

# HOM Damping and Coupler Mutipacting Simulations

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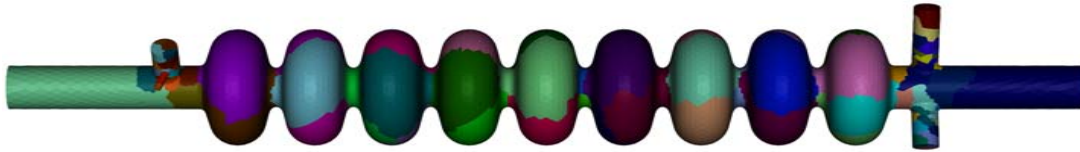
SLAC-Advanced Computational Department

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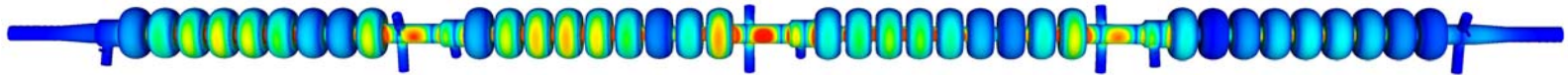


# SLAC 3D Parallel FEM EM Codes

- Tetrahedral Mesh with Finite-Element
  - Up to 6th order basis for field accuracy
  - Unstructured grid for modeling geometry with large variation in dimensions
- Parallel implementation ( $10^2$ - $10^3$  processors,  $10^2$ GB memory)
  - Modeling details with great realism



- Simulating large systems such like multi-cavity cryomodule



- A suite of solvers including frequency domain and time domain
  - Omega3P - Frequency Domain Mode Calculation
  - S3P - S-parameter Computation
  - T3P - Time Domain With Beam Excitation
  - Track3P - Particle Tracking, MP and dark current
  - V3D - Visualization

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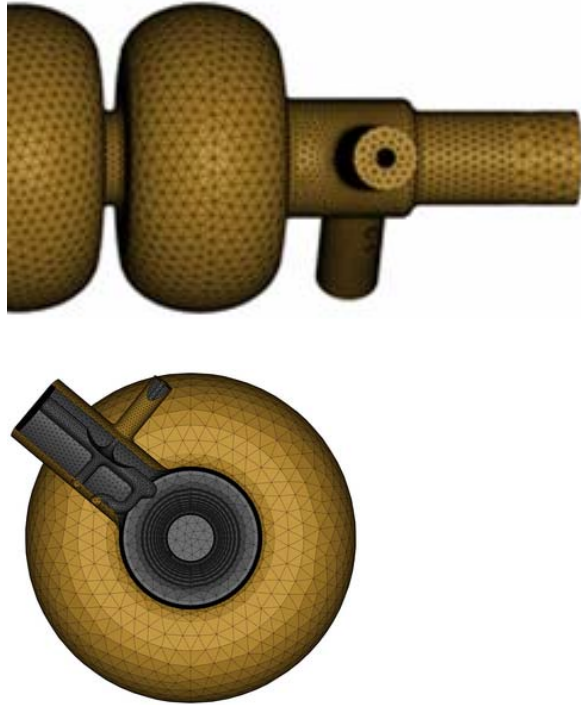
# Applications

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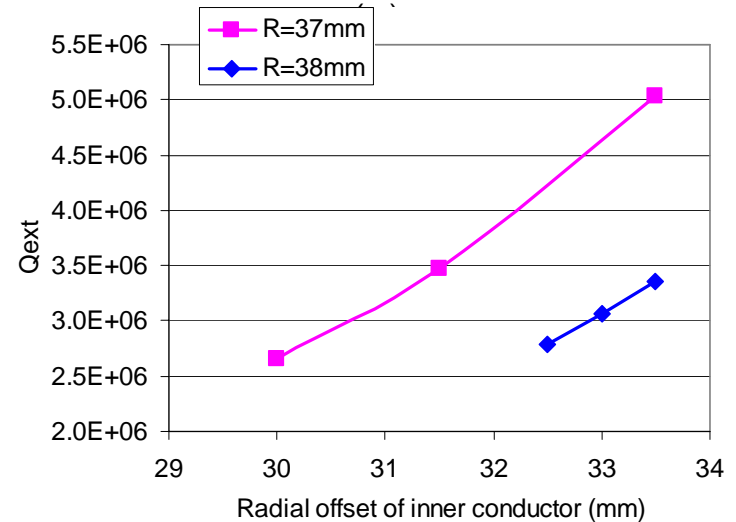
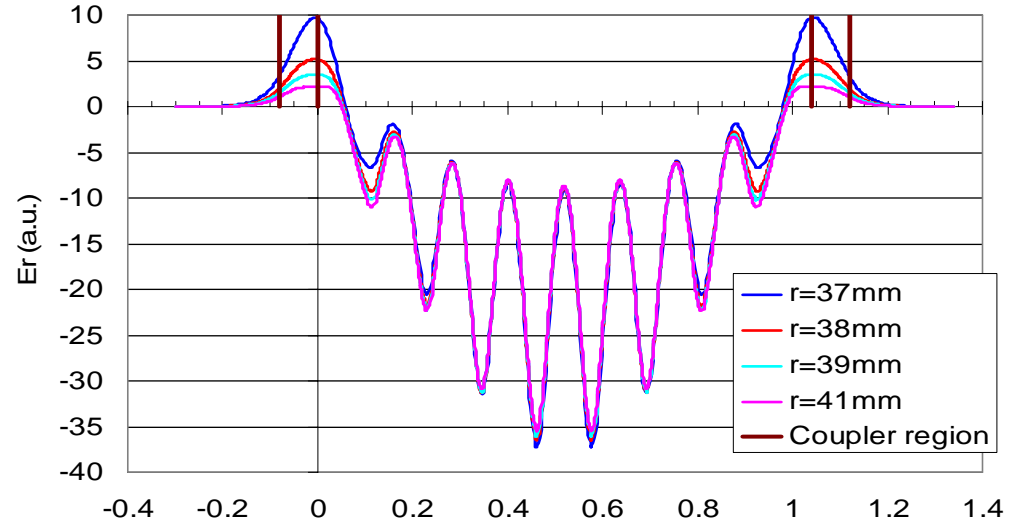
- RF simulation projects
  - BCD cavity
  - Crab-cavity (*SLAC, FNAL, UK*)
  - SLAC TTF coupler high power test
  - KEK – ICHIRO (*K. Saito*)
  - DESY/JLAB – Low-Loss (*J. Sekutowicz, P. Kneisel*)
  - SNS – beta=0.81 cavity (*I. E Campisi*)
- RF studies
  - HOM damping
  - Field Enhancement in end-group
  - Coupler & cavity MP
  - Notch filter analysis
  - ...

# 1. HOM Damping – LL cavity

## End-group Geometry VS Damping

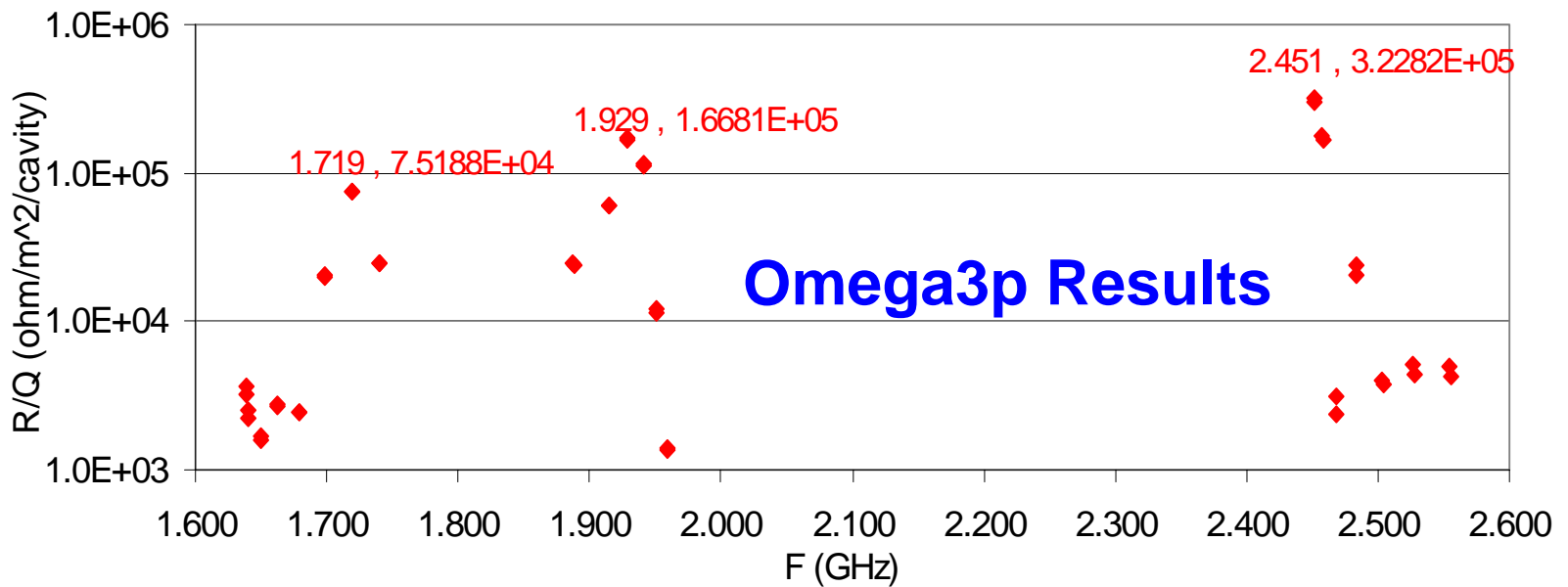
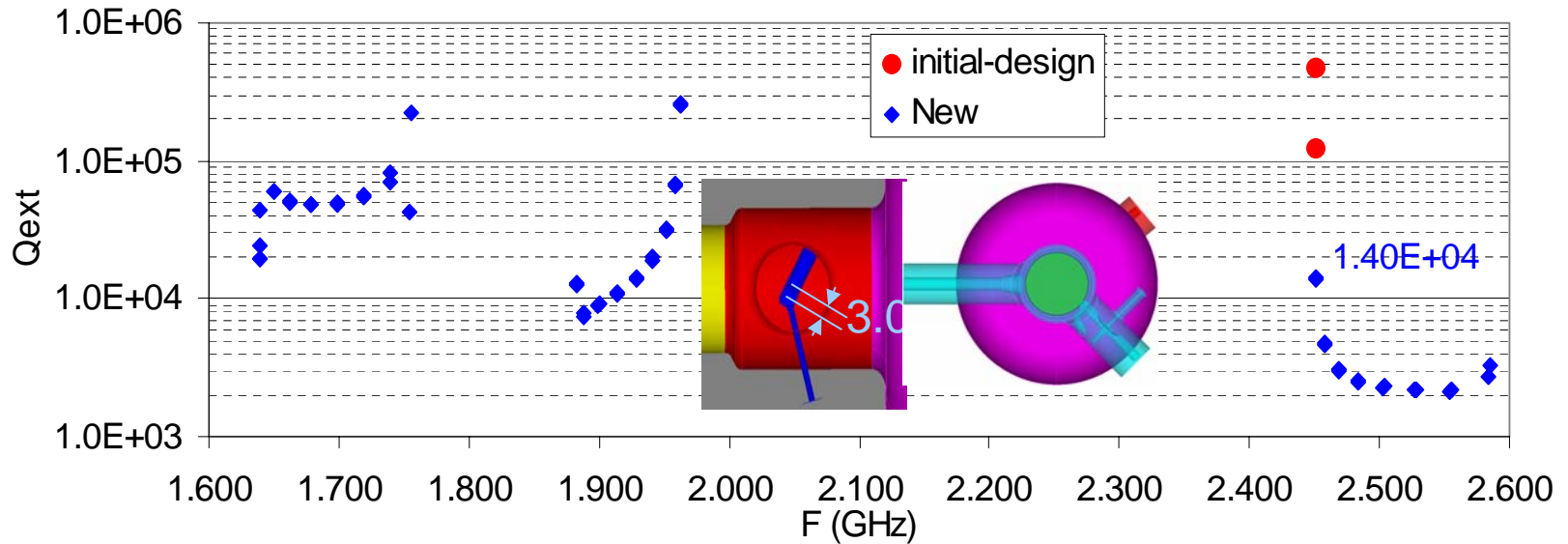


dangerous mode in 3rd dipole band

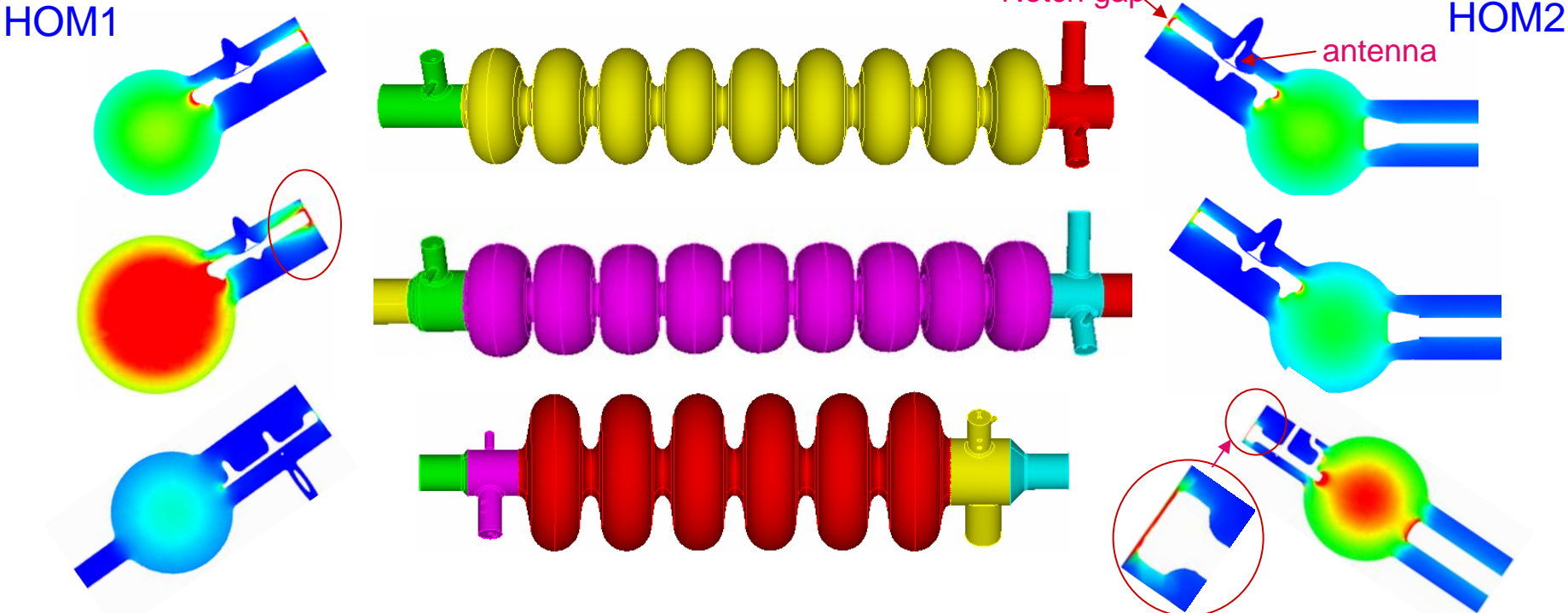


- For smaller iris design, end-group match better to main cavity with smaller pipe radius
- However smaller beam pipe radius reduces the FM coupling

# End-group Optimization



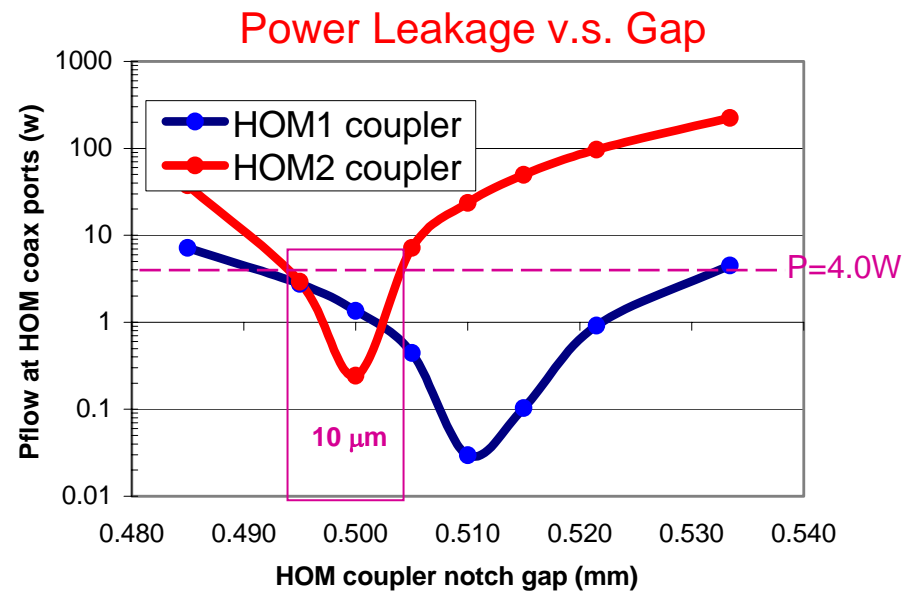
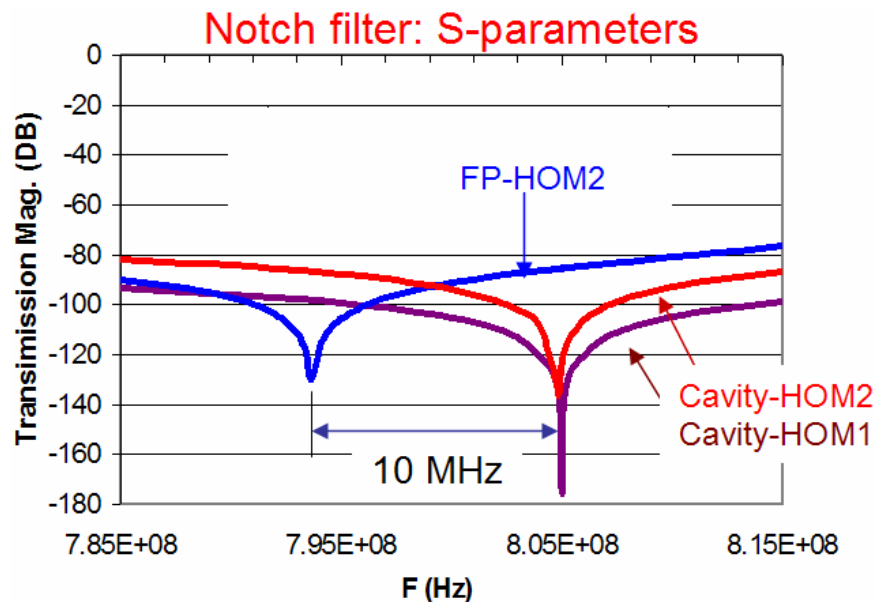
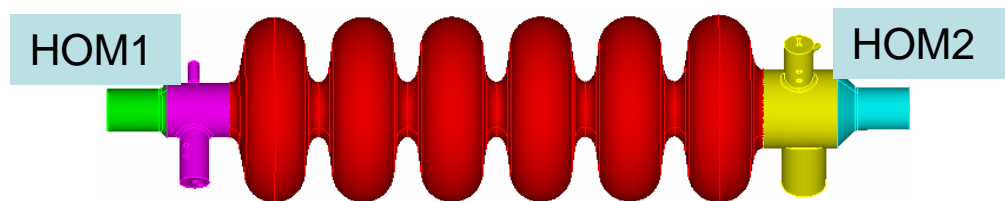
# 2. Field Enhancement In End-group



- Field level determined by
  - End-group geometry
  - Notch filter details
- Possible effects
  - Field emission
  - Multipacting
  - RF heating
  - Filter detuning & power leakage

	Field at notch gap (MV/m)	
	HOM1	HOM2
SNS-β0.81 @16MV/m@805MHz	3.0	<b>14.0</b>
ICHIRO @30MV/m@1.3GHz	<b>16.9</b>	5.0
TESLA @30MV/m@1.3GHz	7.4	7.5

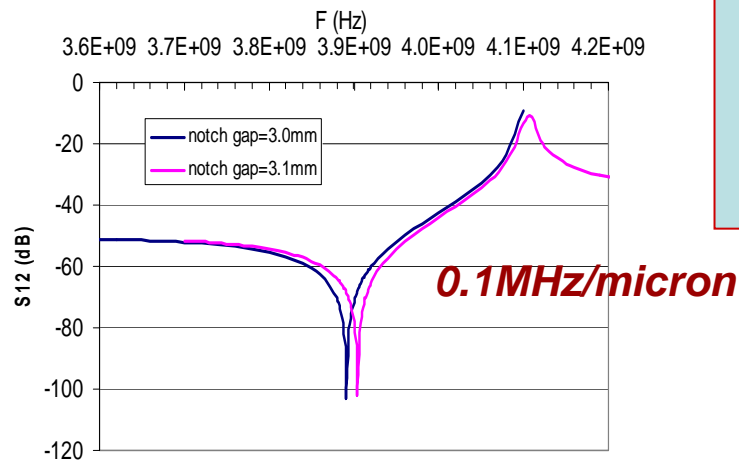
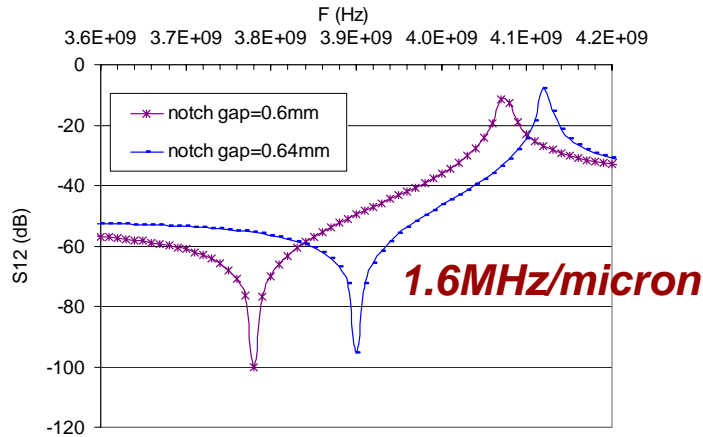
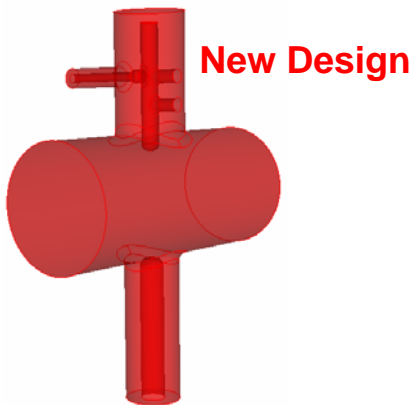
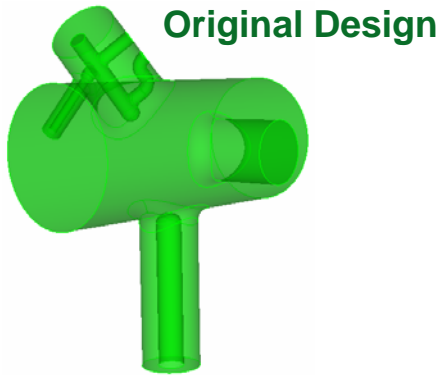
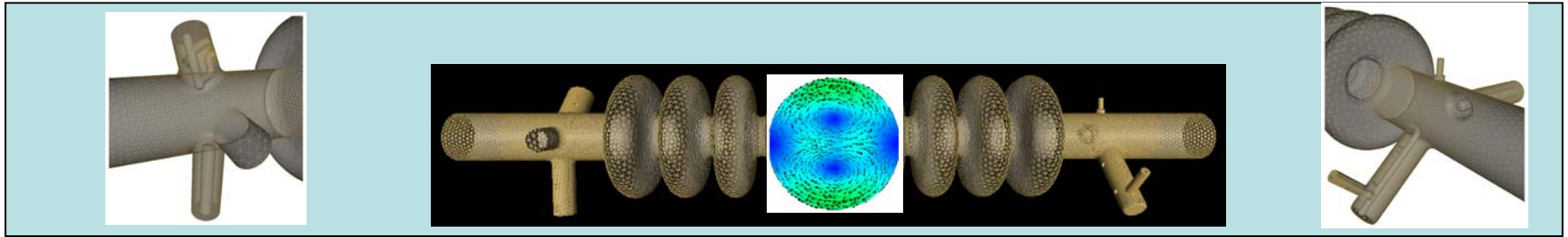
# 3. HOM Coupler Power Leakage vs Notch Gap Accuracy



- Notch gap sensitivity
  - SNS: 0.4 MHz/ $\mu\text{m}$  (BCD: 0.1MHz/ $\mu\text{m}$ )
- Different notch frequency for transmission and radiation
  - SNS: 10MHz (BCD: 20, Crab: 0 MHz)

- Narrow filter tuning range in the HOM2 coupler
- Tight tolerance in gap width in order to avoid power leakage due to detuning

# Crab Cavity: HOM Notch Filter Sensitivity



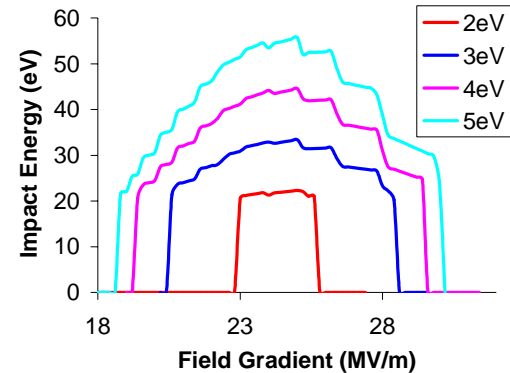
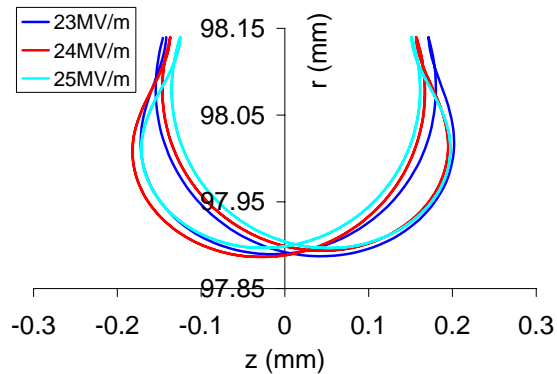
- Very sensitive tuning was found in the original design
  - 1.6MHz/micron
  - 0.1MHz/micron for TESLA TDR
- Resonator geometry was modified to improve the tunability
  - 0.1MHz/micron achieved

SLAC-PUB-12409



# 4. MP Simulation

## For ICHIRO Cavity



MP trajectories (left) and barriers (right) in regular SRF cells.  
Soft barrier at around 23MV/m agrees with RF tests.

Track3P MP simulation		ICHIRO #0 (K. Saito, KEK)
Impact Energy (eV)	Gradient (MV/m)	X-ray Barriers (MV/m)
300-400(6 order)	12	11-29.3 12-18
200-500 (5 order)	14	13, 14, 14-18, 13-27
300-500( 3 order)	17	(17, 18)
300-900( 3 order)	21.2	20.8
600-1000(1.5 order)	29.4	28.7, 29.0, 29.3, 29.4

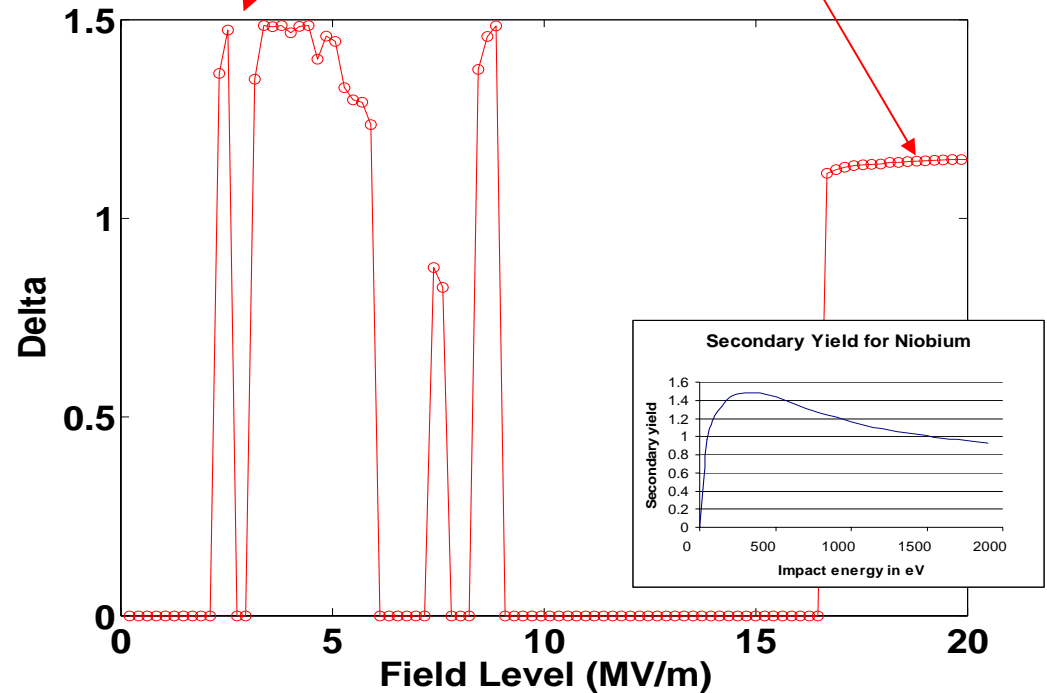
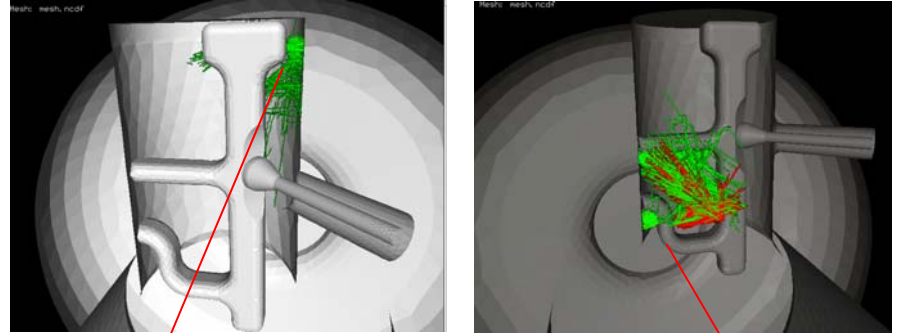
MP barriers in the beam pipe step region

# For SNS HOM2

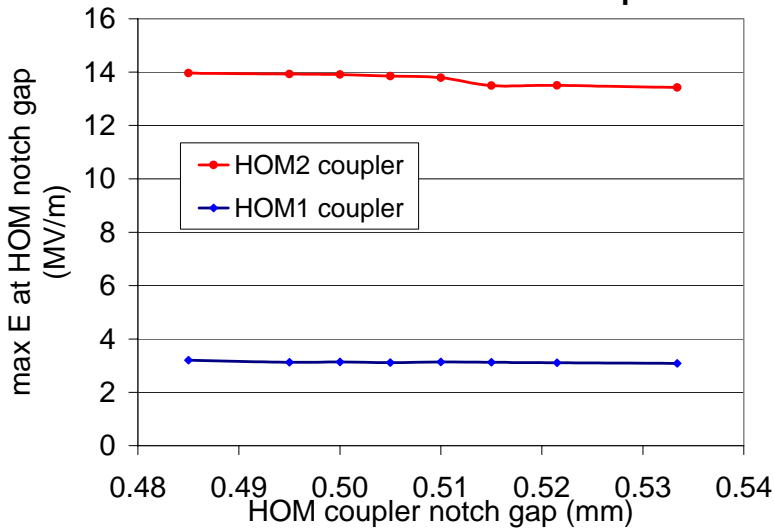
(Sang-ho Kim and et al, LINAC06-THP081)

- “Abnormal waveforms through HOM feedthrough running RF only without beam (electron loading) at 3.5 MV/m and 6 MV/m”

## Multipacting in HOM2

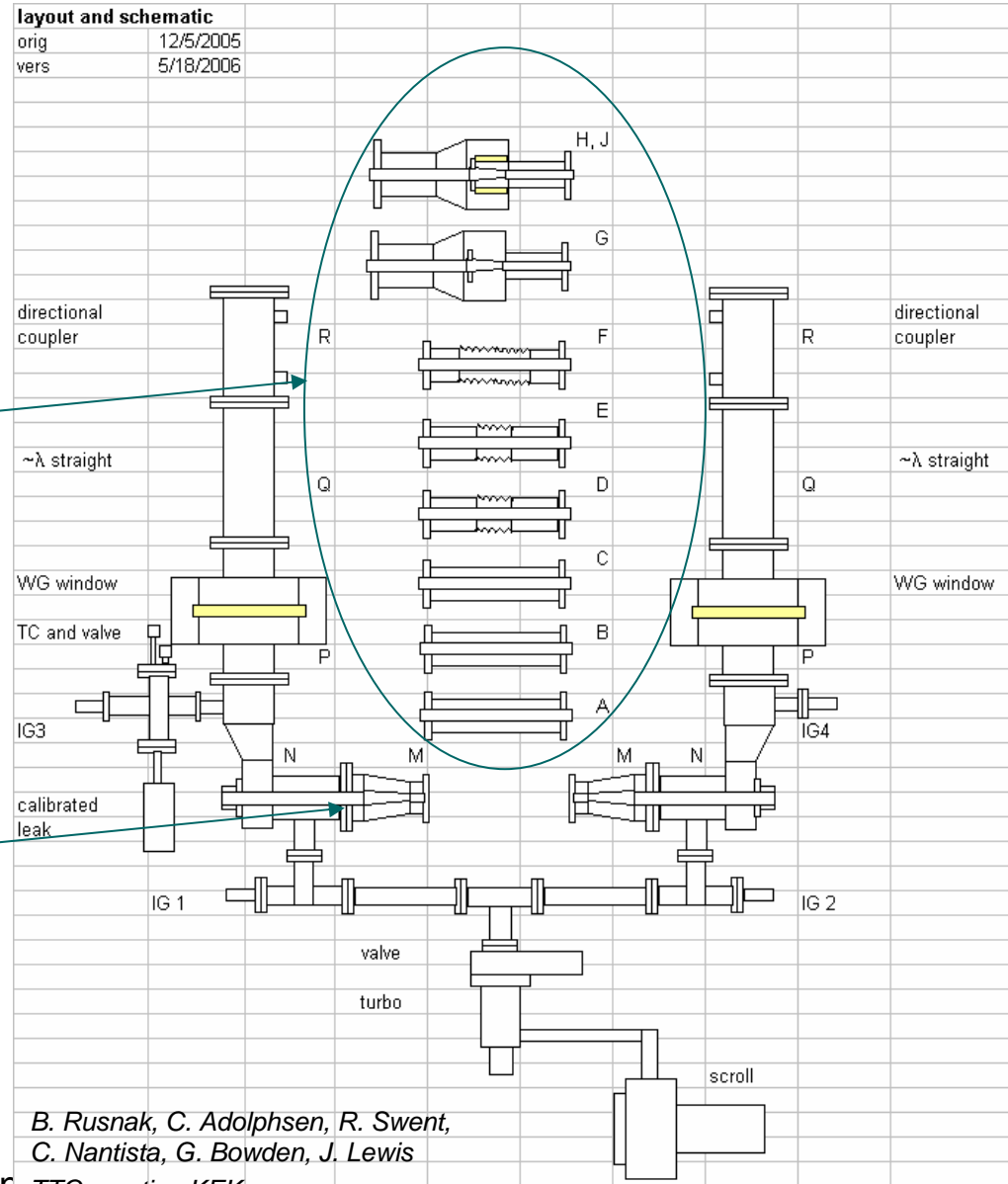
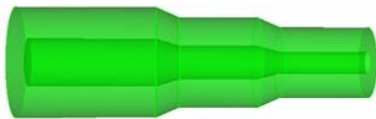
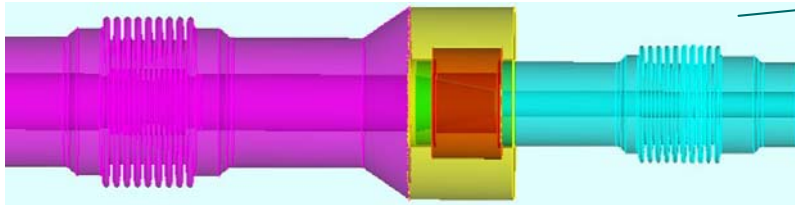


## Field level in HOM couplers

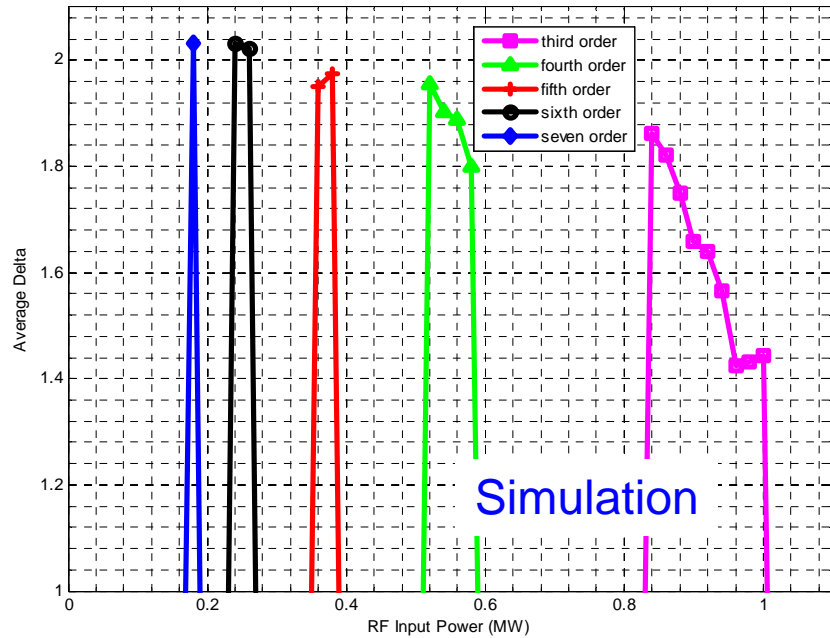


# Coupler Test Setup

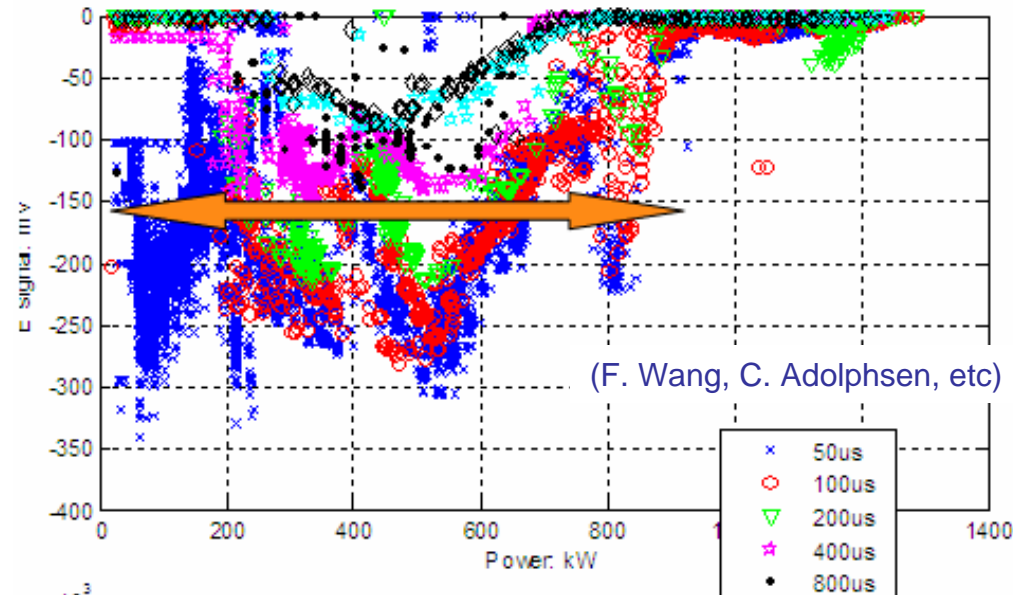
Will simulate all the components to compare with and to help understand the HP test results



# TTF-3 coupler: Cold Coax Component

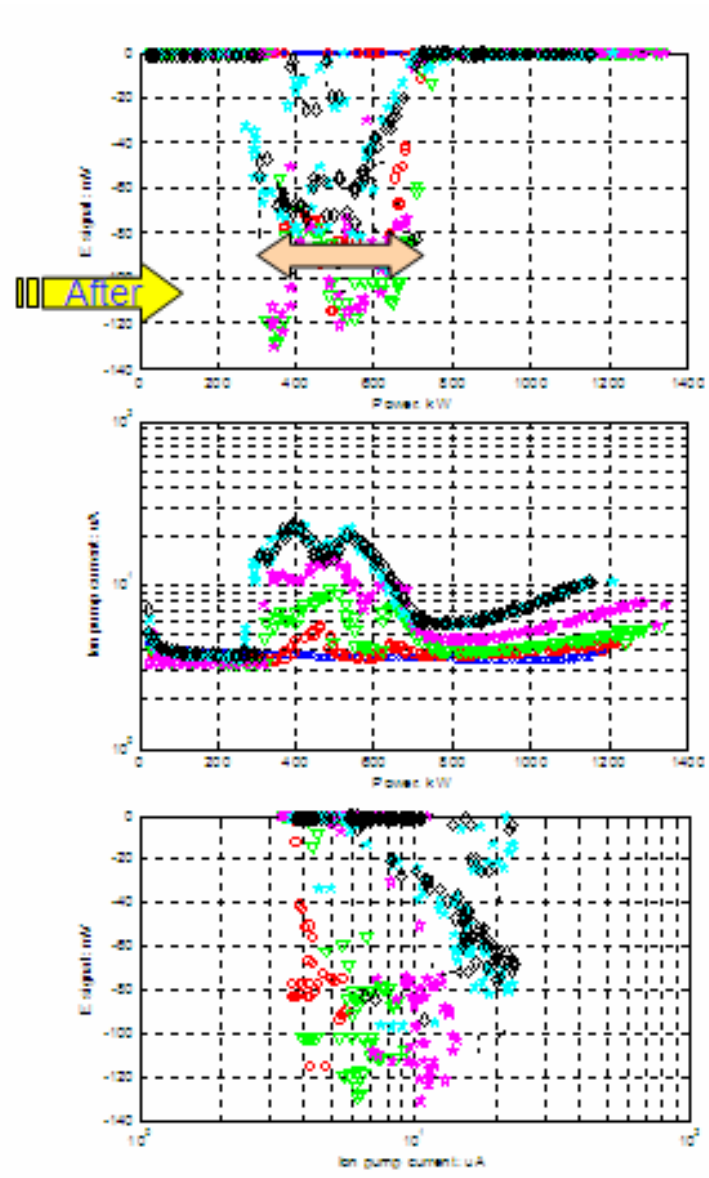
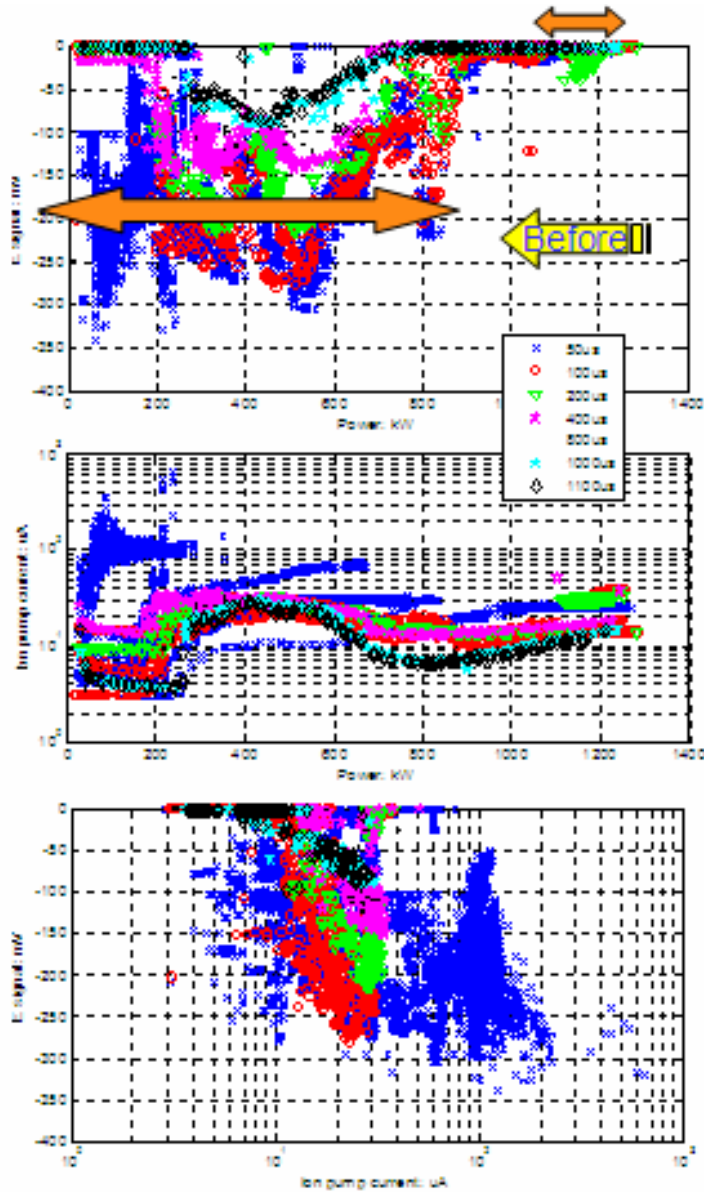


## HP test: At beginning of processing



Simulation	170~190	230~270	350~390	510 ~590	830~1000
Power in Coupler	43~170	280~340	340~490	530~ 660	850~1020
klystron power	50~200	330~400	400~580	620~780	1000~1200

# TTF-3 coupler: Cold Coax High Power Test (F. Wang, C. Adolphsen, etc)



# Future Plan

- Analyze MP in TTF-3 coupler components
- Analyze MP in crab cavity couplers and regular cells
- End-group study for BCD and ACD cavities – MP, dark current and damping
- Wakefield RF heating
- Cavity imperfection simulations - wakefields and effects on beam dynamics
- Trapped modes and their damping in multi-cavity units with realistic imperfections