparison between *Egamma* and *VxCandidate* conversions is possible
- first tests for TRT cleaning are done

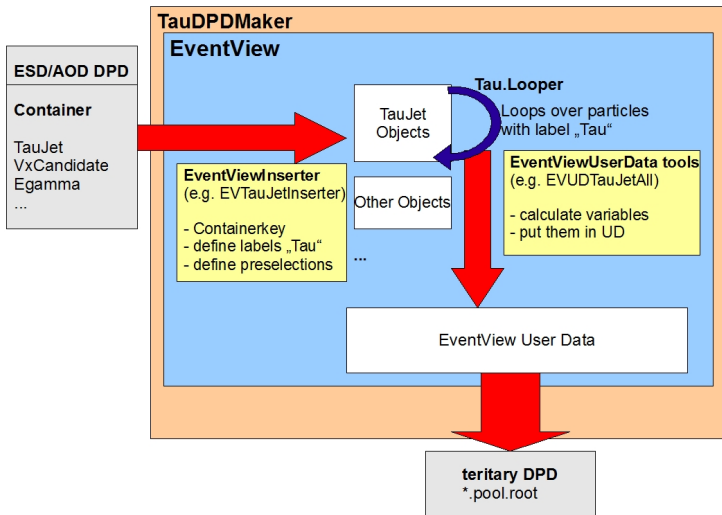
## Outlook:

- redo the efficiency with *new* truthmatching
- optimization of TRT cuts
- rejection of tracks from  $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$  conversion in the  $\tau$ -candidates
- re-implement the *TauRec* likelihood variables after rejection

# Back-up Slides



# How TauDPDMaker produces tertiary DPDs



- EventViewInserter selects objects from AOD/ESD
- EventViewUserData calculates the variables for the inserted objects

# List of the new (EventView) Tools

All these modifications are available in EventViewUserData-00-01-23

## EVUDIndex

- ▶ EVUDTauTrkIndex
- ▶ EVUDegammaTrkIndex
- ▶ EVUDegammaConvTrkIndex
- Tools read EventViewUserData and store the index (e.g. of tau track) into UD

## EVUDVertex

- Stores all vertex and tracks at vertex informations into UD (e.g. Conversions)
- Stores indices of original (unfitted) tracks at the vertex into UD

## EVUDegammaConv

- Stores all vertex and tracks at vertex informations from EGamma object into UD

## EVUDTruthEgammaConv

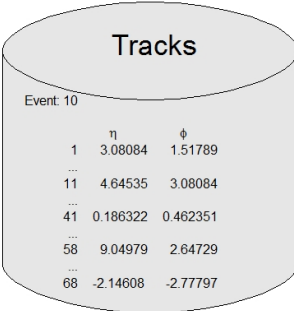
- writes all informations from true photon conversions into UD

## EVUDTauJetAll

- updated for release 14 (after  $\tau$  algorithm merging)

# Overview of the Index tool

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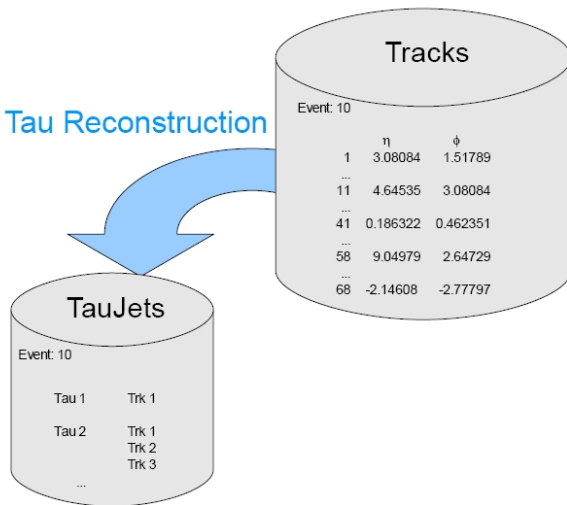
Tracks

Event: 10

	$\eta$	$\phi$
1	3.08084	1.51789
...		
11	4.64535	3.08084
...		
41	0.186322	0.462351
...		
58	9.04979	2.64729
...		
68	-2.14608	-2.77797

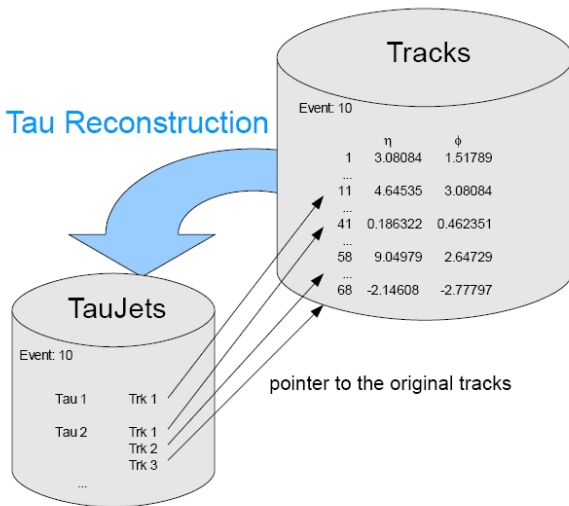
# Overview of the Index tool

## Tau Reconstruction



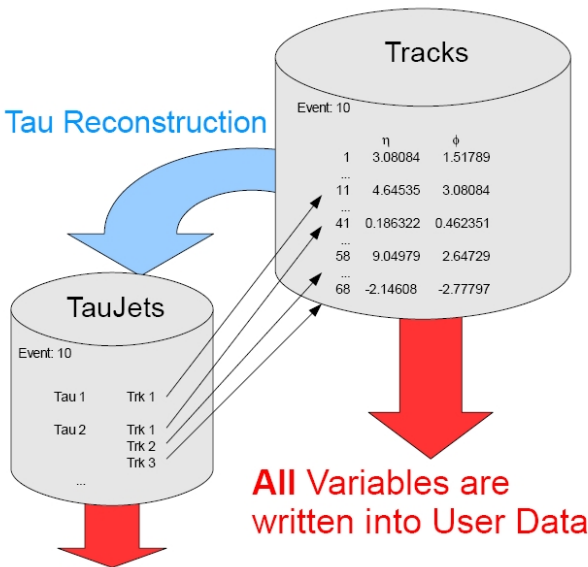
# Overview of the Index tool

## Tau Reconstruction



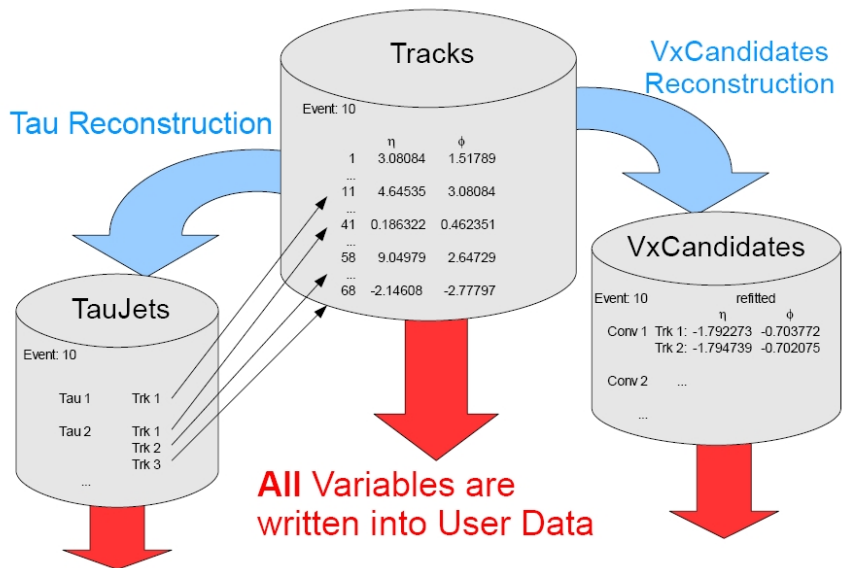
# Overview of the Index tool

Tau Reconstruction



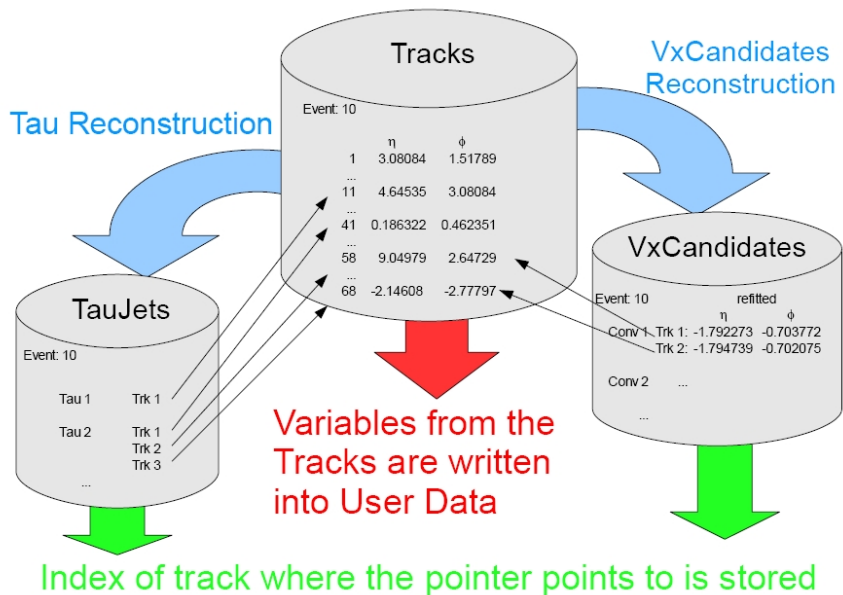
**All Variables are  
written into User Data**

# Overview of the Index tool

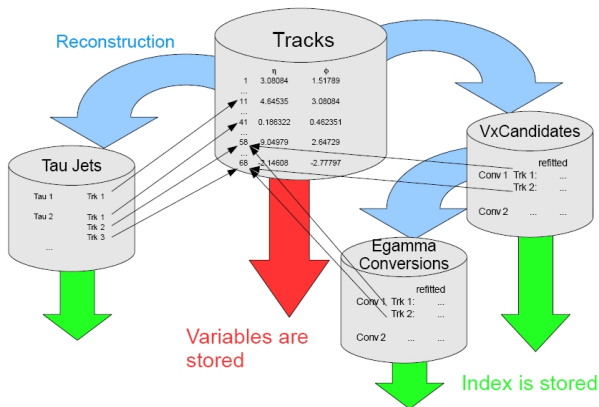




# Overview of the Index tool



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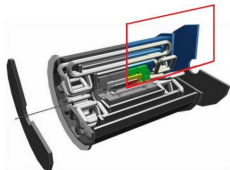
- detail informations stored once for all tracks
- other objects use these informations by the index
- smaller tertiary DPDs  $\rightarrow$  faster analysis
- rejection of photon conversion tracks in  $\tau$ -cone without  $\Delta R$  match

# Pilot Study with CBNT ntuple

# Used Sample

- CBNT ntuple:
  - ▶ release 13 with TopoCluster TauRec
  - ▶ 005188.A3.Ztautau\_filter.CBNT.RDO.v12000605\_tid00916.root
- process:  $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- statistics: 9950 events
- algorithms
  - ▶ TauRec
  - ▶ InDetConversionFinderTool

# Material in the Detector

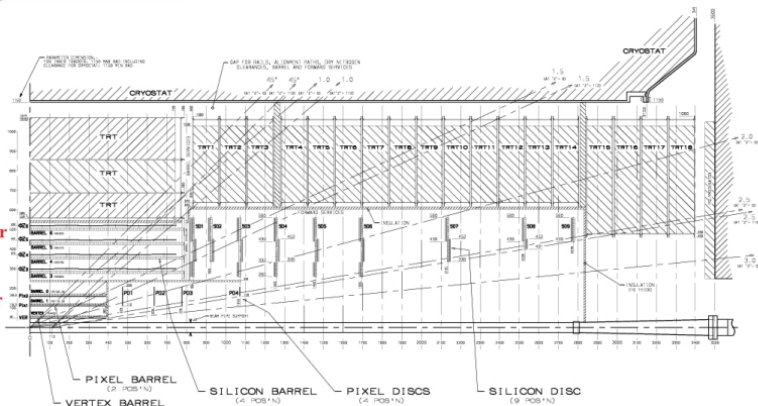


- right upper corner of the ATLAS detector
- consider the detector geometry for the  $\gamma$ -conversion simulation

**Transition  
Radiation  
Tracker**

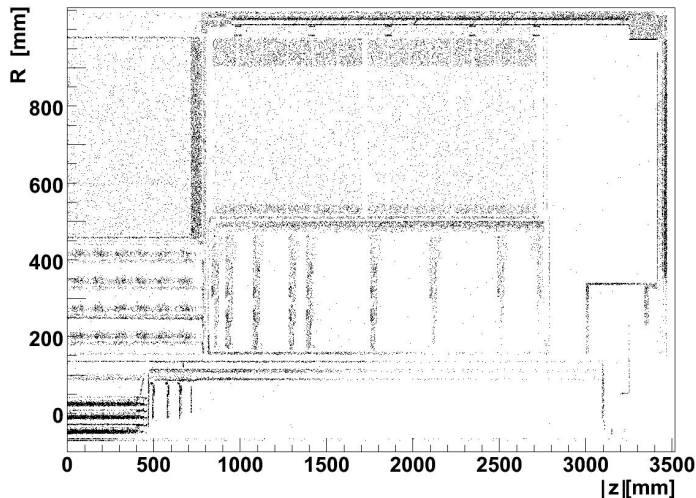
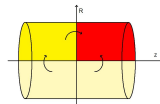
**Semiconductor  
Tracker**

**Pixel Detector**



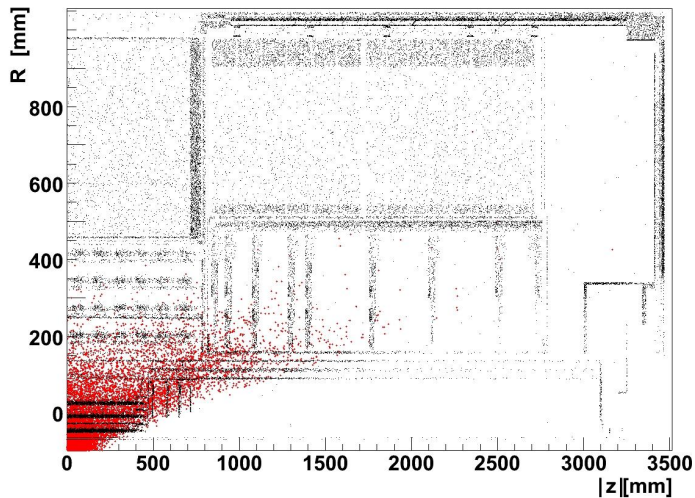
# Vertices MC simulation of photon conversions

- projection onto the upper right quarter

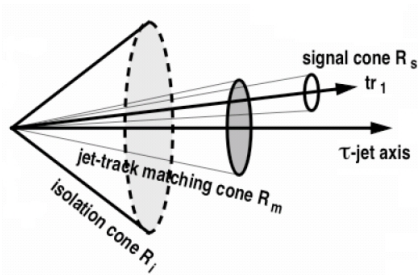


# Reconstructed Vertices

- : true  $\gamma$ -conversions
- : reconstructed  $\gamma$ -conversions



# Reconstruction of $\tau$ -candidates



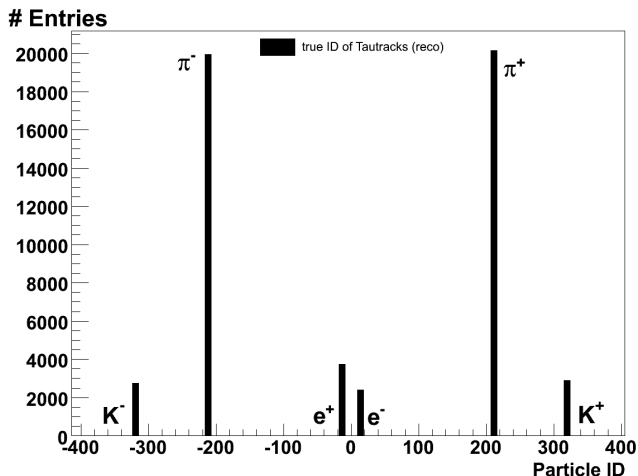
## TauRec algorithm

- analyse jets of  $\tau$ -candidates
- tracks of a  $\tau$ -jet in a cone of  $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2} < 0.3$  are accepted
  - ▶ tracks of a  $\tau$ -candidate (cp.  $tr_1$ )
- up to 3 tracks are available for this study
- these are sorted by their transversal momentum

**Aim of this study:** Identify tracks from photon conversions which lie in the  $\Delta R$  cone of a  $\tau$ -candidate

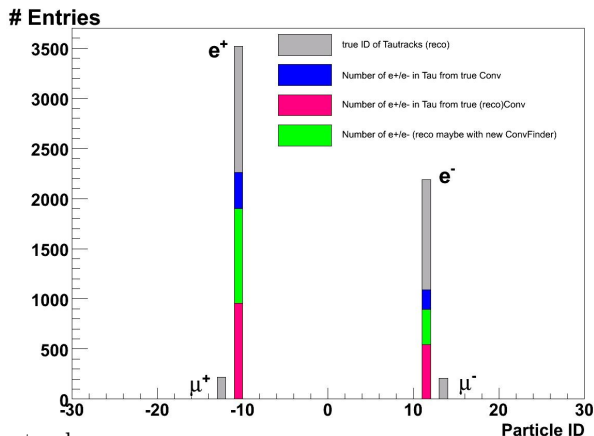


# Identity of all $\tau$ -tracks



- as we have expected: most of the tracks come pions

# Leptonic Fraction



Fraction to all  $\tau$ -tracks:

true $e^+e^-$	10.4 %
true $\gamma$ -conv.	6.08 %
reco. $\gamma$ -conv.	2.73 %
New $\gamma$ -conv. reco.	5.08 % ?

Fraction to  $e^+e^-$  tracks of the  $\tau$ -candidates:

reco. $\gamma$ -conv.	44.8 %
New Conv.Finder	83.5 % ?

# Summary and Wishlist

## results of this pilot study:

- 6.1 % of the reconstructed  $\tau$ -tracks are  $e^+$  or  $e^-$ -tracks from true photon-conversions
- purity of the *ConversionFinder* tool very poor (there is no electron identification)

# Summary and Wishlist

## results of this pilot study:

- 6.1 % of the reconstructed  $\tau$ -tracks are  $e^+$  or  $e^-$ -tracks from true photon-conversions
- purity of the *ConversionFinder* tool very poor (there is no electron identification)

## wishlist:

- using the modified *ConversionFinder* tools available in rel. 14.0.0 (modified by Thomas Koffas, Mauro Donega et al.):
  - ▶ enhanced track selection
  - ▶ enhanced vertex fitting
  - ▶ reconstruction of single track conversions
  - ▶ pointer to the unfitted conversion tracks
- optimisation of the *ConversionFinder* tool for the  $\tau$ -environment
  - ▶ enhance the purity by cleaning the sample with an electron identification, perhaps invariant mass cut, ...
- enhance the correlation between conversion- and  $\tau$ -tracks by using the *Trk-Indices*
- consider all tracks of a  $\tau$ -candidate