

## Examination and improvement of nuclear matrix elements of double- $\beta$ decay in QRPA approach

### Authorship annotation

### Session and Location

Monday Session, Poster Wall #35 (Auditorium Gallery Right)

### Abstract content

My presentation will be on the nuclear matrix element (NME) of the neutrinoless double- $\beta$  decay for determining the effective neutrino mass. The quasiparticle random-phase approximation (QRPA) is used in my study for calculating the nuclear wave functions. In my poster, the calculated NMEs will be presented for  $^{150}\text{Nd}$  and  $^{48}\text{Ca}$ , and the improvements and examinations that I have exploited in the last several years will be shown. I introduce a virtual decay path consisting of two-particle transfers. This path has to give the same NME as that by the real double- $\beta$  path. This constraint determines the strength of the isoscalar proton-neutron pairing interaction. This method is one of the most useful achievements of my study. I also reproduce the experimental spin-flip charge-exchange transition-strength functions by (p,n) and (n,p) reactions involving  $^{48}\text{Ca}$  and  $^{48}\text{Ti}$ . This calculation gives an important check of the transition density included in the NME.

### Poster included in proceedings:

yes

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**Session Classification :** Poster Session Monday

**Track Classification :** Poster (participating in poster prize competition)